

# Week-12-User-Defined Functions

# Week-12-Practice Session-Coding

Question 1
Correct
Marked out of 1.00
Flag question

A binary number is a combination of 1s and 0s. Its  $n^{th}$  least significant digit is the  $n^{th}$  digit starting from the right starting with 1. Given a decimal number, convert it to binary and determine the value of the  $4^{th}$  least significant digit.

#### Example

number = 23

- Convert the decimal number 23 to binary number:  $23^{10} = 2^4 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0 = (10111)_2$ .
- · The value of the 4<sup>th</sup> index from the right in the binary representation is 0.

#### Source code

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
```

## Reset answer

```
1 | /*
     * Complete the 'fourthBit' function below.
 2
 3
     * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
4
    * The function accepts INTEGER number as parameter.
 5
 6
 7
8
   int fourthBit(int number)
9 ▼ {
10
        int binary[32];
        int i=0;
11
        while(number>0)
12
13 •
            binary[i]=number%2;
14
15
            number/=2;
            i++;
16
17
        if(i>=4)
18
19 •
           return binary[3];
20
21
        else
22
23
        return 0;
24
25 }
```

### Result

ſ		Test	Expected	Got	
	<b>~</b>	<pre>printf("%d", fourthBit(32))</pre>	0	0	~
	<b>~</b>	<pre>printf("%d", fourthBit(77))</pre>	1	1	~

Passed all tests! <

```
Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 1.00
```

▼ Flag question

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number) and then return the  $p^{th}$  element of the list, sorted ascending. If there is no  $p^{th}$  element, return 0.

#### Example

```
n = 20
p = 3
```

The factors of 20 in ascending order are {1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20}. Using 1-based indexing, if p = 3, then 4 is returned. If p > 6, 0 would be returned.

### Source code

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
 Reset answer
    1 v
          Complete the 'pthFactor' function below.
    2
    3
        * The function is expected to return a LONG INTEGER.
    4
        * The function accepts following parameters:
    5
           1. LONG_INTEGER n
    6
    7
           2. LONG_INTEGER p
    8
    9
       long pthFactor(long n, long p)
  10
  11 •
  12
           int count=0;
           for(long i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
  13
  14 •
                if(n%i==0)
  15
  16 •
  17
                    count++;
  18
                    if(count == p)
  19
                    {
                         return i;
   20
  21
   22
   23
   24
           return 0;
  25
  26
```

# Result

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 3))</pre>	5	5	~
~	printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 5))	0	0	~
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(1, 1))</pre>	1	1	~

Passed all tests! ✓