SANSKAAR PATNI 180905134 CSE C-23 PP LAB 7

Programs on Strings in CUDA

1.Write a program in CUDA to count the number of times a given word is repeated in a sentence.(Use Atomic function).

Code:

```
%ે Cu
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
global__ void CUDACount(char* A, char *B,int *word_ptr, int
*d count, int words) {
int id = threadIdx.x;
 if(id<words)</pre>
     int start=word ptr[id];
     //exclude space
     int end=word ptr[id+1]-1;
     int j=0;
     for(int i=start;i<end;i++) {</pre>
     if(A[i]!=B[j]){
         break;
     }
  j++;
 if(j==end-start)
  atomicAdd(d_count,1);
 }
 }
}
int main(){
 char A[]="mon day tues day wednesday";
 //B should not match with wednesday since day is substring and not a
separate word
 char B[]="day";
 //word ptr concept similar to row ptr in sparse matrix
startIndex(includes space)
 int word ptr[6] = \{0, 4, 8, 13, 17, 25\};
 char *d A, *d B;
 int * d_word_ptr;
 int count=0;
```

```
int *d_count;
int nofOfWords=5;
cudaMalloc((void **)(&d word ptr),6*sizeof(int));
cudaMalloc((void**)&d A, strlen(A)*sizeof(char));
cudaMalloc((void**)&d B, strlen(B)*sizeof(char));
cudaMalloc((void **)&d count, sizeof(int));
cudaMemcpy(d word ptr,word ptr,6*sizeof(int),cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
cudaMemcpy(d A, A, strlen(A)*sizeof(char), cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
cudaMemcpy(d B, B, strlen(B)*sizeof(char), cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
 cudaMemcpy(d count,&count,sizeof(int),cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
{\tt CUDACount}<<<1, {\tt nofOfWords}>>> ({\tt d\_A, d\_B, d\_word\_ptr, d\_count}, {\tt nofOfWords}) \; ; \\
cudaMemcpy(&count, d count, sizeof(int), cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
printf("Input sentence: %s\n",A);
printf("Total occurrences of word: %s\n%d\n",B,count);
cudaFree(d A);
cudaFree(d B);
cudaFree(d word ptr);
cudaFree(d count);
return 0;
Screenshot:
  55   cudaFree(d_word_ptr);
56   cudaFree(d_count);
57   return 0;
  58 }
  Input sentence: mon day tues day wednesday
  Total occurrences of word: day
   1 %%cu
   2 #include <stdio.h>
```

2.Write a CUDA program that reads a string **Sin** and produces the string **Sout** as follows:

Input string **Sin**: PCAP Output string **Sout**: PCAP**PCA**PC**P**

Note: Each thread copies required number of characters from *Sin* in *Sout*. Code:

```
%%cu
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
global void convertString(char *S in, char *S out, int len) {
  int id=threadIdx.x;
  int startIndex=id*len - (id*(id-1)/2);
  int i=0;
  for(i=0;i<len-id;i++){
       S out[i+startIndex]=S in[i];
}
int main() {
char Sin[]="PCAP";
char Sout[]="abcdefghij";
char *d Sin, *d Sout;
int length=strlen(Sin);
int inpArray_size=length*sizeof(char);
int outArray size=(length*(length+1))/2*sizeof(char);
cudaMalloc((void **)&d Sin, inpArray size);
cudaMalloc((void **)&d_Sout,outArray_size);
cudaMemcpy(d Sin, &Sin, inpArray size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
convertString<<<1,length>>>(d Sin, d Sout, length);
 cudaError err = cudaMemcpy(&Sout, d Sout,
outArray size,cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
  if(err!=cudaSuccess) {
       printf("CUDA error copying to Host: %s\n",
cudaGetErrorString(err));
   }
printf("2. String Convert\n");
printf("Input string: %s\n",Sin);
printf("Resultant String Sout:\n");
for (int k=0; k<length*(length+1)/2; k++) {
    printf("%c",Sout[k]);
// Cleanup
cudaFree(d Sin);
cudaFree(d Sout);
return 0;
}
```

Screenshot:

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2. String Convert Input string: PCAP Resultant String Sout: PCAPPCAPCP



1 %cu