## Research & Development (R&D) Document

Secure Networking in Azure – NSG, ASG, IP Management & Network Interface Configuration

**Summer Internship Program** – Cloud Infra and Security

Submitted By: Sanskar Vishnoi

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**1.** Network Security Group (NSG)

★ What is NSG?

A **Network Security Group (NSG)** is used to **filter network traffic** to and from Azure resources within a virtual network. NSGs contain a **list of security rules** that allow or deny inbound/outbound network traffic.

## 🖶 Inbound vs 📤 Outbound

- Inbound Rules: Control incoming traffic to resources.
- Outbound Rules: Control outgoing traffic from resources.

## 

- Name
- Priority (100–4096)
- **Source/Destination** (IP/CIDR/Service Tags/ASGs)
- Port Range
- Protocol (TCP/UDP/Any)
- Action (Allow/Deny)

### **Common Use Cases:**

- Allow port 22/3389 for SSH/RDP
- Deny all outbound internet traffic
- Allow only specific IP ranges

## **2.** Application Security Group (ASG)

## 

An **ASG** allows you to **group VMs logically**, and apply **NSG rules** to these groups. It acts like a tag for network security purposes.

## Benefits:

• No need to manage IPs manually.

• Apply security rules based on logical groupings (e.g., Web, DB).

#### **Example:**

ASG: Web-ASG, VMs: Web-VM1, Web-VM2

NSG Rule: Allow inbound HTTP traffic to ASG

## **3. Public IP Address (PIP)**

## ★ What is Public IP?

A **Public IP address** allows Azure resources to communicate with the Internet or other Azure regions.

## Types:

Type Description

Dynamic Assigned when the VM is started

Static Remains constant until manually changed or deleted

## ☼ IP SKUs:

- **Basic:** Zone-redundant only within region, no DDoS protection.
- **Standard:** Zone-redundant, includes DDoS protection, supports availability zones.

## **4.** Allowing Specific IPs and Denying Internet (NSG Example)

Use Case: Allow only office IP 192.168.1.10 to access VM via RDP (3389), deny all internet access

## **Inbound Rule:**

Name Priority Source IP Port Action

AllowRDP 100 192.168.1.10/32 3389 Allow

#### **Outbound Rule:**

Name Priority Destination Port Action

DenyInter net 200 Internet Any Deny

### **5.** Service Tags



Service tags represent a group of IP address prefixes for Microsoft services like AzureCloud, Internet, Storage, etc.

## **Example Usage:**

• Allow outbound access to Azure Storage:

o Destination: Storage

o Action: Allow

## • 6. Allocate Static IPs to All VMs

## ✓ Steps:

- 1. Go to VM  $\rightarrow$  Networking  $\rightarrow$  Network Interface
- 2. Click IP Configurations → Select existing IP config
- 3. Change assignment from **Dynamic** to **Static**
- 4. Save and note the reserved IP

## **7.** Creating a Network Security Group

### **Azure Portal Steps:**

- 1. Go to "Create a resource"  $\rightarrow$  Networking  $\rightarrow$  Network Security Group
- 2. Provide:

o Name: NSG-Web

o Resource Group: Select existing or create new

o Region: Same as VNet

3. Click Review + Create

## Creating and Assigning an ASG

# Create application security group **Basics** Apply ascesol arate Subscription My Subscription Resource group myResourceGroup Create new Name myAppSecGroup Virtual machine Assign this application security y group to one or more network interfaces of the specified VM. Review + create

## 8. Creating a Public IP

#### Steps:

- 1. Go to "Create a resource"  $\rightarrow$  Networking  $\rightarrow$  Public IP Address
- 2. Provide:
  - o Name: MyPublicIP

o SKU: Basic / Standard

o Assignment: Static or Dynamic

o IP Version: IPv4

3. Click **Create** 

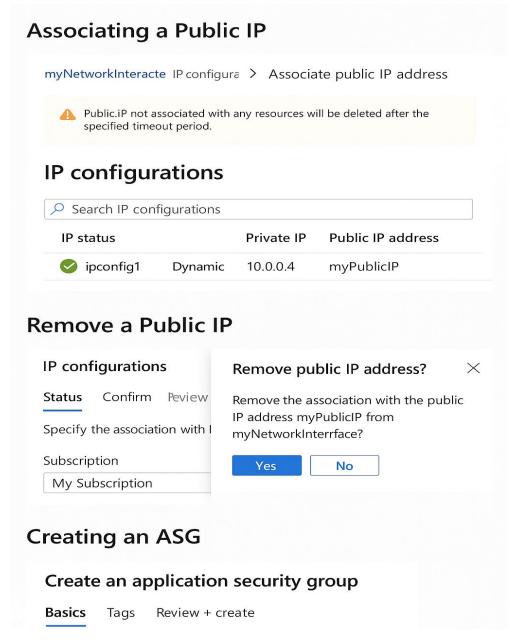
## 9. Associating / De-associating Public IP with VM

## Associate:

- 1. Go to VM  $\rightarrow$  Networking  $\rightarrow$  Network Interface
- 2. IP Configurations  $\rightarrow$  Select IP  $\rightarrow$  Associate Public IP
- 3. Choose from list or create new

### De-associate:

#### 1. Go to same screen



2. Set Public IP to "None" and save

## **♦** 10. Creating a Network Interface (NIC)

#### Steps:

- 1. Go to "Create a resource"  $\rightarrow$  Networking  $\rightarrow$  Network Interface
- 2. Input:
  - Name: NIC-VM1
  - o Virtual Network & Subnet: Select existing
  - o Public IP: Associate if needed

o NSG: Attach if created

## 3. Click **Create**

## **Summary Table**

Feature	Purpose	Portal Path
NSG	Allow/Deny traffic	Networking $\rightarrow$ NSG
ASG	Logical grouping of VMs	Networking → ASG
Public IP (Static)	Constant external access to VM	Networking $\rightarrow$ Public IP $\rightarrow$ Assignment: Static
Service Tags	Predefined IP sets for MS services	s NSG Rules → Destination: Service Tag
Static IP to VM	Keep IP constant across reboots	$VM \rightarrow Network\ Interface \rightarrow IP\ Config$
Network Interface	e Interface to connect VM to VNet	Create → Network Interface