Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. What is an algorithm? What are the properties of an algorithm? Explain with an example.

 (04 Marks)
 - b. Explain the general plan for analyzing the efficiency of a recursive algorithm. Suggest a recursive algorithm to find factorial of a number. Derive its efficiency. (08 Marks)

OR

2 a. Explain the asymptotic notations with examples.

(06 Marks)

b. Distinguish between the two common ways to represent a graph.

(04 Marks)

c. Discuss about the important problem types and fundamental data structures.

(06 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Discuss how quick-sort works to sort an array and trace for the following data set. Draw the tree of recursive calls made.

	-	65 70	75	80 85	60	55	50	45
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Derive the best case complexity of quick sort algorithm.

(10 Marks) (06 Marks)

b. Briefly explain the Strassen's matrix multiplication. Obtain its time complexity.

OR

- 4 a. Explain the concept of divide and conquer. Design an algorithm for merge sort and derive its time complexity. (10 Marks)
 - b. What are the three major variations of decrease and conquer technique? Explain with an example for each. (06 Marks)

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

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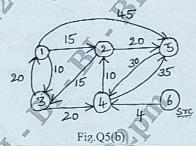
Module-3

5 a. Explain the concept of greedy technique for Prim's algorithm. Obtain a minimum cost spanning tree for the graph shown in Fig.Q5(a). (08 Marks)



Fig.Q5(a)

b. Solve the below instance of the single source shortest path problem with vertex 6 as the source. With the help of a suitable algorithm. (08 Marks)



OR

6 a. What are Huffman trees? Explain. Construct a Huffman code for the following data:

-	Character	A	В	C	DE	-
	Probability	0.5	0.35	0.5	0.1 0.4	0.2

Encode DAD, CBE using Huffman encoding.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain fransform and conquer technique. Sort the below list using Heap sort:

(08 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Define transitive closure of a graph. Write Warshall's algorithm to compute transitive closure of a directed graph. Apply the same on the graph defined by the following adjacency matrix:

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(08 Marks)

b. Using Dynamic programming, solve the below instance of knapsack problem.

(08	Marks)

Item	Weight	Value
1	2	12
2	1	10
3	3	20
4	2	15
		1 of 3

Capacity w = 5

OR

Obtain a optimal binary search tree for the following four-key set.

(08 Marks)

Key	A	B <	C	D
Probability	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3

Solve the following travelling sales person problem represented as a graph shown in (08 Marks) Fig.Q8(b), using dynamic programming.

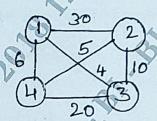


Fig.Q8(b)

Module-5

What is the central principle of backtracking? Apply backtracking to solve the below 9 instance of sum of subset problem $S = \{5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 18\}$ d = 30. (08 Marks)

b. Solve the below instance of assignment problem using branch and bound algorithm.

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} J_{0b_1} & J_{0b_2} & J_{0b_3} & J_{0b_4} \\ 9 & 2 & 7 & 8 \\ 6 & 4 & 3 & 7 \\ 5 & 8 & 1 & 8 \\ 7 & 6 & 9 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} Person\ a \\ Person\ c \\ Person\ d \end{matrix}$$

(08 Marks)

OR

a. Draw the state-space tree to generate solutions to 4-Queen's problem. (04 Marks) 10

b. Apply backtracking to the problem of finding a Hamiltonian circuit in the graph shown below:

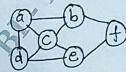


Fig.Q10(a)

- Define the following:
 - i) Class P
 - ii) Class NP
 - iii) NP complete problem
 - iv) NP hard problem.

(08 Marks)

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