

8) a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+2)(n+3)} =$

Tempo Duração 1/1

$$a_n = \frac{a}{n+2} - \frac{b}{n+3}, \quad \frac{(n+3)a - b(n+2)}{(n+2)(n+3)} = \frac{1}{(n+2)(n+3)}$$

$$(n+3)a - b(n+2) = 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow an + 3a - bn - 2b = 1 \quad \Leftrightarrow an - bn = 0 \text{ y } 3a - 2b = 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} an - bn = 0 \\ 3a - 2b = 1 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\therefore b = 1 \text{ y } a = 1$$

$$\text{así, } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+2)(n+3)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1}{n+2}}_{b_n} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{n+3}}_{b_{n+1}}$$

es decir es una  
telescopica

$$\text{así, } \boxed{S_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (b_1 - b_{n+1}) = \frac{1}{3} - 0 = \frac{1}{3}}$$