# Lab1

## MAP and Gaussian Datasets



## Synthetic Gaussian datasets

• Case 1:  $f(x | w_c) = N(\mu_c, \sigma^2 I)$ 

example with c=2 classes, d=3 features

in Lab0 code: Variables M\_means and M\_covar

• Case 2:  $f(x | w_c) = N(\mu_c, C)$ 

example with c=4 classes, d=2 features

Apply MAP for cases 1 or 2:

- discriminant is a linear function
- decision boundaries are hyperplanes (lines for d=2, planes for d=3)
- decision boundary:

$$w^t x + w_0 = 0$$

$$w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + \dots + w_d x_d + w_0 = 0$$





### Synthetic Gaussian datasets

• Case 3:  $f(x \mid w_c) = N(\mu_c, C_c)$  in Lab0 code: Variables M\_means and M\_covar

#### Apply MAP for case 3:

- discriminant is a quadratic function
- decision boundaries are hyper-quadratic (lines, spheres, ellipsoids, parabolodis, hyperboloids...)
- decision boundary:

$$w^t A x + w^t x + w_0 = 0$$

example d=2  $x_1^2 A_{11} + x_2^2 A_{22} + x_1 A_{12} x_2 + x_2 A_{21} x_1 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + w_0 = 0$ 



### Synthetic Gaussian datasets

#### Obtaining a quadratic classifier using Matlab:

 Classifier design using the training dataset: features in matrix X, labels in vector Label

```
quaclass = fitcdiscr(X,Labels,'discrimType','quadratic');
```

Parameters of the boundary between class1 and class2:

```
w_0 = quaclass.Coeffs(class1,class2).Const;
w = quaclass.Coeffs(class1,class2).Linear;
A = quaclass.Coeffs(class1,class2).Quadratic;
```

Predicted labels for data in matrix X

```
Labels predict = predict(quaclass,X);
```



### Parameters analized

 Mahalanobis distance: squared Mahalanobis distance between an observation x and a sample distribution with mean μ<sub>2</sub> and covariance matrix C<sub>2</sub>:

$$D_{M}(x, x \in \omega_{2}) = (x - \mu_{2})^{T} C_{2}^{-1} (x - \mu_{2})$$

squared Mahalanobis distance between vectors from two classes:

$$D_{M}(x \in \omega_{1}, x \in \omega_{2}) = \sum_{x \in \omega_{1}} (x - \mu_{2})^{T} C_{2}^{-1} (x - \mu_{2})$$

where the mean and covariance matrix are estimated using the training dataset. Note that this is not a symmetric measure

- Scatter plot
- Confusion matrix
- Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC)

