

Q 1.1

($D \geq N$) Non-invertibility & $\mathbf{Z} = [0,0,0 \dots 0]^T$ is the only solution for the equation, $\mathbf{XZ} = \mathbf{0}_N$, where $\mathbf{0}_N = [0,0,0 \dots 0]^T$ is a N-dimensional all zero column vector.

Q 1.2

$$b^* = \underset{b}{\operatorname{argmin}} \sum_n [y_n - (\sum_d w_d x_{nd} + b)]^2$$

$$\sum_n 2[y_n - (\sum_d w_d x_{nd} + b)](-1) = 0$$

$$\sum_n y_n - \sum_n \sum_d w_d x_{nd} - \sum_n b^* = 0$$

$$\sum_n y_n - \sum_d w_d \sum_n x_{nd} - Nb^* = 0$$

$$\text{Given: } \frac{1}{N} \sum_n x_{nd} = 0$$

$$\sum_n y_n = Nb^* \Rightarrow b^* = \frac{\sum_n y_n}{N}$$

Q 2.1

$$b^* = \min_b - \sum_n \{y_n \log(\sigma(b)) + (1 - y_n) \log(1 - \sigma(b))\}$$

$$\Rightarrow - \sum_n \{y_n \frac{1}{\sigma(b^*)} (\sigma(b^*)(1 - \sigma(b^*))) + (1 - y_n) \frac{1}{(1 - \sigma(b^*))} (-\sigma(b^*)(1 - \sigma(b^*)))\} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow - \sum_n \{y_n (1 - \sigma(b^*)) + (1 - y_n) (-\sigma(b^*))\} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow - \sum_n \{y_n - (\sigma(b^*))\} = 0$$

$$\sum_n (\sigma(b^*)) = \sum_n y_n$$

$$b^* = \log\left(\frac{\sum_n y_n}{N - \sum_n y_n}\right)$$