EX NO:1	
	WRITE THE COMPLETE PROBLEM
DATE	STATEMENT

#### AIM:

To prepare PROBLEM STATEMENT for any project.

#### ALGORITHM:

- 1. The problem statement is the initial starting point for a project.
- 2. A problem statement describes what needs to be done without describing how.
- 3. It is basically a one-to-three-page statement that everyone on the project agrees with that describes what will be done at a high level.
- 4. The problem statement is intended for a broad audience and shouldbe written in non-technical terms.
- 5. It helps the non-technical and technical personnel communicate byproviding a description of a problem.
- 6. It doesn't describe the solution to the problem.

#### **INPUT:**

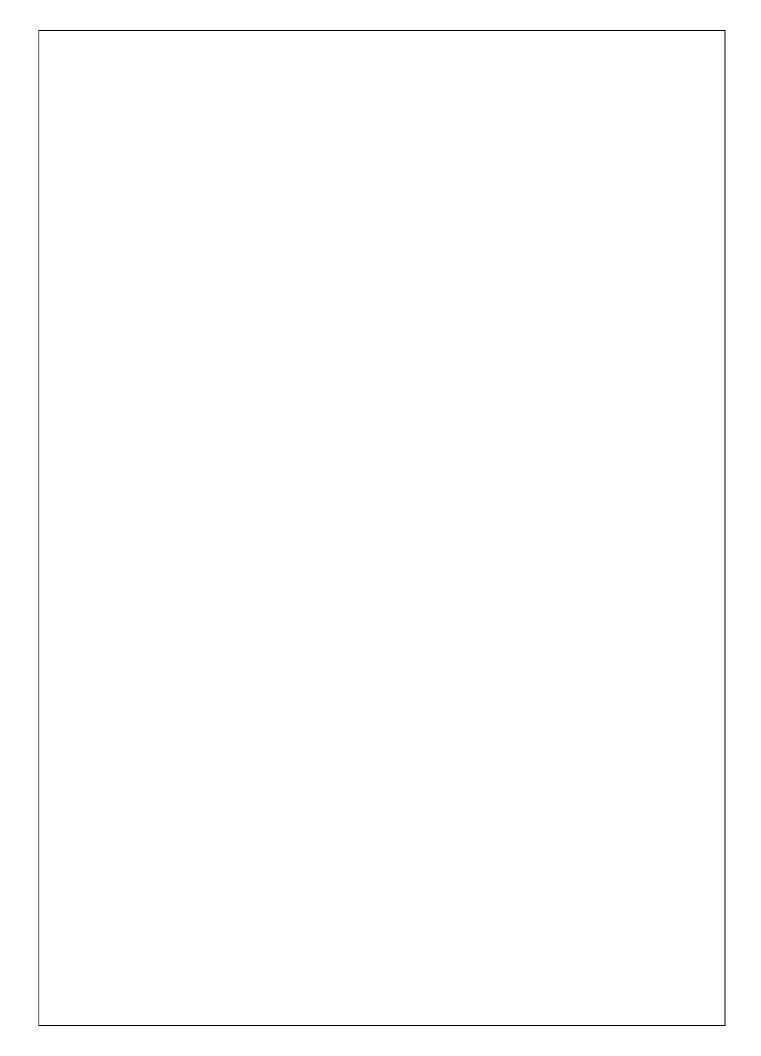
- 1. The input to requirement engineering is the problem statement prepared by customer.
- 2. It may give an overview of the existing system along with broad expectations from the new system.
- 3. The first phase of requirements engineering begins with requirements elicitation i.e. gathering of information about requirements.
- 4. Here, requirements are identified with the help of customer and existing system processes.

#### **Problem:**

Waste management is a growing concern globally, as improper disposal, lack of community participation, and inefficient collection systems lead to environmental pollution and health hazards. Despite the critical importance of waste management, many municipalities and communities still rely on outdated or manual methods for managing waste collection, recycling, and reporting. This results in issues like delayed waste pickup, poor segregation practices, and a lack of real-time visibility into waste disposal activities. To address these inefficiencies, a digital solution is needed that empowers users, promotes transparency, and fosters better waste management practices.

## **Background:**

With rapid urbanization and increasing waste generation, the need for an effective waste management system has become paramount. Traditional waste management systems often lack integration and rely heavily on manual operations, which can result in errors, inefficiencies, and inadequate resource allocation. Citizens face challenges in reporting issues, accessing collection schedules, and understanding their role in sustainable waste practices. Furthermore, the absence of real-time data prevents authorities from optimizing their waste management strategies. A centralized system that integrates waste collection, issue reporting, and recycling progress tracking can significantly improve waste management efficiency while encouraging community participation.



#### **Relevance:**

An efficient waste management system is essential for creating cleaner, healthier, and more sustainable communities. By integrating technology into waste management practices, we can address common challenges such as delayed pickups, improper disposal, and poor recycling rates. A streamlined system benefits both citizens and municipal authorities by providing transparency, reducing inefficiencies, and promoting eco-friendly behaviors. Additionally, real-time data tracking and reporting capabilities empower decision-makers to optimize resource allocation, reduce environmental impact, and meet sustainability goals.

# **Objectives:**

The primary objective of this project is to develop a user-friendly, Streamlit-based Waste Management System that enhances operational efficiency, promotes recycling, and ensures better communication between citizens and waste management authorities. Specific objectives include:

# 1. Waste Issue Reporting

Enable citizens to report waste collection issues or request pickups, including the ability to upload images for better clarity.

## 2. Collection Schedule Management

o Provide users with real-time access to waste collection schedules based on their location and waste type (e.g., organic, recyclable, hazardous).

## 3. Recycling Progress Tracking

 Allow users to track their recycling contributions and community progress, encouraging sustainable waste disposal practices.

## 4. Admin Tools for Request Management

 Equip administrators with tools to review, approve, and manage citizen reports and waste collection schedules effectively.

## 5. Inventory and Resource Monitoring

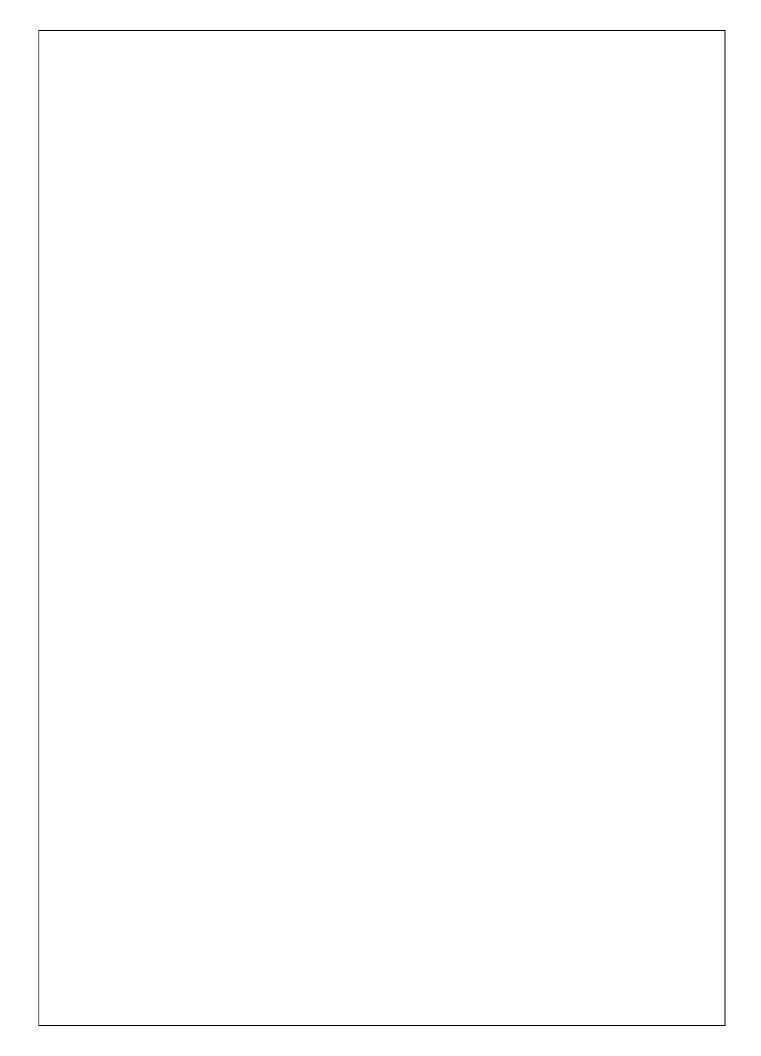
o Implement real-time monitoring of waste collection resources, ensuring optimal allocation and minimizing delays.

#### 6. Report Generation

 Generate detailed reports on waste collection, issue resolutions, and recycling rates to support data-driven decision-making and compliance

#### **Result:**

he problem statement was written successfully by the following the above steps



EX NO:2	
DATE	WRITE THE SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT
	SPECIFICATION DOCUMENT

#### INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Purpose

This document outlines the requirements for developing a Waste Management System (WMS). The system aims to improve waste collection, scheduling, tracking, and reporting to make waste management more efficient and sustainable.

## 1.2 Scope

The WMS will be a web and mobile-based application accessible to municipal authorities, waste collectors, and citizens. It will manage waste collection requests, route optimization, billing, and compliance with environmental standards.

#### 1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

- WMS: Waste Management System
- Admin: Municipal Authority Administrator
- Collector: Waste collection personnel or service providers
- Citizen: Residents requesting waste collection services

#### 1.4 overview

This document details the functionalities, interfaces, and performance standards of WMS to ensure the system meets the needs of all stakeholders.

#### 2. Overall Description

#### 2.1 Product Perspective

WMS is a centralized platform to streamline waste collection and management. It integrates with IoT sensors and GIS for real-time tracking and scheduling.

#### 2.2 Product Functions

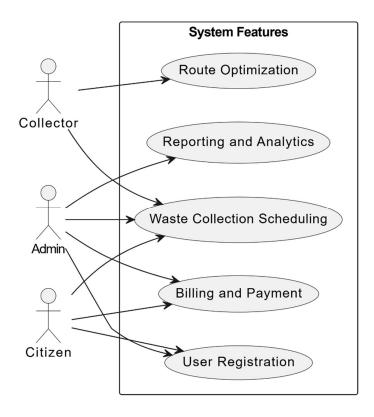
- User Registration: Register citizens, collectors, and admins.
- Waste Collection Scheduling: Citizens can request waste pickups and track their status.
- Route Optimization: Automatic route planning for collectors based on pickup locations.
- Billing and Payment: Manage invoices and payments for waste collection services.
- Reporting and Analytics: Generate reports on waste volume, collection efficiency, and compliance.

#### 2.3 User Classes and Characteristics

- Admin: Oversees operations, approves schedules, and manages complaints.
- Collector: Views schedules and optimizes collection routes.
- Citizen: Requests services and monitors status.

#### 2.4 Operating Environment

The system is accessible via web and mobile applications.



#### 2.5 Design and Implementation Constraints

- Data should be secured and accessible only to authorized users.
- The system must handle up to 10,000 concurrent users.

## 2.6 Assumptions and Dependencies

- Users have internet access.
- The system relies on GPS and IoT integrations for tracking.

#### 3. Specific Requirements

#### 3.1 Functional Requirements

#### 3.1.1 User Registration

- Citizens, collectors, and admins can register and log in with unique credentials.
- User data is validated to ensure accuracy.

#### 3.1.2 Waste Collection Scheduling

- Citizens can schedule pickups for specific waste categories.
- Notifications are sent for upcoming or missed pickups.

# 3.1.3 Route Optimization

- The system suggests optimal routes based on collection points.
- Collectors can view and adjust routes in real-time.

## 3.1.4 Billing and Payment

- Citizens receive automated invoices for services.
- Payment gateways are integrated for secure transactions.

#### 3.1.5 Reporting and Analytics

- Admins can generate reports on collection performance and compliance.
- Reports can be filtered by location, date, or waste type.

#### 3.2 Non-Functional Requirements

#### 3.2.1 Performance Requirements

The system must respond within 3 seconds for all operations.

#### 3.2.2 Security Requirements

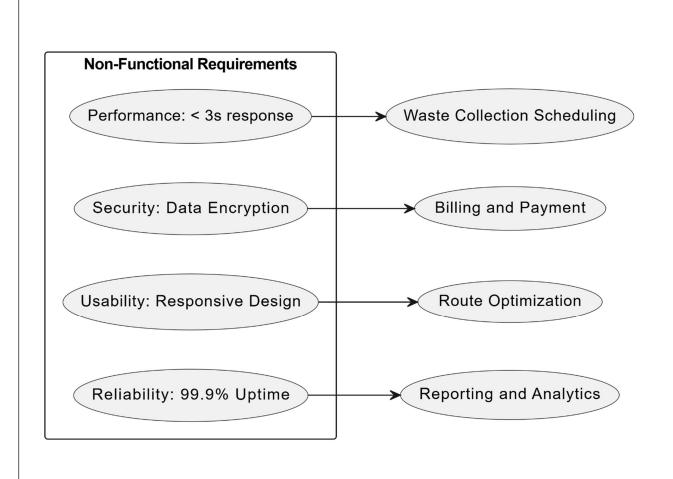
- User authentication is mandatory.
- Data is encrypted during transmission and storage.

#### 3.2.3 Usability Requirements

• The interface should be intuitive and responsive across devices.

## 3.2.4 Reliability Requirements

- The system should maintain an uptime of 99.9%.
- Critical issues must be resolved within 10 minutes.



## **External Interface Requirements**

#### 3.3 User Interfaces

- The system will be responsive, adapting to different screen sizes for a smooth user experience.
- Each user type (admin, hospital staff, donor) will have access to functions relevant to their role.

#### 3.4 Hardware Interfaces

• Compatible with standard desktop and mobile devices.

#### 3.5 Software Interfaces

- The system will use an SQL database for secure data storage.
- The system will support SMS and email services for reminders and notifications.

## 4. Additional Requirements

#### 4.1 User Interfaces

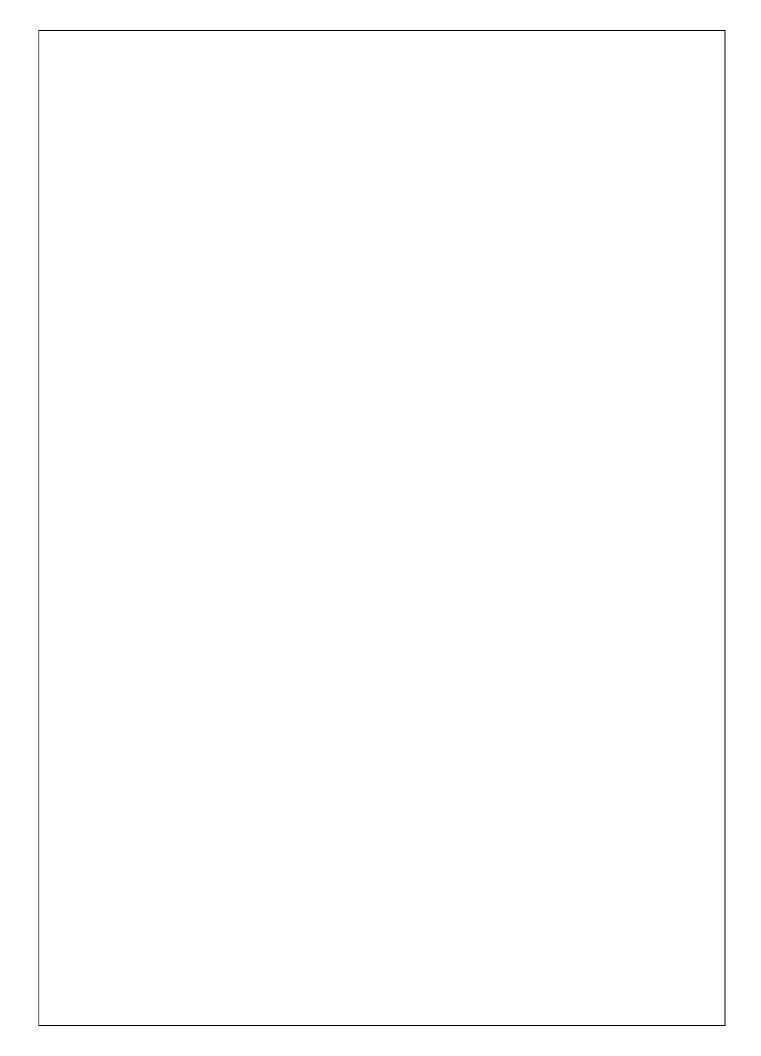
• A responsive design suitable for web browsers and mobile devices.

#### **4.2 Hardware Interfaces**

• Compatible with IoT sensors for bin status monitoring

#### **Result:**

The software requirements sheet was made successfully



EX NO:3	
DATE	DRAW THE ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM
:	
	y Relationship Diagram for Waste management system
ORITHM:	
: Mapping of Regul	ar Entity Types
0 M ' CTT 1	n de m

Step 2: Mapping of Weak Entity Types

Step 3: Mapping of Binary 1:1 Relation Types

Step 4: Mapping of Binary 1:N Relationship Types.

Step 5: Mapping of Binary M:N Relationship Types.

Step 6: Mapping of Multivalued attributes.

# **INPUT:**

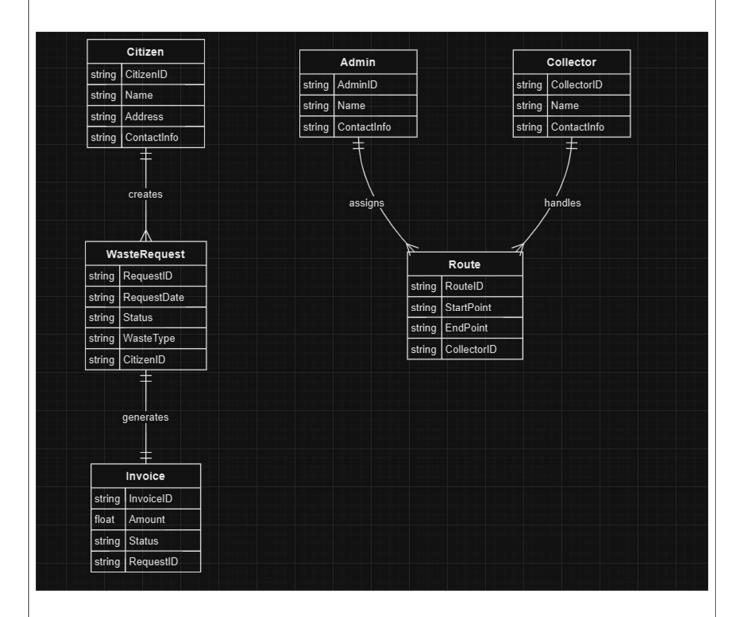
Entities

Entity Relationship Matrix

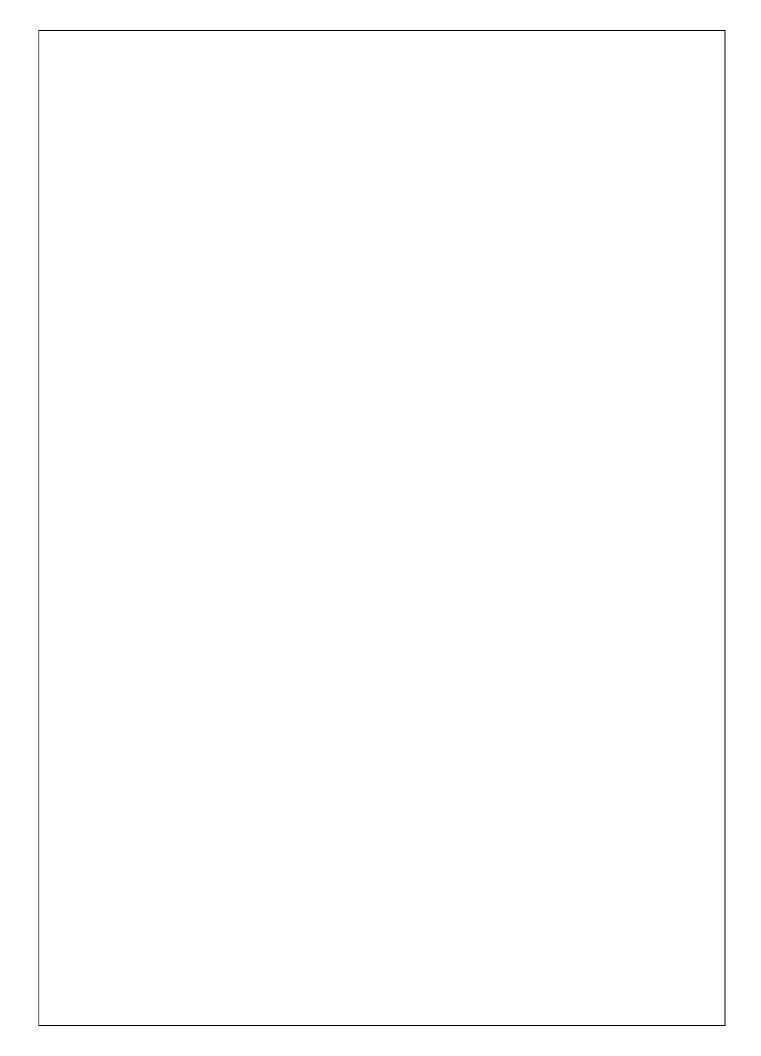
Primary Keys

Attributes

Mapping of Attributes with Entities



D K	
Result:	
The entity relationship diagram was made successfully	



EX NO:4	
DATE	DRAW THE DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS AT LEVEL 0
	AND LEVEL 1

#### AIM:

To Draw the Data Flow Diagram for Waste management system and List the Modules in the Application.

## **ALGORITHM:**

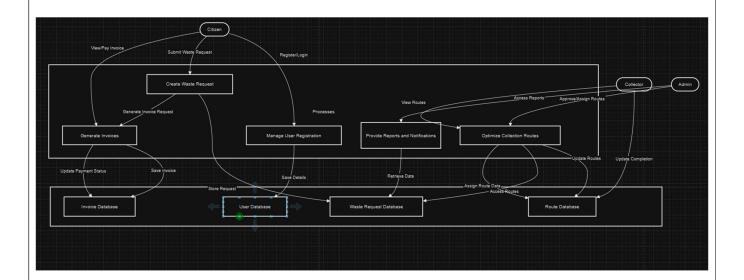
- 1. Open the Visual Paradigm to draw DFD (Ex.Lucidchart)
- 2. Select a data flow diagram template
- 3. Name the data flow diagram
- 4. Add an external entity that starts the process
- 5. Add a Process to the DFD
- 6. Add a data store to the diagram
- 7. Continue to add items to the DFD
- 8. Add data flow to the DFD
- 9. Name the data flow
- 10. Customize the DFD with colours and fonts
- 11. Add a title and share your data flow diagram

#### **INPUT:**

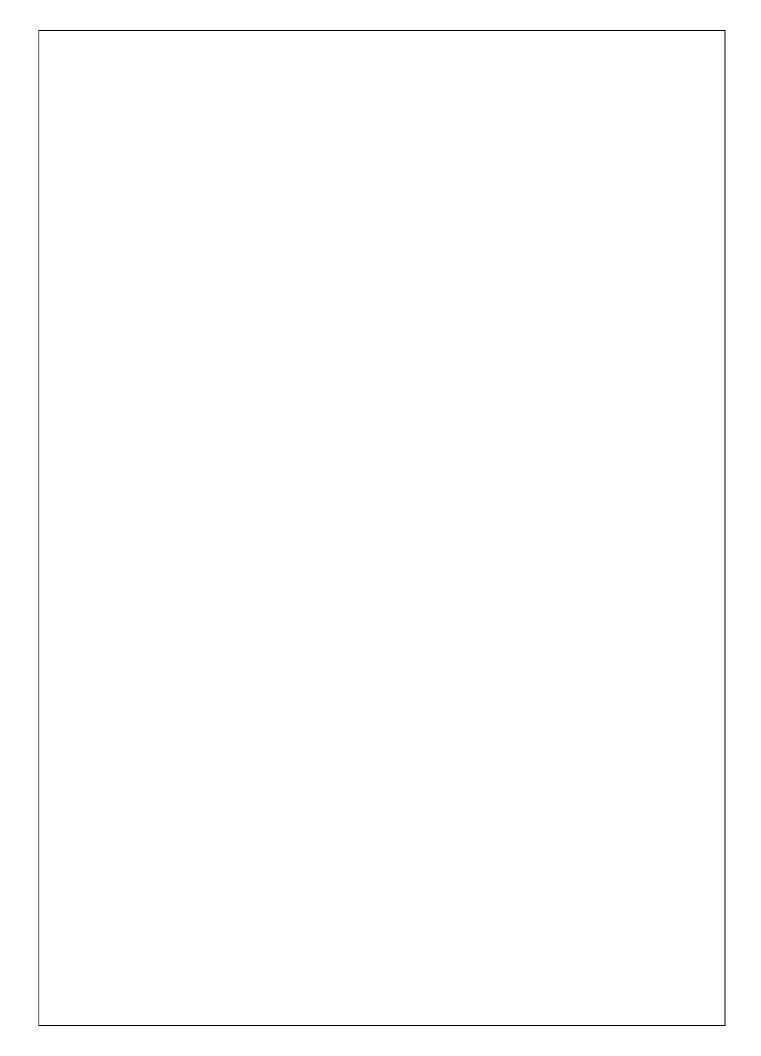
Processes

Datastores

**External Entities** 



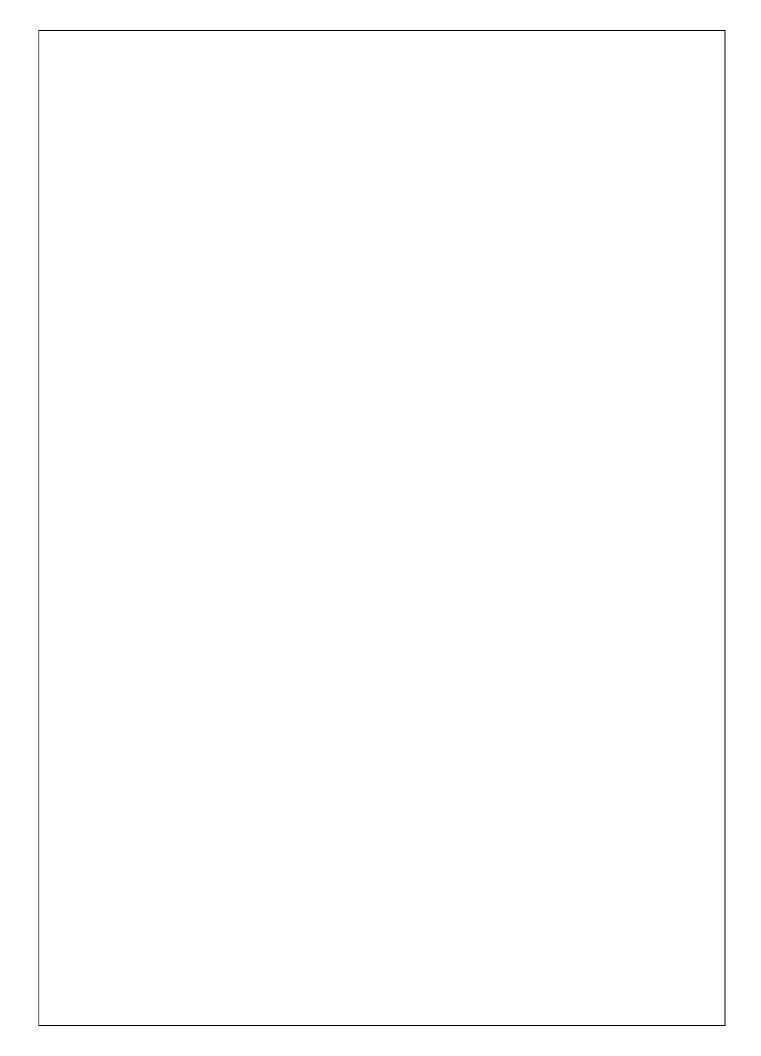
Result:  The data flow diagram was made successfully	
- -	



EX NO:5	
DATE	DRAW USE CASE DIAGRAM
AIM:	
To Draw the Use Case Di	agram for waste management system
ALGORITHM:	
Step 1: Identify Actors	
Step 2: Identify Use Cases	
Step 3: Connect Actors and Use C	Cases
Step 4: Add System Boundary	
Step 5: Define Relationships	
Step 6: Review and Refine	
Step 7: Validate	
INPUTS:	
Actors	
Use Cases	
Relations	

# **OUTPUT:** Citizen Collector Ádmin Waste Management System Register/Login Pay Invoice Create Waste Request Assign Routes View Reports «includes» «includes» Collect Waste Generate Invoice

<b>Result:</b> The use case diagram for the waste management system	
The use case diagram for the waste management system	



EX NO:6	
DATE	DRAW ACTIVITY DIAGRAM OF ALL USE CASES.
AIM:	
To Draw the a	ctivity Diagram for waste management system
ALGORITHM:	
Step 1: Identify the Init	ial State and Final States
Step 2: Identify the Inte	ermediate Activities Needed

# **INPUTS:**

Activities

**Decision Points** 

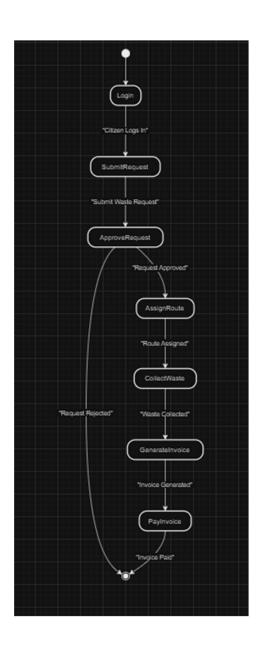
Step 3: Identify the Conditions or Constraints

Step 4: Draw the Diagram with Appropriate Notations

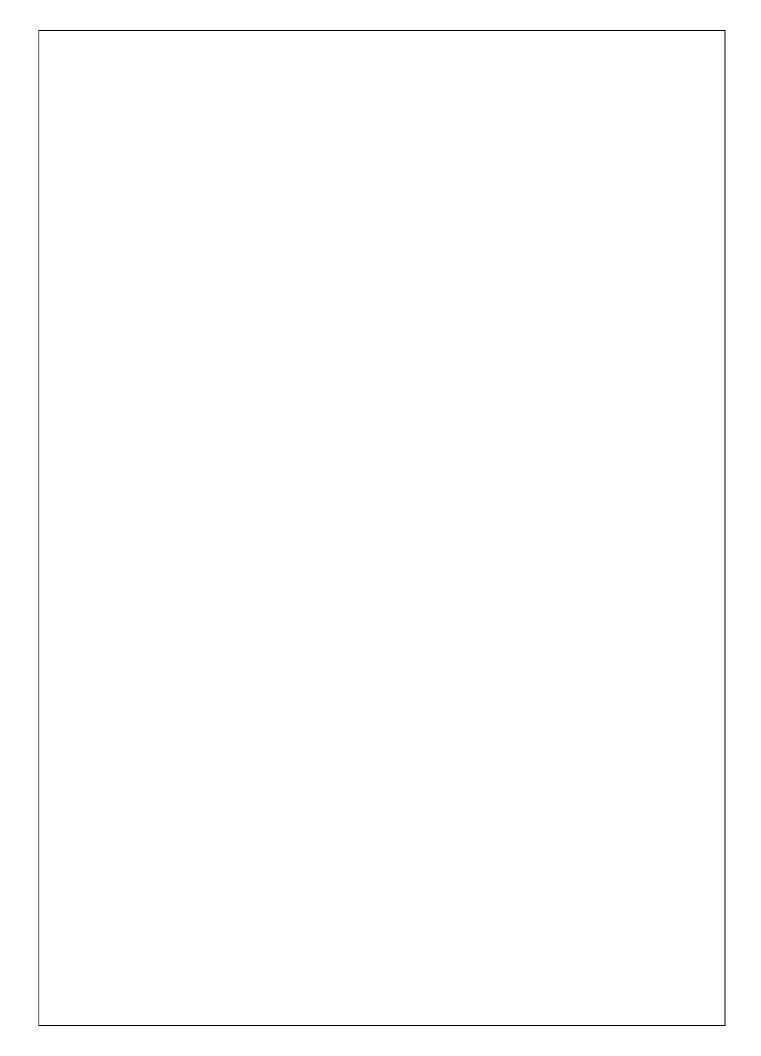
Guards

Parallel Activities

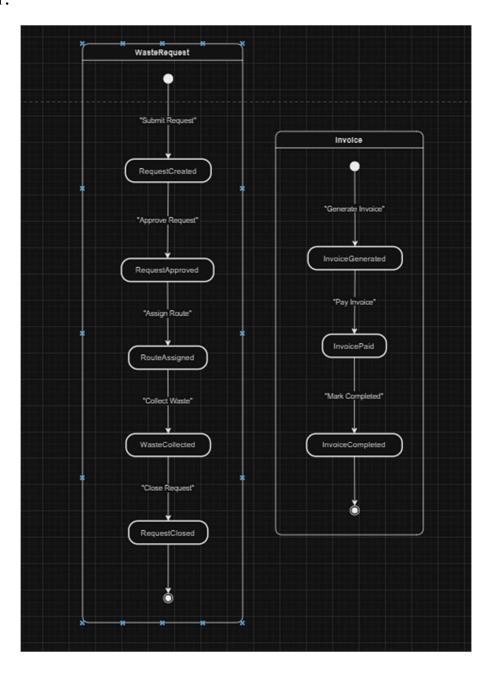
Conditions



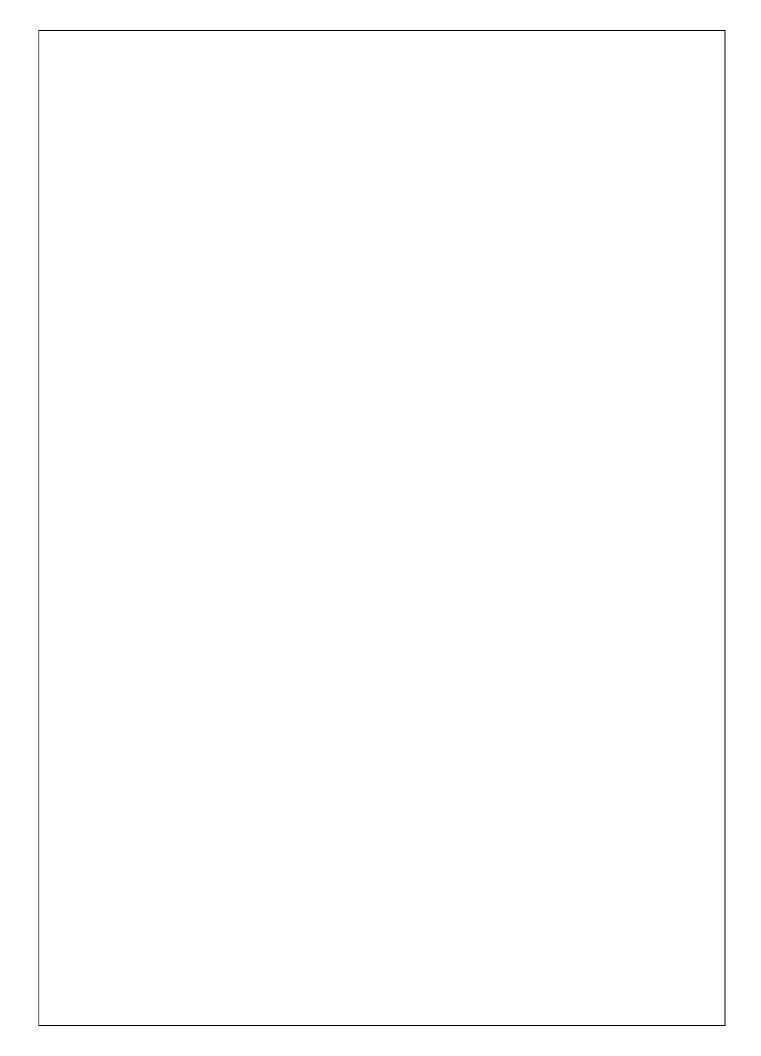
D., k
Result:  The activity diagram for waste management system is drawn successfully



EX NO:7	
DATE	DRAW STATE CHART DIAGRAM OF ALL USE CASES.
AIM:	
To Draw the State Ch	art Diagram for Waste management system
ALGORITHM:	
STEP-1: Identify the importar	nt objects to be analysed.
STEP-2: Identify the states.	
STEP-3: Identify the events.	
INPUTS:	
Objects	
States	
Events	



Result:	
The state chart diagram has been created successfully	



EX NO:8	DRAW SEQUENCE DIAGRAM OF ALL USE CASES.
DATE	
AIM:	
To Draw the Seque	nce Diagram for Waste management system
ALGORITHM:	
1. Identify the Scenario	
2. List the Participants	

3. Define Lifelines

4. Arrange Lifelines

5. Add Activation Bars

6. Draw Messages

7. Include Return Messages

8. Indicate Timing and Order

9. Include Conditions and Loops

10. Consider Parallel Execution

11. Review and Refine

12. Add Annotations and Comments

13. Document Assumptions and Constraints

14. Use a Tool to create a neat sequence diagram

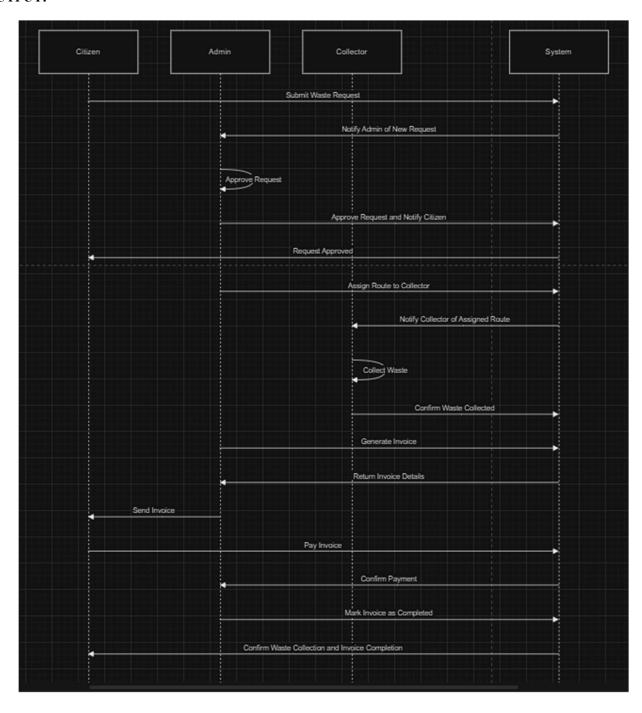
#### **INPUTS:**

Objects taking part in the interaction.

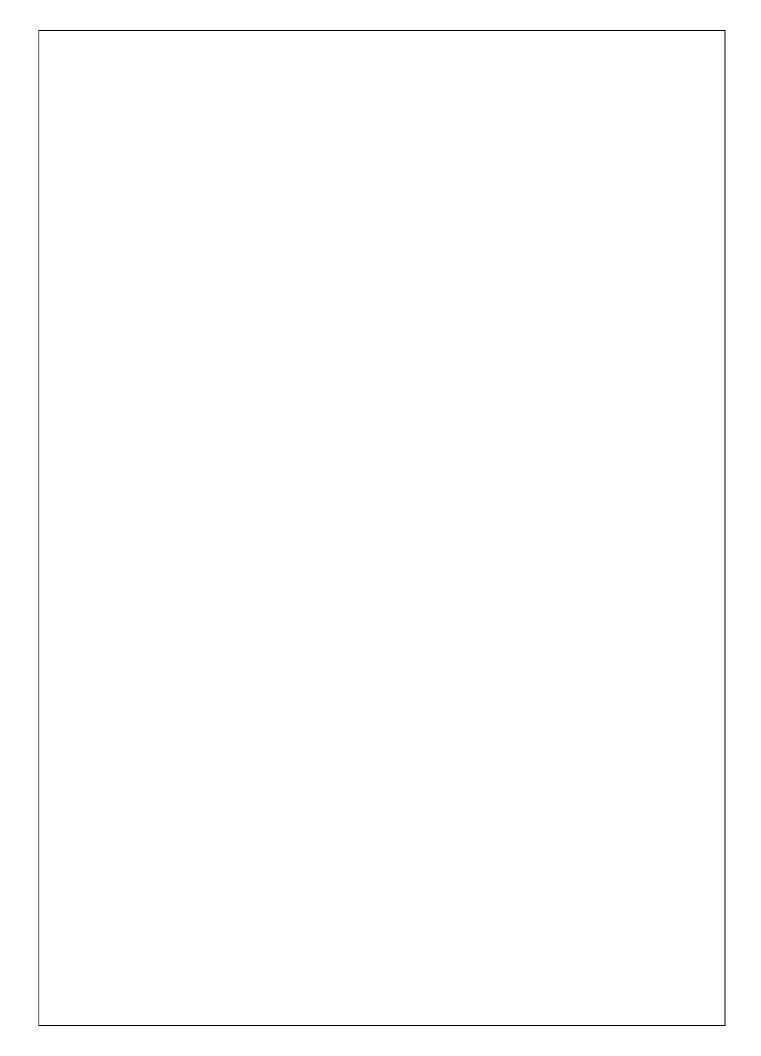
Message flows among the objects.

The sequence in which the messages are flowing.

Object organization.



Result:	
The sequence diagram has been created successfully.	
1 5	



DRAW COLLABORATION DIAGRAM OF ALL USE CASES

# AIM:

To Draw the Collaboration Diagram for waste management system

## **ALGORITHM:**

Step 1: Identify Objects/Participants

Step 2: Define Interactions

Step 3: Add Messages

Step 4: Consider Relationships

Step 5: Document the collaboration diagram along with any relevant

explanations or annotations.

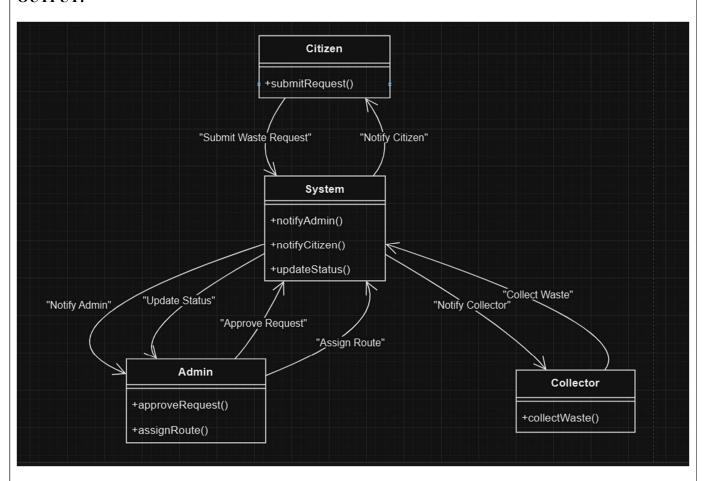
## **INPUTS:**

Objects taking part in the interaction.

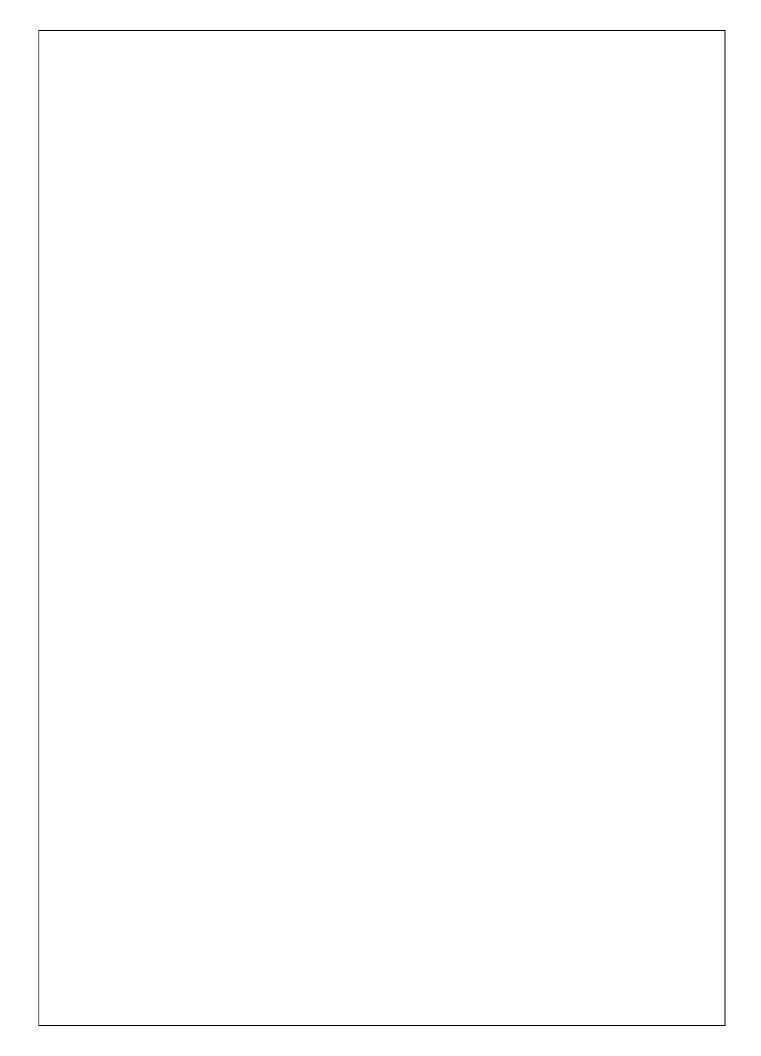
Message flows among the objects.

The sequence in which the messages are flowing.

Object organization.



Result:		
The collaboration diagram has been created successfully		

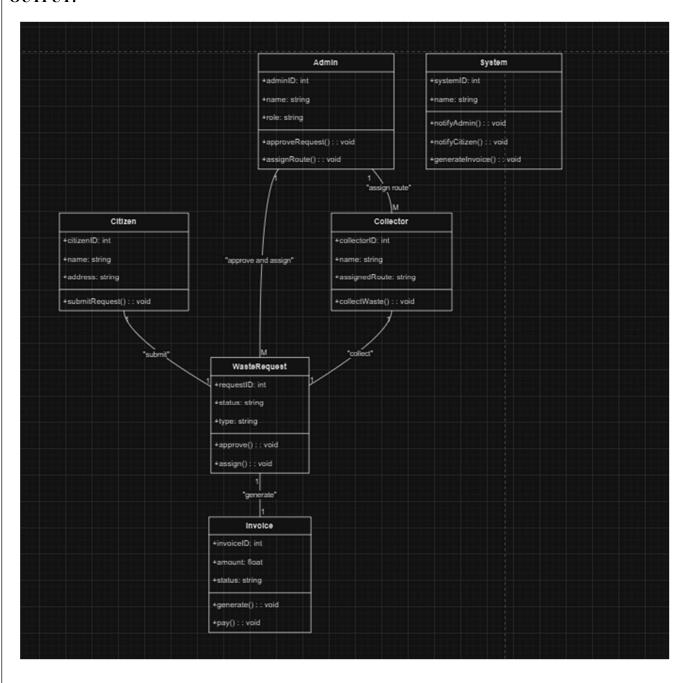


EX NO:10		
DATE	ASSIGN OBJECTS IN SEQUENCE DIAGRAM TO CLASSES AND MAKE CLASS DIAGRAM.	
IM:	<u>'</u>	
To Draw the Cla	ss Diagram for waste management system	
LGORITHM:		
. Identify Classes		
List Attributes and M	ethods	
Identify Relationships		
Create Class Boxes		
. Add Attributes and M	Iethods	
. Draw Relationships		
. Label Relationships		
. Review and Refine		
. Use Tools for Digital	Drawing	
NPUTS:		
. Class Name		
. Attributes		

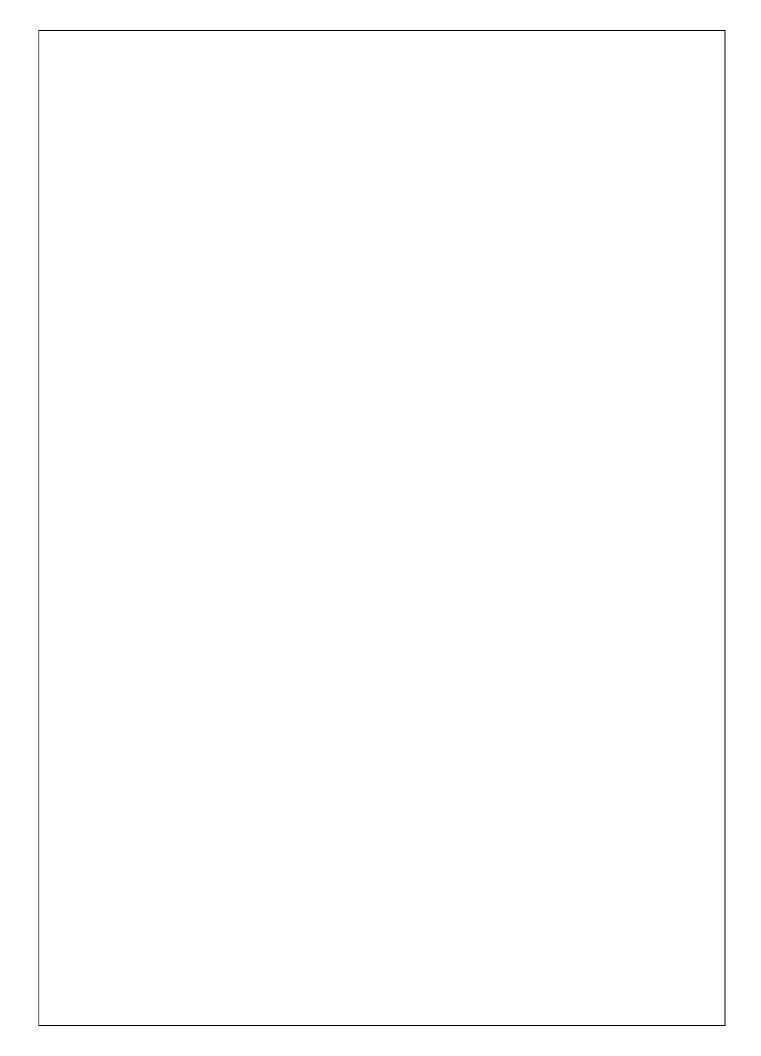
3. Methods

4. Visibility Notation

#### **OUTPUT:**



Result:	
The class diagram for waste management system has been create successfully	



EX NO:11	
DATE	MINI PROJECT-WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### Aim:

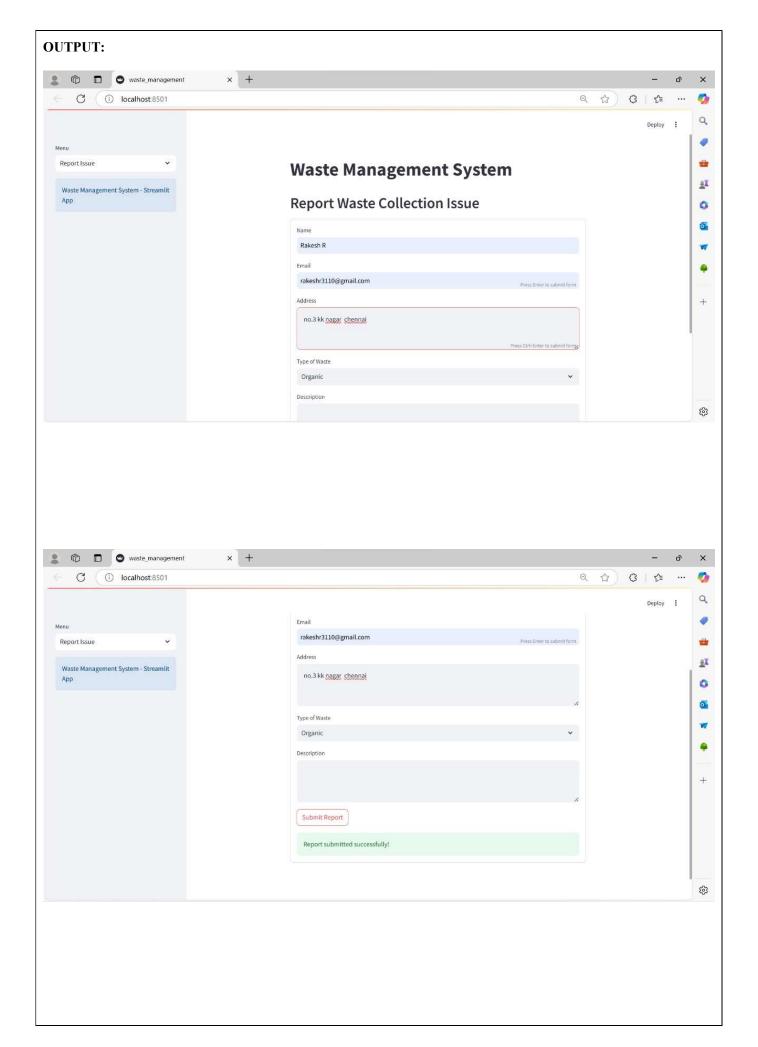
The Waste Management System aims to optimize waste collection, segregation, and disposal processes, ensuring effective resource utilization and environmental sustainability. It supports real-time tracking, efficient scheduling, and systematic recycling of waste.

### Algorithm:

- 1. User Registration: Collect user details, assigning roles (household, commercial, municipal staff).
- 2. Waste Entry: Record types and quantities of waste collected (organic, recyclable, hazardous).
- 3. Segregation Process: Sort waste into categories for recycling, composting, or safe disposal.
- 4. Collection Scheduling: Schedule waste pickups, ensuring route optimization and timely services.
- 5. **Disposal Tracking**: Monitor disposal or recycling of waste to ensure environmental compliance.
- 6. Alert Mechanism: Notify users of collection dates or any issues in processing.
- 7. **Generate Reports**: Summarize data on waste collected, recycled materials, and environmental metrics for stakeholders.

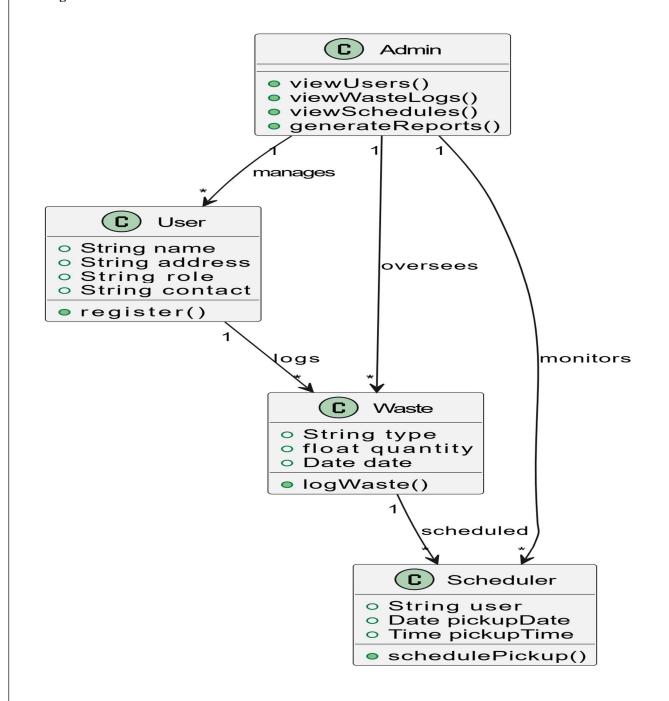
# **Program:**

```
import streamlit as st
import pandas as pd
import datetime as dt
# Initialize session state for data
if "users" not in st.session state:
  st.session state["users"] = []
if "waste logs" not in st.session state:
  st.session state["waste logs"] = []
if "schedules" not in st.session state:
  st.session_state["schedules"] = []
# App Title
st.title("Waste Management System")
# Sidebar for navigation
menu = st.sidebar.radio("Menu", ["Register User", "Log Waste", "View Reports", "Schedule Pickup", "Admin
Dashboard"])
# **User Registration**
if menu == "Register User":
  st.header("User Registration")
  name = st.text input("Enter Name:")
  address = st.text area("Enter Address:")
  role = st.selectbox("Select Role:", ["Household", "Commercial", "Municipal Staff"])
  contact = st.text input("Enter Contact Number:")
  if st.button("Register"):
    if name and address and role and contact:
       st.session state["users"].append({"name": name, "address": address, "role": role, "contact": contact})
       st.success(f"{name} registered successfully as {role}.")
    else:
       st.error("Please fill all the fields.")
```

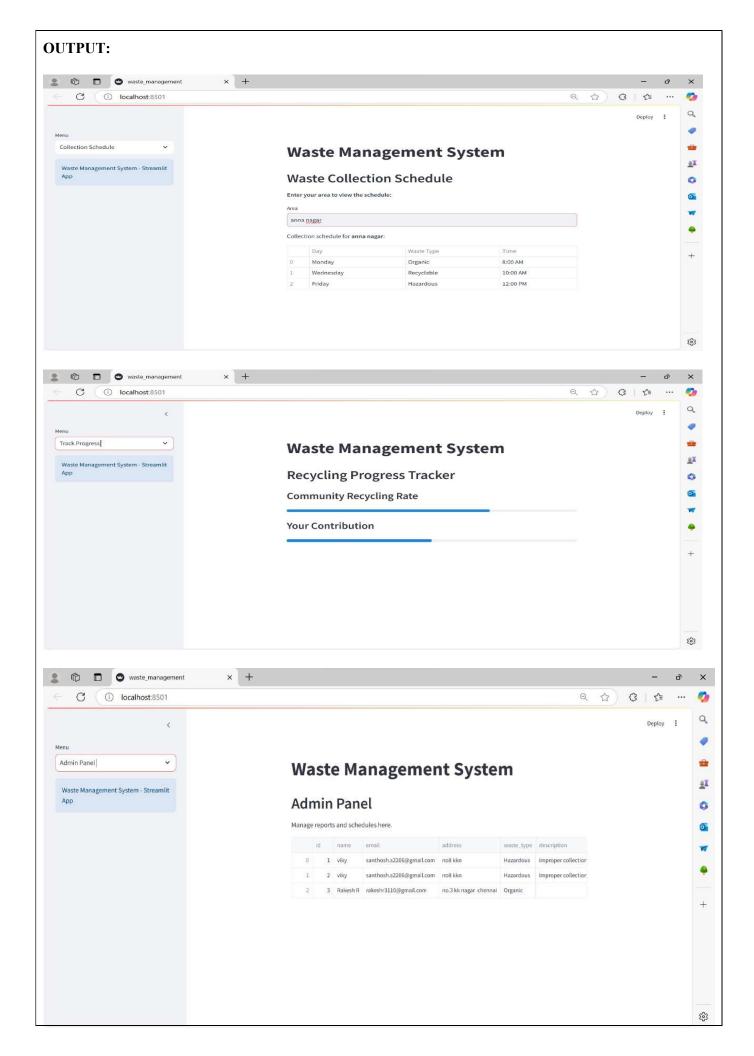


```
# **Log Waste**
elif menu == "Log Waste":
  st.header("Log Waste Details")
  if not st.session state["users"]:
    st.warning("No users registered. Please register first.")
    user = st.selectbox("Select User:", [u["name"] for u in st.session state["users"]])
    waste_type = st.selectbox("Waste Type:", ["Organic", "Recyclable", "Hazardous"])
    quantity = st.number input("Enter Quantity (kg):", min_value=0.1, step=0.1)
    date = st.date input("Date of Waste Generation:", max_value=dt.date.today())
    if st.button("Log Waste"):
       st.session_state["waste_logs"].append({
          "user": user,
          "waste type": waste type,
          "quantity": quantity,
          "date": date
       })
       st.success("Waste logged successfully!")
# **View Reports**
elif menu == "View Reports":
  st.header("Waste Management Reports")
  if not st.session state["waste logs"]:
    st.info("No waste logs available.")
  else:
    waste df = pd.DataFrame(st.session state["waste logs"])
    st.subheader("Waste Summary by Type")
    summary = waste_df.groupby("waste_type")["quantity"].sum().reset_index()
    st.table(summary)
    st.subheader("Detailed Waste Logs")
    st.dataframe(waste df)
# **Schedule Pickup**
elif menu == "Schedule Pickup":
  st.header("Schedule Waste Pickup")
  if not st.session_state["users"]:
    st.warning("No users registered. Please register first.")
  else:
    user = st.selectbox("Select User:", [u["name"] for u in st.session state["users"]])
    pickup date = st.date input("Select Pickup Date:", min value=dt.date.today())
    pickup time = st.time input("Select Pickup Time:")
    if st.button("Schedule Pickup"):
       st.session state["schedules"].append({
          "user": user,
          "pickup date": pickup date,
          "pickup time": pickup time
       })
       st.success(f"Pickup scheduled for {user} on {pickup date} at {pickup time}.")
```

## ER Diagram:



```
# **Admin Dashboard**
elif menu == "Admin Dashboard":
  st.header("Admin Dashboard")
  st.subheader("Registered Users")
  if not st.session state["users"]:
    st.write("No users registered.")
 else:
    users df = pd.DataFrame(st.session state["users"])
       st.dataframe(users df)
  st.subheader("Scheduled Pickups")
  if not st.session_state["schedules"]:
    st.write("No pickups scheduled.")
  else:
    schedules df = pd.DataFrame(st.session state["schedules"])
    st.dataframe(schedules df)
  st.subheader("Waste Logs")
  if not st.session state["waste logs"]:
    st.write("No waste logs available.")
  else:
    logs df = pd.DataFrame(st.session state["waste logs"])
    st.dataframe(logs df)
```



Conclusion:
COMPANDIOM:
The Waste Management System ensures effective handling of waste by streamlining processes like segregation, collection, and recycling. It promotes eco-friendly practices, reduces environmental impact, and provides data-driven insights for better decision-making. Implementing this system can significantly enhance operational efficiency and sustainability in waste management.