Day-10

2015 Dataset

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]:

```
d=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Downloads\2015.csv")
```

Out[2]:

	Country	Region	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Standard Error	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)
0	Switzerland	Western Europe	1	7.587	0.03411	1.39651	1.34951	0.94143
1	Iceland	Western Europe	2	7.561	0.04884	1.30232	1.40223	0.94784
2	Denmark	Western Europe	3	7.527	0.03328	1.32548	1.36058	0.87464
3	Norway	Western Europe	4	7.522	0.03880	1.45900	1.33095	0.88521
4	Canada	North America	5	7.427	0.03553	1.32629	1.32261	0.90563
153	Rwanda	Sub- Saharan Africa	154	3.465	0.03464	0.22208	0.77370	0.42864
154	Benin	Sub- Saharan Africa	155	3.340	0.03656	0.28665	0.35386	0.31910
155	Syria	Middle East and Northern Africa	156	3.006	0.05015	0.66320	0.47489	0.72193
156	Burundi	Sub- Saharan Africa	157	2.905	0.08658	0.01530	0.41587	0.22396
157	Togo	Sub- Saharan Africa	158	2.839	0.06727	0.20868	0.13995	0.28443
158 rows × 12 columns								

```
In [3]:
```

```
d.columns
Out[3]:
Index(['Country', 'Region', 'Happiness Rank', 'Happiness Score',
       'Standard Error', 'Economy (GDP per Capita)', 'Family',
       'Health (Life Expectancy)', 'Freedom', 'Trust (Government Corruptio
n)',
       'Generosity', 'Dystopia Residual'],
      dtype='object')
In [4]:
d.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 158 entries, 0 to 157
Data columns (total 12 columns):
     Column
 #
                                    Non-Null Count Dtype
     -----
                                     -----
                                                     ----
 0
     Country
                                    158 non-null
                                                     object
 1
     Region
                                                     object
                                    158 non-null
 2
     Happiness Rank
                                    158 non-null
                                                     int64
                                                     float64
 3
     Happiness Score
                                    158 non-null
 4
     Standard Error
                                    158 non-null
                                                     float64
 5
     Economy (GDP per Capita)
                                    158 non-null
                                                     float64
 6
                                    158 non-null
                                                     float64
     Family
 7
     Health (Life Expectancy)
                                    158 non-null
                                                     float64
 8
                                                     float64
     Freedom
                                    158 non-null
 9
     Trust (Government Corruption)
                                    158 non-null
                                                     float64
                                                     float64
 10 Generosity
                                    158 non-null
 11 Dystopia Residual
                                    158 non-null
                                                     float64
dtypes: float64(9), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 14.9+ KB
In [5]:
x=d[['Happiness Rank', 'Happiness Score',
       'Standard Error', 'Economy (GDP per Capita)', 'Family',
       'Health (Life Expectancy)', 'Freedom', 'Trust (Government Corruption)',
       'Generosity']]
y=d['Dystopia Residual']
In [6]:
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
In [7]:
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
lr=LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[7]:

LinearRegression()

```
In [8]:
print(lr.intercept_)
-0.0001623774325247851

In [9]:
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
0.9999997281342263

In [10]:
print(lr.score(x_train,y_train))
0.9999997500715344
```

Ridge Regression

```
In [11]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

```
In [12]:
```

```
rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
rr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[12]:

0.6621369628958466

Lasso Regression

```
In [13]:
la=Lasso(alpha=10)

In [14]:
la.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[14]:
Lasso(alpha=10)

In [15]:
la.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[15]:
```

0.02759259052125862

```
In [16]:
from sklearn.linear model import ElasticNet
en=ElasticNet()
en.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[16]:
ElasticNet()
In [17]:
predict=(en.predict(x_test))
print(predict)
[1.83377735 2.16594831 1.77287934 2.09397793 2.07736938 2.23791868
 2.37078707 2.30988906 2.42614889 2.55348109 2.49258308 2.3264976
 1.77841552 1.89467536 1.73412606 1.97218191 2.11612266 2.44275744
 2.17702067 1.99986283 2.03861611 1.76180697 1.96110955 2.55901728
 2.3597147 2.38739561 1.75073461 1.72305369 2.14380358 1.8171688
 1.9112839 2.39846798 2.38185943 2.44829362 1.9777181 1.70644515
 1.87253063 2.54794491 2.15487594 1.88913917 1.82270498 1.79502407
 2.0718332 2.02754374 1.7839517 2.2323825 2.06076084 2.13273121]
In [18]:
print(en.score(x_test,y_test))
0.2783333925043625
Evaluation Method
In [19]:
from sklearn import metrics
In [20]:
print("Mean Absolute Error:", metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, predict))
Mean Absolute Error: 0.386992644510085
In [21]:
print("Mean Square Error:",metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predict))
Mean Square Error: 0.2612470404014113
```

print("Root Mean Square Error:",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predict)))

Root Mean Square Error: 0.5111233123243464

In [22]:

In []: