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### **Data Structures Odyssey: Exploring the Foundations of Computing**

| Ex. No.: 11 Topological Sorting | Date:09/05/2024 |
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Write a C program to create a graph and display the ordering of vertices.

### Algorithm:

- 1) Start
- 2) Initialize an empty stack to store the topologically sorted elements.
- 3) Initialize a set to track visited nodes.
- 4) Start a depth-first search (DFS) from any unvisited node in the graph.
- 5) During DFS traversal: a. Mark the current node as visited.
- b. Recursively visit all adjacent nodes that are not visited yet.
- 6) Once a node has no unvisited adjacent nodes, push it onto the stack.
- 7) Repeat steps 3-5 until all nodes are visited.

Pop elements from the stack to get the topologically sorted order. 8) Stop

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```
PROGRAM:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int s[100], j, res[100; void
AdjacencyMatrix(int a[][100], int n) {
int i, j; for (i = 0; i < n;
i++) { for (j = 0; j <=
n; j++) {a[i][j] = 0}
}  for (i = 1; i < n;
i++) { for (j = 0; j < i;
j++) { a[i][j] = rand()
% 2; a[j][i] = 0;
}
}
}
void dfs(int u, int n, int a[][100]) \{
int v; s[u] = 1; for (v = 0; v < n - 1;
v++) { if (a[u][v] == 1 \&\& s[v] ==
0) { dfs(v, n, a);
}
} j +=
1;
res[j]
= u;
}
void topological_order(int n, int a[][100]) {
```

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```
int i, u; for (i = 0; i < n;
i++) { s[i] = 0; } j = 0;
for (u = 0; u < n; u++) {
if (s[u] == 0) \{ dfs(u, n,
a);
}
}
return;
}
int main() { int
a[100][100], n, i, j;
printf("Enter number of vertices\n");
scanf("%d", &n);
AdjacencyMatrix(a, n); printf("\t\tAdjacency Matrix of the graph\n"); /* PRINT
ADJACENCY MATRIX */
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
printf("\t%d", a[i][j]);
}
printf("\n");
}
printf("\nTopological order:\n");
topological_order(n, a);
for (i = n; i \ge 1; i--) \{ printf("-->%d", 
res[i]);
}
```

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```
return 0;
}
```

#### OUTPUT:

```
aim1231501167@cselab:~$ gcc program12.c
aim1231501167@cselab:~$ ./a.out
Enter number of vertices
2
Adjacency Matrix of the graph
0 0
1 0

Topological order:
-->1-->0aim1231501167@cselab:~$
```