

Type *Markdown* and LaTeX: α^2

```
In [1]: #import libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: #import dataset
df=pd.read_csv(r"E:\154\18_world-data-2023.csv").dropna()
df
```

Out[2]:

	Country	Density\n(P/Km2)	Abbreviation	Agricultural Land(%)	Land Area(Km2)	Armed Forces size	Birth Rate	Ca C
0	Afghanistan	60	AF	58.10%	652,230	323,000	32.49	
1	Albania	105	AL	43.10%	28,748	9,000	11.78	3
2	Algeria	18	DZ	17.40%	2,381,741	317,000	24.28	2
4	Angola	26	AO	47.50%	1,246,700	117,000	40.73	2
6	Argentina	17	AR	54.30%	2,780,400	105,000	17.02	
...	
185	United Kingdom	281	GB	71.70%	243,610	148,000	11.00	
186	United States	36	US	44.40%	9,833,517	1,359,000	11.60	

In [3]: `df.info()`

```

17 Gross primary education enrollment (%)      110 non-null    object
18 Gross tertiary education enrollment (%)      110 non-null    object
19 Infant mortality                            110 non-null    float64
20 Largest city                                110 non-null    object
21 Life expectancy                             110 non-null    float64
22 Maternal mortality ratio                    110 non-null    float64
23 Minimum wage                                110 non-null    object
24 Official language                           110 non-null    object
25 Out of pocket health expenditure            110 non-null    object
26 Physicians per thousand                     110 non-null    float64
27 Population                                  110 non-null    object
28 Population: Labor force participation (%)    110 non-null    object
29 Tax revenue (%)                             110 non-null    object
30 Total tax rate                              110 non-null    object
31 Unemployment rate                           110 non-null    object
32 Urban_population                            110 non-null    object
33 Latitude                                    110 non-null    float64
34 Longitude                                   110 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(9), object(26)
memory usage: 30.9+ KB

```

In [4]: `#to display top 5 rows`
`df.head()`

Out[4]:

	Country	Density\n(P/Km2)	Abbreviation	Agricultural Land(%)	Land Area(Km2)	Armed Forces size	Birth Rate	Calling Code	C
0	Afghanistan	60	AF	58.10%	652,230	323,000	32.49	93.0	
1	Albania	105	AL	43.10%	28,748	9,000	11.78	355.0	
2	Algeria	18	DZ	17.40%	2,381,741	317,000	24.28	213.0	
4	Angola	26	AO	47.50%	1,246,700	117,000	40.73	244.0	
6	Argentina	17	AR	54.30%	2,780,400	105,000	17.02	54.0	

5 rows × 35 columns

Data cleaning and Pre-Processing

```
In [5]: #To find null values
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 110 entries, 0 to 193
Data columns (total 35 columns):
#   Column                                                                 Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                                                                110 non-null    object
1   Density (P/Km2)                                                        110 non-null    object
2   Abbreviation                                                            110 non-null    object
3   Agricultural Land( %)                                                 110 non-null    object
4   Land Area(Km2)                                                         110 non-null    object
5   Armed Forces size                                                      110 non-null    object
6   Birth Rate                                                             110 non-null    float64
7   Calling Code                                                           110 non-null    float64
8   Capital/Major City                                                     110 non-null    object
9   Co2-Emissions                                                         110 non-null    object
10  CPI                                                                    110 non-null    object
11  CPI Change (%)                                                         110 non-null    object
12  Currency-Code                                                         110 non-null    object
13  Fertility Rate                                                         110 non-null    float64
14  Forested Area (%)                                                     110 non-null    object
15  Gasoline Price                                                         110 non-null    object
16  GDP                                                                    110 non-null    object
17  Gross primary education enrollment (%) 110 non-null    object
18  Gross tertiary education enrollment (%) 110 non-null    object
19  Infant mortality                                                       110 non-null    float64
20  Largest city                                                           110 non-null    object
21  Life expectancy                                                        110 non-null    float64
22  Maternal mortality ratio                                              110 non-null    float64
23  Minimum wage                                                           110 non-null    object
24  Official language                                                      110 non-null    object
25  Out of pocket health expenditure 110 non-null    object
26  Physicians per thousand                                                110 non-null    float64
27  Population                                                             110 non-null    object
28  Population: Labor force participation (%) 110 non-null    object
29  Tax revenue (%)                                                        110 non-null    object
30  Total tax rate                                                         110 non-null    object
31  Unemployment rate                                                      110 non-null    object
32  Urban_population                                                       110 non-null    object
33  Latitude                                                               110 non-null    float64
34  Longitude                                                              110 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(9), object(26)
memory usage: 30.9+ KB
```

```
In [6]: # To display summary of statistics
df.describe()
```

Out[6]:

	Birth Rate	Calling Code	Fertility Rate	Infant mortality	Life expectancy	Maternal mortality ratio	Physicians per thousand	
count	110.000000	110.000000	110.000000	110.000000	110.000000	110.000000	110.000000	11
mean	20.196455	344.290909	2.672182	20.271818	72.671818	137.227273	1.919182	2
std	10.039056	341.231562	1.308142	18.453214	7.000788	201.171462	1.598116	2
min	6.400000	1.000000	0.980000	1.700000	54.300000	2.000000	0.010000	-4
25%	11.075000	70.000000	1.682500	6.100000	67.625000	15.250000	0.467500	
50%	17.830000	239.500000	2.200000	13.600000	74.400000	41.000000	1.640000	2
75%	27.962500	420.750000	3.505000	31.500000	77.350000	176.000000	3.007500	4
max	46.080000	1876.000000	6.910000	78.500000	83.300000	1120.000000	7.120000	6

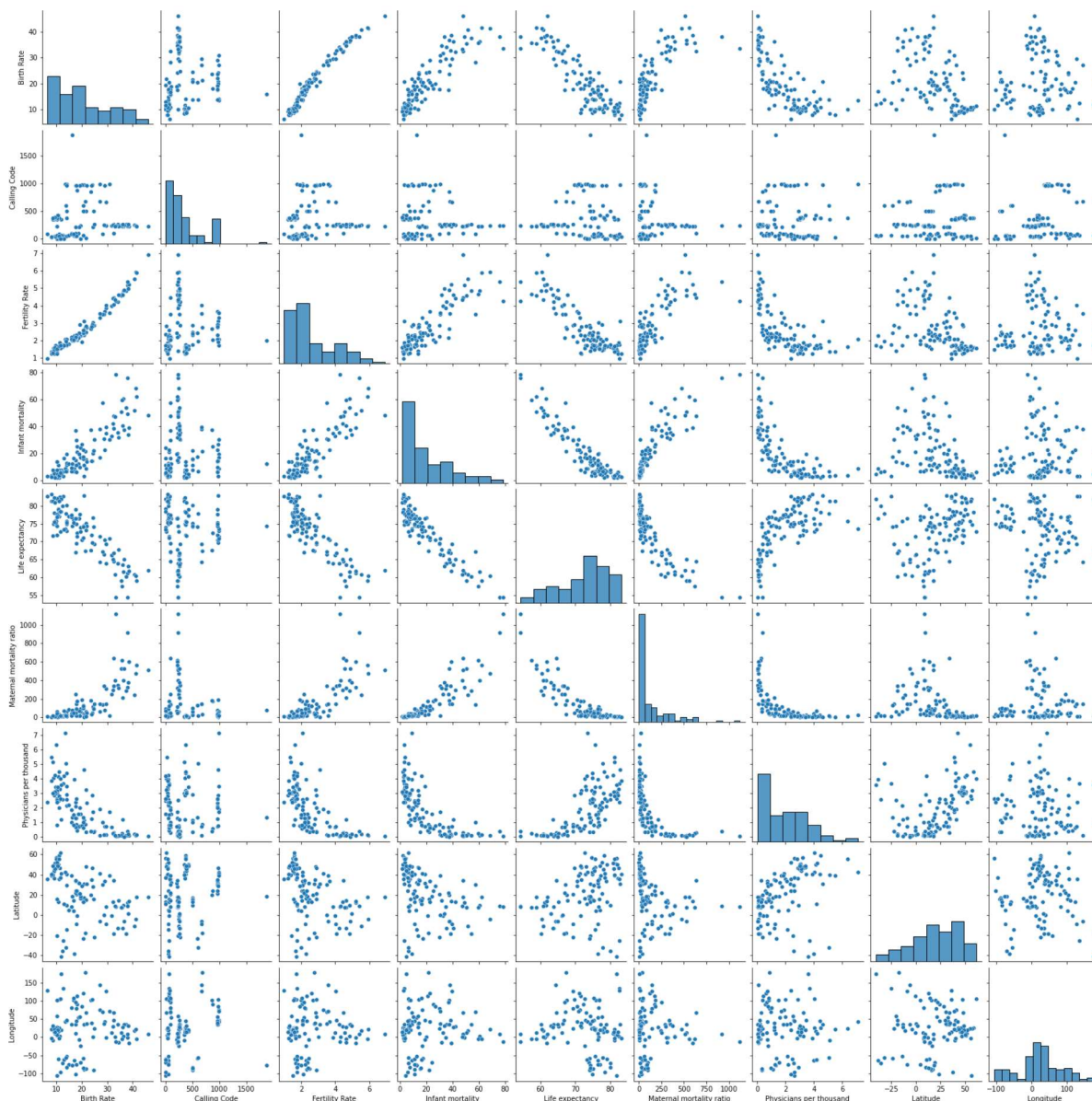
```
In [7]: #To Display column heading
df.columns
```

Out[7]: Index(['Country', 'Density\n(P/Km2)', 'Abbreviation', 'Agricultural Land(%)', 'Land Area(Km2)', 'Armed Forces size', 'Birth Rate', 'Calling Code', 'Capital/Major City', 'Co2-Emissions', 'CPI', 'CPI Change (%)', 'Currency-Code', 'Fertility Rate', 'Forested Area (%)', 'Gasoline Price', 'GDP', 'Gross primary education enrollment (%)', 'Gross tertiary education enrollment (%)', 'Infant mortality', 'Largest city', 'Life expectancy', 'Maternal mortality ratio', 'Minimum wage', 'Official language', 'Out of pocket health expenditure', 'Physicians per thousand', 'Population', 'Population: Labor force participation (%)', 'Tax revenue (%)', 'Total tax rate', 'Unemployment rate', 'Urban_population', 'Latitude', 'Longitude'], dtype='object')

EDA and VISUALIZATION

```
In [8]: sns.pairplot(df)
```

```
Out[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x20ad83b9f10>
```

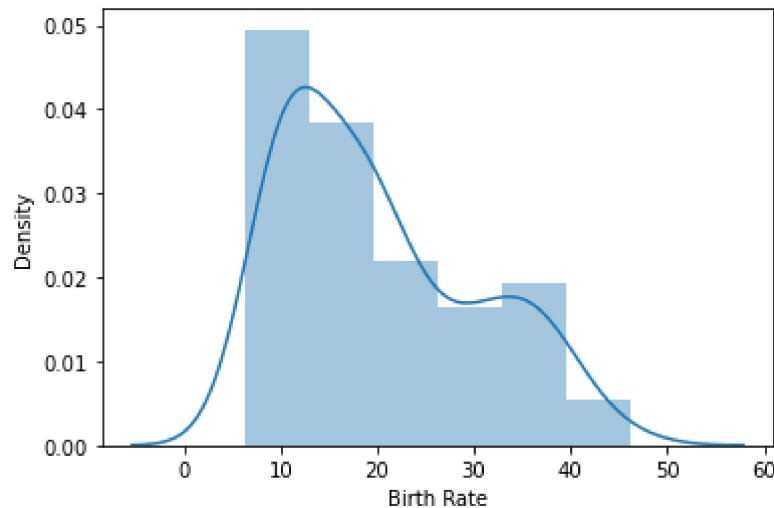


```
In [9]: sns.distplot(df['Birth Rate'])
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

```
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

```
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Birth Rate', ylabel='Density'>
```

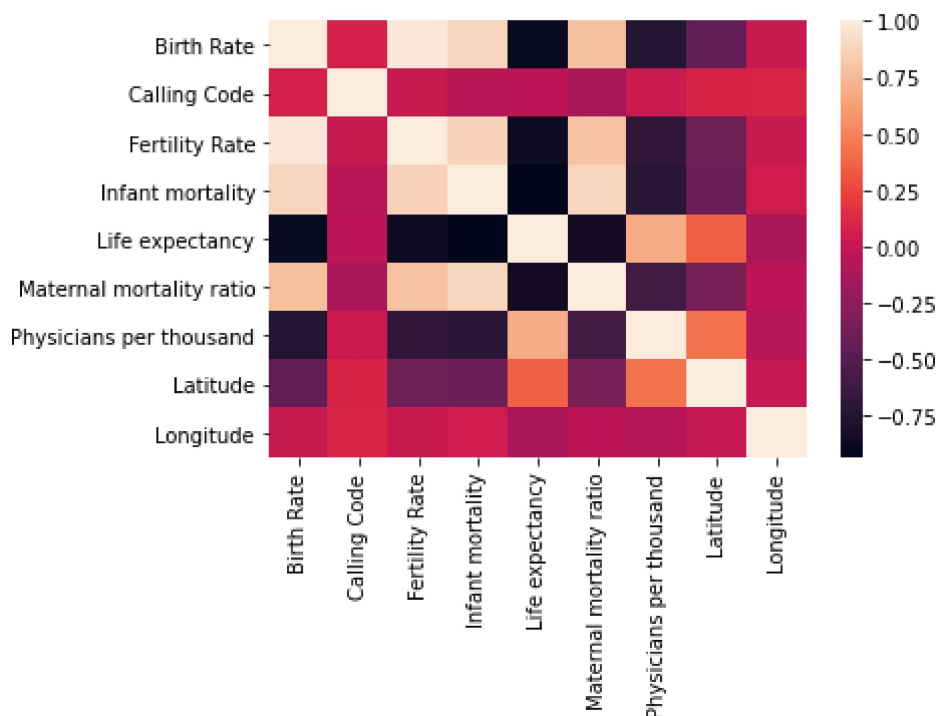


```
In [10]: df1=df[['Country', 'Density\n(P/Km2)', 'Abbreviation', 'Agricultural Land( %)',
                'Land Area(Km2)', 'Armed Forces size', 'Birth Rate', 'Calling Code',
                'Capital/Major City', 'Co2-Emissions', 'CPI', 'CPI Change (%)',
                'Currency-Code', 'Fertility Rate', 'Forested Area (%)',
                'Gasoline Price', 'GDP', 'Gross primary education enrollment (%)',
                'Gross tertiary education enrollment (%)', 'Infant mortality',
                'Largest city', 'Life expectancy', 'Maternal mortality ratio',
                'Minimum wage', 'Official language', 'Out of pocket health expenditure',
                'Physicians per thousand', 'Population',
                'Population: Labor force participation (%)', 'Tax revenue (%)',
                'Total tax rate', 'Unemployment rate', 'Urban_population', 'Latitude',
                'Longitude']]
```

Plot Using Heat Map

```
In [11]: sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

```
Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



To Train The Model-Model Building

we are going to train Linera Regression Model;We need to split out data into two variables x and y where x is independent variable(input) and y is dependent on x(output) we could ignore address column as it required for our model

```
In [12]: x=df1[['Birth Rate', 'Calling Code',
               'Fertility Rate', 'Infant mortality',
               'Life expectancy', 'Maternal mortality ratio','Latitude','Physicians pe
               'Longitude'
               ]]
y=df1['Physicians per thousand']
```

To Split my dataset into training and test data

```
In [13]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

```
In [14]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lr= LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[14]: LinearRegression()

```
In [15]: lr.intercept_
```

Out[15]: 2.9531932455029164e-14

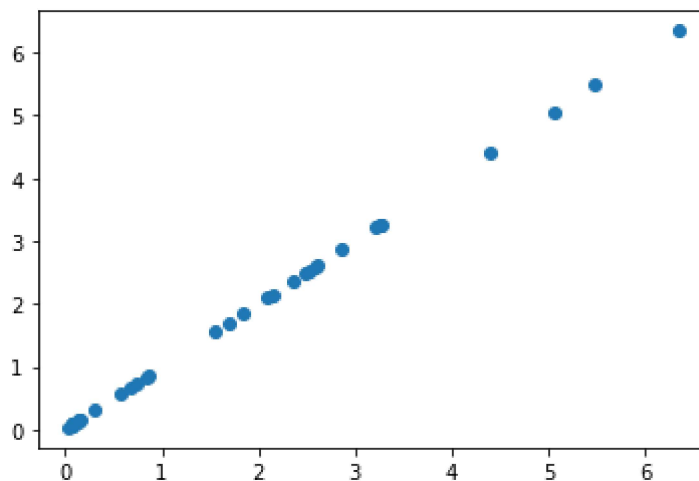
```
In [16]: coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co-efficient'])
coeff
```

Out[16]:

	Co-efficient
Birth Rate	-8.581247e-16
Calling Code	-1.306704e-19
Fertility Rate	5.838368e-15
Infant mortality	-3.214307e-17
Life expectancy	-4.110119e-16
Maternal mortality ratio	1.376284e-17
Latitude	-1.130308e-17
Physicians per thousand	1.000000e+00
Longitude	2.155114e-18

```
In [17]: prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
plt.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[17]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x20adc2feaf0>



Accuracy

```
In [18]: lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[18]: 1.0
```

```
In [19]: lr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[19]: 1.0
```

```
In [20]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

```
In [21]: rr=Ridge(alpha=10)  
rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[21]: Ridge(alpha=10)
```

```
In [22]: rr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[22]: 0.9942264954173058
```

```
In [23]: la =Lasso(alpha=10)  
la.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[23]: Lasso(alpha=10)
```

```
In [24]: la.score(x_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[24]: 0.3605150942286648
```

```
In [ ]:
```