```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import seaborn as sns
    from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

In [2]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

In [3]: df=pd.read_csv(r"E:\154\C3_bot_detection_data - C3_bot_detection_data.csv").dre
df

Out[3]:

	User ID	Username	Tweet	Retweet Count	Mention Count	Follower Count	Verified	Bot Label	Lo
1	289683	hinesstephanie	Authority research natural life material staff	55	5	9617	True	0	Sand
2	779715	roberttran	Manage whose quickly especially foot none to g	6	2	4363	True	0	Harris
3	696168	pmason	Just cover eight opportunity strong policy which.	54	5	2242	True	1	Martine
4	704441	noah87	Animal sign six data good or.	26	3	8438	False	1	Camac
5	570928	james00	See wonder travel this suffer less yard office	41	4	3792	True	1	Che
	•••								
49995	491196	uberg	Want but put card direction know miss former h	64	0	9911	True	1	Kimberly
49996	739297	jessicamunoz	Provide whole maybe agree church respond most	18	5	9900	False	1	Gree
49997	674475	lynncunningham	Bring different everyone international capital	43	3	6313	True	1	Deboi
49998	167081	richardthompson	Than about single generation itself seek sell	45	1	6343	False	0	Stephe
49999	311204	daniel29	Here morning class various room human true bec	91	4	4006	False	0	Nove

41659 rows × 11 columns

In [4]: df.head()

Out[4]:

	User ID	Username	Tweet	Retweet Count	Mention Count	Follower Count	Verified	Bot Label	Location	
1	289683	hinesstephanie	Authority research natural life material staff	55	5	9617	True	0	Sanderston	_
2	779715	roberttran	Manage whose quickly especially foot none to g	6	2	4363	True	0	Harrisonfurt	(
3	696168	pmason	Just cover eight opportunity strong policy which.	54	5	2242	True	1	Martinezberg	:
4	704441	noah87	Animal sign six data good or.	26	3	8438	False	1	Camachoville	;
5	570928	james00	See wonder travel this suffer less yard office	41	4	3792	True	1	West Cheyenne	:
4									•	•

In [5]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 41659 entries, 1 to 49999
Data columns (total 11 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	User ID	41659 non-null	int64
1	Username	41659 non-null	object
2	Tweet	41659 non-null	object
3	Retweet Count	41659 non-null	int64
4	Mention Count	41659 non-null	int64
5	Follower Count	41659 non-null	int64
6	Verified	41659 non-null	bool
7	Bot Label	41659 non-null	int64
8	Location	41659 non-null	object
9	Created At	41659 non-null	object
10	Hashtags	41659 non-null	object
dtyp	es: bool(1), int	64(5), object(5)	

localhost:8888/notebooks/Models/Bot Detection.ipynb

memory usage: 3.5+ MB

```
In [6]: df.describe()
```

Out[6]:

	User ID	Retweet Count	Mention Count	Follower Count	Bot Label
count	41659.000000	41659.000000	41659.000000	41659.000000	41659.000000
mean	548640.613097	49.950911	2.515207	4990.867928	0.500204
std	259990.806985	29.195286	1.709249	2880.947193	0.500006
min	100025.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	321829.500000	25.000000	1.000000	2493.500000	0.000000
50%	548396.000000	50.000000	3.000000	4997.000000	1.000000
75%	772751.500000	75.000000	4.000000	7475.500000	1.000000
max	999995.000000	100.000000	5.000000	10000.000000	1.000000

```
In [7]: df.columns
Out[7]: Index(['User ID', 'Username', 'Tweet', 'Retweet Count', 'Mention Count',
                'Follower Count', 'Verified', 'Bot Label', 'Location', 'Created At',
```

'Hashtags'], dtype='object')

```
In [9]: feature_matrix = df[['User ID','Retweet Count','Mention Count','Follower Count
        target vector = df[["Verified"]]
```

```
In [10]: fs=StandardScaler().fit transform(feature matrix)
         logr=LogisticRegression()
         logr.fit(fs,target_vector)
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:63: Da taConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expecte d. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel(). return f(*args, **kwargs)

Out[10]: LogisticRegression()

```
In [11]: | observation=[[1,2,3,4,5]]
```

```
prediction=logr.predict(observation)
In [12]:
         print(prediction)
```

[False]

```
In [13]:
          logr.classes_
```

Out[13]: array([False, True])

```
In [14]: logr.predict_proba(observation)[0][0]
Out[14]: 0.504915130281248
In [15]: logr.predict_proba(observation)[0][1]
Out[15]: 0.49508486971875193
In [ ]:
```