## Type *Markdown* and LaTeX: $\alpha^2$

```
In [8]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import seaborn as sns
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [12]: df = pd.read_csv(r"E:\154\Day 8\3_Fitness-1 - 3_Fitness-1.csv")
# .dropna(axis="columns")
df
```

### Out[12]:

	Row Labels	Sum of Jan	Sum of Feb	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	А	5.62%	7.73%	6.16%	75
1	В	4.21%	17.27%	19.21%	160
2	С	9.83%	11.60%	5.17%	101
3	D	2.81%	21.91%	7.88%	127
4	E	25.28%	10.57%	11.82%	179
5	F	8.15%	16.24%	18.47%	167
6	G	18.54%	8.76%	17.49%	171
7	Н	25.56%	5.93%	13.79%	170
8	Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	1150

### In [13]: df.head()

#### Out[13]:

	Row Labels	Sum of Jan	Sum of Feb	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	А	5.62%	7.73%	6.16%	75
1	В	4.21%	17.27%	19.21%	160
2	С	9.83%	11.60%	5.17%	101
3	D	2.81%	21.91%	7.88%	127
4	F	25 28%	10.57%	11 82%	179

## Data cleaning and pre processing

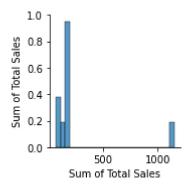
```
In [14]: | df.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 9 entries, 0 to 8
         Data columns (total 5 columns):
               Column
           #
                                    Non-Null Count
                                                    Dtype
                                    -----
                                                     ----
               Row Labels
           0
                                    9 non-null
                                                    object
           1
               Sum of Jan
                                    9 non-null
                                                    object
           2
               Sum of Feb
                                    9 non-null
                                                    object
           3
               Sum of Mar
                                                    object
                                    9 non-null
               Sum of Total Sales 9 non-null
                                                     int64
         dtypes: int64(1), object(4)
         memory usage: 488.0+ bytes
In [15]: df.describe()
Out[15]:
                 Sum of Total Sales
          count
                        9.000000
                      255.555556
           mean
                      337.332963
            std
                       75.000000
            min
            25%
                      127.000000
            50%
                      167.000000
           75%
                      171.000000
                      1150.000000
            max
In [16]: df.columns
Out[16]: Index(['Row Labels', 'Sum of Jan', 'Sum of Feb', 'Sum of Mar',
                 'Sum of Total Sales'],
```

# **EDA and VISUALIZATION**

dtype='object')

In [17]: sns.pairplot(df)

Out[17]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x22658fd7850>

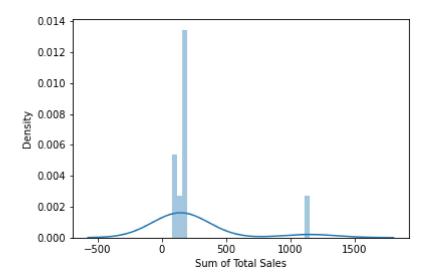


## In [18]: sns.distplot(df["Sum of Total Sales"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: Fut ureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a futu re version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[18]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sum of Total Sales', ylabel='Density'>



0.900

```
In [20]: sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
Out[20]: <AxesSubplot:>
                                                                       -1.100
                                                                       - 1.075
                                                                       - 1.050
                                                                       - 1.025
                                                                       -1.000
              Sum of Total Sales
                                                                       - 0.975
                                                                        -0.950
                                                                        0.925
```

```
In [21]: x = df1[['Sum of Total Sales','Sum of Total Sales']]
         y = df1['Sum of Total Sales']
```

### split the data into training and test data

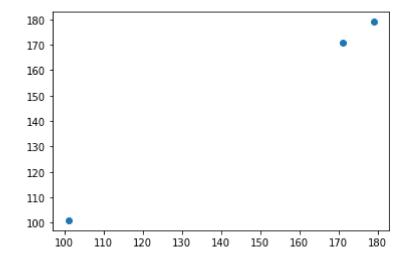
Sum of Total Sales

```
In [22]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
In [23]: | lr = LinearRegression()
         lr.fit(x train, y train)
Out[23]: LinearRegression()
In [24]: lr.intercept_
Out[24]: -5.684341886080802e-14
In [25]: coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_, x.columns, columns =['Co-efficient'])
         coeff
Out[25]:
                          Co-efficient
```

Sum of Total Sales	0.5
Sum of Total Sales	0.5
Sum of Total Sales	0.5

```
In [26]: prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
plt.scatter(y_test, prediction)
```

Out[26]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x22659a90370>



```
In [27]: lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[27]: 1.0

In [ ]: