In [1]: #import libraries

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import seaborn as sns

In [2]: #import dataset

df=pd.read_csv(r"E:\154\2015 - 2015.csv",low_memory=False).dropna(axis='column
df

Out[2]:

	Country	Region	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Standard Error	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)	Fre
0	Switzerland	Western Europe	1	7.587	0.03411	1.39651	1.34951	0.94143	0.
1	Iceland	Western Europe	2	7.561	0.04884	1.30232	1.40223	0.94784	0.
2	Denmark	Western Europe	3	7.527	0.03328	1.32548	1.36058	0.87464	0.
3	Norway	Western Europe	4	7.522	0.03880	1.45900	1.33095	0.88521	0.
4	Canada	North America	5	7.427	0.03553	1.32629	1.32261	0.90563	0.
153	Rwanda	Sub- Saharan Africa	154	3.465	0.03464	0.22208	0.77370	0.42864	0.:
154	Benin	Sub- Saharan Africa	155	3.340	0.03656	0.28665	0.35386	0.31910	0.
155	Syria	Middle East and Northern Africa	156	3.006	0.05015	0.66320	0.47489	0.72193	0.
156	Burundi	Sub- Saharan Africa	157	2.905	0.08658	0.01530	0.41587	0.22396	0.
157	Togo	Sub- Saharan Africa	158	2.839	0.06727	0.20868	0.13995	0.28443	0.

158 rows × 12 columns

localhost:8888/notebooks/Models/Linear Regression-2015 dataset.ipynb

```
In [3]: df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 158 entries, 0 to 157
Data columns (total 12 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Country	158 non-null	object
1	Region	158 non-null	object
2	Happiness Rank	158 non-null	int64
3	Happiness Score	158 non-null	float64
4	Standard Error	158 non-null	float64
5	Economy (GDP per Capita)	158 non-null	float64
6	Family	158 non-null	float64
7	Health (Life Expectancy)	158 non-null	float64
8	Freedom	158 non-null	float64
9	Trust (Government Corruption)	158 non-null	float64
10	Generosity	158 non-null	float64
11	Dystopia Residual	158 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(9), int64(1), object(2)

memory usage: 14.9+ KB

In [4]: #to display top 5 rows
 df.head()

Out[4]:

	Country	Region	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Standard Error	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)	Freed
0	Switzerland	Western Europe	1	7.587	0.03411	1.39651	1.34951	0.94143	0.66
1	Iceland	Western Europe	2	7.561	0.04884	1.30232	1.40223	0.94784	0.628
2	Denmark	Western Europe	3	7.527	0.03328	1.32548	1.36058	0.87464	0.649
3	Norway	Western Europe	4	7.522	0.03880	1.45900	1.33095	0.88521	0.669
4	Canada	North America	5	7.427	0.03553	1.32629	1.32261	0.90563	0.632
4									•

Data cleaning and Pre-Processing

In [5]: #To find null values df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 158 entries, 0 to 157
Data columns (total 12 columns):

#	Column	Non-	-Null Count	Dtype			
0	Country	158	non-null	object			
1	Region	158	non-null	object			
2	Happiness Rank	158	non-null	int64			
3	Happiness Score	158	non-null	float64			
4	Standard Error	158	non-null	float64			
5	Economy (GDP per Capita)	158	non-null	float64			
6	Family	158	non-null	float64			
7	Health (Life Expectancy)	158	non-null	float64			
8	Freedom	158	non-null	float64			
9	Trust (Government Corruption)	158	non-null	float64			
10	Generosity	158	non-null	float64			
11	Dystopia Residual	158	non-null	float64			
(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4)							

dtypes: float64(9), int64(1), object(2)

memory usage: 14.9+ KB

In [6]: # To display summary of statistics df.describe()

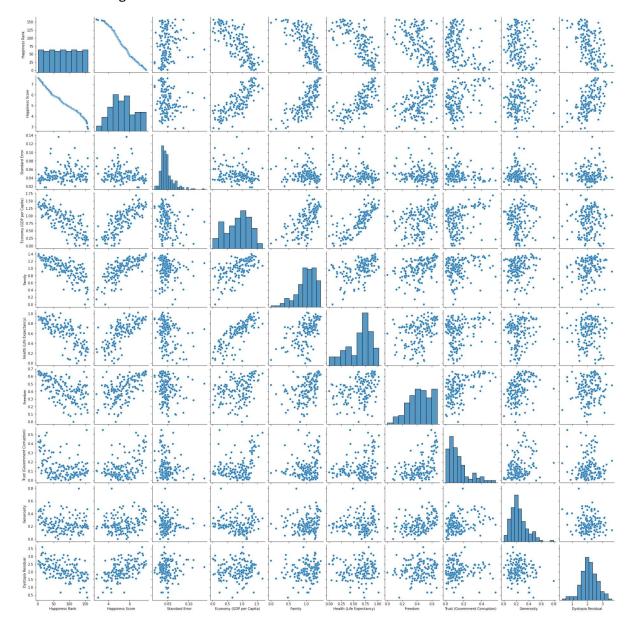
Out[6]:

	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Standard Error	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)	Freedom	(Gc C
col	ınt 158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	158.000000	1
me	an 79.493671	5.375734	0.047885	0.846137	0.991046	0.630259	0.428615	
:	std 45.754363	1.145010	0.017146	0.403121	0.272369	0.247078	0.150693	
n	nin 1.000000	2.839000	0.018480	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
2	5% 40.250000	4.526000	0.037268	0.545808	0.856823	0.439185	0.328330	
5	79.500000	5.232500	0.043940	0.910245	1.029510	0.696705	0.435515	
7	5% 118.750000	6.243750	0.052300	1.158448	1.214405	0.811013	0.549092	
m	ax 158.000000	7.587000	0.136930	1.690420	1.402230	1.025250	0.669730	
4								

EDA and VISUALIZATION

In [8]: sns.pairplot(df)

Out[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x186e31b8ee0>

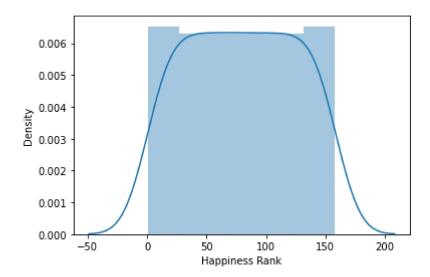


```
In [9]: | sns.distplot(df['Happiness Rank'])
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: Fut ureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a futu re version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for hi stograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

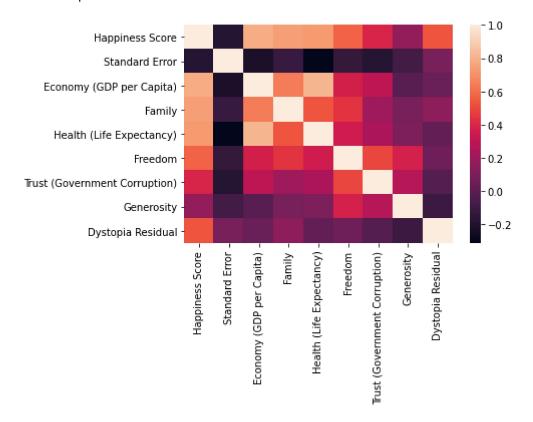
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Happiness Rank', ylabel='Density'>



Plot Using Heat Map

```
In [11]: sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:>



To Train The Model-Model Building

we are going to train Linera Regression Model; We need to split out data into two variables x and y where x is independent variable (input) and y is dependent on x(output) we could ignore address column as it required for our model

To Split my dataset into training and test data

```
In [13]:
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

 Out[16]:
 Co-efficient

 Happiness Score
 0.999980

 Standard Error
 0.001655

Economy (GDP per Capita)

Health (Life Expectancy) -0.999664

Freedom -0.999788

-1.000171

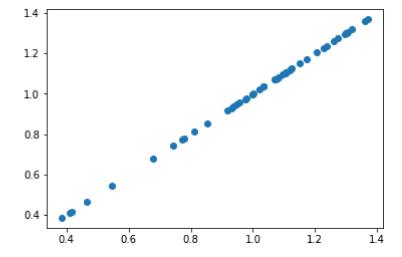
Trust (Government Corruption) -0.999483

Generosity -1.000148

Dystopia Residual -1.000021

```
In [17]: prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
    plt.scatter(y_test, prediction)
```

Out[17]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x186e9b4ce20>



Accuracy

```
In [18]: lr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[18]: 0.9999983517348768
In [19]: lr.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[19]: 0.9999991480641529
In [20]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [21]: rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
    rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[21]: Ridge(alpha=10)
In [22]: rr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[22]: 0.5884686487197
In [23]: la =Lasso(alpha=10)
la.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[23]: Lasso(alpha=10)
In [24]: la.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[29]: -0.008454546547358444
```