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①

1) Given Information

$$f(n) = 2n(n-1)$$

$$g(n) = n^2$$

$$\text{Prove: } f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$$

$$f(n) = 2n^2 - n$$

n^2 in $f(n)$ and n^2 in $g(n)$ because $2n^2$ & n^2 in $f(n)$ & $g(n)$ have the highest complexity.
Here we need to find out the upper and lower bound.

$$\text{my approach is } f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$$

$$\text{when } c_1 \cdot g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c_2 \cdot g(n)$$

$$\text{where } n \geq n_0, \quad c_1, c_2 \geq 0, \quad n$$

$$n^2 \leq 2n^2 - n \leq n^2$$

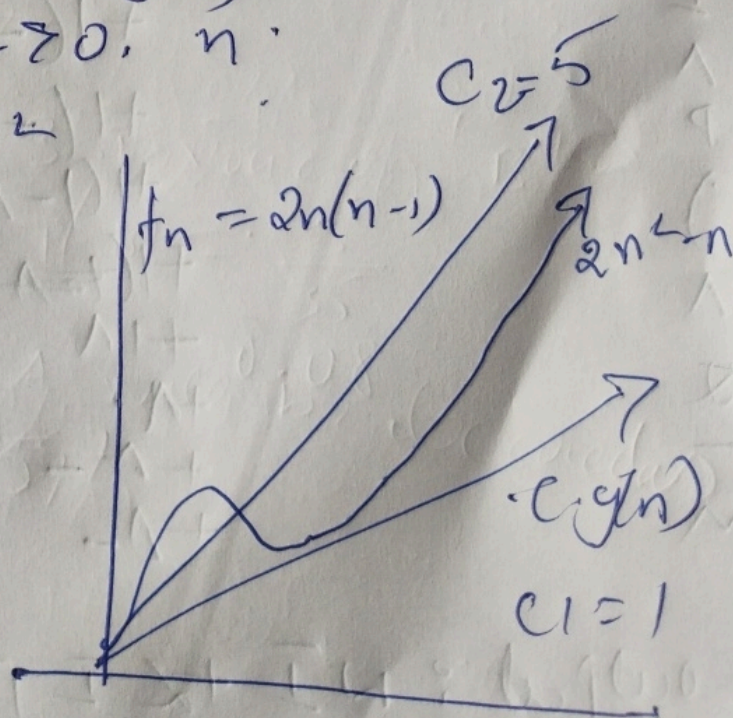
$$n_0 = 1$$

$$1 \leq 2(1) - 1$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$n=1$$

$$2 \leq 7 \leq n=10$$

$$\text{So } \underline{g(n) = \Theta(f(n))}$$



2) Convert Infix Expression to Postfix

$$\frac{I + W * I / (L - I \wedge P) \wedge Q - M}{}$$

Precedence

1. +, -
2. ^, *
3. /, %

Symbol	Stack	Postfix
I	.	I
+	+	
W		W
*	+*	
I	+*	WI
/	+*/	WI*
(+/(
L	+/(WIL
-	+/(-	WIL
I	+/(-	WIL I
^	+/(- ^	
P	+/(- ^	WIL I P
)	+/(- ^	WIL I P (
^	+/(- ^	WIL I P (^
Q	+/(- ^	WIL I P (Q
-	+/(- ^ -	
M	+/(- ^ -	WIL I P (Q M

output : W I + L I P / Q M