Espuestas Practica M°S Espacios vectoriales Asociados a una Hatriz

b)
$$N_{\theta} = \left\{ v \in \mathbb{R}^2 / v = \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right\} \left(N_{A} = \text{recta} \quad y = -\frac{1}{2} \times \text{euR} \right)$$

b)
$$N_{A} = \left\{ v \in \mathbb{R}^{4} / v = \begin{pmatrix} 27 - \omega \\ -\frac{2}{2} \\ \omega \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$
 Rane $N_{A} = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

$$D_{A} = \text{dim} N_{A} = 2$$

Im
$$A = \left\{ v \in \mathbb{R}^3 \middle/ v = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ x \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$
 Prase Im $A = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

$$P_A = \text{dim Im } A = 2$$

$$C_{A} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \operatorname{qen} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\$$

4) -
$$NA = \{ v \in \mathbb{R}^4 / v = \begin{pmatrix} -2y - 3w \\ y \\ -2w \\ w \end{pmatrix} \}$$
 Base $HA = \{ \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \}$
 $0 = 2$

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$$I_{mA} = \left\{ v \in \mathbb{R}^{3} \mid v = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 5x-2y \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$
 Prove $I_{mA} = \left\{ b \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 5x-2y \end{pmatrix} \right\}$ $P_{A} = dim I_{mA} = 2$

5) a) Bone =
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

b) Brane =
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

6) a) rango [12] = rango [12|4] = 1 Compatible Matriz Coeficiente escolomada: [1 2/4] Sistema Compatible Indeterm. Solucion: [x; 4-x] solucion particular: X=1 -> Y=3 Verificación del vector de términos Ind. prena la solución pranticular X=1; $Y=\frac{3}{2}$ $\times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + 4 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = 1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{3}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ b) Matriz coef: [101] b: [3]
4 rango [111] = 2 + rango [101 | 3 | = 3 Sistema Incompatible 8) Demo: PA = dim CA = dim RA = dim CA = PAt 9)_ Cmx6 y Cx=0 comp. determinado => C tiene todos sus polumnas L.I : , Pc=6 - Como Det= 2 y ctoxm y Pc=Pct => Pct=6 y Pct+dct=m: 6+2=m

II) a)
$$H_A = \left\{ v \in \mathbb{R}^5 \middle/ v = \begin{pmatrix} x_5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$
Berse $H_A = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

b) Es falso pron que ue RA - ue R³

i. $u = \begin{bmatrix} -9 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} \in R^4$ no pruede e al PA.

(VENA Y $V = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ es un vector del NA

ya q' A·V = 0

e) Falso (NA 4 RA E R3 4a q1 Aes de 3x4 4 CA E R3)