

PROBLEM SET 1
Basic Probability Concepts

1. A survey of 1000 people determines that 80% like walking and 60% like biking, and all like at least one of the two activities. What is the probability that a randomly chosen person in this survey likes biking but not walking?
- A) 0 B) .1 C) .2 D) .3 E) .4
2. (SOA) Among a large group of patients recovering from shoulder injuries, it is found that 22% visit both a physical therapist and a chiropractor, whereas 12% visit neither of these. The probability that a patient visits a chiropractor exceeds by 0.14 the probability that a patient visits a physical therapist. Determine the probability that a randomly chosen member of this group visits a physical therapist.
- A) 0.26 B) 0.38 C) 0.40 D) 0.48 E) 0.62
3. (SOA) An insurer offers a health plan to the employees of a large company. As part of this plan, the individual employees may choose exactly two of the supplementary coverages A, B, and C, or they may choose no supplementary coverage. The proportions of the company's employees that choose coverages A, B, and C are $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, and $\frac{5}{12}$, respectively. Determine the probability that a randomly chosen employee will choose no supplementary coverage.

- A) 0 B) $\frac{47}{144}$ C) $\frac{1}{2}$ D) $\frac{97}{144}$ E) $\frac{7}{9}$

4. (SOA) An auto insurance company has 10,000 policyholders.

Each policyholder is classified as

- (i) young or old;
- (ii) male or female; and
- (iii) married or single.

Of these policyholders, 3000 are young, 4600 are male, and 7000 are married. The policyholders can also be classified as 1320 young males, 3010 married males, and 1400 young married persons. Finally, 600 of the policyholders are young married males. How many of the company's policyholders are young, female, and single?

- A) 280 B) 423 C) 486 D) 880 E) 896

5. (SOA) The probability that a visit to a primary care physician's (PCP) office results in neither lab work nor referral to a specialist is 35%. Of those coming to a PCP's office, 30% are referred to specialists and 40% require lab work. Determine the probability that a visit to a PCP's office results in both lab work and referral to a specialist.

- A) 0.05 B) 0.12 C) 0.18 D) 0.25 E) 0.35

6. (SOA) You are given $P[A \cup B] = 0.7$ and $P[A \cup B'] = 0.9$. Determine $P[A]$.

- A) 0.2 B) 0.3 C) 0.4 D) 0.6 E) 0.8

7. (SOA) A survey of a group's viewing habits over the last year revealed the following information:

- (i) 28% watched gymnastics
- (ii) 29% watched baseball
- (iii) 19% watched soccer
- (iv) 14% watched gymnastics and baseball
- (v) 12% watched baseball and soccer
- (vi) 10% watched gymnastics and soccer
- (vii) 8% watched all three sports.

Calculate the percentage of the group that watched none of the three sports during the last year.

- A) 24 B) 36 C) 41 D) 52 E) 60