## Math 30 Exam 3 Friday, April 17, 2020

## Professor Michael VanValkenburgh

Name:	

Instructions: (Updated for Online Teaching.) Show all of your work, and clearly indicate your answers. You may use the class textbook, your lecture notes, and your homework, but you may *not* get help from any other source. This is for your long-term benefit.

Problem	Your score	Possible Points
1		10
2		10
3		10
4		10
5		10
6		10
Total		60

1a. We say the function g is the "natural logverse" of the function f if

$$g(f(x)) = \ln x$$
 for all  $0 < x < \pi$ .

Suppose  $f(\pi/3) = \sqrt{3}$  and  $f'(\pi/3) = 4$ . Find the value of  $g'(\sqrt{3})$ . Show all work.

b. Check that  $g(x) = \ln(\tan^{-1} x)$  and  $f(x) = \tan x$  satisfy the above conditions, and use these f and g to check your answer to part (a).

2. Evaluate the limit

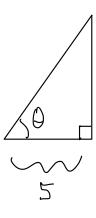
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x - x + \frac{1}{6}x^3}{x^5}.$$

- 3a. Use linear approximation to estimate  $\sqrt{150}$  using "base point" a=144.
- b. Now use linear approximation to estimate  $\sqrt{150}$  using "base point" a=169.
- c. Make a sketch illustrating your answers to (a) and (b).



4. Suppose you want to make a cylindrical pen for your cat to play in (with open top) and you want the volume to be 100 cubic feet. Suppose the material for the side costs \$3 per square foot, and the material for the bottom costs \$7 per square foot. What are the dimensions of the pen that minimize the cost of building it? (The bottom is a disc.)

- 5. For the function  $f(x) = 3x^4 20x^3 + 36x^2$ , determine
  - a. intervals where f is increasing or decreasing,
  - b. local minima and maxima of f,
  - c. intervals where f is concave up and concave down, and
  - d. the inflection points of f.
  - e. Also, sketch the graph of f.



6. Suppose we have a right triangle with base of constant length 5 inches. [See picture.] Suppose the angle  $\theta$  increases at a constant rate of 3 radians per second. Find the rate of change of the area when  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .