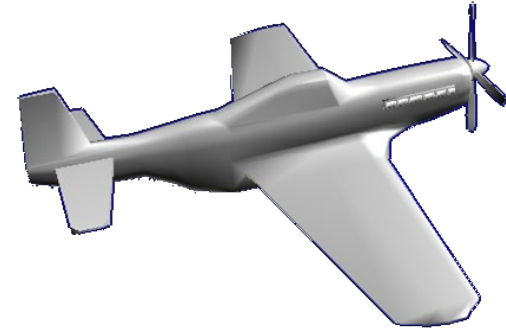
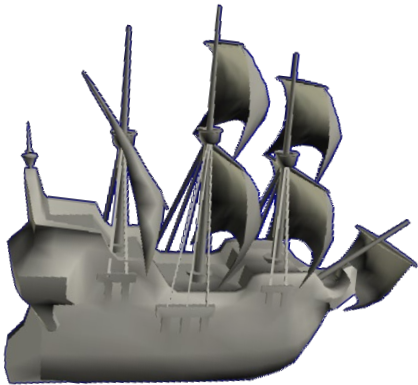


11 – 3D Modeling for Games

Overview

- **Model Characteristics**
- **3D Model File Formats**
- **Model Loaders**
- **Digital Content Creation (DCC) Tools**
- **Skinning and UV-unwrapping**

Models



Static Data

- 3D geometry (vertex data)
- Polygon (face) data
- Rendering attributes
 - Wireframe / Faceted / Smooth-shaded
 - Lighting & Materials
- Texturing (“skinning”) data

Animation Data (sometimes)

- Model structure (skeletons, joints)
- Model poses
- Animation sequences
 - walk / run / jump / die ...

Common 3D Model File Formats

- .3ds – 3D Studio Max format
- .blend – Blender format
- .dae – COLLADA Digital Asset Exchange format
- .dem – USGS Standard for Digital Elevation Models
- .dxf – Autodesk's AutoCAD format
- .hdf – Hierarchical Data Format
- .iges – Initial Graphics Exchange Specification
- .iv – Open Inventor File Format Info
- .lwlo, .lwob & .lwsc – Lightwave 3D file formats
- .md2/.md3/.md4/.md5 – Quake Model Files
- .ms3d – Milkshape 3D binary format

- .msdl – Manchester Scene Description Language
- .nff & .enff – (Extended) Neutral File Format
- .obj – Alias|Wavefront Object Files**
- .off – 3D mesh Object File Format
- .oogl – Object Oriented Graphics Library
- .ply – Stanford Scanning Repository format
- .pov – Persistence of Vision ray-tracer
- .qd3d – Apple's QuickDraw 3D metafile format
- .rkm – RAGE sKeletal Mesh (also used in TAGE)**
- .viz – used by Division's dVS/dVISE
- .vrml – Virtual Reality Modeling Language
- .x – Microsoft's DirectX/Direct3D file format
- .x3d – eXtensible 3D XML-based scene description format

See wikipedia – list of file formats

.OBJ File Commands

Vertex data

- **v** – geometric data
- **vt** – texture data
- **vn** – vertex normals

Elements

- **p** – point
- **l** – line
- **f** – face
- **curv** – curve
- **surf** – surface

Grouping

- **g** – group name
- **s** – smoothing group
- **mg** – merging group
- **o** – object name

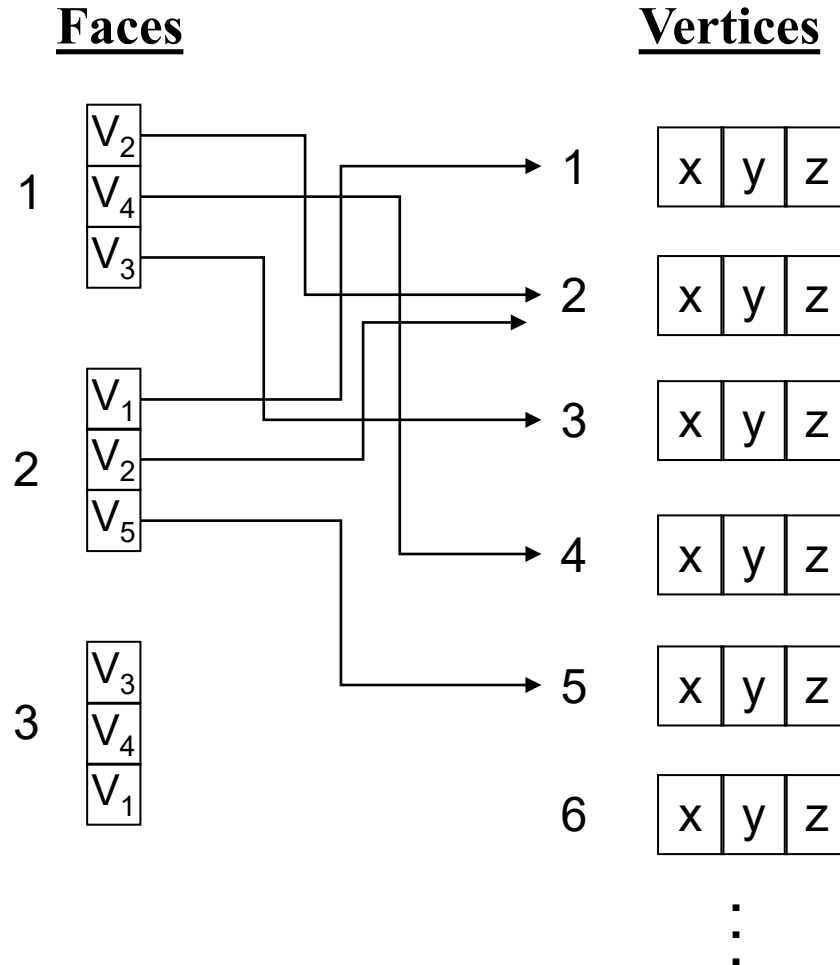
Render Attributes

- **usemtl** – material name
- **mtllib** – material file name
- **lod** – level of detail
- **shadow_obj** – shadow casting

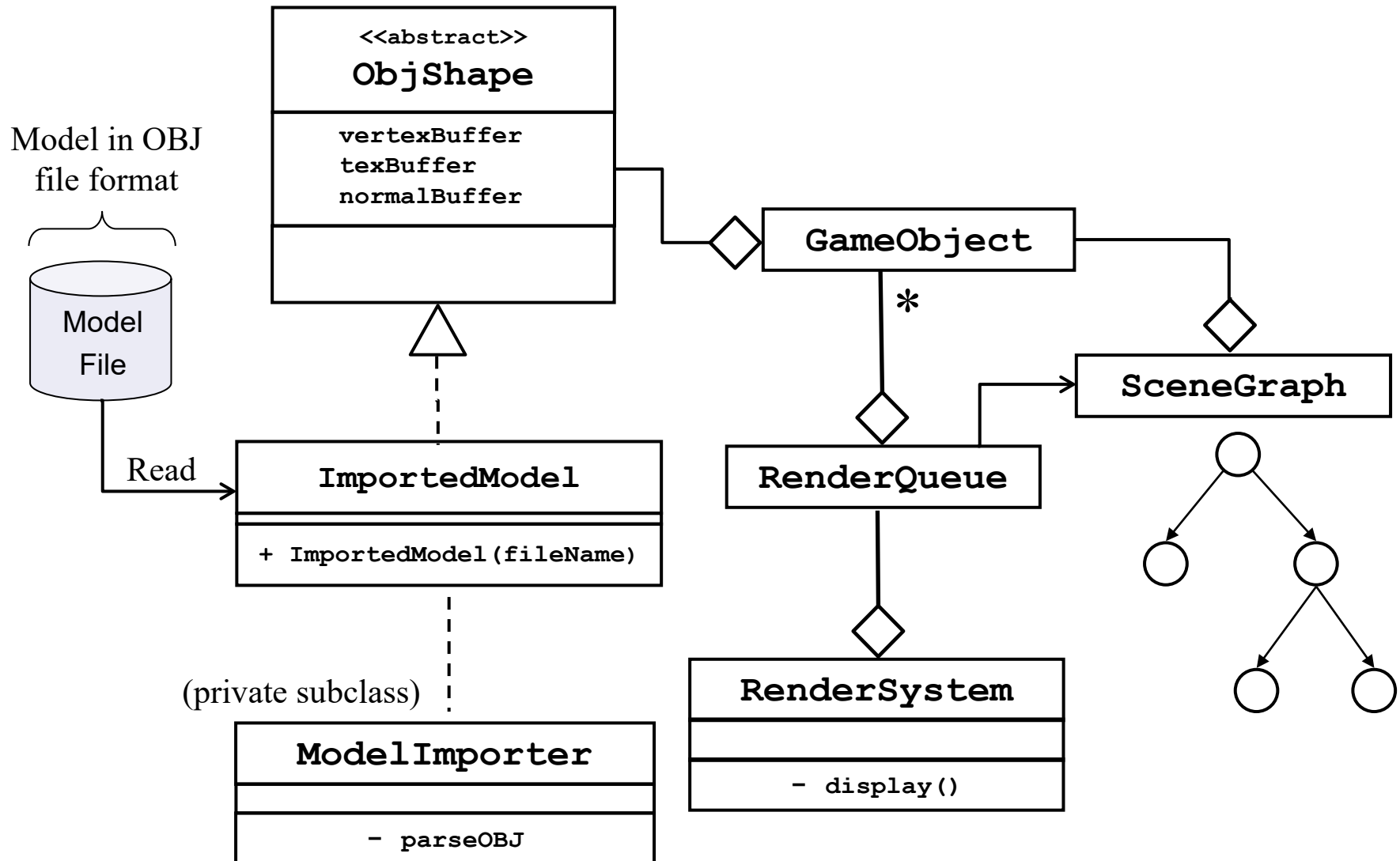
OBJ Example

vertex / texture / normal / face

```
# File 'man.obj'
v -1.0 -1.0 -1.0
v -1.0 -1.0 1.0
v -1.0 1.0 -1.0
...
vt 0.72 0.32
vt 0.86 0.33
...
vn 1.0 0.0 1.0
vn -1.0 0.0 0.5
...
f 2/1/1 4/2/1 3/3/2
f 1/4/2 2/4/2 5/5/3
...
```



Content Loaders in TAGE



Example: .OBJ Content Loader

```

...
protected void parseObj(String filename) throws IOException
{
    InputStream input = new FileInputStream(new File(filename));
    BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(input));
    String line;
    while ((line = br.readLine()) != null)
    {
        if(line.startsWith("v ")) // vertex position ("v" case)
        {
            for(String s : (line.substring(2)).split(" "))
            {
                vertVals.add(Float.valueOf(s));
            }
        }
        else if(line.startsWith("vt")) // texture coordinates ("vt" case)
        ...
        else if(line.startsWith("vn")) // vertex normals ("vn" case)
        ...
        else if(line.startsWith("f")) // triangle faces ("f" case)
        {
            for(String s : (line.substring(2)).split(" "))
            {
                String v = s.split("/")[0];
                String vt = s.split("/")[1];
                String vn = s.split("/")[2];

                int vertRef = (Integer.valueOf(v)-1)*3;
                int tcRef = (Integer.valueOf(vt)-1)*2;
                int normRef = (Integer.valueOf(vn)-1)*3;

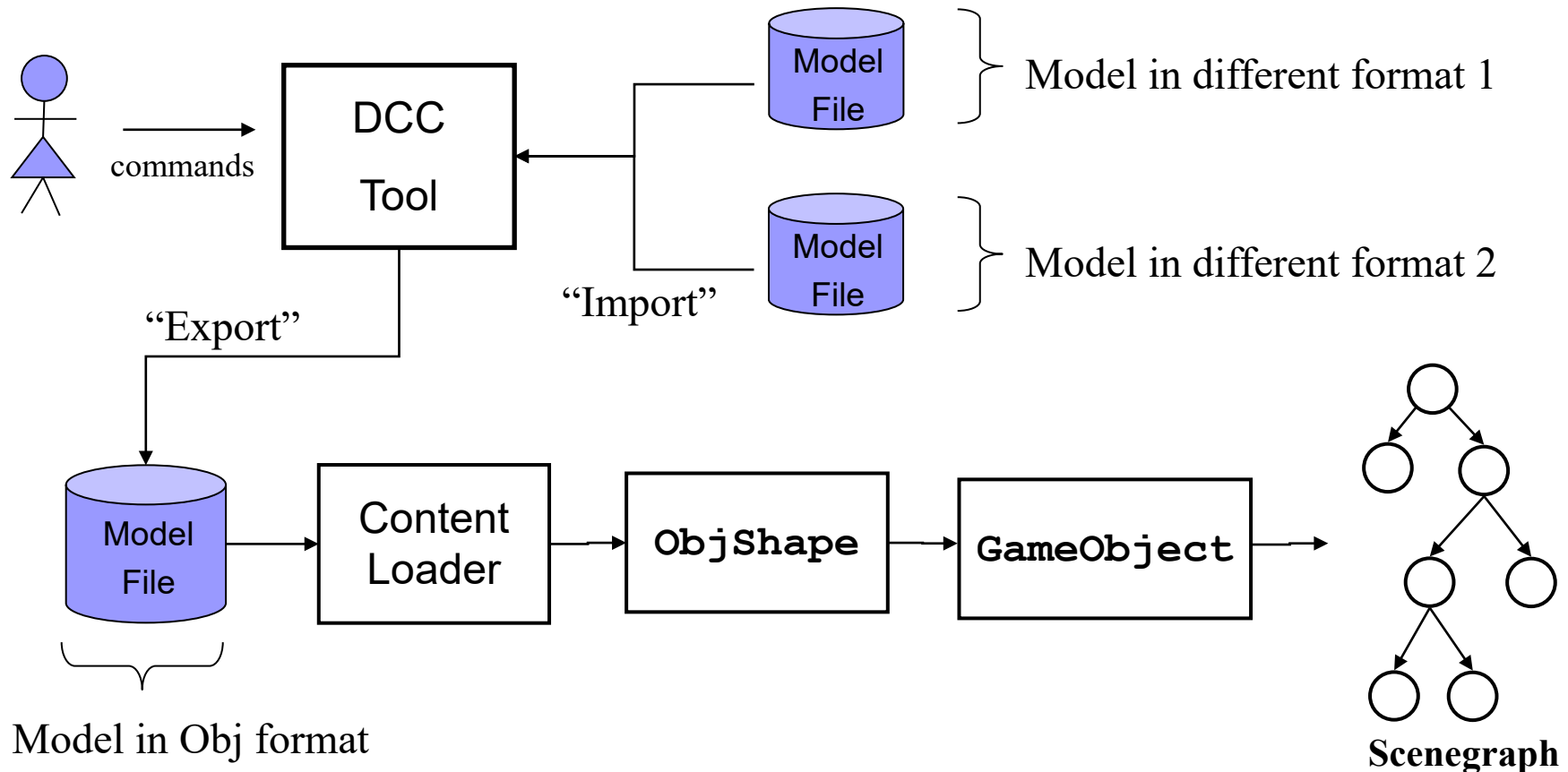
                triangleVerts.add(vertVals.get(vertRef));
                triangleVerts.add(vertVals.get((vertRef)+1));
                triangleVerts.add(vertVals.get((vertRef)+2));
                ... // same for texture coordinates and normals
            }
        }
    }
    input.close();
}
...

```

ENGINE

Digital Content Creation (DCC) Tools

Too much work to do “by hand”. Use a DCC tool:



DCC Tools

Commercial

- Maya
- Houdini
- Modo
- Lightwave
- etc., etc. ...

Free (or nearly)

- Blender
- SketchUp
- Maya / 3DStudio Max for students
- etc., etc., ...

Blender

Features:

- Modeling, texturing, lighting, UV-mapping
- Animation rigging/skinning
- Particle, physics, soft-body, fluid & cloth simulations
- Game engine, video post-processing
- Python scripting/plugin support
- Cross-platform (Windows, Linux, Mac OSX, FreeBSD, Solaris....)
- Import/export for a wide variety of model file formats
- Extensive online documentation/wiki support

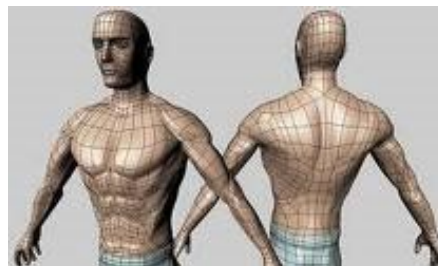
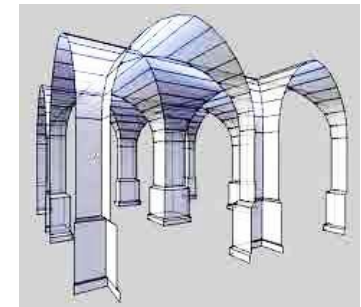
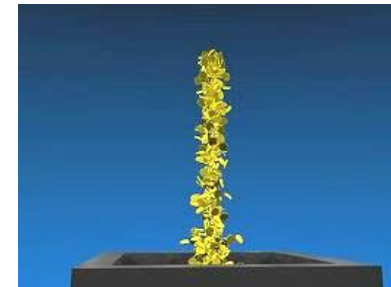
Availability:

- Free (GNU GPL license), at <http://www.blender.org>

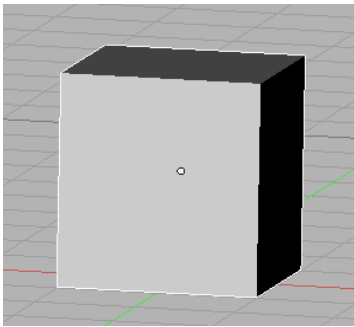
Tutorials:

- <http://www.blender.org/support/tutorials>

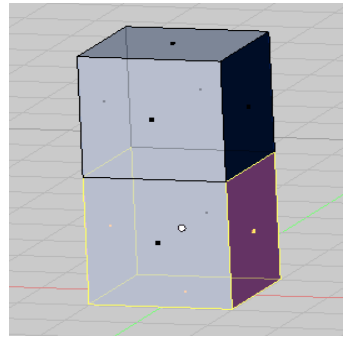
Example Blender Models



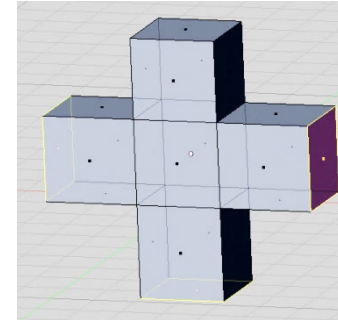
Building Models From Primitives



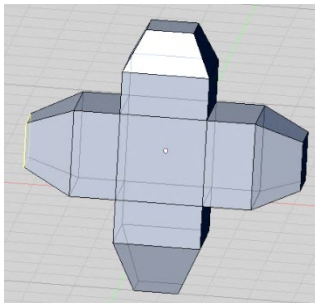
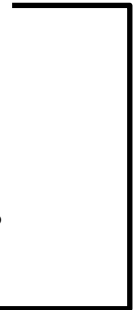
Original Cube



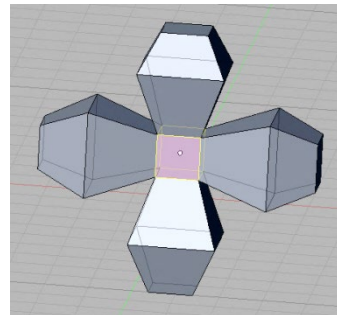
Extrude



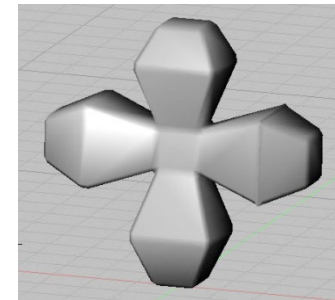
Multiple Extrusions



Scale Ends



Scale Inner
Surfaces



Add Bevels
and Smooth

Model Exporting

Most DCC tools export a variety of formats

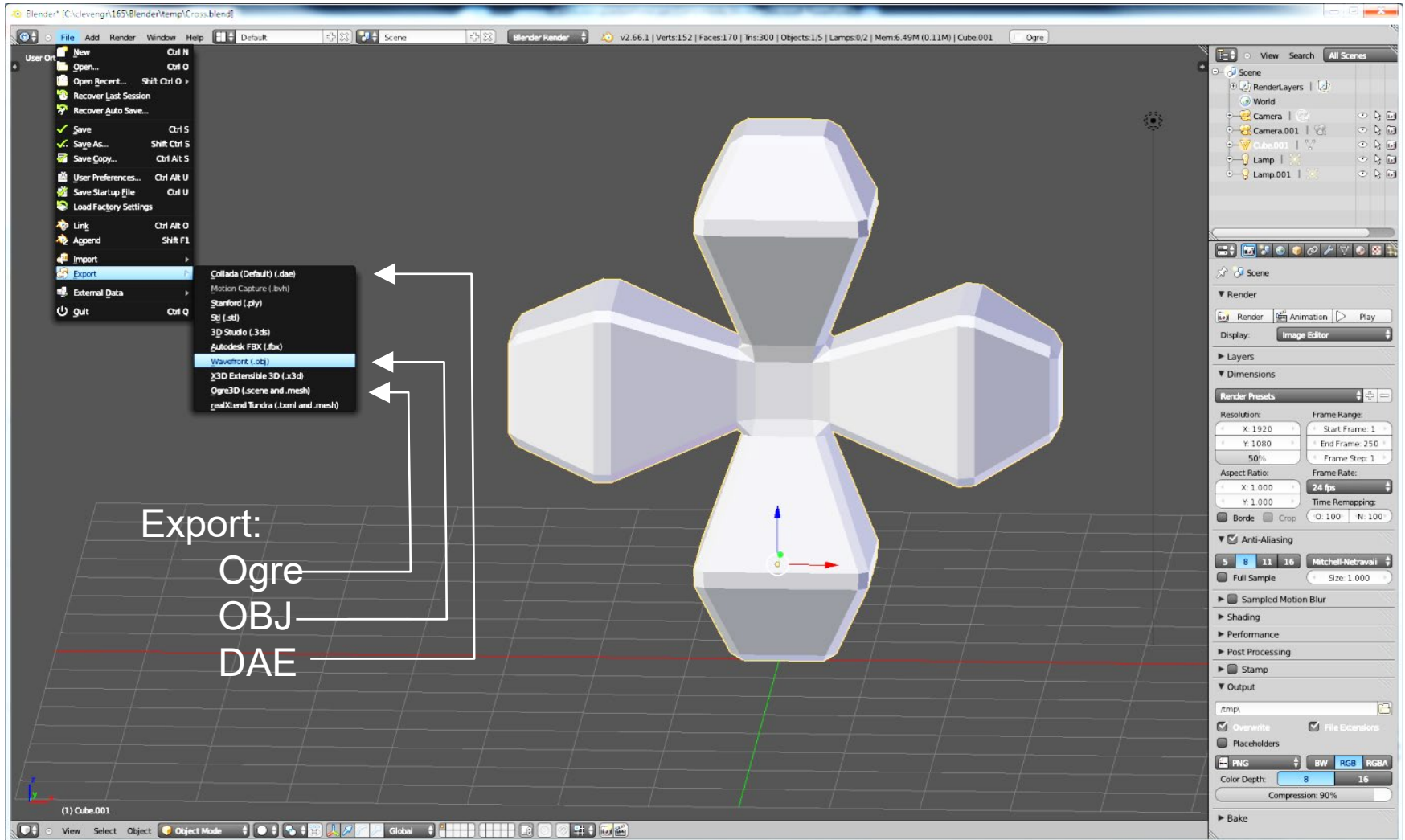
Blender supports exporting to:

- Collada XML (“.dae”)
- Wavefront OBJ (“.obj”)
- Stanford Graphics Library (“.ply”)
- 3DStudio Max (“.3ds”)
- Lots of others – and more via “add-ons”

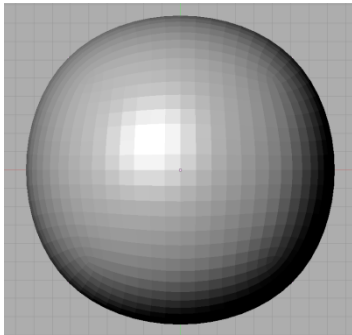
TAGE has ModelLoaders for

- OBJ
- RAGE Skeletal Animation (*Blender exporter add-on*)

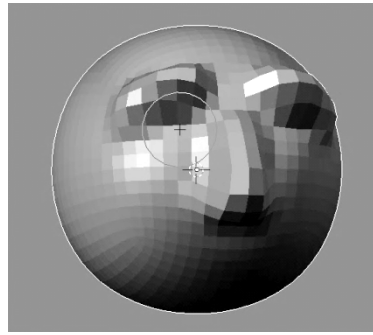
Exporting Models



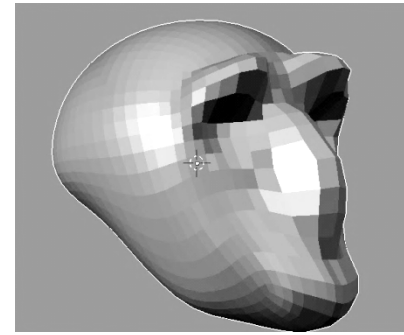
Advanced Modeling: Sculpting



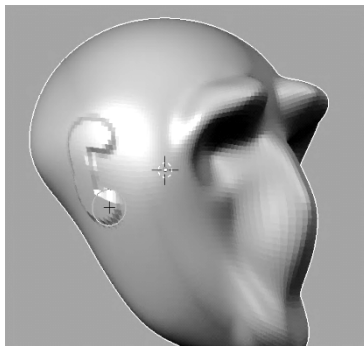
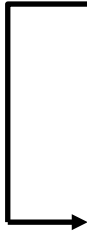
Original sphere



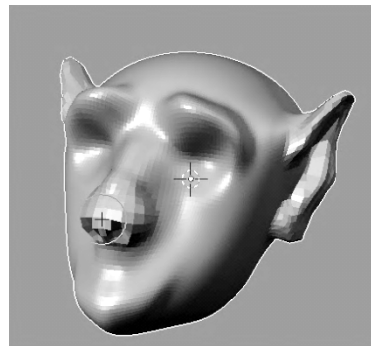
“Add” brush
applied to Sphere



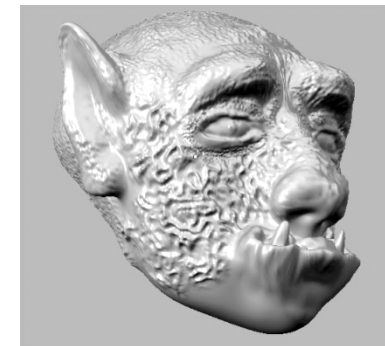
“Grab” brush



“Layer” brush



“Inflate” brush



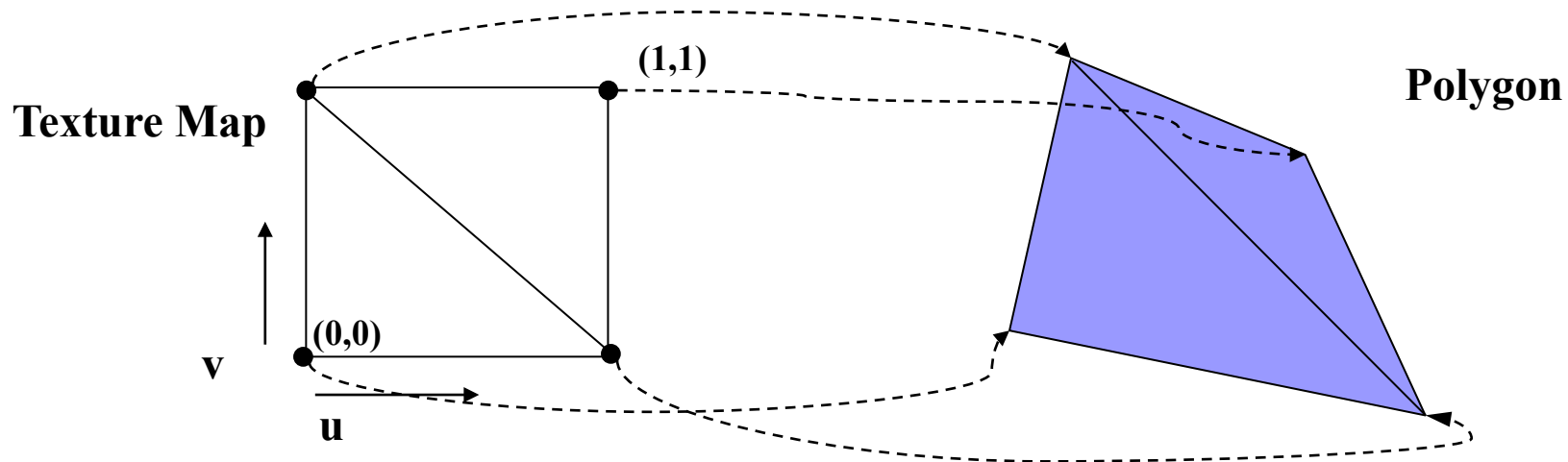
“Texture” brush

Skinning

Applying “texture” to 3D models

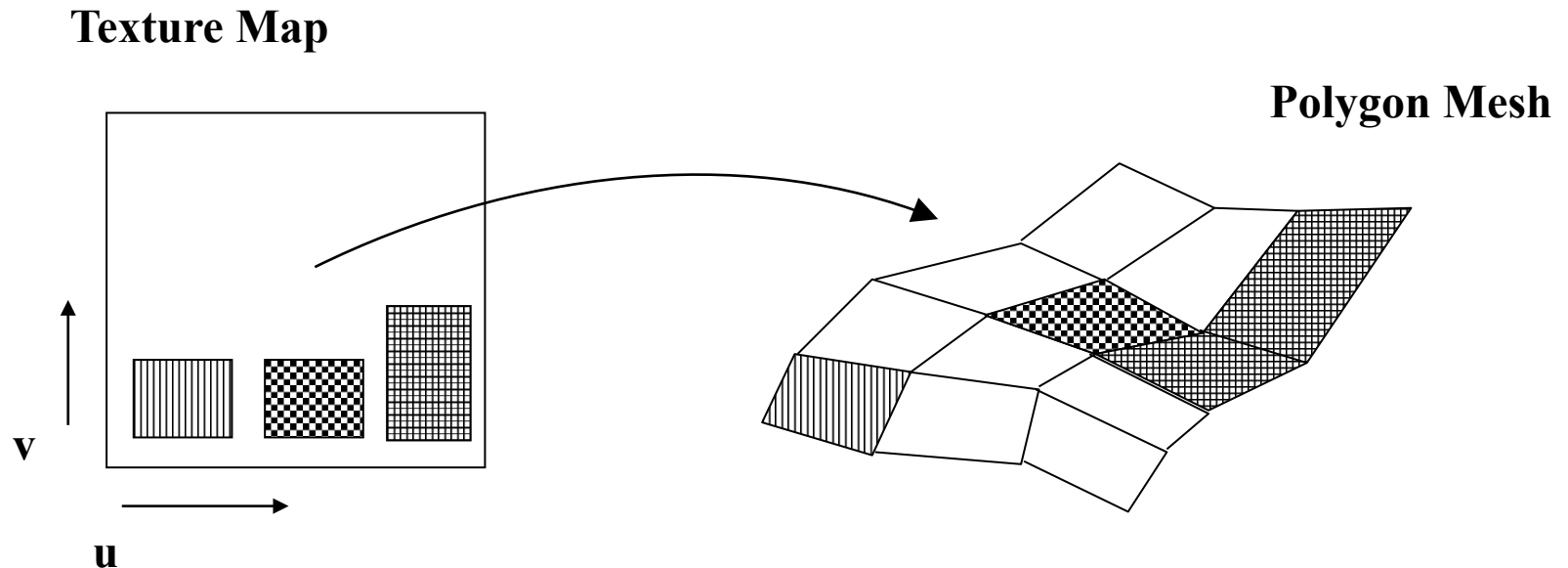
Problem: texture mapping is per-polygon:

Models are *collections* of polygons

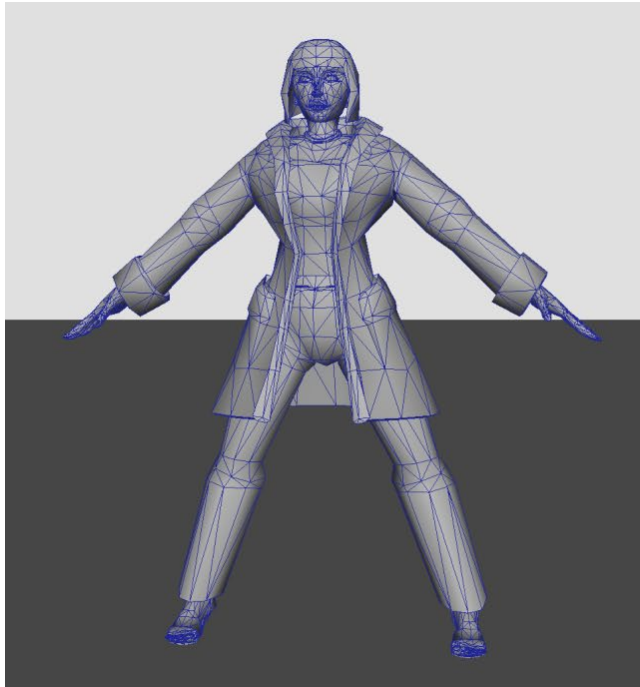


Texture Space Subdivision

Texturing *meshes* by *dividing* texture space:



Skinning Example



+



=

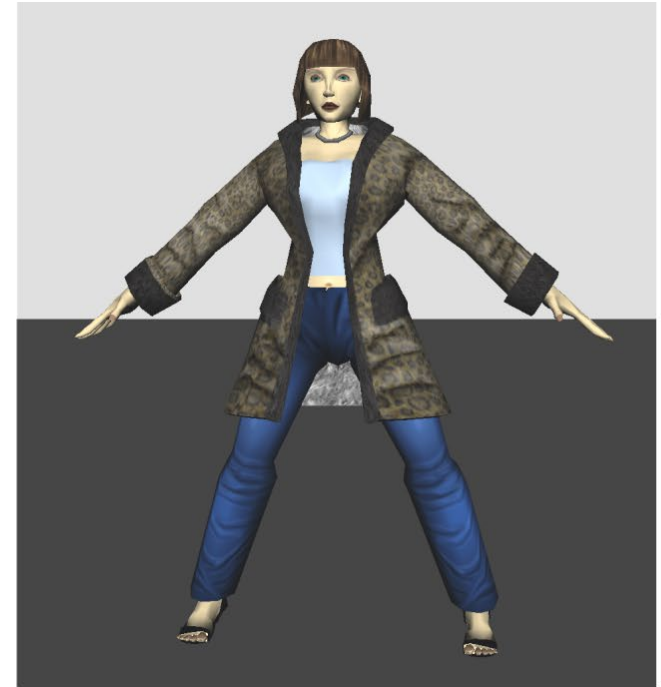


Image credit: Practical Java Game Programming,
Clingman et.al., Charles River Media

Texture Subdivision Difficulties

Requires creating a complex mapping
(and the model is often curved)

- How do we create the texture map?
- How do we determine the correct mapping?

**Mapping texture locations
to model coordinates**

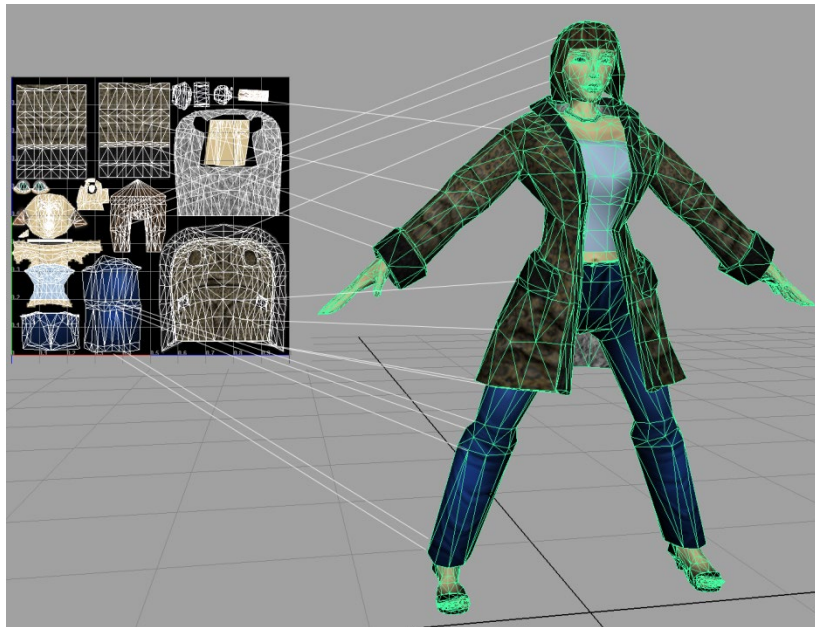


Image credit: Practical Java Game Programming,
Clingman et.al., Charles River Media

Creating Texture Skins

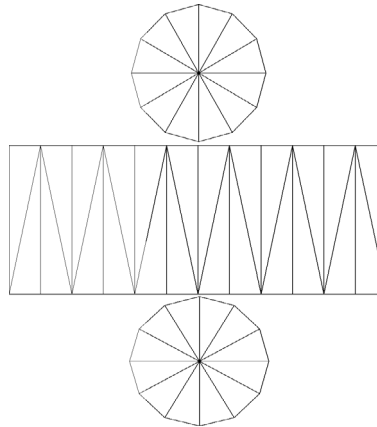
- Create the model
- *Flatten* the model (“***UV Unwrapping***”)
 - Mark seams
 - Cut along seams (“project”)
- Save unwrapped (flattened) UV image
- Save model with texture coordinates
- Use UV image as a “pattern” to create tex map
 - GIMP, PhotoShop, Paint, ...
- Load resulting texture image into game

Example: Soup Can

**Soup Can Model
(Cylinder)**

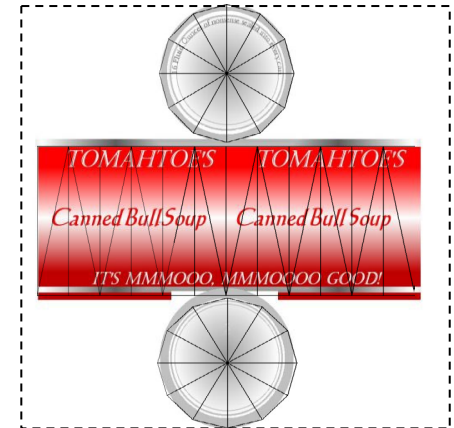


Unwrap



**Create
Texture
Image**

GIMP, PhotoShop, ...



Model with Texture Coords

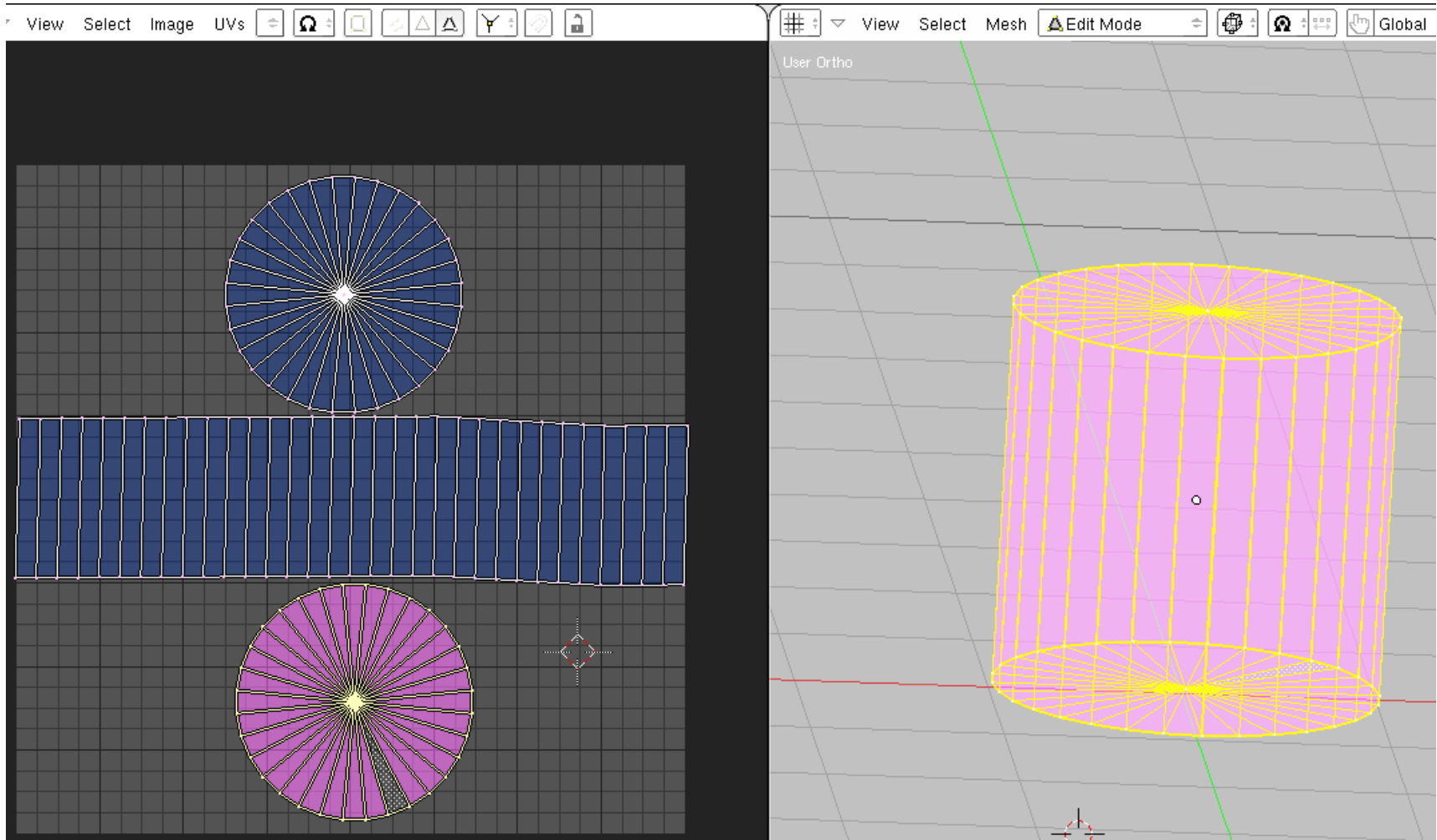
Texture Image

**Texture
Mapping**



Image credit: 3D Game Programming All In One,
Kenneth Finney, Premier Press

Blender UV Unwrapping



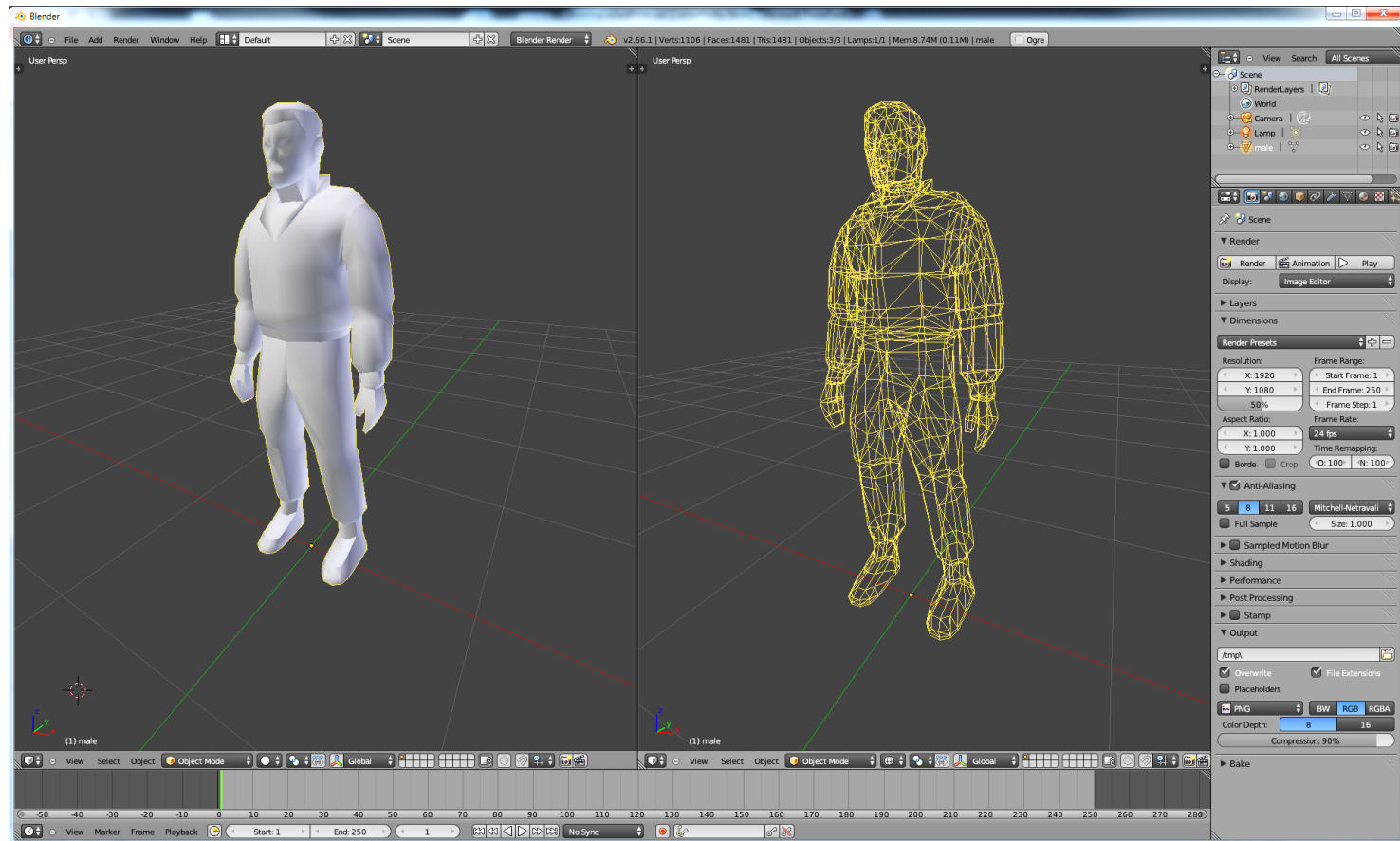
Character Models

More complex, but same approach:

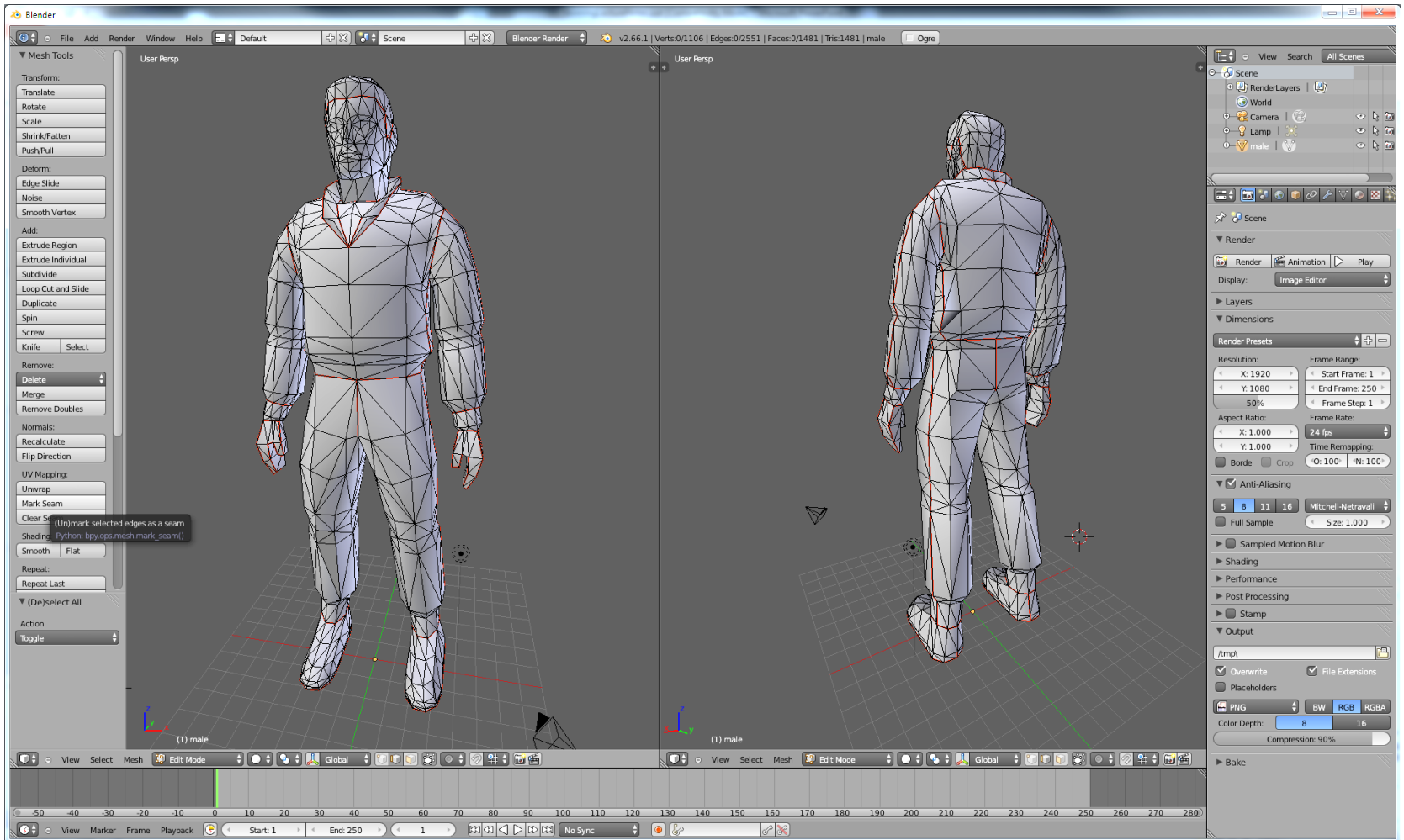
- Create model
- Mark/cut seams (some tools support *groups*)
- Project UV's
- Save projection image
- Use projection image to create texture
- Apply texture to UV map/model

Blender: Character Example

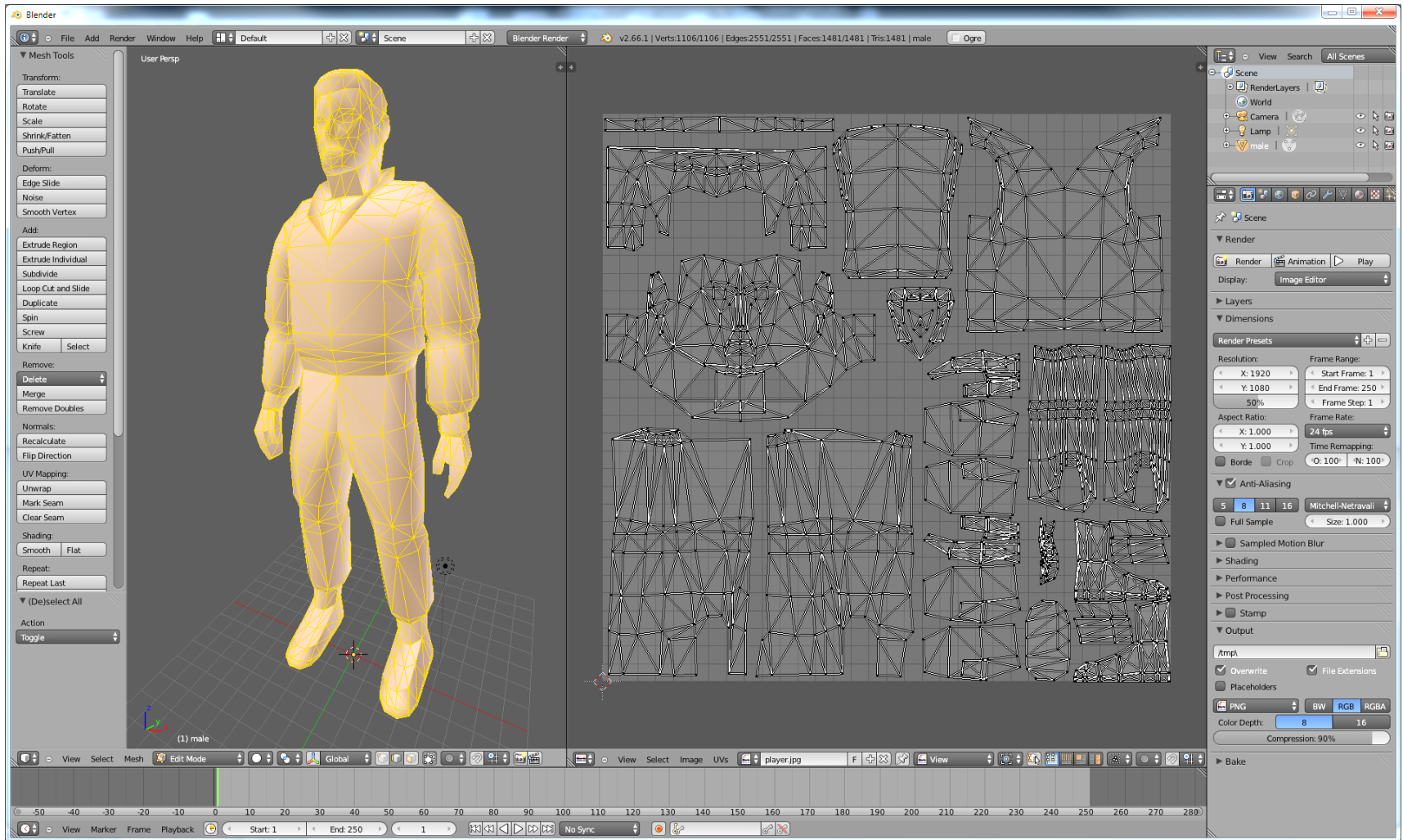
Step 1: Load/Create Model



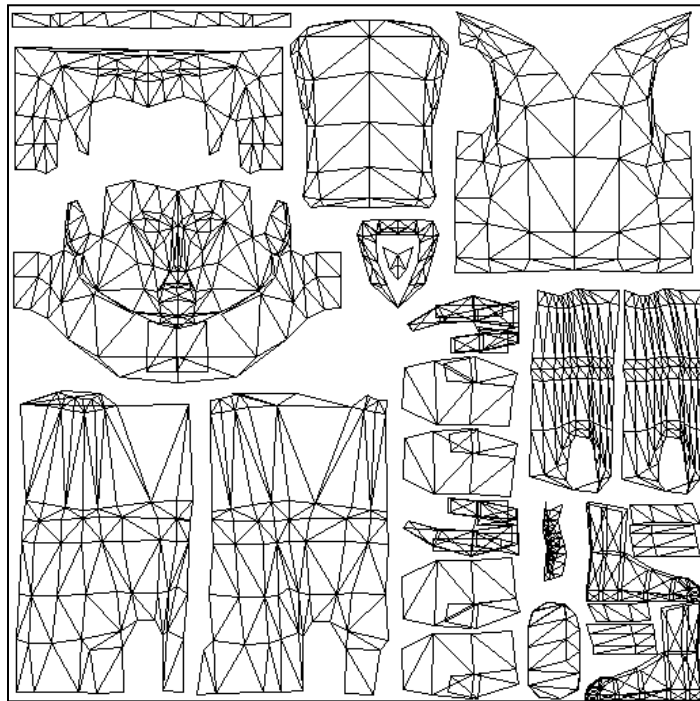
Step 2: Mark Seams



Step 3: Export UVs



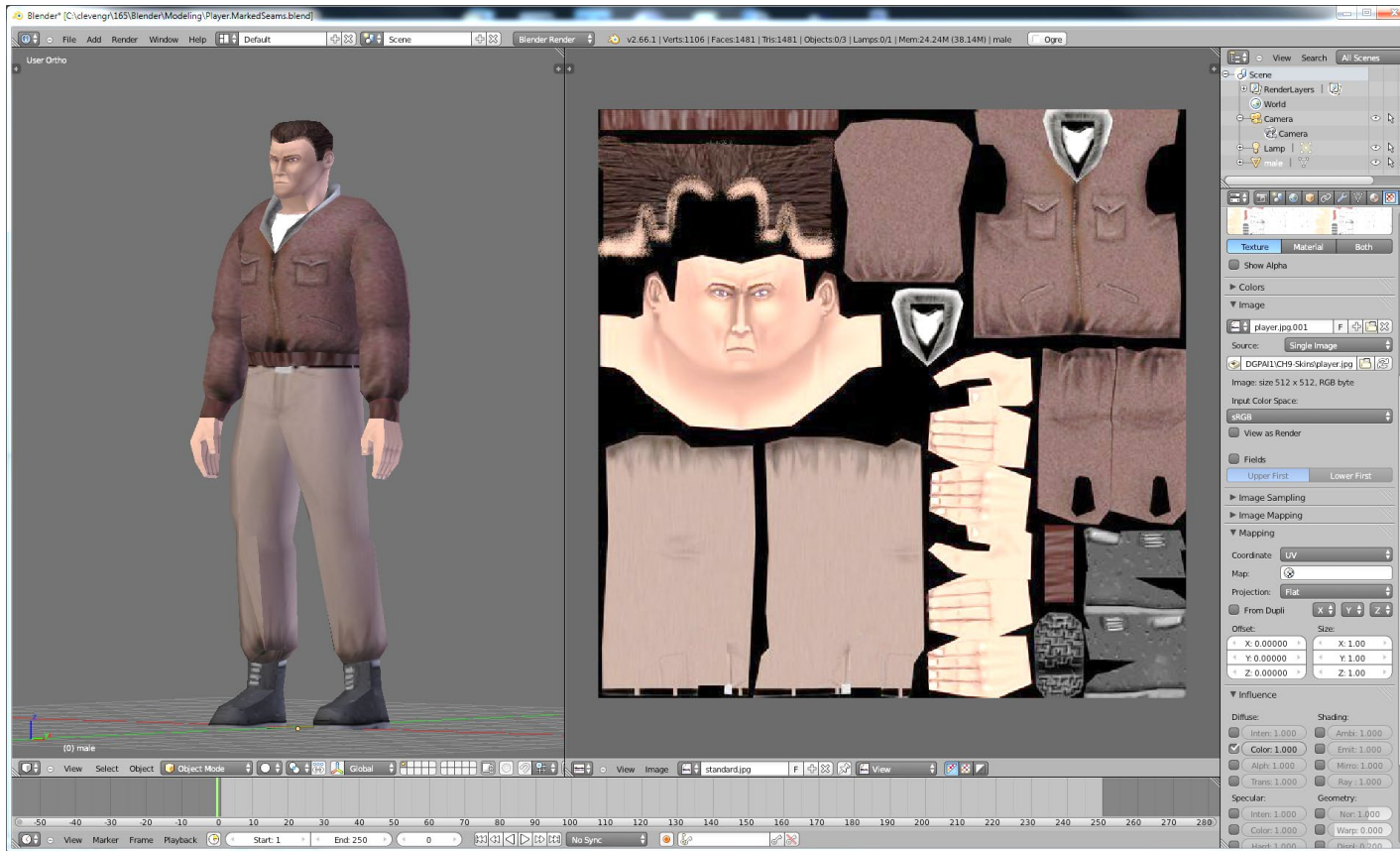
Step 4: Paint Texture



GIMP,
PhotoShop,
MS Paint,
etc.



Step 5: Apply Texture to Model



...in Blender, or directly in TAGE