

Vector Spaces

**Definition of Vector Space:** A vector space is a nonempty set  $V$  of objects, called vectors, with two operations defined on them, addition and scalar multiplication and are subject to ten axioms. These axioms must hold for all vectors,  $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w}$  and all scalars  $c$  and  $d$ .

Axioms:

- |    |     |
|----|-----|
| 1. | 6.  |
| 2. | 7.  |
| 3. | 8.  |
| 4. | 9.  |
| 5. | 10. |

Examples of Vector Spaces:

**Subspaces:** A subspace of a vector space  $V$  is a subset  $H$  of  $V$  that satisfies these three properties.

1.

2.

3.

**Examples of Subspaces:**

Subspace Spanned by a Set:

Theorem 1:

Examples 14.2: