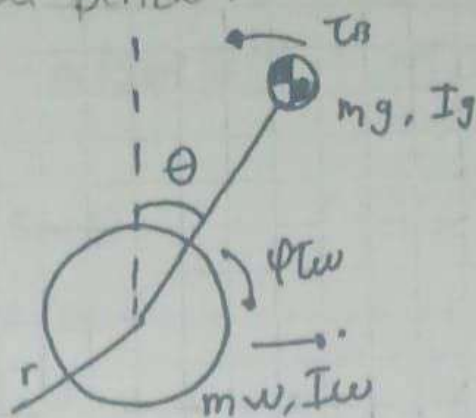


Tarea pendulo



Eje x

u: fuerza motor

$$F = u - b\dot{x}$$

b = fricción

M: masa del carro

$$x_p = x + l \sin(\theta)$$

x: Posición del carro

m = masa del pendulo

$$F = ma$$

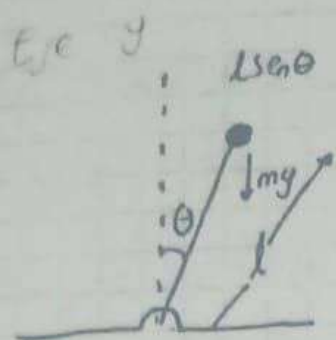
$$u - b\dot{x} = ma$$

$$u - b\dot{x} = m \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + m \frac{d^2 x_p}{dt^2}$$

$$u - b \frac{dx}{dt} = (M+m) \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + ml \frac{d^2}{dt^2} (\sin \theta)$$

$$u - b \frac{dx}{dt} = (M+m) \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + ml (-\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta + \cos(\theta) \ddot{\theta})$$

$$u - b\ddot{x} = (M+m)\ddot{x} - ml\sin\theta\dot{\theta}^2 + ml\cos\theta\ddot{\theta}$$



$$F = mg \sin \theta$$

$$x_p = x + l \sin \theta$$

$$y_p = l \cos \theta$$

$$mg \sin \theta = m \cos \theta \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x_p - m \sin \theta \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_p$$

$$mg \sin \theta = m \cos \theta \frac{d^2}{dt^2} (x + l \sin \theta) - m \sin \theta \frac{d^2}{dt^2} (l \cos \theta)$$

$$mg \sin \theta = m \cos \theta (\ddot{x} + l \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} - l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta) - ml \sin \theta (-\sin \theta \ddot{\theta} - \cos \theta \dot{\theta}^2)$$

$$mg \sin \theta = m \ddot{x} \cos \theta + ml \cos^2 \theta \ddot{\theta} - ml \sin \theta \cos \theta \dot{\theta}^2 + ml \sin^2 \theta \ddot{\theta} + ml \sin \theta \cos \theta \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$g \sin \theta = \ddot{x} \cos \theta + l \ddot{\theta}$$

$$g \sin \theta = \ddot{x} \cos \theta + l \ddot{\theta}$$

linearizar

Podemos aproximar

$$\sin \theta \approx \theta$$

$$\cos \theta \approx 1$$

Para x

$$u - b\ddot{x} = (M+m)\ddot{x} - ml\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta + ml \cos \theta \ddot{\theta}$$

$$u - b\ddot{x} = (M+m)\ddot{x} - ml\dot{\theta}^2 + ml\ddot{\theta}$$

asumimos la velocidad angular cercana a 0

$$u - b\dot{x} = (M+m)\ddot{x} + m l \ddot{\theta} \quad 1.$$

Eje y

$$g \sin \theta = \ddot{x} \cos \theta + l \ddot{\theta}$$

$$g \theta = \ddot{x} + l \ddot{\theta} \quad 2.$$

Espacio de estados

$$x_1 = \theta \quad x_3 = x$$

$$x_2 = \dot{\theta} \quad x_4 = \dot{x}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$u - b\dot{x} = M\ddot{x} + m\ddot{x} + m l \ddot{\theta}$$

$$u - b\dot{x} = M\ddot{x} + m(\ddot{x} + l \ddot{\theta}) \quad 2 \text{ en } 1$$

$$M\ddot{x} = u - b\dot{x} - m g \theta$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{u}{M} - \frac{b}{M} \dot{x} - \frac{m g \theta}{M} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_4 = \frac{1}{M} u - \frac{b}{M} x_4 - \frac{m g}{M} x_1$$

$$g \theta = \frac{u}{M} - \frac{b}{M} \dot{x} - \frac{m g \theta}{M} + l \ddot{\theta}$$

$$l \ddot{\theta} = g \theta + \frac{b}{M} \dot{x} - \frac{1}{M} u + \frac{m g \theta}{M}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = g \frac{M+m}{M l} \theta - \frac{1}{M l} u + \frac{b}{M l} \dot{x} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_2 = g \frac{M+m}{M l} x_1 - \frac{1}{M l} u + \frac{b}{M l} x_4$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \\ \dot{x}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ g \frac{M+m}{M l} & 0 & 0 & \frac{b}{M l} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{M} \\ -\frac{m g}{M} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{b}{M} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{M l} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} [u]$$