# Problem A. Rana 1

**Time limit** 2000 ms **Mem limit** 1048576 kB

#### **Problem Statement**

There are N stones, numbered  $1, 2, \ldots, N$ . For each i ( $1 \le i \le N$ ), the height of Stone i is  $h_i$ .

There is a frog who is initially on Stone 1. He will repeat the following action some number of times to reach Stone N:

• If the frog is currently on Stone i, jump to Stone i+1 or Stone i+2. Here, a cost of  $|h_i-h_j|$  is incurred, where j is the stone to land on.

Find the minimum possible total cost incurred before the frog reaches Stone N.

#### **Constraints**

- All values in input are integers.
- $2 \le N \le 10^5$
- $1 \le h_i \le 10^4$

### Input

Input is given from Standard Input in the following format:

## Output

Print the minimum possible total cost incurred.

### Sample 1

Input	Output
4 10 30 40 20	30

If we follow the path 1  $\rightarrow$  2  $\rightarrow$  4, the total cost incurred would be |10-30|+|30-20|=30.

# Sample 2

Input	Output
2 10 10	Θ

If we follow the path  $1 \rightarrow 2$ , the total cost incurred would be |10 - 10| = 0.

## Sample 3

Input	Output
6 30 10 60 10 60 50	40

If we follow the path  $1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6$ , the total cost incurred would be |30-60|+|60-60|+|60-50|=40.