

# AI1103 : Assignment 5

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Santosh-Dhaladhuli2003/AI1103/blob/main/Assignment%205/Assignment%205.py>

and latex codes from

<https://github.com/Santosh-Dhaladhuli2003/AI1103/blob/main/Assignment%205/Assignment%205.tex>

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_X(x) &= \Pr(X \leq x) \\
 \Pr(X > 5) &= 1 - \Pr(X \leq 5) \\
 \Rightarrow \Pr(X > 5) &= 1 - F_X(5) \\
 &= 1 - (1 - e^{-\frac{5}{5}}) \\
 &= e^{-\frac{5}{5}} \\
 &= e^{-1} = \frac{1}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

∴ The correct answer is **Option 1**

## 1 GATE IN 2007 QUESTION No. 27

Assume that the duration in minutes of a telephone conversation follows the exponential distribution  $f(x) = \frac{1}{5}e^{-\frac{x}{5}}$ ,  $x \geq 0$ . The probability that the conversation will exceed five minutes is...

- 1)  $\frac{1}{e}$
- 2)  $1 - \frac{1}{e}$
- 3)  $\frac{1}{e^2}$
- 4)  $1 - \frac{1}{e^2}$

## 2 SOLUTION

Let  $X$  be a Random variable defined, that denotes the duration of a telephonic conversation in minutes.

So,  $X \in [0, \infty)$

Given,  $f_X(x) = \frac{1}{5}e^{-\frac{x}{5}}$

Let CDF of  $X$  be  $F_X(x)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_X(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^x f_X(t) dt \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^0 f_X(t) dt + \int_0^x f_X(t) dt \\
 F_X(x) &= \int_0^x f_X(t) dt \because f_X(x) = 0 \forall x < 0 \\
 \therefore F_X(x) &= \int_0^x \frac{1}{5}e^{-\frac{t}{5}} dt \\
 \Rightarrow F_X(x) &= 1 - e^{-\frac{x}{5}} \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

