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AI1103: Assignment 7

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Download all latex codes from

https://github.com/Santosh-Dhaladhuli2003/ AI1103/blob/main/Assignment%207/ Assignment%207.tex

1 CSIR - UGC 2014 DEC Q.103

Suppose X is a Random Variable such that E(X) = 0, $E(X^2) = 2$ and $E(X^4)=4$. Then

- 1) $E(X^3)=0$
- 2) $\Pr(X \ge 0) = \frac{1}{2}$
- 3) $X \sim N(0,2)$
- 4) X is bounded with Probability 1.

2 SOLUTION

Let X be a Random variable. Compute Variance of X^2 , Let $Y = X^2$

$$\sigma(Y) = E(Y^2) - (E(Y))^2$$

$$= 4 - 2^2$$

$$= 0$$

$$\implies \sigma^2(X^2) = 0$$

$$\sigma^2(Y) = E((Y - E(Y))^2) = 0$$
(1)

We Know $Z = (Y - E(Y))^2 \ge 0$ If E(Z) = 0 then it means Z = 0

$$\implies Y = E(Y)$$

$$X^2 = E(X^2) = 2 \tag{*}$$

 \therefore X is a random variable such that X^2 is constant. Given $E(X^2) = 2$,

$$E(X^{2}) = \Sigma X^{2} \Pr(X)$$

$$= X^{2} \Sigma \Pr(X)$$

$$= X^{2} (\because \Sigma \Pr(X) = 1)$$

$$X^{2} = 2$$

$$\implies X = \pm \sqrt{2}$$
(2)

Given E(X) = 0,

$$E(X) = \Sigma X \Pr(X) = 0$$

$$\sqrt{2} \Pr(X = \sqrt{2}) - \sqrt{2} \Pr(X = -\sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$\implies \Pr(X = \sqrt{2}) = \Pr(X = -\sqrt{2})$$
 (3)

Also, Sum of Probabilities is 1,

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X = \sqrt{2}) + \Pr(X = -\sqrt{2}) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X = \sqrt{2}) = \frac{1}{2} \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X = -\sqrt{2}) = \frac{1}{2} \quad (5)$$

1) **Option 1**: $E(X^3) = 0$,

$$E(X^{3}) = \Sigma X^{3} \Pr(X)$$

$$= X^{2}.\Sigma X \Pr(X)$$

$$= X^{2}E(X)$$

$$\implies E(X^{3}) = 0$$

Option 1 is a **correct** answer

2) **Option 2**:
$$\Pr(X \ge 0) = \frac{1}{2}$$
,

$$\Pr(X \ge 0) = \Pr(X = \sqrt{2}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\implies \Pr(X \ge 0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Option 2 is a correct answer

3) **Option 3**: $X \sim N(0,2)$ Let μ be the mean of X

$$\mu = E(X)$$

$$\implies \mu = 0$$

$$\sigma^{2}(X) = E(X^{2}) - (E(X))^{2}$$

$$= 2 - 0^{2}$$

$$\implies \sigma^{2}(X) = 2$$
(7)

But Random Variable X is defined for $\pm \sqrt{2}$ only.

Distribution of X is not continuous, but discrete.

Option 3 is a WRONG answer

4) **Option 4**: X is bounded with probability 1, Eq. (4) and (5) show that $X \in \{-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}\}$ with Probability 1.

Option 4 is a **correct** answer

So, only Options 1, 2 and 4 are correct