Project: Advanced line Finding

1. Pipeline

The following is the pipeline to detect lane lines. Each steps output is an input to the next.

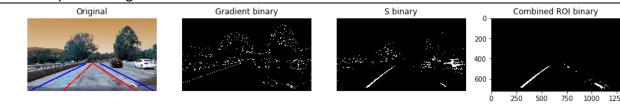
- a. Get a frame from the video to work with
- b. Get a combined binary image
 - i. Binary from gradient thresholding
 - ii. Binary from color thresholding
- c. Apply mask with a region of interest (to flush out unwanted pixels)
- d. Perspective transform (Birds-eye view)
- e. If first frame or when lost lane confidence
 - i. Apply histogram on the lower half of the image
 - ii. Dynamic window search using histogram peak positions as a starting point
 - iii. Fit a 2nd order polynomial
- f. For non-first frames or with a prior confidence
 - i. Search for lane pixels around previously fitted 2nd order polynomial (with a margin)
 - ii. Fit a new 2nd order polynomial
- g. Measure radius of curvature and center error
- h. Unwarp the and post-process the image with lane markings and text.

2. Shortcomings

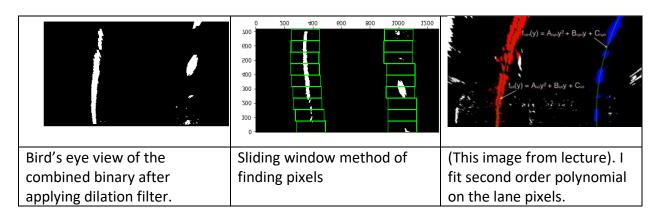
This is a great lane finding approach. However, this approach didn't address the following challenges:

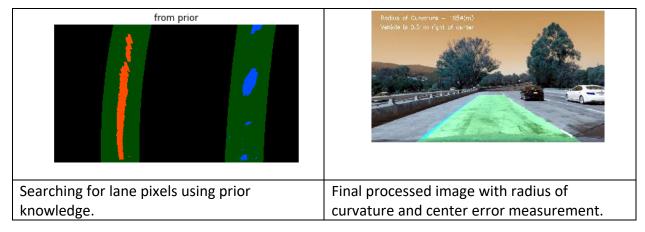
- a. What happens when changing lanes
- b. We had some assumptions like ROI, points for perspective transform. Will these assumptions hold in real implementation?
- 3. Possible improvements
 - a. My code doesn't work great on the challenge video, I will extract some sample frames to work with.
 - b. I am sure, Deep learning has an answer to some of the limitation in this project. I will get back to this project once I finish all the lessons. Excited for the next project!

4. Pipeline images



From left to Right: Undistorted original image with ROI marked, Binary from gradient, Gradient from color (S-channel), Combined binary image with ROI mask applied.





The code is self-explanatory, and the functions were named meaningfully. Please go through the code for a detailed understanding of the project.

Happy Learning!!! Santosh.