




# Da Vinci Xi Arm Drapes Manufacturing Final Proposal

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By: Sam Geotina, Santosh Dasari, Briseyda Duran Orozco,  
Fabiola Gonzalez, Nita Sakaleshpura



# Product Overview

## Function:

- Provides a sterile barrier between the surgical robot and the patient.
- Attaches at key sites between robot arms and instruments.
- Ensures sufficient slack for movement while remaining form-fitting.

## Attachment Components:

- **Clips:** Secure the drape to the "hand" side.
- **Magnets:** Attach to the robot's side.
- **Malleable Strips:** Minimize hanging drapes for better control.

## Material and Fit:

- **TPU Lining:** Customized to arm measurements to ensure a snug, sterile fit.



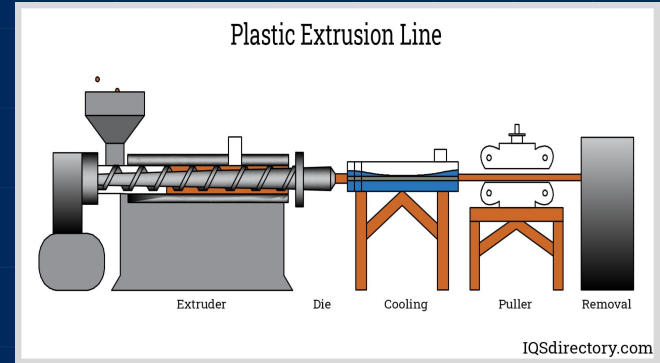
## Regulatory Compliance

- Must follow:
  - **FDA Requirements**
  - **ISO 13485 Standards**

# Material: Drapes Film

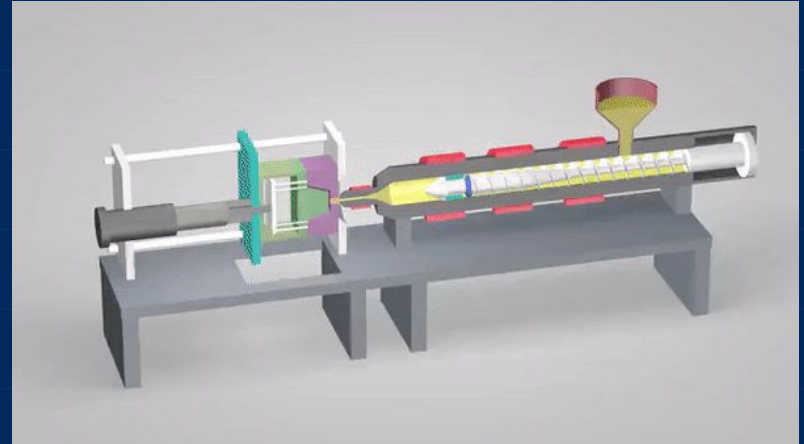
- Thermoplastic polyurethane (TPU)
- Supplier: UFP Med Tech
  - Biocompatibility ISO 10993
  - Disposable
  - Durability – ASTM D882 (Tensile Strength Testing)
  - Tear resistance – ASTM D882 (Tensile Strength Testing)
  - Elasticity resistance
  - Flexible – 3D complex shapes
  - Puncture resistance – ISO 7765 (determination of puncture impact properties of a plastic film)
- Challenges
  - Expensive
  - Heat resistance
- Yield strength: 24.7 – 33.4 MPa
- Ultimate Strength: 1.72 – 90.0 MPa

- Process: Barrel extrusion process
  - Dry TPU pellets (moisture 0.02% or less)
  - Dry temperature 80–110 °C for 2–4 hours
  - Barrel temperature 190–230 °C
  - Die 200–240 °C
  - Cooling rollers room temperature



# Material: Injection Mold Part

- ABS – PC (acrylonitrile butadiene styrene – polycarbonate)
  - Supplier: Covestro – Bayblend T45 PG
- Advantages
  - High strength, high stiffness, high heat resistance, and high impact resistance
- Barrel injection molding
  - Temperatures 220–265 °C
  - Mold Temperature 70–90 °C
  - Dry Air Drying 90 °C, 4 hours
  - Hold Pressure: 50–70%
- Testing/Regulations:
  - ISO 180 – Izod impact test for determining the impact and notched impact strength on plastics
  - ISO 527-1,2 – tensile properties
  - ISO 294 – injection molding thermoplastic, check uniformity
  - ISO 1183-1 – determination of density of non-cellular plastics
  - ISO 62 – determining the amount of water absorbed by plastic specimens



# Material: Attachment Fasteners

## Magnets:

- Supplier: Integrated Magnetics (IM)
- Neodymium iron boron
  - Strongest type of permanent magnet, ideal for securing components
- Coated with nickel plating
  - Help prevent flaking of raw magnet material
- Process: electroplating
  - Clean the magnet
  - Electroplating 55–65°C
  - Current density used during electroplating 2 A/dm<sup>2</sup> and 10 A/dm<sup>2</sup>
  - Plating time about 30 minutes to several hours
- ISO 10993 – evaluating the biocompatibility of medical devices to manage biological risk
- ASTM B117 or ISO 9227 – corrosion test, salt spray test

## Twist tie:

- Supplier: Hanscom Inc
- 2 wires of stainless steel
  - Strength and shape retention
- Coated with polyethylene (PE)
  - Durable
  - Flexible
- Process: extrusion
  - Wires into the extruder
  - Extruder heats/melts PE plastic (180–250 °C)
  - PE is forced through a die, coating the wire
  - Cool water, room temperature, 5–10 seconds
- Biocompatibility ISO 10993





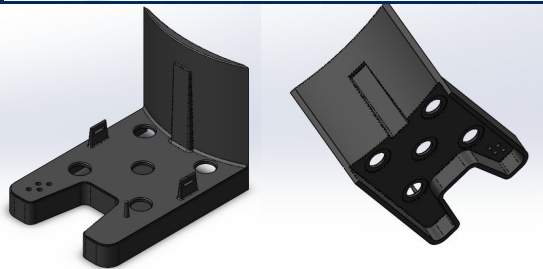
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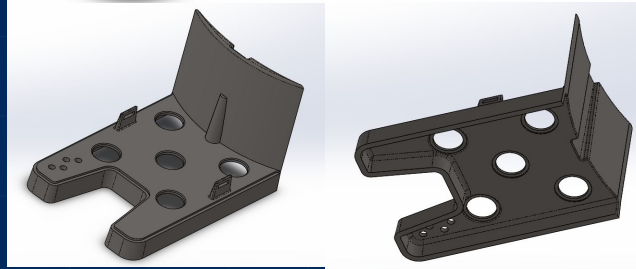
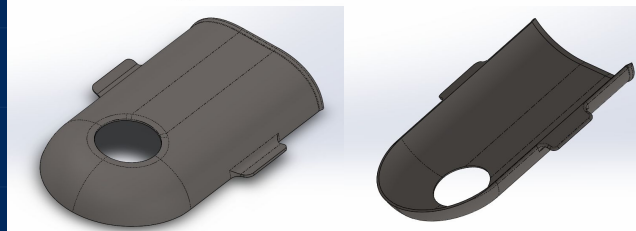
Make Parts



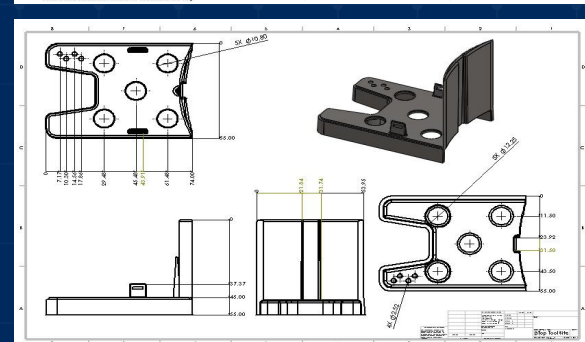
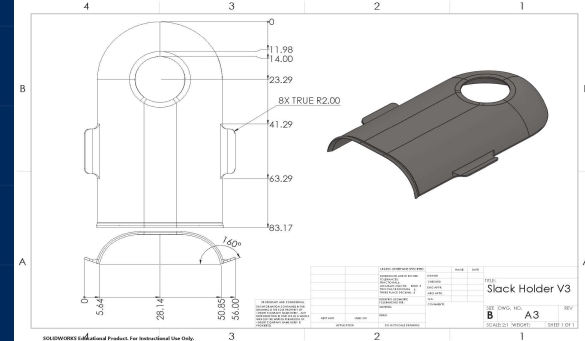
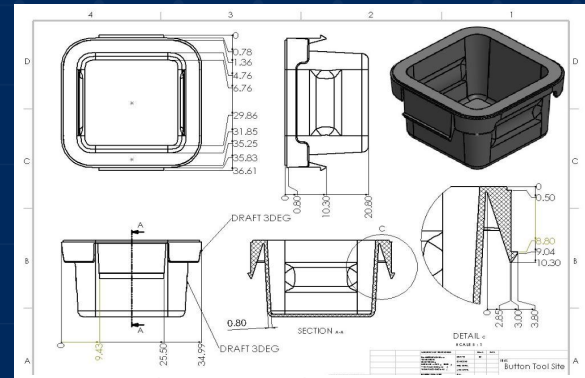
## Initial Designs



## Final Designs

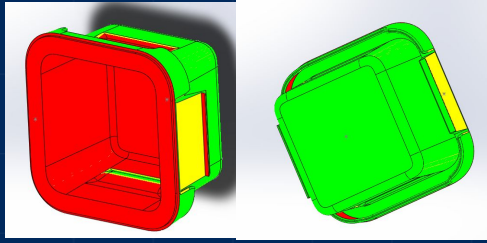


**Difference: Surface Modeling, Consistent Wall Thickness, Draft Angle, Ribs, Using Splines for all Curves**

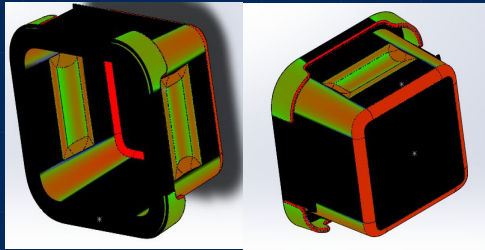


# DFM Analysis Example

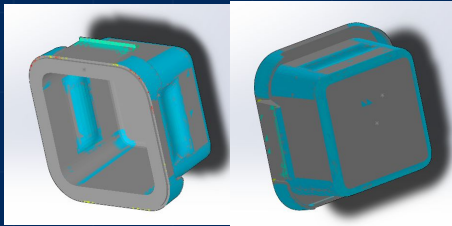
## Mold Release



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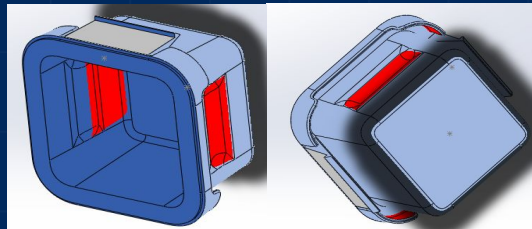
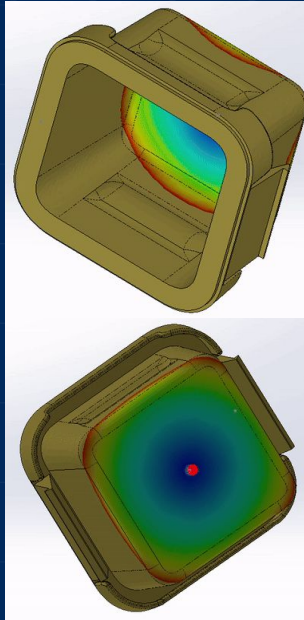


CURVATURE



WALL THICKNESS

## Plastic Flow



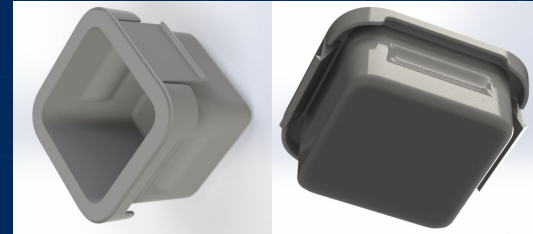
UNDERCUT

## Simulation Summary

- ❖ ✓ Injection Pressure: 45.5 MPa (66% of max).
- ❖ ✓ Shear Rate: Within safe limits.
- ❖ ✓ Cooling Time: 0.98 sec.
- ❖ ✓ Residual Stress: 13.23 MPa.
- ❖ ✓ Filling Time: 0.245 sec.
- ❖ ✓ Material Integrity: No degradation.
- ❖ ✓ Clamping Force: 3.85 tonnes.
- ❖ ✓ Bulk Temp at Fill End: Within range.
- ❖ ✓ Ease of Fill: Smooth flow.
- ❖ ✓ Sink Marks: Minimal.
- ❖ ✓ Frozen Layer: Optimized.
- ❖ ✓ Volumetric Shrinkage: Controlled.



## Final Render





# Magnets and Twist Ties

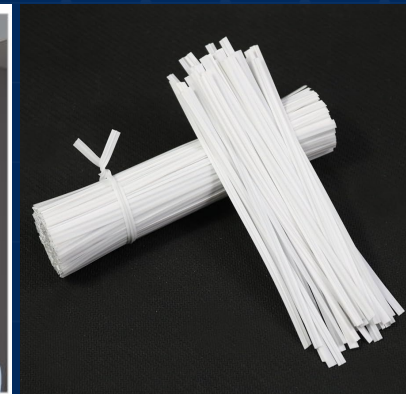
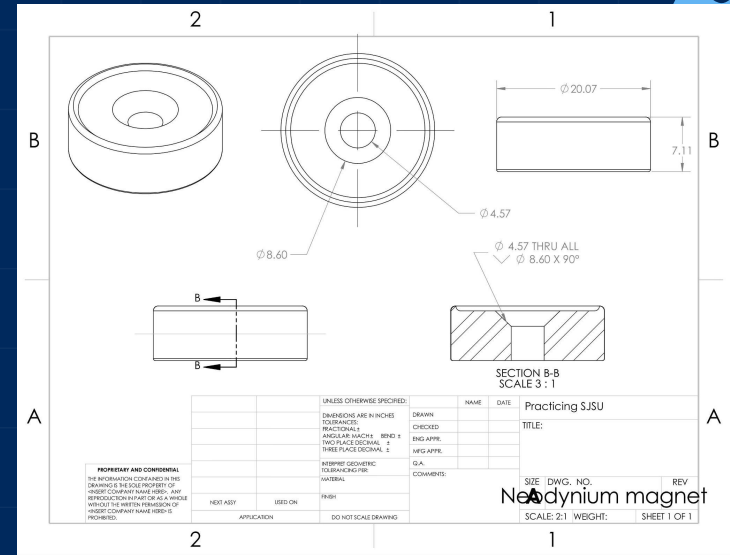
## Magnets

Supplier – Integrated Magnetics (IM)

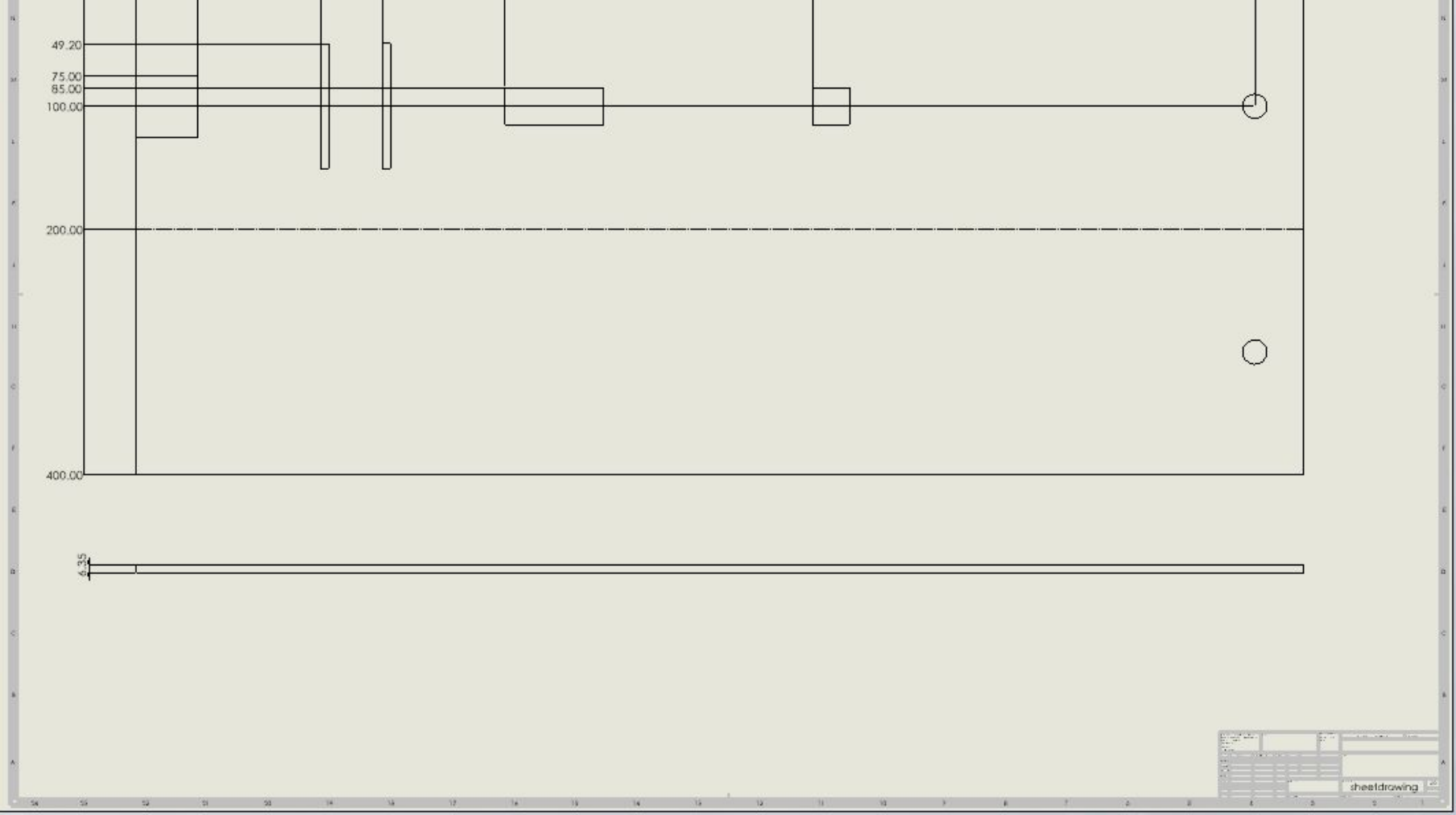
- Quick and easy application and removal
- Repeatable action: Metal disc on drape attaches to magnetic socket on column
- Same magnet on column used consistently leaving less room for user error

## Twist Ties – Hanscom Inc

- Prevents excess drape material from interfering with robotic arm
- Dual Stainless steel wire
  - Strength and shape retention
- Coated with polyethylene (PE)
  - Durable
  - Flexible



Both parts are common and can be sourced directly from suppliers.





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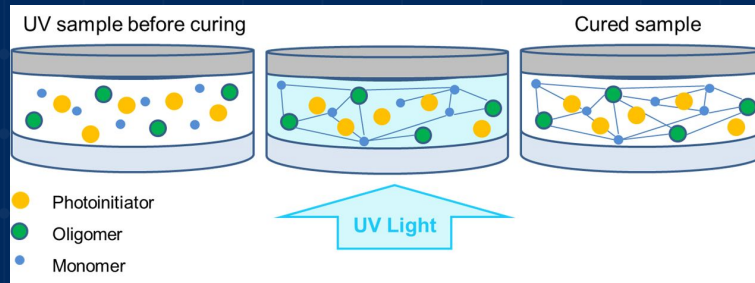
Assemble



# Assembly process

## Assembly Process Overview

- **Environment:**
  - Components are assembled in-house in a **clean room environment** to prevent contamination.
- **Bonding Methods:**
  - **Glue Application:** Used for precision bonding of components.
  - **UV Curing:** Provides fast, reliable bonding for permanent assembly.



- **Process:**
  - UV adhesive is applied to the joint.
  - A **UV light source** activates the adhesive, initiating polymerization for a secure and durable bond.
  - Typically completes in seconds, offering strong and clean results.
- **Advantages:**
  - Precise control over bond location and strength.
  - Reduces curing time compared to traditional methods.
  - Ideal for medical applications due to minimal thermal stress.





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# Package & Sterilize





# Package Process

## Folding Method:

- Drapes folded with the **sterile side facing up**.
- Folded upward repeatedly to form a compact packet.

## Design Features:

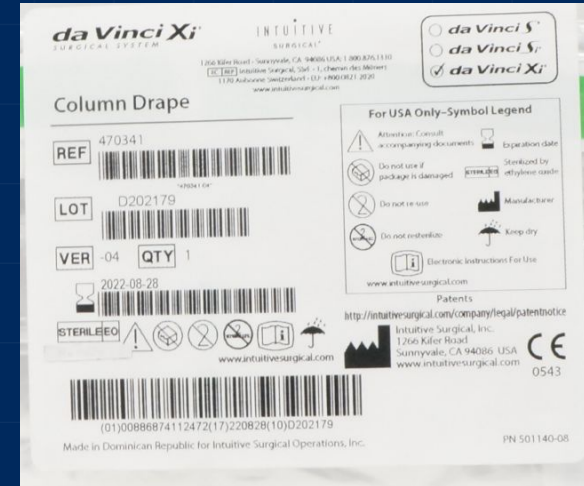
- **Pocket flaps (cuffs)** at the proximal section enable sterile handling.
- Staff insert hands into cuffs to position drapes without touching non-sterile surfaces.

## Sterility Protocol:

- Touching areas outside cuffs or sterile side **breaches sterility**.

## Label Information:

- Includes **Lot#**, **Part#**, and **Expiration Date** for traceability.



### Da Vinci Xi drapes

Product description	Qty/ box	Uses	Part number
Arm drape (box of 20)	20	1 procedure	<b>470015</b>
Column drape (box of 20)	20	1 procedure	<b>470341</b>

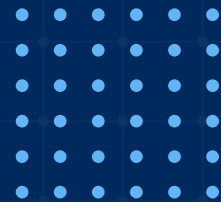
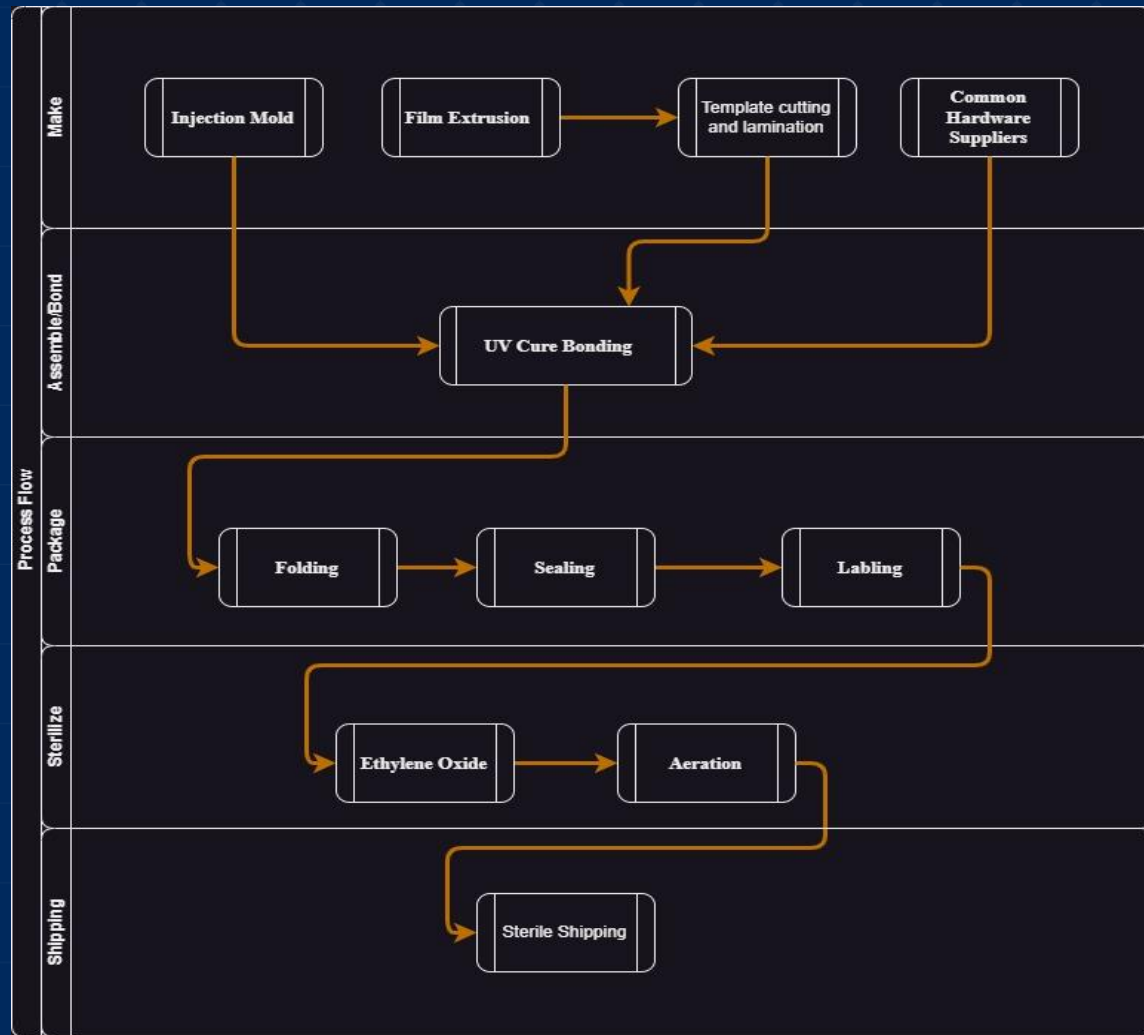




# Sterilize Process

- **Packaging Process:**
  - Drapes individually sealed in sterile pouches (similar to autoclave pouches).
  - Packaged pouches placed in another sterile bag, tied, and boxed.
- **Box Sterilization**
  - Entire box sterilized by the pallet (multiple boxes per pallet).
  - Pallets shipped and remain sealed until opened in the OR by non-sterile staff, with sterile staff handling contents.
- **Sterilization Method:**
  - **Ethylene Oxide (EtO)** gas used for heat-sensitive materials.
  - Effectively penetrates materials to eliminate microorganisms.
  - Items aerated post-sterilization to dissipate toxic gas.









# Risk Management

Type Of Risk	Risk	Risk Intensity	Action to Minimize	Risk Intensity Post Action
User Risk	Risk of contamination as sterile field is compromised leaving chance for infection (Hazard)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Implement strict sterile protocols</li><li>Provide proper training on how to assemble drapes to staff</li></ul>	
User Risk	Incorrect placement or application of attachment causing parts of arm to be exposed (Hazard)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Provide proper training on how to assemble drapes to staff</li><li>Develop standardized procedures</li></ul>	
User Risk	Obstruction - Drape is incorrectly placed interfering with robot's movement (Harm)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Conduct simulations to identify potential issues prior to surgery</li><li>Provide Proper Training</li></ul>	
Process Risk	Instability - Drapes glued incorrectly with plastic clips / magnets (Hazard)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Train staff to use both magnet and twist ties</li></ul>	
Process Risk	Packaging seal break causes non sterility (Hazard)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Ensure proper transportation / storage</li></ul>	
Design Risk	Material Failure - Drape tearing / degrading during use (Harm)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Regular Quality Check</li><li>Use of Reinforced Material</li><li>Proper Storage</li></ul>	
Design Risk	Plastic Clips interfere with instrument gearbox (Harm)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Extensive Design Reviews</li><li>Tolerance/Clearance Analysis</li></ul>	





# Thanks!

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Do you have any questions?

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