Lab 07: Distributed Threading with Aneka

Dhiraj K. Pandey, PhD Assistant Professor ¹



¹Central Department of CSIT, TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY, Nepal

Distributed Threading with Aneka

- Objective: Implement distributed trigonometric computations using AnekaThreads
- Tools:
 - Aneka SDK
 - Serializable classes
- Prerequisite: Basic threading knowledge
- Resource: https://www.manjrasoft.com/
 ParallelProgrammingWithAnekaThreads-Chapter.pdf
- **Duration**: 90 minutes

Lab Objectives

- Understand differences between AnekaThreads and .NET Threads
- 2 Implement serializable worker classes for remote execution
- Opploy and synchronize distributed threads across cloud nodes
- Ombine results from parallel remote computations
- Analyze distributed vs local execution performance (conceptually)

AnekaThreads Overview

• Distributed Thread Model:

- Extends .NET threading to cloud nodes
- Requires AnekaApplication gateway

• Execution Flow:

- Client creates and starts threads
- Aneka routes to worker nodes
- Results aggregated post-completion

Problem Statement

Compute the equation:

$$p = \sin(x) + \cos(y) + \tan(z)$$

Parallelization Strategy:

- Three independent trigonometric operations
- Each function executes in separate AnekaThread
- Threads distributed to different worker nodes
- Main thread aggregates results after completion

Key Insight:

- No dependencies between computations
- Embarrassingly parallel problem



Serializable Worker Classes

Requirements:

- Mark with [Serializable] attribute
- Encapsulate both data and computation logic
- Parameterless worker methods

Example - Sine Class:

```
public class Sine
   /// <summarv>
   /// The angle in degrees
   private double angle;
   /// The sin value of the angle
   private double result;
   /// <summarv>
   /// Gets or sets the sin value of the angle
   public double Result
       get { return result; }
       set { result = value; }
   /// Creates and instance of the Sine class
   /// <param name="angle">The angle in degrees to convert</param>
   public Sine(double angle)
       this.angle = angle;
   /// Computes the sin value of the specified angle
   /// </summarv>
   public void Sin()
       this.result = System.Math.Sin(Util.DegreeToRadian(this.angle));
```

AnekaThread Initialization

Implementation Steps:

• Configure Aneka runtime:

2 Create application context:

```
// create AnekaApplication and remote threads
AnekaApplication<AnekaThread, ThreadManager> application = new
AnekaApplication<AnekaThread, ThreadManager>(configuration);
```

3 Initialize threads:

```
Sine sine - new Sine(10);
AnekaThread sinthread = new AnekaThread(sine.Sin, application);
Cosine cosine = new Cosine(10);
AnekaThread cosThread = new AnekaThread(cosine.Cos, application);
Tangent tangent = new Tangent(10);
AnekaThread tanThread = new AnekaThread(tangent.Tan, application);
```

Thread Execution Flow

• Start distributed execution:

```
// start executing all threads
sinThread.Start();
cosThread.Start();
tanThread.Start();
```

2 Synchronize completion:

```
// wait until all threads complete
sinThread.Join();
cosThread.Join();
tanThread.Join();
```

Retrieve results:

```
// retrieve value for sin, cos and tan
sine = (Sine)sinThread.Target;
cosine = (Cosine)cosThread.Target;
tangent = (Tangent)tanThread.Target;
```

Lab Tasks & Submission

Required Tasks:

- Implement the trigonometric computation
- ② Extend to support user-input angles
- Ompare local vs distributed execution time

Submission:

- Source code (.cs files)
- Screenshot of summed result
- 1-page report containing:
 - Performance observations
 - Challenges faced
 - Answers to reflection questions