

# Prediction using Supervised Machine Learning using Simple Linear Regression

In this task we have to find the students scores based on their study hours. This is a simple Regression problem type because it has only two variables.

In [1]:

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 df=pd.read_csv('StudentHoursScores.csv')
5 df
```

Out[1]:

	Hours	Scores
0	7.7	79
1	5.9	60
2	4.5	45
3	3.3	33
4	1.1	12
5	8.9	87
6	2.5	21
7	1.9	19
8	2.7	29
9	8.3	81
10	5.5	58
11	9.2	88
12	1.5	14
13	3.5	34
14	8.5	85
15	3.2	32
16	6.5	66
17	2.5	21
18	9.6	96
19	4.3	42
20	4.1	40
21	3.0	30
22	2.6	25

In [2]:

```
1 df.head()  
2
```

Out[2]:

	Hours	Scores
0	7.7	79
1	5.9	60
2	4.5	45
3	3.3	33
4	1.1	12

In [3]:

```
1 df.tail()
```

Out[3]:

	Hours	Scores
18	9.6	96
19	4.3	42
20	4.1	40
21	3.0	30
22	2.6	25

In [4]:

```
1 df.dtypes
```

Out[4]:

```
Hours    float64  
Scores   int64  
dtype: object
```

In [5]:

```
1 df.columns
```

Out[5]:

```
Index(['Hours', 'Scores'], dtype='object')
```

In [6]:

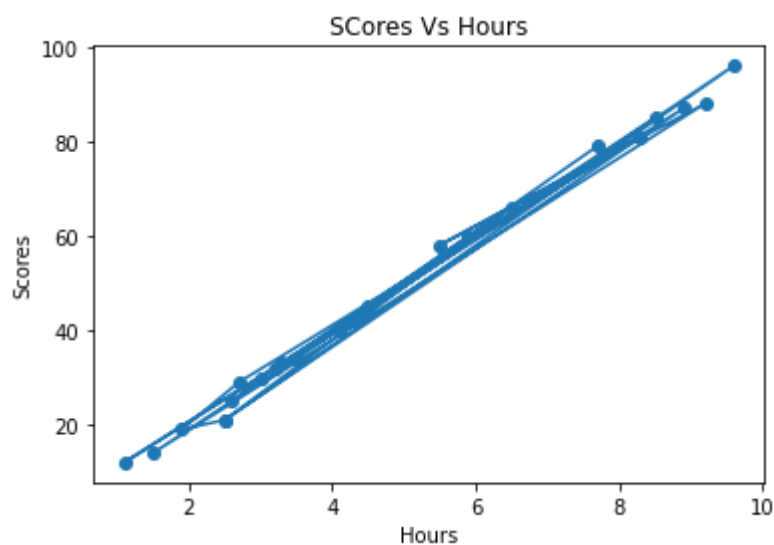
```
1 df.shape
```

Out[6]:

(23, 2)

In [7]:

```
1 plt.scatter(df.Hours,df.Scores)
2 plt.plot(df.Hours,df.Scores)
3 plt.xlabel('Hours')
4 plt.ylabel('Scores')
5 plt.title('SCores Vs Hours')
6 plt.show()
```



In [8]:

```
1 df.describe()
```

Out[8]:

	Hours	Scores
count	23.000000	23.000000
mean	4.817391	47.695652
std	2.709688	27.103228
min	1.100000	12.000000
25%	2.650000	27.000000
50%	4.100000	40.000000
75%	7.100000	72.500000
max	9.600000	96.000000

In [9]:

```
1 df.min()
```

Out[9]:

```
Hours      1.1
Scores    12.0
dtype: float64
```

In [10]:

```
1 df.max()
```

Out[10]:

```
Hours      9.6
Scores    96.0
dtype: float64
```

In [11]:

```
1 df.corr()
```

Out[11]:

	Hours	Scores
Hours	1.000000	0.997656
Scores	0.997656	1.000000

## Splitting of dataset into Testing and Training

In [12]:

```
1
2 x=df.iloc[:, :-1]
3 y=df.iloc[:, 1]
4 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
5 xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=1)
```

## Creating Simple Linear Model

In [13]:

```
1 from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
2 reg=LinearRegression()
3 reg.fit(xtrain,ytrain)
```

Out[13]:

```
LinearRegression()
```

## Prediction

In [14]:

```
1 ypred=reg.predict(xtest)
2 reg.predict([[9.5]])
```

Out[14]:

```
array([94.37683212])
```

In [15]:

```
1 ypred
```

Out[15]:

```
array([40.87711348, 25.025345 , 32.95122924, 34.9327003 , 42.85858454])
```

In [16]:

```
1 ytest
```

Out[16]:

```
20    40
17    21
3     33
13    34
19    42
Name: Scores, dtype: int64
```

In [17]:

```
1 xtest
```

Out[17]:

	Hours
<b>20</b>	4.1
<b>17</b>	2.5
<b>3</b>	3.3
<b>13</b>	3.5
<b>19</b>	4.3

In [18]:

```
1 xpred=reg.predict([[5.2]])
```

In [19]:

```
1 xpred
```

Out[19]:

```
array([51.77520431])
```

In [20]:

```
1 reg.coef_
```

Out[20]:

```
array([9.9073553])
```

In [21]:

```
1 reg.intercept_
```

Out[21]:

```
0.2569567372371182
```

In [22]:

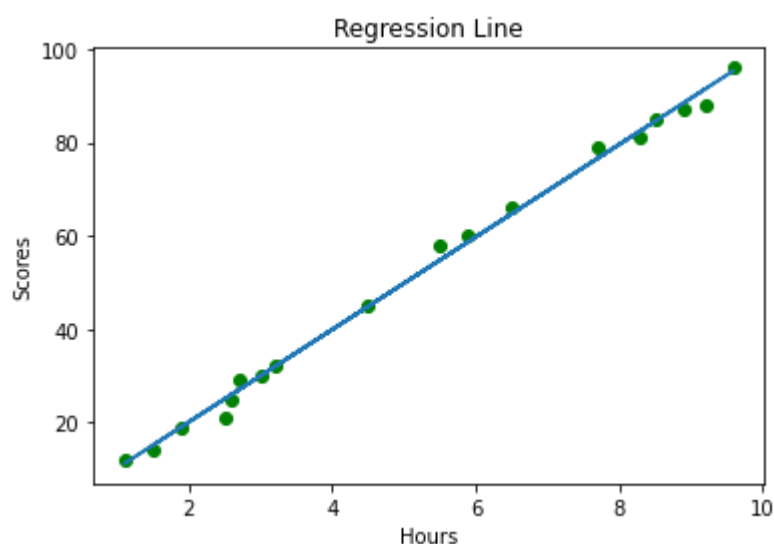
```
1 #y=mx+c  
2  
3 9.9073553*5.2 + 0.2569567372371182
```

Out[22]:

```
51.775204297237124
```

In [23]:

```
1 plt.scatter(xtrain,ytrain,color='g')  
2 plt.plot(xtrain,reg.predict(xtrain))  
3 plt.xlabel('Hours')  
4 plt.ylabel('Scores')  
5 plt.title('Regression Line')  
6 plt.show()
```



In [24]:

```
1 print("Coefficient is:",reg.coef_)  
2 print('Intercept is :',reg.intercept_)
```

```
Coefficient is: [9.9073553]
```

```
Intercept is : 0.2569567372371182
```

In [25]:

```
1 from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error
2
3 accuracy = r2_score(xtest, ypred)
4 print("Accuracy of Model is :", accuracy)
5
```

Accuracy of Model is : -2564.9063623489724

In [26]:

```
1
2 ip = float(input("Enter no. of hours: "))
3 answer = reg.predict([[ip]])
4 print("Predicted score is:", answer)
```

Enter no. of hours: 5

Predicted score is: [49.79373325]

In [28]:

```
1 print("Mean Square Error is :", mean_squared_error(xtest, ypred))
```

Mean Square Error is : 1042.784345658622

In [ ]:

```
1
```