(A) k

Section – 1 CHEMISTRY

1.	(A) 1.2×10^{23}	(B) 6×10^{22}	(C) 6×10 ²³	(D) 12×10 ²³		
2.	If $n = 6$ the correct sequence (A) $ns \longrightarrow (n-1)d \longrightarrow (n-1)$	e for filling of electrons will be $(n-2) f \longrightarrow np$	(B) $ns \longrightarrow (n-2)f \longrightarrow$	$\rightarrow np \longrightarrow (n-1)d$		
	(C) $ns \longrightarrow np \longrightarrow (n-1)$	$d \longrightarrow (n-2)f$	(D) $ns \longrightarrow (n-2)f$	$\rightarrow (n-1)d \longrightarrow np$		
3.	-	s at STP for the gases ${\rm H_2,N_2,O_2}$ (B) $HBr < O_2 < N_2 < H_2$		(D) $HBr < O_2 < H_2 < N_2$		
4.		er a liquid is stirred with a padd (B) $\Delta E = W = 0, \ q \neq 0$	lle to increase the temperatur (C) $\Delta E=0, W=q\neq 0$			
5.	From the given reactions $S(s) + \frac{3}{2}O_2(g) \longrightarrow SO_3(g) + 2xkcal$; $SO_2(g) + \frac{1}{2}O_2(g) \longrightarrow SO_3(g) + y kcal$,					
	the heat of formation of SO ₂ is					
	(A) $(x+y)$		(c) $(2x+y)$	(D) $(2x-y)$		
6.	If the concentration of OH $^-$ ions in the reaction, $Fe(OH)_3(s) \longleftrightarrow Fe^{3+}(aq) + 3OH^-(aq)$ is decreased by ¼ times,					
	then equilibrium concentration (A) 8 times	on of Fe^{3+} will increase by (B) 16 times	(C) 64 times	(D) 4 times		
7.	The strongest conjugate base is					
	(A) NO_3^-	(B) Cl^-	(C) SO_4^{2-}	(D) CH_3COO^-		
8.	In the fluorite structure, the (A) 4	coordination number of ${\it Ca}^{^{2+}}$ (B) 6	ions is (C) 8	(D) 3		
9.	Which one of the following salts will have the same value of van't Hoff factor (i) as that of $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$?					
	(A) $AL_2(SO_4)_3$	(B) NaCl	(C) $Al(NO_3)_3$	(D) Na_2SO_4		
10.	Reduction potential for the following half/cell reaction are Zn \longrightarrow $Zn^{2+} + 2e^-$, $\left(E^{\circ}_{(Zn^{2+}/Zn)} = -0.76V\right)$,					
	$Fe \longrightarrow Fe^{2+} + 2e^-$, $\left(E^{\circ}_{Fe^{2+}/Fe} = -0.44V\right)$ The EMF for the cell reaction $Fe^{2+} + Zn \longrightarrow Zn^{2+} + Fe$ will be					
	(A) $+0.32 V$	(B) $-0.32V$	(c) $+1.20 V$	(D) $-1.20 V$		
11.	If 60% of a first order reaction was completed in 60 min, 50% of the same reaction would be completed in approximately (log 4=0.60, log 5=0.69)					
	(A) 50 min	(B) 45 min	(C) 60 min	(D) 40 min		
12.	For adsorption of a gas on a solid, the plot of $\log \frac{x}{m}$ vs $\log p$ is linear with slope equal to (n being a whole numbers)					

Space for rough work

(C) n

(D) 1/n

(B) $\log k$

	anninoek restraper ±	r ug	c 5	a i ii i jee tealii iii tiat		
13.	$Na^+ Ma^{2+} Al^{3+}$ and Si	$^{4+}$ are isoelectronic, The order	of their ionic size is			
	(A) $Na^+ > Mg^{2+} < Al^{3+} < Si^{4+}$		(B) $Na^+ < Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+} > Si^{4+}$			
	(C) $Na^+ > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+} > Si^{4+}$		(D) $Na^+ < Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+} < Si^{4+}$			
14.	Which of the following has $p\pi\!-\!d\pi$ bonding?					
	(A) NO_3^-	(B) SO_3^{2-}	(C) BO_3^{3-}	(D) CO_3^{2-}		
15.	In PO_4^{3-} ion, the formal charge on each oxygen atom an $P\!-\!O$ bond order respectively are					
	(A) -0.75, 0.6	(B) $-0.75, 1.0$	(c) $-0.75, 1.25$	(D) $-3,1.25$		
16.	The correct order of increasing thermal stability of K_2CO_3 , $MgCO_3$, $CaCO_3$ and $BeCO_3$ is					
	(A) $BeCO_3 < MgCO_3 < K_2CO_3 < CaCO_3$		(B) $BeCO_3 < MgCO_3 < CaCO_3 < K_2CO_3$			
	(C) $MgCO_3 < BeCO_3 < O_3$	$CaCO_3 < K_2CO_3$	$(D) K_2CO_3 < MgCO_3$	(D) $K_2CO_3 < MgCO_3 < CaCO_3 < BeCO_3$		
17.	red?					
10	(A) sheet silicate Which of the following co.	(B) Pyrosilicate mplex ions is diamagnetic in na		silicate (D) Linear chain silicate		
18.	(A) $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$	(B) $\left[CuCl_{4}\right]^{2-}$	(C) $[CoF_6]^{3-}$	(D) $\left[NiCl_{4} ight]^{2-}$		
19.	Which set gives yellow ppt.?					
	(A) KO_3 , Sb_2S_3 , CdS		(B) Sb_2S_3 , CdS , $PbCrO_4$			
	(C) $PbCrO_4$, As_2S_3 , SnS_2		(D) SnS_2 , As_2S_3 , $PbCrO_4$, PbO			
20.	Which of the following pairs of metals is purified van-Arkel method?					
	(A) $Zr \& Ti$	(B) $Ag \& Au$	(C) Ni & Fe	(D) <i>Ga</i> & <i>In</i>		
21.	The correct order of decreasing acidic strength of trichloroacetic acid $ig(Aig)$, Trifluoroacetic acid $ig(Big)$ acetic acid $ig(Cig)$					
	formic acid $ig(Dig)$ is					
	(A) $B > A > D > C$	(B) $B > D > C > A$	(C) $A > B > C > D$	(D) $A > C > B > D$		
22.	Which alkene on ozonolysis gives CH ₃ CH ₂ CHO & CH ₃ CCH ₃ ?					

II O

(A) CH_3CH_2CH (B) CH_3CH_2CH CH_3CH_2CH CH_3CH_2CH CH_3CH_2CH CH_3 (C) CH_3CH_2CH CH_3 CH_3

23. 2-bromopentane is heated with potassium ethoxide in ethanol. The major product obtained is

(A) 2-ethoxypentane

(B) pentene – 1

(C) trans-pentene -2

(D) cis-pentene-2

Space for rough work

24. In the following reaction

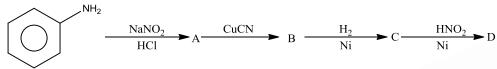
$$CH_3$$
 CH_3 CH_2 CH_3 CH_3

The major product A is

- 25. Aldol condensation will not take place in
 - (A) HCHO

- (B) CH₃CHC
- (C) CH₃COCH₃
- (D)CH₃CH₂CHO

26. Aniline in a set of reactions yielded a product



The structure of the product $\,D\,$ would be

- (A) $C_6H_5CH_2NH_2$
- (B) $C_6H_5NHCH_2CH_3$
- (c) C_6H_5NHOH
- (D) $C_6H_5CH_2OH$

- 27. Number of chiral carbon atoms in $\beta D (+)$ glucose is
 - (A) 5

(B) (

(C)3

(D) 4

- 28. Nylon-66 is a polyamide obtained by the reaction of
 - (A) $COOH(CH_2)_4 COOH + H_2NC_6H_4NH_2 (p)$
- (B) $COOH(CH_2)_4 COOH + NH_2(CH_2)_6 NH_2$
- (C) $COOH(CH_2)_6 COOH + NH_2(CH_2)_4 NH_2$
- (D) $COOHC_6H_4COOH (p) + NH_2(CH_2)_6NH_2$
- 29. Which one of the following is employed as a tranquiliser?
 - (A) Equanil
- (B) Naproxen
- (C) Tetracycline
- (D) Chlorpheninamine
- 30. Which one of the following statements regarding photochemical smog is not correct?
 - (A) Carbon monoxide does not play any role in photochemical smog formation
 - (B) Photochemical smog is an is an oxidizing agent in character
 - (C) Photochemical Smog is formed through photochemical reaction involving solar energy
 - (D) Photochemical smog does not cause irritation in eyes and throat

Space for rough work