

Explore Compare It Tool to Compare of two files for Forensic Investigation

AIM:

The main aim is to comparison of two files for forensics investigation by COMPARE IT tool

PROCEDURE:

- COMPARE IT is software that displays 2 files side by side, with colored differences sections to simplify analyzing. You can move changes between files with a single mouse click or keystroke, and of course, you have the ability to edit files directly in comparison window.
- It can make colored printout of differences report, exactly as it's on the screen. First of all, install the Compare It from the Link given below. <http://www.grisoft.com/wincmp3.htm> it is a 1.7 Mb Software package Click on Compare It Tool, It will show a window to select the files to be compared.
- First, select the first file and click on open and then select the second file and click on open.

STEP 1: open the notepad and create a first text file with the extension .txt and save with a file name

```
A.TXT - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
Steganography (/stegə'nogrəfi/ (About this soundlisten) STEG-a-NOG-ra-fee) is the practice of concealing a message within another message or a physical object. In computing/electronic contexts, a computer file, message, image, or video is concealed within another file, message, image, or video. The word steganography comes from Greek steganographia, which combines the words steganeōs (στεγανός), meaning "covered or concealed", and -graphia (γράφια) meaning "writing". The first recorded use of the term was in 1499 by Johannes Trithemius in his Steganographia, a treatise on cryptography and steganography, disguised as a book on magic. Generally, the hidden messages appear to be (or to be part of) something else: images, articles, shopping lists, or some other cover text. For example, the hidden message Some implementations of steganography that lack a shared secret are forms of security through obscurity, and key-dependent steganographic schemes adhere to Kerckhoffs's principle. The advantage of steganography over cryptography alone is that the intended secret message does not attract attention to itself as an object of scrutiny. Plainly visible encrypted messages, no matter how unbreakable they are, arouse interest and may in themselves be incriminating in countries in which encryption is illegal. Whereas cryptography is the practice of protecting the contents of a message alone, steganography is concerned with concealing the fact that a secret message is being sent. Steganography includes the concealment of information within computer files. In digital steganography, electronic communications may include steganographic coding inside of a transport layer, such as a document file, image file, program, or protocol. The change is so subtle that someone who is not specifically looking for it is unlikely to notice the change.
```

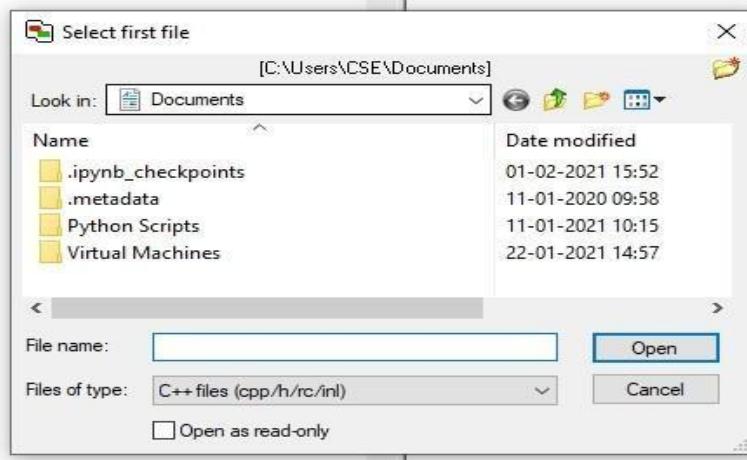
Step 2: create a second text file with the extension .txt

```
B.TXT - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
The word Steganography is derived from two Greek words- 'stegos' meaning 'to cover' and 'grayfia', meaning 'writing', thus translating to 'covered writing', or 'hidden writing'. Steganography is a method of hiding secret data, by embedding it into an audio, video, image or text file. It is one of the methods employed to protect secret or sensitive data from malicious attacks.

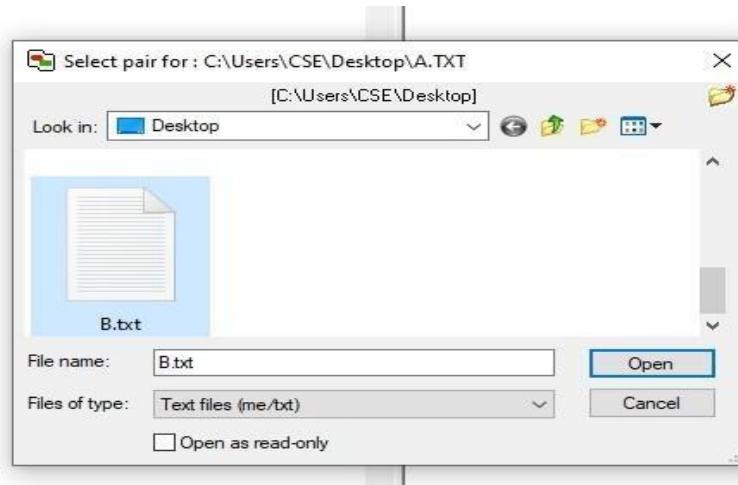
How is it different from cryptography?
Cryptography and steganography are both methods used to hide or protect secret data. However, they differ in the respect that cryptography makes the data unreadable, or hides the meaning of the data, while steganography hides the existence of the data. In layman's terms, cryptography is similar to writing a letter in a secret language: people can read it, but won't understand what it means. However, the existence of a (probably secret) message would be obvious to anyone who sees the letter, and if someone either knows or figures out your secret language, t If you were to use steganography in the same situation, you would hide the letter inside a pair of socks that you would be gifting the intended recipient of the letter. To those who don't know about the message, it would look like there was nothing more to your gift than the socks. But the intended recipient knows what to look for, and can easily extract the hidden message. Similarly, if two users exchanged media files over the internet, it would be more difficult to determine whether these files contain hidden messages, than if they were sent in plain text. Cryptography is often used to supplement the security offered by steganography. Cryptography algorithms are used to encrypt secret data before embedding it into cover files. Image Steganography -
As the name suggests, Image Steganography refers to the process of hiding data within an image file. The image selected for this purpose is called the cover-image and t How is it done?
An image is represented as an N*M (in case of greyscale images) or N*M*3 (in case of colour images) matrix in memory, with each entry representing the intensity value c In image steganography, a message is embedded into an image by altering the values of some pixels, which are chosen by an encryption algorithm. The recipient of the ima
```

Step 3: Download the compare it tool install the Compare It from the Link given below. <http://www.grisoft.com/wincmp3.htm> it is a 1.7 Mb Software package Click on Compare It Tool, It will show a window to select the files to be compared.

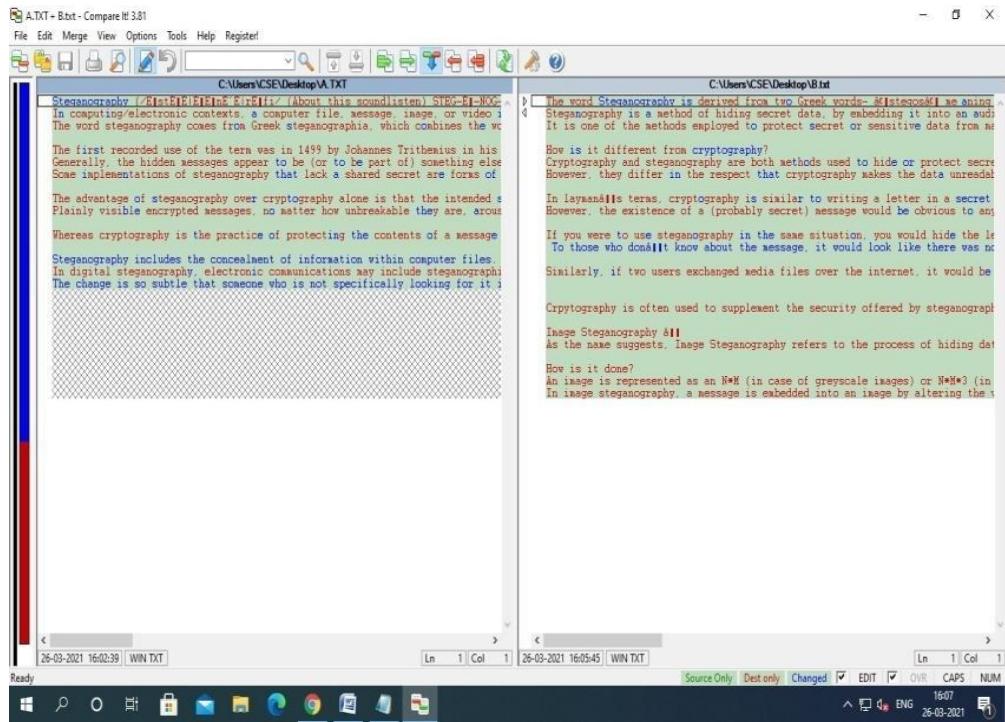
Step 4: Upload the first file to the compare it tool



Step 5: upload the second file to the compare it tool



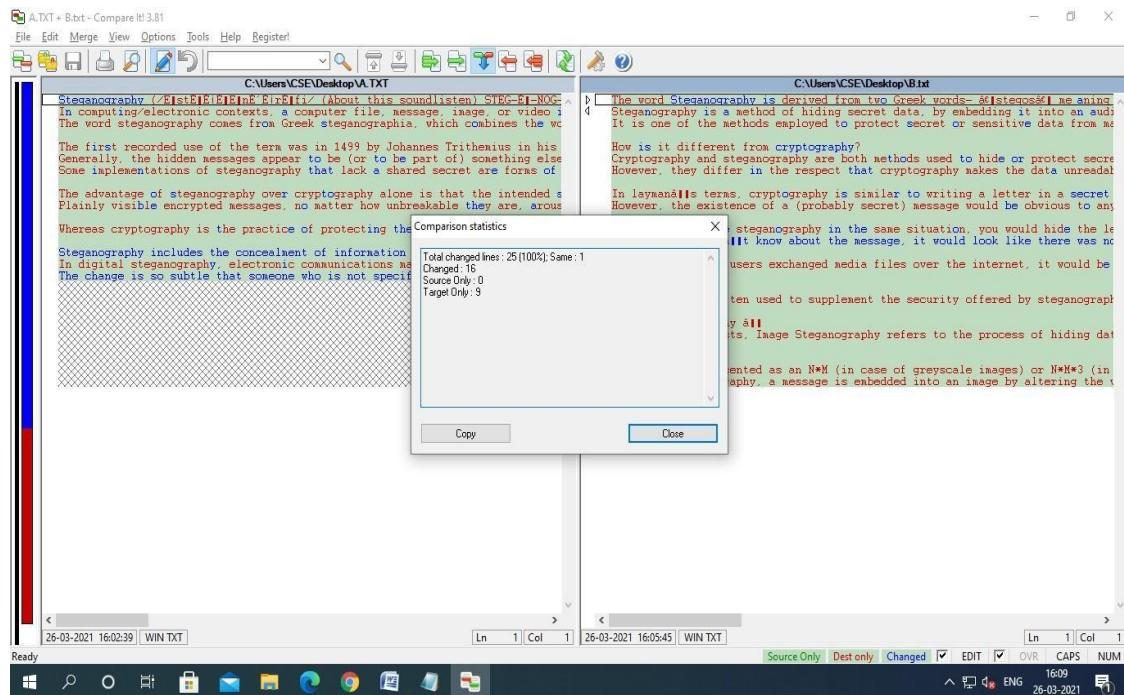
Step 6: Displays 2 files side by side, with colored differences sections to simplify analyzing. You can move changes between files with a single mouse click or keystroke



STEP 7: It also gives you Print report of the difference in the file as follows

Left Column (File A)	Right Column (File B)
1 Steganography (//Wiki//Help:Info/About this soundlisten) STEY-EH-NOH-	1 The word Steganography is derived from two Greek words- Στεγανός meaning hidden or concealed and αργοποίειν meaning to hide or protect secret data by embedding it into an audio, video or image file.
2 In computing/electronic contexts, a computer file, message, image, or video is the word steganography comes from Greek Steganographia, which combines the wo	2 Steganography is a method of hiding secret data, by embedding it into an audio, video or image file. It is one of the methods employed to protect secret or sensitive data from unauthorized access.
3 The first recorded use of the term was in 1499 by Johannes Trithemius in his	3 How is it different from cryptography?
4 Generally, the hidden messages appear to be part of something else	4 Cryptography and steganography are both methods used to hide or protect secret data. However, they differ in the respect that cryptography makes the data unreadable while steganography hides the existence of the data.
5 Some implementations of steganography that lack a shared secret are forms of security through obscurity and key-dependent steganography, such as the well-known "Schrödinger's principle".	5 In layman's terms, cryptography is similar to writing a letter in a secret language so that only the intended recipient can understand what it means.
6 Whereas cryptography is the practice of protecting the contents of a message alone, steganography is concerned with concealing the very existence of the message being sent and its contents.	6 However, they differ in the respect that cryptography makes the data unreadable, or hides the meaning of the data, while steganography hides the existence of the data.
7 Steganography includes the concealment of information within computer files.	7 In layman's terms, cryptography is similar to writing a letter in a secret language so that only the intended recipient can understand what it means.
8 In digital steganography, electronic documents contain a secret message encoded inside of a transport layer, such as a document file, image file, program, or picture. This is called a stego file. The steganographic transmission because of its nature is not detectable by the naked eye. It is so subtle that someone who is not specifically looking for it is unlikely to notice the change.	8 If you were to use steganography in the same situation, you would hide the letter inside a pair of socks. That you would be unlikely to notice the change in the socks.
9 The advantage of steganography over cryptography alone is that the intended message is not detected as a secret transmission in itself as an object of scrutiny.	9 Similarly, if two users exchanged media files over the internet, it would be difficult to determine whether these files contain hidden messages - that is if they were communicating using cryptography.
10 Finally visible encrypted messages, a	10 If you were to use steganography in the same situation, you would hide the letter inside a pair of socks. That you would be unlikely to notice the change in the socks.
11 whereas cryptography is the practice of protecting the contents of a message alone, steganography is concerned with concealing the very existence of the message being sent and its contents.	11 Similarly, if two users exchanged media files over the internet, it would be difficult to determine whether these files contain hidden messages - that is if they were communicating using cryptography.
12 Steganography includes the concealment of information within computer files.	12 If you were to use steganography in the same situation, you would hide the letter inside a pair of socks. That you would be unlikely to notice the change in the socks.
13 In digital steganography, electronic documents contain a secret message encoded inside of a transport layer, such as a document file, image file, program, or picture. This is called a stego file. The steganographic transmission because of its nature is not detectable by the naked eye. It is so subtle that someone who is not specifically looking for it is unlikely to notice the change.	13 Similarly, if two users exchanged media files over the internet, it would be difficult to determine whether these files contain hidden messages - that is if they were communicating using cryptography.
14 The advantage of steganography over	14
15 whereas cryptography is the practice of	15
16	16
	17

STEP 8: the comparison result is get display.



RESULT:

The main aim is to comparison of two files for forensics investigation by COMPARE IT tool is executed successful

Steps to Compare Two Files for Forensic Investigation in Kali Linux

1. Create Two Sample Files

```
nano file1.txt
```

(Add some text → save with CTRL+O, exit with CTRL+X)

```
nano file2.txt
```

(Add slightly different text → save and exit)

2. Compare Files Using diff

```
diff file1.txt file2.txt
```

- This shows line-by-line differences.
- Lines starting with < are from **file1**, and > are from **file2**.

3. Use cmp for Byte-Level Comparison

```
cmp -l file1.txt file2.txt
```

- Prints the exact **byte offset and difference** between the files.
- Useful in forensic investigation to detect tampering at a binary level.

4. Use vimdiff for Side-by-Side Colored View

```
vimdiff file1.txt file2.txt
```

- Opens both files in **Vim with color highlighting** for differences.
- Very close to “Compare It” visual style.

Navigation:

-]c → Jump to next change
- [c → Jump to previous change
- :qa! → Quit both files

5. Use meld (GUI Tool – Similar to Compare It)

If you want a **GUI comparison like Compare It**:

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt install meld -y
```

Then run:

```
meld file1.txt file2.txt
```

- Shows side-by-side differences with **colored highlights**, very close to Compare It's Windows tool.
- Can also save/print difference reports.

6. Generate a Forensic Report

You can export results to a file:

```
diff -u file1.txt file2.txt > diff_report.txt
```

- -u gives a unified diff format, commonly used in forensics.
- You can attach this report as evidence in investigation.

