TRANSACTIONS:-

NON-CONFLICTING TRANSACTIONS:-

```
1.
START TRANSACTION;
UPDATE user_details SET Contact_Number = '9998887776' WHERE UserName = 'Sneha
Sharma';
UPDATE inventory SET Quantity = Quantity - 2 WHERE ProductID = 2;
UPDATE order_user SET Status_Order = 'D' WHERE OrderID = 2;
COMMIT;
2.
START TRANSACTION;
UPDATE inventory SET Quantity = Quantity + 10 WHERE ProductID = 3;
UPDATE order_user SET Status_Order = 'RD' WHERE ProductID = 3;
COMMIT;
```

3.

Start Transaction;

INSERT INTO User_Details (UserName, Passwords, Contact_Number, Email_ID, Address, City, State, Pincode)
VALUES ('Aditri', 'password1', '8098787654', 'aditri@iiitd.ac.in', 'dwarka sector 10', 'Delhi', 'Delhi', '110075');
commit;

4.

Given below in Conflicting to show the difference.

CONFLICTING TRANSACTIONS:

```
import threading
import pymysql
import time;

def transaction_one():
    connection = pymysql.connect(host='localhost', user='root',
    password='root', db='styleu')
    try:
        with connection.cursor() as cursor:
            cursor.execute("START TRANSACTION;")
        cursor.execute("UPDATE inventory SET Quantity = Quantity - 1
WHERE ProductID = 2;")
        cursor.execute("COMMIT;")
    finally:
        connection.close()
```

```
print("Transaction One Completed")
def transaction two():
password='root', db='styleu')
    try:
       with connection.cursor() as cursor:
            cursor.execute("START TRANSACTION;")
            cursor.execute("UPDATE inventory SET Quantity = Quantity - 2
WHERE ProductID = 2;")
            cursor.execute("COMMIT;")
        connection.close()
    print("Transaction Two Completed")
def transaction three():
    connection = pymysql.connect(host='localhost', user='root',
password='root', db='styleu')
    try:
       with connection.cursor() as cursor:
            cursor.execute("START TRANSACTION;")
            cursor.execute("UPDATE user details SET Email ID =
            cursor.execute("COMMIT;")
       connection.close()
    print("Transaction three Completed")
thread one = threading. Thread (target=transaction one)
thread two = threading. Thread (target=transaction two)
thread three = threading.Thread(target=transaction three)
thread one.start()
time.sleep(2)
thread two.start()
thread three.start()
```

```
thread_one.join()
thread_two.join()
thread_three.join()
```

Explanation:-

Here transaction_one and transaction_two are conflicting while three is not.

We run the transaction_one first after which a wait time of two seconds is introduced. Now in this wait time transaction three always finishes before transaction 2 cause transaction 2 waits for the lock to be released by transaction 1. (or however the database ensures the locking of conflicting transactions.)

This shows that non conflicting transactions can proceed uninterrupted while the conflicting transactions wait for the previous transaction to finish.