<u>Test Cases of Equivalence Partitioning:</u>

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
Valid input: day=1, month=1, year=1900	Invalid date
Valid input: day=31, month=12, year=2015	Previous date
<pre>Invalid input: day=0, month=6, year=2000</pre>	An error message
<pre>Invalid input: day=32, month=6, year=2000</pre>	An error message
<pre>Invalid input: day=29, month=2, year=2001</pre>	An error message

Boundary Value Analysis Test Cases:

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
Valid input: day=1, month=1, year=1900	Invalid date
Valid input: day=31, month=12, year=2015	Previous date

Invalid input: day=0, month=6, An error year=2000 message Invalid input: day=32, month=6, An error year=2000 message Invalid input: day=29, month=2, An error year=2000 message Valid input: day=1, month=6, Previous date year=2000 Valid input: day=31, month=5, Previous date year=2000 Valid input: day=15, month=6, Previous date year=2000 Invalid input: day=31, month=4, An error year=2000 message

Problem 1 -

```
import org.junit.Test;
import static org.junit.Assert.*;

public class LinearSearchTest {

    @Test
    public void testExistingValue() {
        int[] arr = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
        int index = linearSearch(3, arr);
        assertEquals(2, index);
    }

    @Test
    public void testNonExistingValue() {
```

```
int[] arr = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    int index = linearSearch(6, arr);
    assertEquals(-1, index);
 }
 @Test
 public void testFirstElement() {
    int[] arr = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
   int index = linearSearch(1, arr);
   assertEquals(0, index);
 }
 @Test
 public void testLastElement() {
    int[] arr = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    int index = linearSearch(5, arr);
   assertEquals(4, index);
 }
 @Test
 public void testEmptyArray() {
   int[] arr = {};
    int index = linearSearch(1, arr);
   assertEquals(-1, index);
 }
 @Test
 public void testNullArray() {
    int[] arr = null;
    int index = linearSearch(1, arr);
    assertEquals(-1, index);
 }
}
```

Equivalence Partitioning:

Tester Action and Input Data

Expected Outcome

```
Test with v as a non-existent value and an -1 empty array a[]
```

Test with v as a non-existent value and a non-empty array a[]	-1
Test with v as an existent value and an empty array a[]	-1
Test with v as an existent value and a non-empty array a[] where v exists	the index of v in a[]
Test with v as an existent value and a non-empty array a[] where v does not exist	-1

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
Test with v as a non-existent value and an empty array a[]	-1
Test with v as a non-existent value and a non-empty array a[]	-1
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length 0	-1
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length 1, where v exists	0
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length 1, where v does not exist	-1

Test with v as an existent value and an array	0
a[] of length greater than 1, where v exists	
at the beginning of the array	

Test with v as an existent value and an array the last index a[] of length greater than 1, where v exists where v is at the end of the array found

Test with v as an existent value and an array the index where a[] of length greater than 1, where v exists v is found in the middle of the array

Problem 2:

Equivalence Partitioning:

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
Test with v as a non-existent value and an empty array a[]	0
Test with v as a non-existent value and a non-empty array a[]	0
Test with v as an existent value and an empty array a[]	0
Test with v as an existent value and a non-empty array a[] where v exists multiple times	the number of occurrences of v in a[]

Test with v as an existent value and a 1 non-empty array a[] where v exists only once

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
Test with v as a non-existent value and an empty array a[]	0
Test with v as a non-existent value and a non-empty array a[]	0
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length 0	0
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length 1, where v exists	1
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length 1, where v does not exist	0
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length greater than 1, where v exists at the beginning of the array	the number of occurrences of v in a[]
Test with v as an existent value and an array a[] of length greater than 1, where vexists at the end of the array	the number of occurrences of v in a[]

Test with v as an existent value and an the number of array a[] of length greater than 1, where v occurrences of vexists in the middle of the array

in a[]

Problem 3:

Equivalence Partitioning:

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
v=5, a=[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]	2
v=1, a=[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]	0
v=9, a=[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]	4
v=4, a=[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]	-1
v=11, a=[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]	-1

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
v=1, a=[1]	0
v=9, a=[9]	0
v=5, a=[]	-1

Problem 4:

Tester Action and Input Data	Expected Outcome
Invalid inputs: a = 0, b = 0, c = 0	INVALID
Invalid inputs: a + b = c or b + c = a or c + a = b (a=3, b=4, c=8)	INVALID
Equilateral triangles: a = b = c = 1	EQUILATERAL
Equilateral triangles: a = b = c = 100	EQUILATERAL
Isosceles triangles: a = b ≠ c = 10	ISOSCELES
Isosceles triangles: a ≠ b = c = 10	ISOSCELES
Isosceles triangles: a = c ≠ b = 10	ISOSCELES
Scalene triangles: a = b + c - 1	SCALENE
Scalene triangles: b = a + c - 1	SCALENE

Scalene triangles: c = a + b - 1 SCALENE

Equivalence Partitioning:

Tester Action and Input Expected
Data Outcome

Valid input: a=3, b=3, EQUILATERAL

c=3

Valid input: a=4, b=4, ISOSCELES

c=5

Valid input: a=5, b=4, SCALENE

c=3

b=0, c=0

b=2, c=3

Valid input: a=1, b=1, EQUILATERAL

c=1

Valid input: a=2, b=2, ISOSCELES

c=1

Valid input: a=3, b=4, SCALENE

c=5

b=1, c=1

b=0, c=1

b=1, c=0

Problem 5:

Equivalence Partitioning:

Tester	Action	and	Input	Data	Expected
					Outcome

Valid Inputs: s1 = "hello", s2 = true

"hello world"

Valid Inputs: s1 = "a", s2 = "abc" true

Invalid Inputs: s1 = "", s2 = "hello false

world"

Invalid Inputs: s1 = "world", s2 = false

"hello world"

Expected Outcome

False

True

False

$$s1 = "a", s2 = "ab"$$

True

True

True

$$s1 = "a", s2 = "b"$$

False

$$s1 = "a", s2 = "a"$$

True

False

False

Problem 6:

(a) Equivalence Classes:

Data

$$a = -1$$
, $b = 2$, $c = 3$ Invalid input

$$a = 3$$
, $b = 4$, $c = 6$ Not a triangle

b) Test cases:

Invalid inputs: a = 0, b = 0, c = 0, a + b = c, b + c = a, c + a = bInvalid inputs: a = -1, b = 1, c = 1, a + b = c Equilateral triangles: a = b = c = 1, a = b = c = 100 Isosceles triangles: a = b = 10, c = 5; a = c = 10, b = 3; b = c = 10, a = 6 Scalene triangles: a = 4, b = 5, c = 6; a = 10, b = 11, c = 13 Right angled triangle: a = 3, b = 4, c = 5; a = 5, b = 12, c = 13 Non-triangle: a = 1, b = 2, c = 3

c) Boundary condition A + B > C:

a = Integer.MAX_VALUE, b = Integer.MAX_VALUE, c = 1 a =
Double.MAX_VALUE, b = Double.MAX_VALUE

d) Boundary condition A = C:

a = Integer.MAX_VALUE, b = 2, c = Integer.MAX_VALUE a =
Double.MAX VALUE, b = 2.5, c = Double.MAX VALUE

- e) Boundary condition A = B = C:
- a = Integer.MAX_VALUE, b = Integer.MAX_VALUE, c = Integer.MAX_VALUE a
 = Double.MAX_VALUE, b = Double.MAX_VALUE, c = Double.MAX_VALUE
- f) Boundary condition $A^2 + B^2 = C^2$:
- a = Integer.MAX_VALUE, b = Integer.MAX_VALUE, c = Integer.MAX_VALUE a
 = Double.MAX_VALUE, b = Double.MAX_VALUE, c =
 Math.sqrt(Math.pow(Double.MAX_VALUE, 2) + Math.pow(Double.MAX_VALUE,
 2))
- g) Non-triangle:

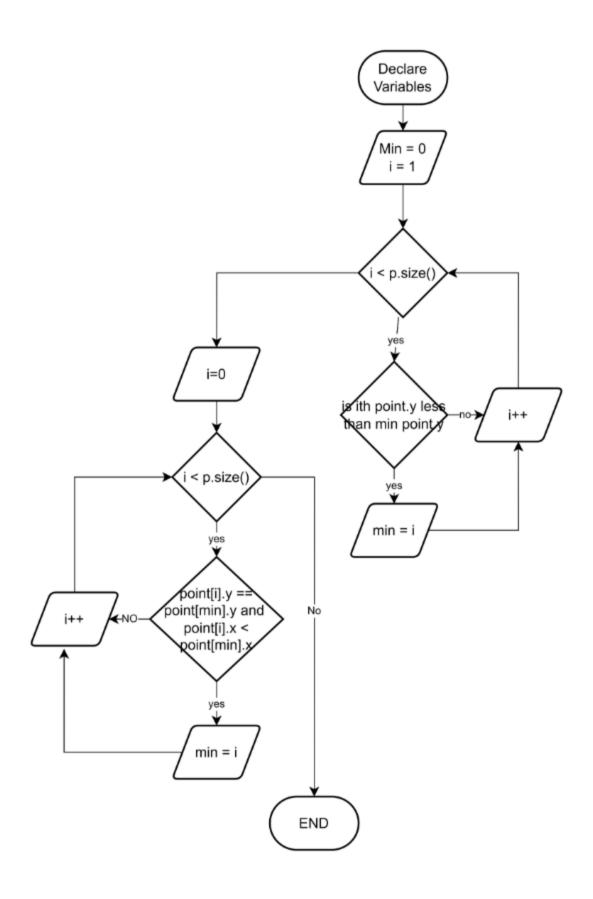
$$a = 1$$
, $b = 2$, $c = 4$ $a = 2$, $b = 4$, $c = 8$

h) Non-positive input:

$$a = -1$$
, $b = -2$, $c = -3$ $a = 0$, $b = 1$, $c = 2$

Section B

1. The control flow graph for the given problem is as follows



- 2. Criteria specific test case for flow graph
- (a) Statement coverage test set: In this all the statements in code should be covered

Test Number	Test Case
1	p is empty array
2	p has one point object
3	p has two points object with different y component
4	p has two points object with different x component
5	<pre>p has three or more point object with different y component</pre>

(b) Branch Coverage test set: In this all branch are taken at least once

Test Number	Test Case				
1	p is empty array				
2	p has one point object				
3	p has two points object with different y component				
4	p has two points object with different x component				

- p has three or more point object with different y component

 p has three or more point object with same y component

 p has three or more point object with all same x component

 p has three or more point object with all different x component

 p has three or more point object with some same and some different x component
- (c) Basic condition coverage test set: Each boolean expression has been evaluated to both true and false

Test Number	Test Case				
1	p is empty array				
2	p has one point object				
3	p has two points object with different y component				
4	p has two points object with different x component				
5	<pre>p has three or more point object with different y component</pre>				
6	p has three or more point object with same y component				
7	p has three or more point object with all same \boldsymbol{x} component				
8	<pre>p has three or more point object with all different x component</pre>				

9	p has three or some different	•	•	n some same and
10	p has three or some different	•	•	n some same and
11	p has three or y component	more point	object with	all different
12	p has three or component	more point	object with	n all same y