

AWS RDS practical

STEP 1: Open RDS Console

1. Go to AWS Console
2. Search **RDS**
3. Click **Amazon RDS**

STEP 2: Click “Create database”

You will now see database engine and configuration options.

STEP 3: Choose Engine

1. Under *Engine options* → select **MySQL**
2. Engine Version: Keep default (recommended)

STEP 4: Choose Template

You don't have free tier so choose:

- **Production?** → NO (expensive)
- **Dev/Test?** → Still expensive
- **Free tier** → Select this (even without free tier, still creates smallest instance)

This avoids higher instance cost.

STEP 5: Settings

Fill the following:

Field	Value
DB instance identifier	mydb-lab
Master username	admin
Master password	create your password

Confirm password.

STEP 6: Choose DB Instance Size

Under **DB instance class**:

- Change to: **Burstable classes (t classes)**
- Select: **db.t3.micro**

⚠ This keeps cost lowest.

STEP 7: Storage

- Storage type: **gp3**
- Allocated storage: **20 GiB**
- Disable storage autoscaling (to avoid extra cost)

STEP 8: Connectivity

✓ Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

- Choose: **Default VPC**

✓ Public access

Choose: **Yes**

So you can connect from your laptop.

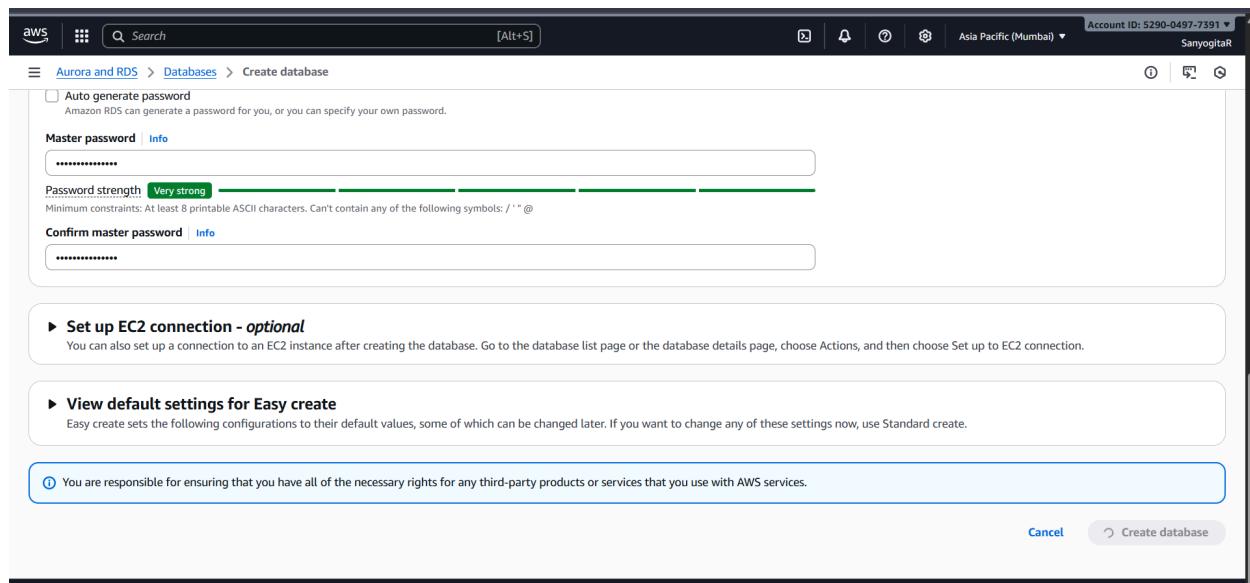
✓ Existing VPC security group

Choose:

- **Create new** (recommended) OR select an existing SG.

Name example: **rds-sg-lab**

This SG controls inbound rules.



Aurora and RDS > Databases > sr-db

Summary

DB identifier	sr-db
Status	Configuring-enhanced-monitoring
CPU	0.00%
Role	Instance
Class	db.r7g.large
Current activity	0 Connections
Engine	MySQL Community
Region & AZ	ap-south-1a

Connectivity & security

Endpoint & port	Networking	Security
Endpoint sr-db.c5wwew2eym8zb.ap-south-1.rds.amazonaws.com	Availability Zone ap-south-1a	VPC security groups default (sg-0b348694c3a3a11bc) Active
Port 3306	VPC vpc-0bd7340266adc6dce	Publicly accessible No
	Subnet group default-vpc-0bd7340266adc6dce	Certificate authority Info rds-ca-rsa2048-g1
	Subnets subnet-08734eaef08d9361ef subnet-031f4dad0f07bf58b subnet-0514fc6410-0-57	Certificate authority date May 20, 2061, 00:10 (UTC+05:30)

CloudShell Feedback Console Mobile App

VPC > Security Groups > sg-0b348694c3a3a11bc - default > Edit inbound rules

Security group rule ID	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description - optional	Info
sgr-0ee5191f626e35826	All traffic	All	All	Custom	sg-0b348694c3a3a11bc	Delete
-	HTTPS	TCP	443	Anywh...	0.0.0.0/0	Delete
-	All TCP	TCP	0 - 65535	Anywh...	0.0.0.0/0	Delete
-	SSH	TCP	22	Anywh...	0.0.0.0/0	Delete
-	HTTP	TCP	80	Anywh...	0.0.0.0/0	Delete
-	MYSQL/Aurora	TCP	3306	Anywh...	0.0.0.0/0	Delete

Add rule

⚠ Rules with source of 0.0.0.0/0 or ::/0 allow all IP addresses to access your instance. We recommend setting security group rules to allow access from known IP addresses only.

[Cancel](#) [Preview changes](#) [Save rules](#)

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Security Groups console. A green success message at the top states: "Inbound security group rules successfully modified on security group (sg-0b348694c3a3a11bc | default)". Below this, the "Details" section shows the security group name is "default", owner is "529004977391", and it has 6 inbound rules and 1 outbound rule. The "Inbound rules" tab is selected, displaying a table of 6 rules:

Name	Security group rule ID	IP version	Type	Protocol	Port range
-	sgr-04256aa45e25cf217	IPv4	SSH	TCP	22
-	sgr-0ee5191f626e35826	-	All traffic	All	All
-	sgr-006bacc52d8e05abd	IPv4	HTTPS	TCP	443
-	sgr-0486d738675d8b0d4	IPv4	HTTP	TCP	80
-	sgr-02c707867f4ea3742	IPv4	All TCP	TCP	0 - 65535
-	sgr-0b7a6bcb01f81c3cf	IPv4	MySQL/Aurora	TCP	3306

STEP 9: Additional configs

Scroll down:

- Initial database name → `labdb`
- Port → **3306** (default)
- Leave everything else default

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench application. The main window displays the "Welcome to MySQL Workbench" message. On the left, there's a sidebar with icons for Home, Database, Tools, and Help. Below the sidebar, the "MySQL Connections" section shows two connections: "Local instance MySQL80" and "SalesInsights". A modal dialog box titled "Opening SQL Editor" is open, stating: "An SQL editor instance for 'sanyogitaAws' is opening and should be available in a moment. Please stand by...". At the bottom right of the screen, there's a search bar.

MySQL Workbench

File Edit View Query Database Server Tools Scripting Help

Navigator: Schemas

SCHEMAS

- sakila
- sales
- sampledb
- sys
- world

Query 1

```
1 create database aws;
2 use aws;
3 create table sraws(cid int, cname varchar(30), CREDITS INT);
4 SHOW TABLES;
5 DESC sraws;
```

Result Grid

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
cid	int	YES	NONE		
cname	varchar(30)	YES	NONE		
CREDITS	int	YES	NONE		

Result 2

Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
5	11:13:28	create table sraws(cid int, cname varchar(30), credits INT)	Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL se...	0.000 sec
6	11:13:45	create table sraws(cid int, cname varchar(30), CREDITS INT)	0 row(s) affected	0.093 sec
7	11:13:54	SHOW TABLES	1 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
8	11:14:07	DESC AWS	Error Code: 1146. Table 'aws.aws' doesn't exist	0.000 sec
9	11:14:17	DESC aws	Error Code: 1146. Table 'aws.aws' doesn't exist	0.000 sec
10	11:14:31	DESC sraws	3 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec

Object Info Session

22°C Partly sunny

ENG IN 11:14 AM 11/25/2025 Account ID: 5290-0497-7391 SanyogitaR

Aurora and RDS

Databases

Database: sr-db

Delete sr-db instance

Permanently delete sr-db DB instance. You can't undo this action.

Proceeding with this action will delete the instance with all its content and can affect related resources. [Learn more](#)

Create final snapshot

Retain automated backups

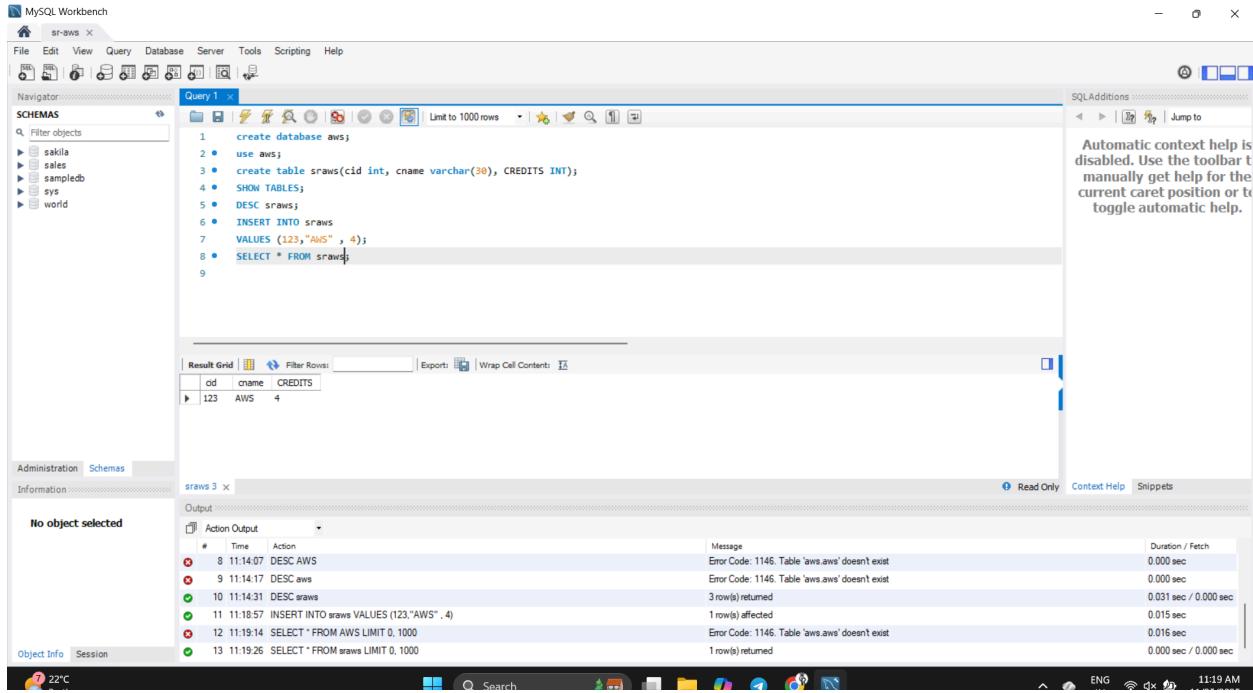
I acknowledge that upon instance deletion, automated backups, including system snapshots and point-in-time recovery, will no longer be available.

To avoid accidental deletion provide additional written consent.

To confirm deletion, type **delete me** into the field.

We strongly recommend taking a final snapshot before instance deletion since after your instance is deleted, automated backups will no longer be available.

Cancel Delete



1. Delete RDS instance

1. Go to **RDS → Databases**
2. Select **mydb-lab**
3. Click **Actions → Delete**
4. Disable “Create final snapshot” (to avoid storage cost)
5. Type **delete me** and confirm

2. Delete RDS Security Group

EC2 → Security groups → delete **rds-sg-lab** (only if not attached to anything).

AWS Management Console Untitled document - Google Docs Console home | Console Home Databases | Aurora and RDS New tab

ap-south-1.console.aws.amazon.com/rds/home?region=ap-south-1#databases:

aws Search [Alt+S] Account ID: 5290-0497-7391 Asia Pacific (Mumbai) SanyogitaR

Aurora and RDS > Databases

Aurora and RDS

Dashboard **Databases** Query editor Performance insights Snapshots Exports in Amazon S3 Automated backups Reserved instances Proxies

Subnet groups Parameter groups Option groups Custom engine versions Zero-ETL integrations

Events Event subscriptions

CloudShell Feedback Console Mobile App

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Successfully deleted DB instance sr-db

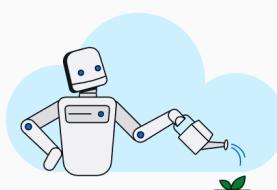
Databases (0)

Filter by databases

DB identifier Status Role Engine Upgrade rollout order Region ... Size

No resources

No resources to display



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