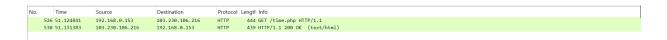
CSE421 Lab 02

Name: Sanzana Mahrukh Hassan

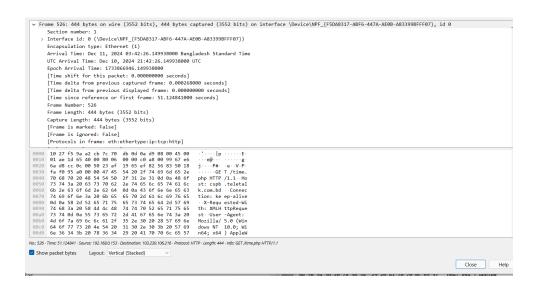
ID: 21101237 **Section:** 10

Two HTTP packets are selected, the first packet for HTTP request and the second packet for HTTP response



HTTP Request Packet:

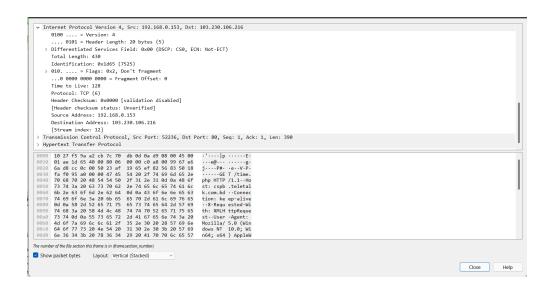
Layer 1



Frame is in the Data Link Layer and it is the physical layer header. From the screenshot, network frame information contains the frame number 526 and a frame length of 444 bytes. It also has arrival time information.

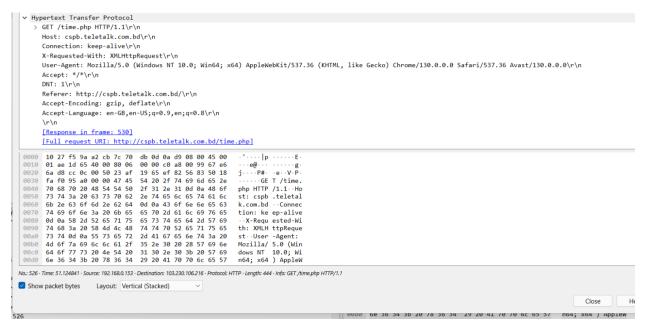
This layer is the Data Link Layer, which contains the type and the source and destination MAC addresses for node-to-node data transfer and error detection.

Layer 3



The Network Layer contains the source and destination IP addresses and header information (Header Length=20 bytes) for packet routing and addressing.

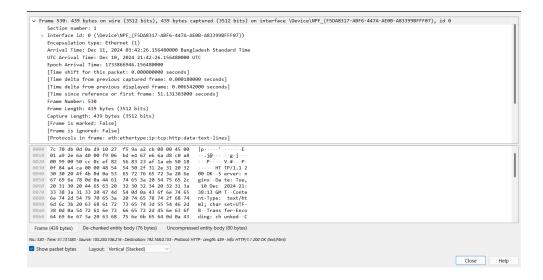
The Transport Layer contains the TCP packets and source and destination port addresses, sequence number, acknowledgment number, and length. Here, the source port is 52236 which is a dynamically assigned port number by the client and the destination port is 80 which is the standard port for HTTP traffic on the server. Seq is the Sequence number that tracks the order of the data segments. ACK is the Acknowledgment Number that is used by the receiver to inform the sender which data has been successfully received. LEN is the length that specifies the size of the data segment.



This layer is the Application Layer which contains information about HTTP requests, the GET method since it is a request packet, and also contains information on headers such as Host, Connection, User-Agent, Referrer, Accept-Encoding, and Accept-Language. Connection keep-alive means the connection is on so that it can send data and the accepted language is also mentioned which is English.

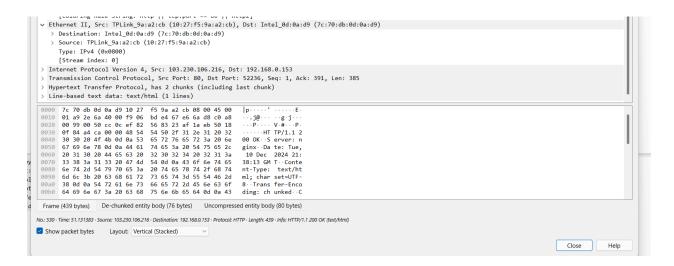
HTTP Response Packet:

Layer 1



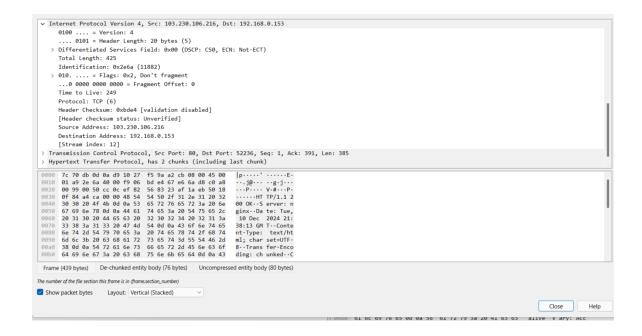
Frame is in the Data Link Layer and it is the physical layer header. Similarly, here for the response, it has the information of frame number: 530, frame length: 439 bytes, and arrival time.

Layer 2

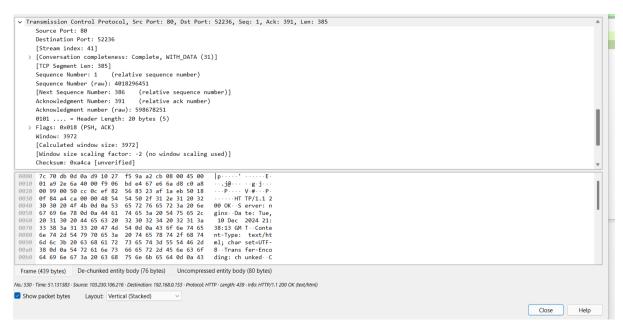


This layer is the Data Link Layer which contains the type source and destination MAC addresses for node-to-node data transfer and error detection.

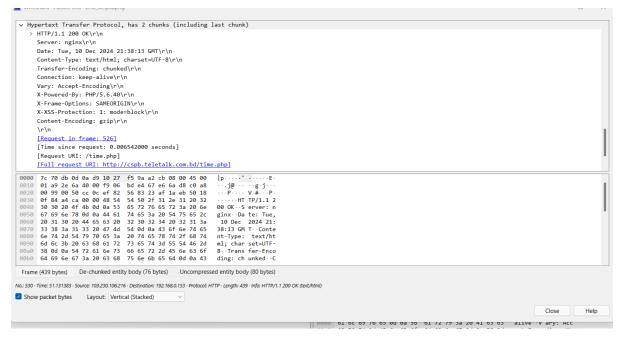
Layer 3



The Network Layer contains the source and destination IP addresses and header information (Header Length=20 bytes) for packet routing and addressing.



The Transport Layer contains the TCP packets and source and destination port addresses, sequence number, acknowledgment number, and length. Here, the source port is 80 which is used by the server to send HTTP responses. Port 80 is the standard port for HTTP traffic. Destination Port 52236 is a randomly selected port from the client's dynamic port range to receive the HTTP response. Seq is the Sequence number that tracks the order of the data segments. ACK is the Acknowledgment Number used to acknowledge receipt of data. LEN is the length that specifies the size of the data segment.



This layer is the Application Layer which contains the HTTP version (1.1) and Status code 200 (OK) and contains HTTP response headers along with the server name, content length, date, and last modification date.