## Writing LLE in matrix Form

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The normalized Lugiato Lefever Equation:

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \tau} = -(1 + i\alpha)\psi + i|\psi|^2\psi - i\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial \theta^2} + F[1]$$

Taking the Fourier transform by ignoring the nonlinearity, as FT is a linear operation.

$$\frac{\partial \widetilde{\psi}}{\partial \tau} = -(1 + i\alpha)\widetilde{\psi} + im^2 \frac{\beta}{2}\widetilde{\psi} \quad [2]$$

$$Or, \qquad \frac{\partial \tilde{\psi}}{\partial \tau} = -(1 + i\alpha - im^2 \frac{\beta}{2})\tilde{\psi}$$

Let  $\tilde{\psi}$  be a  $1 \times N$  column vector.

Then, 
$$-\left(1+i\alpha-im^2\frac{\beta}{2}\right)$$

can be represented by a diagonal matrix of order  $N \times N$ 

So, the term becomes:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -(1+i\alpha-im^{2}\frac{\beta}{2}) & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & -(1+i\alpha-im^{2}\frac{\beta}{2})\tilde{\psi} & \dots & 0 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & -(1+i\alpha-im^{2}\frac{\beta}{2})\tilde{\psi} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\psi}_{1} \\ \dots \\ \tilde{\psi}_{N} \end{bmatrix}$$

Again, let the differentiation from the left side is performed as a matrix operation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \widetilde{\psi_1}}{\partial \tau} \\ \dots \\ \frac{\partial \widetilde{\psi_N}}{\partial \tau} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{\psi_1}' \\ \dots \\ \widetilde{\psi_2}' \end{bmatrix}$$