# Pertemuan 13

#### Praktikum 1

1. Buka file main.dart

2. Buat file baru stream.dart

```
lib > stream.dart > colorStream
import 'package:flutter/material.dart'; U

class colorStream{ The type name 'colorSt
4
}
```

3. Buat variabel colors

4. Tambahkan method getColors()

```
17
18 Stream<Color> getColor() async*{
19
20 }
```

5. Tambah perintah yield\*

```
Stream<Color> getColor() async* {
   yield* Stream.periodic(const Duration(seconds: 1), (int t) {
    int index = t % colors.length;
    return colors[index];
   }); // Stream.periodic
}
```

import 'stream.dart';

```
6. Buka main.dart
```

2

```
Color bgColor = 

Colors.blueGrey;

late ColorStream colorStream;
```

7. Tambah variabel

8. tambahkan method changeColor

```
void changeColor() async{
    await for (var eventColor in colorStream.getColor()){
    setState(() {
        bgColor = eventColor;
    });
}
```

```
@override
void initState() {
   colorStream = ColorStream();
   changeColor();
   super.initState();
}
```

- 9. Lakukan override
- 10. Ubah isi scaffold()

# Praktikum 2

1. Buka file Stream.dart

2. Tambah class NumberStream

3. Tambah StreamController

```
class NumberStream {
  final StreamController<int> controller = StreamController<int>();
```

4. Tambah method addNumberToSink

```
close(){
   controller.close();
}
```

5. Tambah method Close()

```
import 'dart:async'; Unused import
import 'dart:math'; Unused import:
```

6. buka main.dart

7. Tambah variabel

```
class _StreamHomePageState extends State<StreamHomePage>
  int lastNumber =0;
  late StreamController numberStreamController;
  late NumberStream numberStream;
```

8. Edit initState()

```
// changeColor();
stream.listen((event){
    setState(() {
        lastNumber = event;
     });
});
```

```
@override
void dispose() {
   numberStreamController.close();
   super.dispose();
}
```

9. Edit dispose()

10. Tambah method addRandomNumber()

```
void addRandomNumber(){
   Random random = Random();
   int myNum = random.nextInt(10);
   numberStream.addNumberToSink(myNum);
}
```

11. Edit method build

```
@override
        Widget build(BuildContext context) {
          return Scaffold(
              appBar: AppBar(
                title: const Text("Stream"),
              ), // AppBar
              body: SizedBox(
                width: double.infinity,
                child: Column(
                  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.spaceEvenly,
                  crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.center,
                  children: [
                    Text(lastNumber.toString()),
                    ElevatedButton(
                        onPressed: () => addRandomNumber(),
106
                        child: Text('New Random Number')) // ElevatedButton
                  ],
                ), // Column
              )); // SizedBox // Scaffold
```

12. run

13. buka stream.dart

```
addError(){
controller.sink.addError('error');
}
```

14. Buka main.dart

```
// changeColor();
stream.listen((event) {
    setState(() {
        lastNumber = event;
        });
}).onError((error){
    setState(() {
        lastNumber = -1;
        });
});
```

15. Edit method addRandomNumber()

```
void addRandomNumber() {

Random random = Random(); The value of the

// int myNum = random.nextInt(10);

// numberStream.addNumberToSink(myNum);

numberStream.addError();

}
```

## Praktikum 3

1. buka main.dart

```
class _StreamHomePageState extends State<StreamHomePage> {
   late StreamTransformer transformer;
```

2. Tambahkan kode ini di initstate

```
transformer = StreamTransformer<int, int>.fromHandlers(
    handleData: (value, sink) {
        sink.add(value * 10);
    },
    handleError: (error, trace, sink) {
        sink.add(-1);
    },
    handleDone: (sink) => sink.close());
super.initState();
}
```

3. Tetap di initState

```
// changeColor();
stream.transform(transformer).listen((event) {
    setState(() {
        lastNumber = event;
    });
}).onError((error) {
    print(error);    Don't invoke 'print' in production code.dTry u
    setState(() {
        lastNumber = -1;
    });
});
```

4. Run

#### Praktikum 4

```
late StreamSubscription subscription;
```

Tambah variabel
 Edit initState()

```
subscription = stream.listen((event){
    setState(() {
        lastNumber = event;
     });
});
```

```
subscription.onError((error){
    setState(() {
        lastNumber = -1;
    });
});
```

3. tetap initState()

```
subscription.onDone((){
    print('OnDone was called');
});
```

- 4. tambah properti onDone()
- 5. Tambah method baru

```
void stopStream() {
   numberStreamController.close();
}
```

6. Pindah ke method dispose

```
@override
void dispose() {
    numberStreamController.close();
subscription.cancel();
super.dispose();
}
```

7. Pindah ke method build

```
ElevatedButton(
    onPressed: () => stopStream(),
    child: const Text('Stop Subscription')) //
```

8. Edit method addRandomNumber

```
void addRandomNumber() {
   Random random = Random();
   int myNum = random.nextInt(10);
   if (!numberStreamController.isClosed) {
      numberStream.addNumberToSink(myNum);
   } else {
      setState(() {
            lastNumber = -1;
            });
   }

   // numberStream.addError();
}

D/EGL_emulation( 3225): app_time_stats:
   I/flutter ( 3225): OnDone was called
   D/EGL_emulation( 3225): app_time_stats:
```

#### Praktikum 5

```
Plate StreamSubscription subscription2;
String values = '';
```

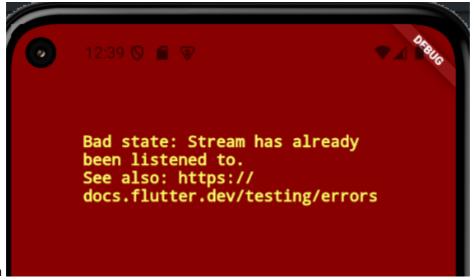
- 1. buka file main.dart
- 2. Edit initState()

```
subscription = stream.listen((event) {
setState(() {
   values += '$event - ';
});

subscription2 = stream.listen((event) {
   values += '$event - ';
};

});

});
```



3. run

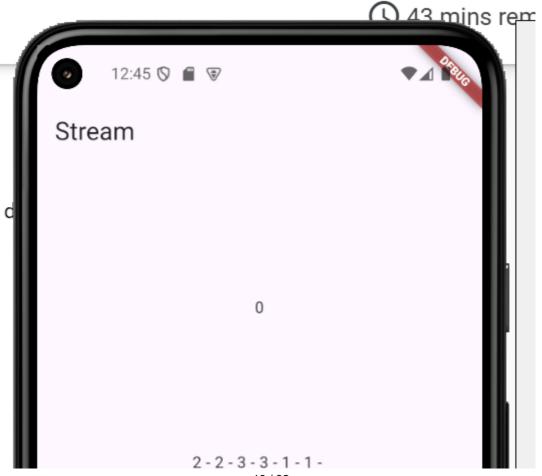
4. Set broadcast stream

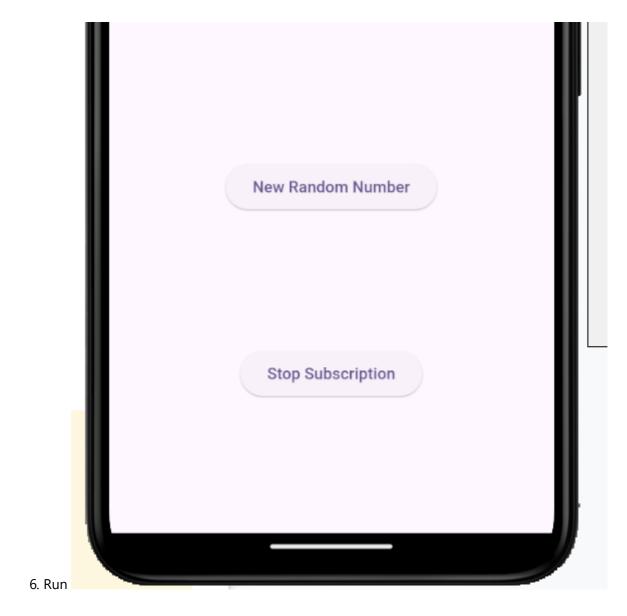
```
Stream stream = numberStreamController.stream.asBroadcastStream();

// changeColor();
```

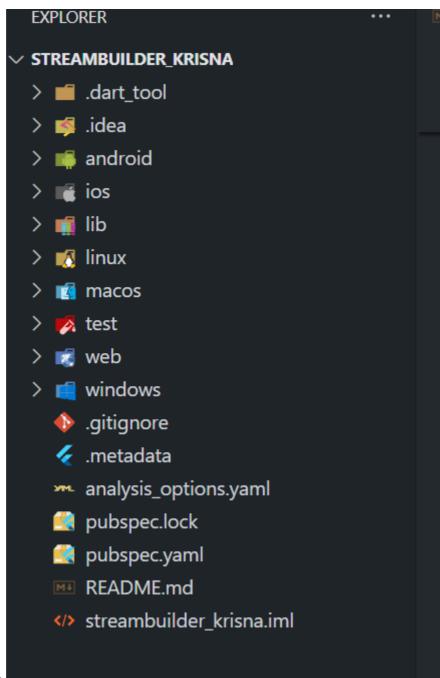
5. Edit method build()

```
body: Column(
   mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.spaceEvenly,
   crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.center,
   children: [Text(values)],
)); // Column // Scaffold
```





Praktikum 6



1. Buat project baru

class NumberStream {

2. Buat file baru stream.dart

4. Edit main.dart

```
class StreamHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
    const StreamHomePage({super.key});

    @override
    State<StreamHomePage> createState() => _StreamHomePageState();

}

class _StreamHomePageState extends State<StreamHomePage> {
    @override
    Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
        appBar: AppBar(
        title: const Text('Stream'),
        ), // AppBar
        body: Container(),
    ); // Scaffold
}

}
```

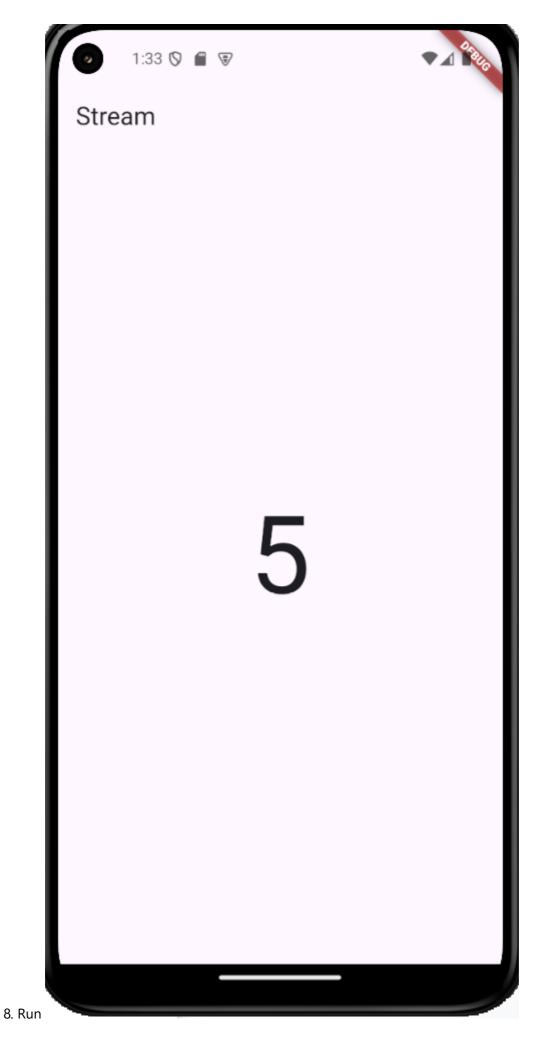
late Stream<int> numberStream;

6. Edit initState()

```
60
51  @override
52    void initState() {
53         numberStream = NumberStream().getNumbers();
54         super.initState();
55    }
56
```

7. Edit method build()

```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Scaffold(
     appBar: AppBar(
       title: const Text(data: 'Stream'),
     ), // AppBar
     body: StreamBuilder<int>(
         stream: numberStream,
         initialData: 0,
         builder: (BuildContext context, AsyncSnapshot<int> snapshot)
           if (snapshot.hasError) {
            if (snapshot.hasData) {
            return Center(
              child: Text(
                data: snapshot.data.toString(),
                style: const TextStyle(fontSize: 96),
              ), // Text
            ); // Center
           } else {
            return const SizedBox.shrink();
         })); // StreamBuilder // Scaffold
```



#### Praktikum 7

1. Buat project baru

```
PS D:\Kuliahe wong jenius\Semester 5\Mobile\Pertemuan 13> flutter create bloc_random_krisna Creating project bloc_random_krisna...

Resolving dependencies in `bloc_random_krisna`...

Downloading packages...

Got dependencies in `bloc_random_krisna`.

Wrote 129 files.
```

```
random_bloc.dart

import 'dart:async'; United import 'dart:math'; United import 'dart:math';
```

2. isi kode random\_bloc.dart

```
class RandomBloc {
```

- 3. Buat class RandomNumberBloc()
- 4. Buat variabelStreamController

5. Buat constructor

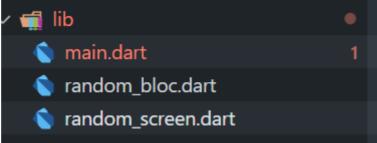
```
RandomBloc(){
    _generateRandomController.stream.listen((_){
        final random = Random().nextInt(10);
        _randomNumberController.sink.add(random);
    });
}
```

```
void dispose(){
    _generateRandomController.close();
    _randomNumberController.close();
}
```

6. buat method dispose()

#### 7. Edit main.dart

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
       const MyApp({super.key});
       // This widget is the root of your application.
       Widget build(BuildContext context) {
         return MaterialApp(
           title: 'Flutter Demo',
           theme: ThemeData(
             // TRY THIS: Try running your application with "flutter r
             // reload" button in a Flutter-supported IDE, or press "r
             // Notice that the counter didn't reset back to zero; the
             // state is not lost during the reload. To reset the state
             // This works for code too, not just values: Most code cha
             colorScheme: ColorScheme.fromSeed(seedColor: ☐ Colors.dee
             useMaterial3: true,
           ), // ThemeData
           home: const RandomScreen(),
                                           The name 'RandomScreen' isn'
34
         ); // MaterialApp
                                     [ø] context BuildContext
                                     😭 AboutDialog
      }
                                     😭 AboutListTile
                                     😭 AbsorbPointer
                                     😭 Accumulator
                                     😭 Action
                                     🔁 ActionChip
```



8. Buat file baru random\_screen

9. Lakukan import material dan random bloc.dart

```
lib > 🐚 random screen.dart
       import 'package:flutter/material.dart
       import 'random bloc.dart';
  2
                                      Unused impor
```

10. Buat statefull widget randomscreen

```
class RandomScreen extends StatefulWidget {
 const RandomScreen({super.key});
 @override
 State<RandomScreen> createState() => _RandomScreenState();
class _RandomScreenState extends State<RandomScreen> {
 @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
                               TODO: implement build
   throw UnimplementedError();
```

```
final _bloc = RandomBloc(); The value or
```

11. Buat variabel

```
@override
void dispose() {
  _bloc.dispose();
  super.dispose();
```

12. Buat method dispose()

#### 13. Edit method build

```
@override
       Widget build(BuildContext context) {
         return Scaffold(
           appBar: AppBar(
             title: const Text('Random Number'),
           ), // AppBar
           body: Center(
             child: StreamBuilder<int>(
                 stream: _bloc.randomNumber,
                 builder: (context, snapshot) {
                   return Text(
                      'Random numberv : ${snapshot.data}',
                     style: const TextStyle(fontSize: 24),
                   ); // Text
                 }), // StreamBuilder
           ), // Center
           floatingActionButton: FloatingActionButton(
             onPressed: () => _bloc.generateRandom.add(null),
             child: const Icon(Icons.refresh),
38
           ), // FloatingActionButton
         ); // Scaffold
```

#### Soal 1

• Tambahkan nama panggilan Anda pada title app sebagai identitas hasil pekerjaan Anda.

```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   return MaterialApp(
     title: 'Stream krisna',
     theme: ThemeData(
```

#### Soal 2

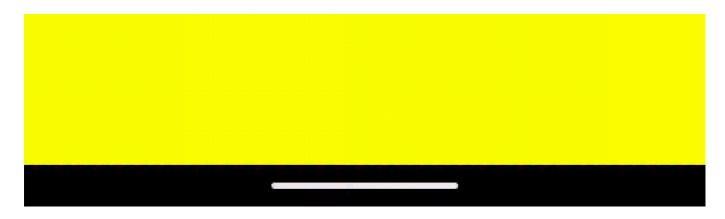
• Tambahkan 5 warna lainnya sesuai keinginan Anda pada variabel colors tersebut.

## Soal 3

- Jelaskan fungsi keyword yield\* pada kode tersebut! yield\* digunakan untuk mengembalikan banyak data yang biasanya juga dari method stream
- Apa maksud isi perintah kode tersebut? Mengembalikan nilai dari sebuah fungsi stream periodic dengan periode waktu 1 second , dengan dan sebuah function yang mereturn list colors dengan index

#### soal 4





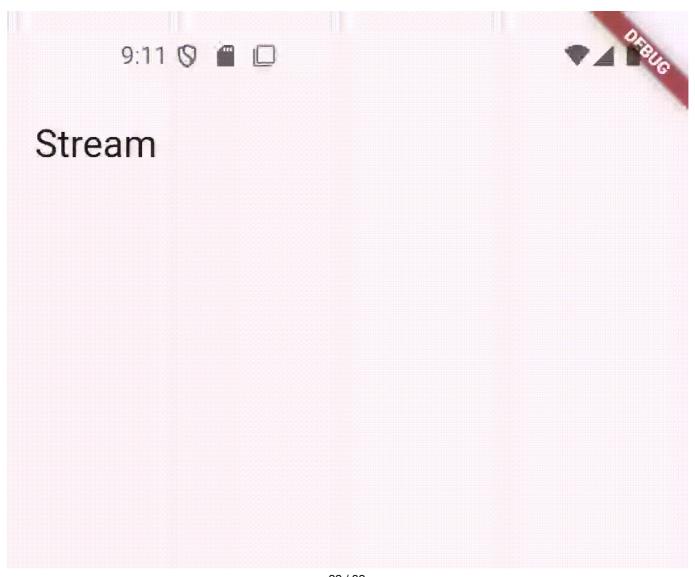
# soal 5

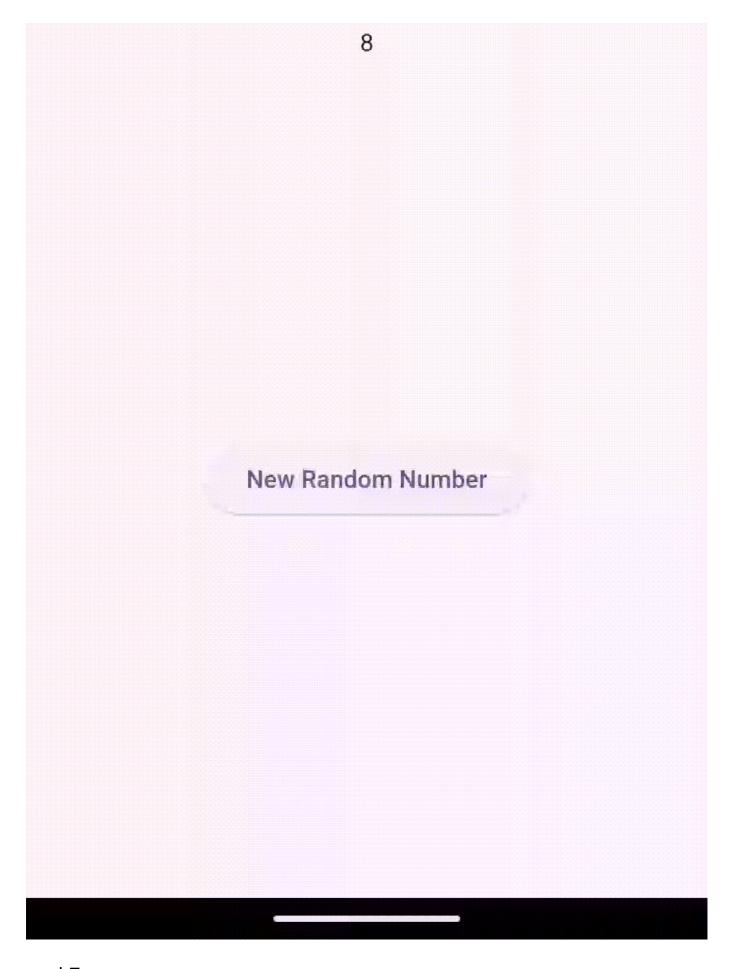
• Jelaskan perbedaan menggunakan listen dan await for (langkah 9) ! listen = digunakan untuk mendapatkan setiap data dari stream await for = digunakan untuk mengiterate untuk setiap objek dengan menunggu setiap proses

# soal 6

• Jelaskan maksud kode langkah 8 dan 10 tersebut!

langkah 8 init state digunakan untuk pendeklarasian dari class stream dan controller langkah 10 Digunakan untuk menambahkan nomer secara dan menambahkan ke sink





# soal 7

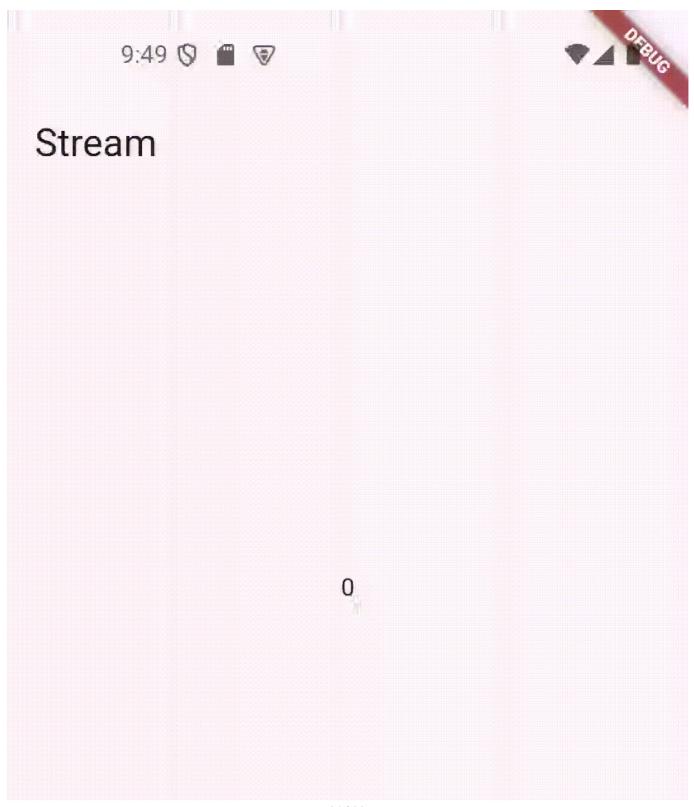
• jelaskan kode langkah 13 sampai 15 tersebut!

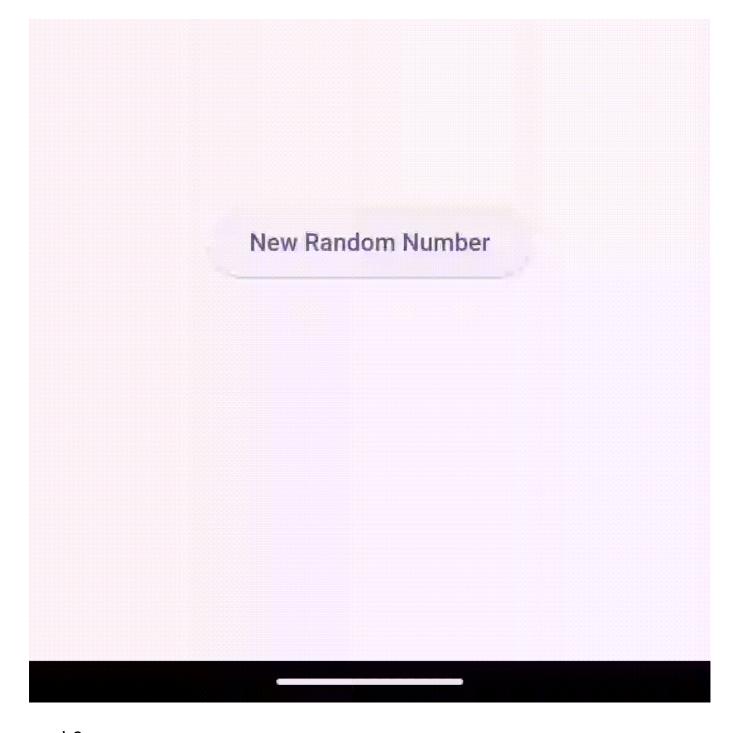
pada langkah 13 menambahkan function untuk menghandel error pada langkah 14 menambahkan main menambahkan handling pada initstate pada langkah 15 menjadikan error karena tidak ada data yang diinputkan, hanya menambahkan onError

#### soal 8

• Jelaskan maksud kode langkah 1-3 tersebut!

pada langkah 1 mendeklarasikan variabel StreamTransformer pada langkah 2 menambahkan handle data yaitu setiap data akan dikalikan 10 dari hasil random number pada langkah 3 mengubah variabel lastnumber dengan event dari StreamTransformer





# soal 9

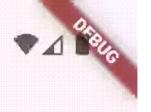
• Jelaskan maksud kode langkah 2, 6 dan 8 tersebut!

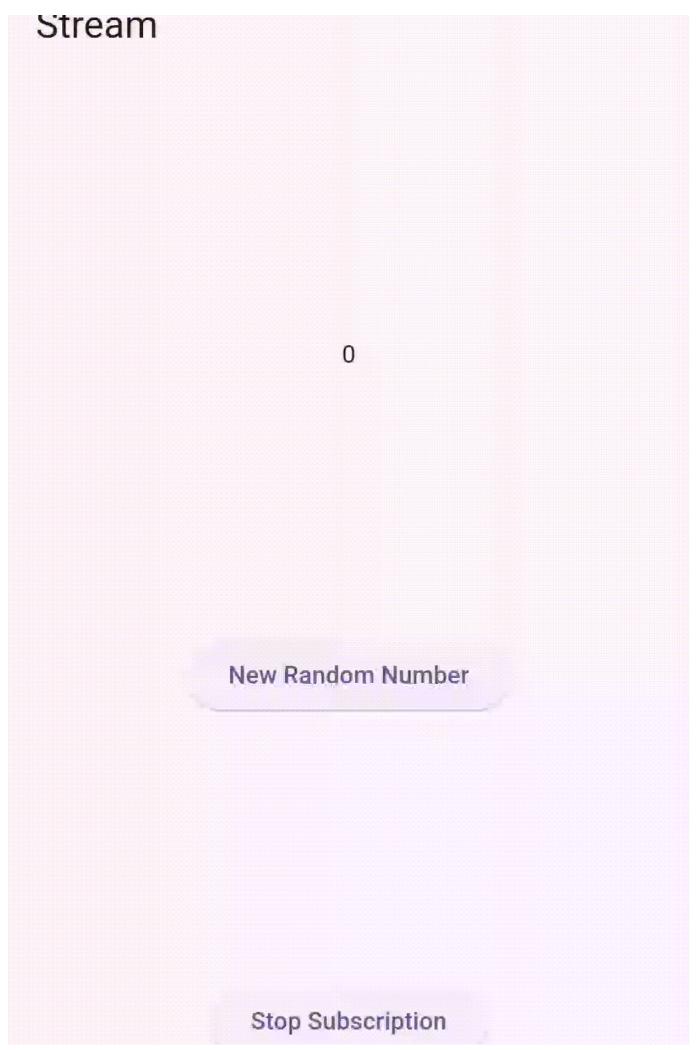
pada langkah 2 menambahkan subscription yang listen terhadap event dari stream lalu mengubah last number dengan event atau data dari stream pada langkah 6 dispose digunakan ketika stream sudah tidak terpakai, maka subscription akan di cancel pada langkah 8 terjadi pengecekan apabila controller masih dalam keadaan terbuka maka masih bisa menambahkan data ke stream, namun apabila sudah ditutup maka akan mengganti angka dengan -1

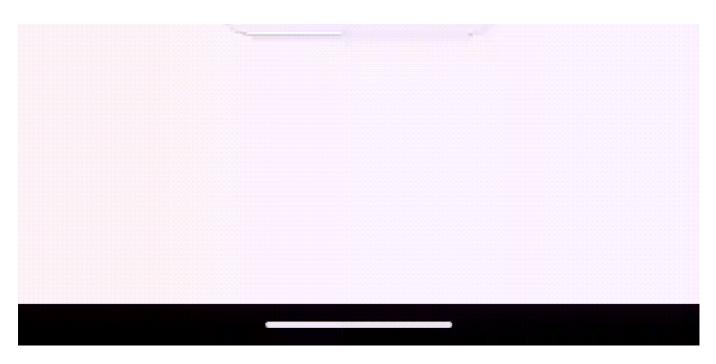










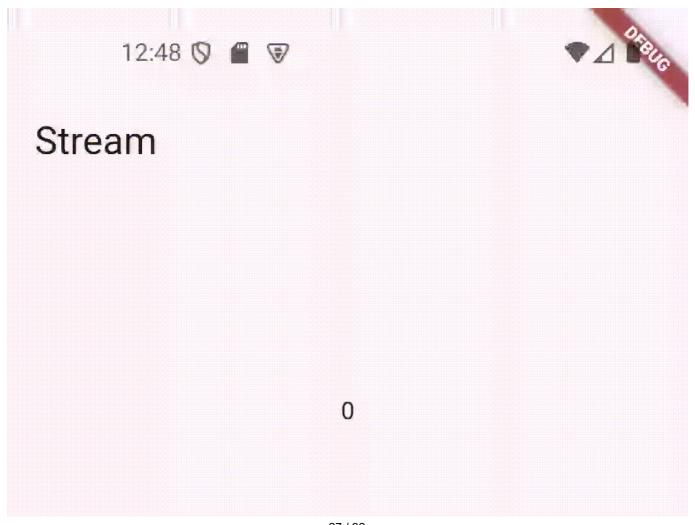


# Soal 10

Karena kedua subs mendengarkan pada streamController yang sama

# Soal 11

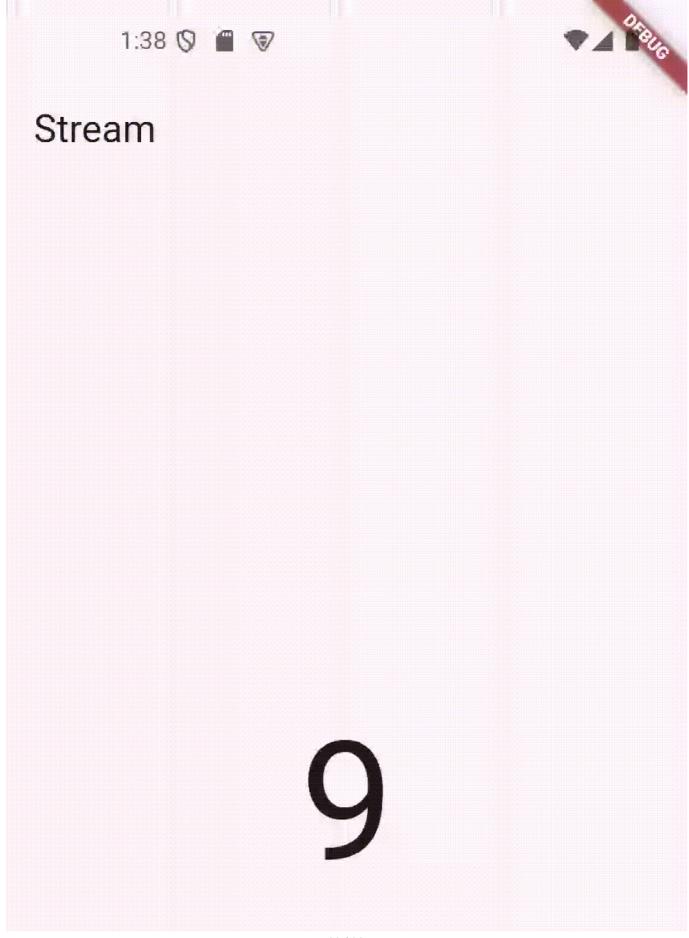
Karena terjadi broadcasting, sehinga subscription menjadi bekerja 2 kali untuk subs 1 dan subs 2 sehingga terjadi dobel angka

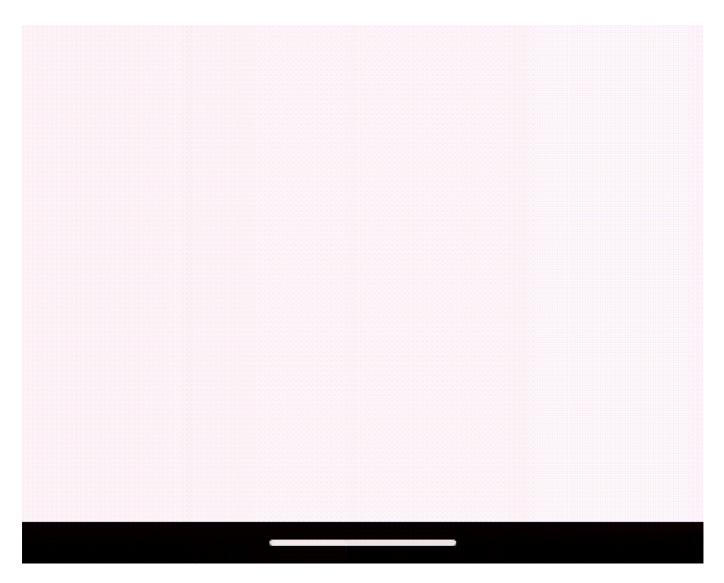




• Jelaskan maksud kode pada langkah 3 dan 7

pada langkah 3 membuat stream dengan periodic setiap 1 second menghasilkan angka random 1-10 pada langkah 7 membuat view menggunakan stream builder





# soal 13

pada praktikum ini terjadi pemisahan pada business logic pada random bloc, letak konsep BLoC terjadi di situ, dimana pemisahan setiap logic berada pada random\_bloc dan pada random\_screen hanya fokus pada tampilan





2024-11-18

readme.md