

# Review - 3

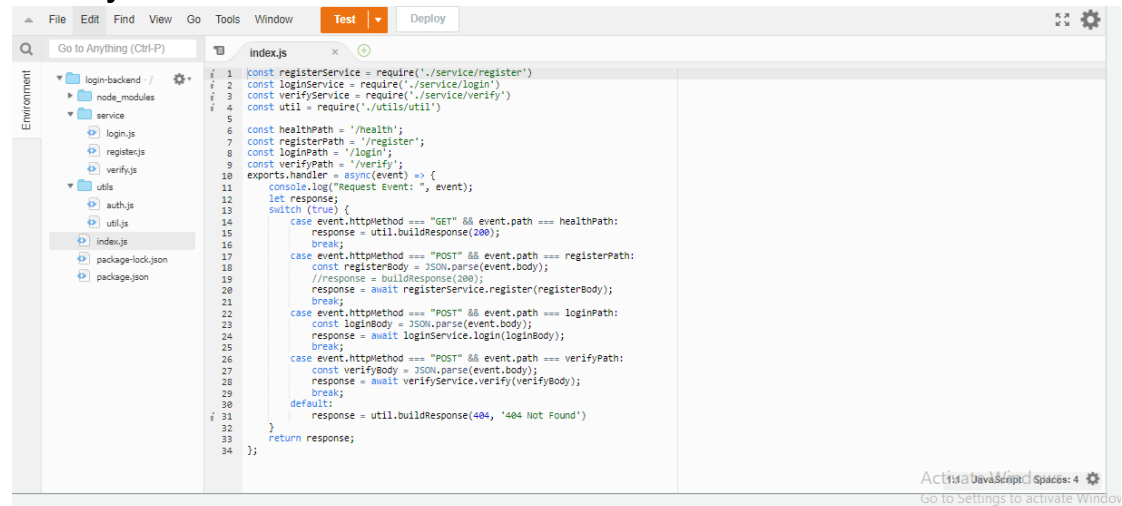
Name: Saptajit Banerjee

Registration Number: 20BCE1513

Code:

Backend:

index.js:

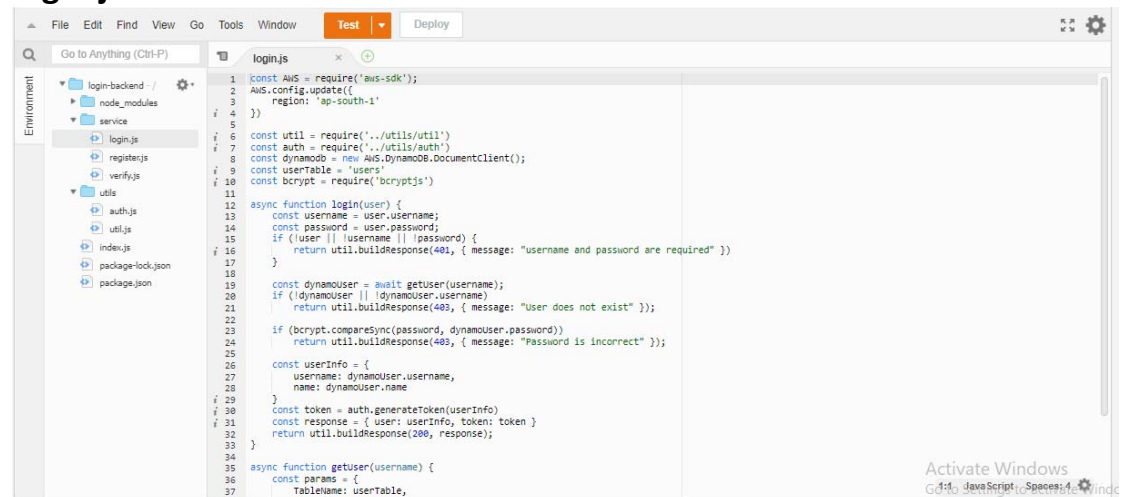


The screenshot shows the VS Code editor with the 'index.js' file open. The left sidebar displays the file explorer with the project structure: 'login-backend' (containing 'node\_modules', 'service', and 'utils' folders), 'package-lock.json', and 'package.json'. The 'index.js' file is selected in the 'utils' folder. The main editor area shows the following code:

```
1 const registerService = require('../service/register')
2 const loginService = require('../service/login')
3 const verifyService = require('../service/verify')
4 const util = require('../utils/util')
5
6 const healthPath = '/health';
7 const registerPath = '/register';
8 const loginPath = '/login';
9 const verifyPath = '/verify';
10 exports.handler = async(event) => {
11   console.log("Request Event: ", event);
12   let response;
13   switch (true) {
14     case event.httpMethod === "GET" && event.path === healthPath:
15       response = util.buildResponse(200);
16       break;
17     case event.httpMethod === "POST" && event.path === registerPath:
18       const registerBody = JSON.parse(event.body);
19       //response = buildResponse(200);
20       response = await registerService.register(registerBody);
21       break;
22     case event.httpMethod === "POST" && event.path === loginPath:
23       const loginBody = JSON.parse(event.body);
24       response = await loginService.login(loginBody);
25       break;
26     case event.httpMethod === "POST" && event.path === verifyPath:
27       const verifyBody = JSON.parse(event.body);
28       response = await verifyService.verify(verifyBody);
29       break;
30     default:
31       response = util.buildResponse(404, '404 Not Found')
32   }
33   return response;
34 }
```

The bottom right corner of the editor shows the status bar with 'Active: 1', 'JavaScript', 'Spaces: 4', and a gear icon for settings.

login.js:



The screenshot shows the VS Code editor with the 'login.js' file open. The left sidebar displays the file explorer with the project structure: 'login-backend' (containing 'node\_modules', 'service', and 'utils' folders), 'package-lock.json', and 'package.json'. The 'login.js' file is selected in the 'utils' folder. The main editor area shows the following code:

```
1 const AWS = require('aws-sdk');
2 AWS.config.update({
3   region: 'ap-south-1'
4 });
5
6 const util = require('../utils/util')
7 const auth = require('../utils/auth')
8 const dynamoDB = new AWS.DynamoDB.DocumentClient();
9 const userTable = 'users'
10 const bcrypt = require('bcryptjs')
11
12 async function login(user) {
13   const username = user.username;
14   const password = user.password;
15   if (!user || !username || !password) {
16     return util.buildResponse(401, { message: "username and password are required" });
17   }
18
19   const dynamoUser = await getUser(username);
20   if (!dynamoUser || !dynamoUser.username) {
21     return util.buildResponse(403, { message: "User does not exist" });
22   }
23   if (bcrypt.compareSync(password, dynamoUser.password)) {
24     return util.buildResponse(403, { message: "Password is incorrect" });
25   }
26
27   const userInfo = {
28     username: dynamoUser.username,
29     name: dynamoUser.name
30   };
31   const token = auth.generateToken(userInfo);
32   const response = { user: userInfo, token: token };
33   return util.buildResponse(200, response);
34 }
35
36 async function getUser(username) {
37   const params = {
38     TableName: userTable,
```

The bottom right corner of the editor shows the status bar with 'Active: 1', 'JavaScript', 'Spaces: 4', and a gear icon for settings.

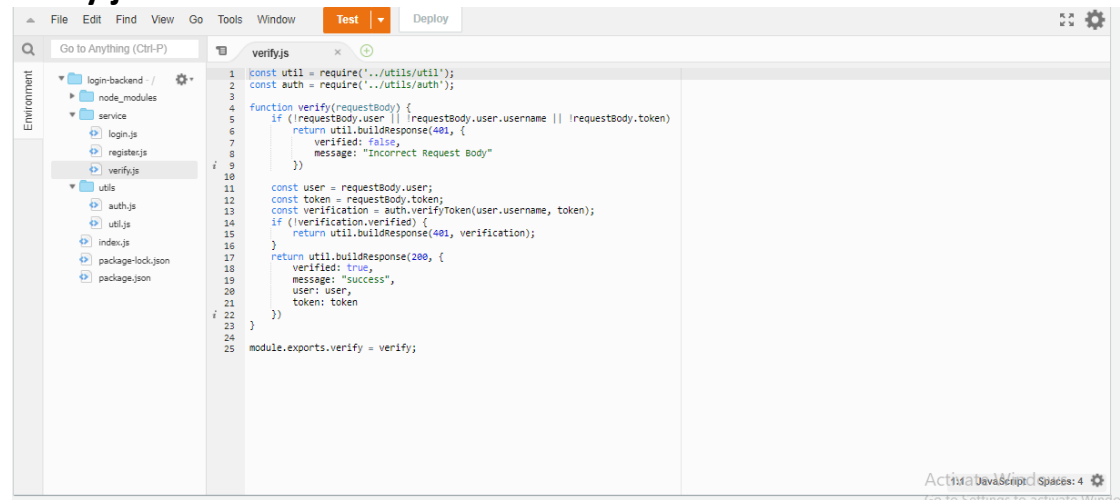
```
10 const bcrypt = require('bcryptjs')
11
12 async function login(user) {
13   const username = user.username;
14   const password = user.password;
15   if (!user || !username || !password) {
16     return util.buildResponse(400, { message: "username and password are required" });
17   }
18
19   const dynamouser = await getUser(username);
20   if (!dynamouser || !dynamouser.username) {
21     return util.buildResponse(400, { message: "User does not exist" });
22   }
23   if (bcrypt.compareSync(password, dynamouser.password)) {
24     return util.buildResponse(400, { message: "Password is incorrect" });
25   }
26
27   const userInfo = {
28     username: dynamouser.username,
29     name: dynamouser.name
30   };
31   const token = auth.generateToken(userInfo);
32   const response = { user: userInfo, token: token };
33   return util.buildResponse(200, response);
34 }
35
36 async function getUser(username) {
37   const params = {
38     TableName: userTable,
39     Key: {
40       username: username
41     }
42   };
43   return await dynamodb.get(params).promise().then(response => { return response.Item }, error => { console.error("There is an error") });
44 }
45
46 module.exports.login = login;
```

## regitser.js:

```
1 const AWS = require('aws-sdk');
2 AWS.config.update({
3   region: 'ap-south-1'
4 });
5
6 const util = require('../utils/util');
7 const dynamodb = new AWS.DynamoDB.DocumentClient();
8 const userTable = 'users';
9 const bcrypt = require('bcryptjs')
10
11 async function register(userInfo) {
12   const name = userInfo.name;
13   const email = userInfo.email;
14   const username = userInfo.username;
15   const password = userInfo.password;
16   if (!username || !name || !email || !password) {
17     return util.buildResponse(400, { message: "All fields are required" });
18   }
19   const dynamouser = await getUser(username);
20   if (dynamouser && dynamouser.username) {
21     return util.buildResponse(400, { message: "username already exists in our database. Please choose a different username" });
22   }
23   const encryptedPw = bcrypt.hashSync(password.trim(), 10);
24
25   const user = {
26     name: name,
27     email: email,
28     username: username.toLowerCase().trim(),
29     password: encryptedPw
30   };
31
32   const saveUserResponse = await saveUser(user);
33   if (!saveUserResponse) {
34     return util.buildResponse(500, { message: "Server Error. Please try again later" });
35   }
36   return util.buildResponse(200, { username: username });
37 }
```

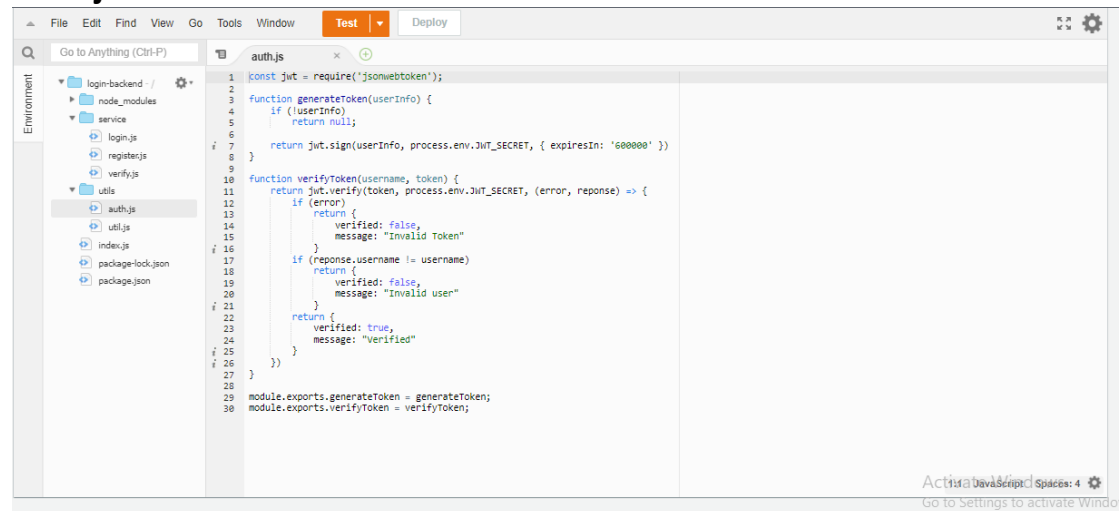
```
23   const encryptedPw = bcrypt.hashSync(password.trim(), 10);
24
25   const user = {
26     name: name,
27     email: email,
28     username: username.toLowerCase().trim(),
29     password: encryptedPw
30   };
31
32   const saveUserResponse = await saveUser(user);
33   if (!saveUserResponse) {
34     return util.buildResponse(500, { message: "Server Error. Please try again later" });
35   }
36   return util.buildResponse(200, { username: username });
37 }
38
39 async function getUser(username) {
40   const params = {
41     TableName: userTable,
42     Key: {
43       username: username
44     }
45   };
46   return await dynamodb.get(params).promise().then(response => { return response.Item }, error => { console.error("There is an error") });
47 }
48
49 async function saveUser(user) {
50   const params = {
51     TableName: userTable,
52     Item: user
53   };
54   return await dynamodb.put(params).promise().then(() => { return true; }, error => console.error('There is an error saving user: ', error));
55 }
56
57 module.exports.register = register;
```

## verify.js



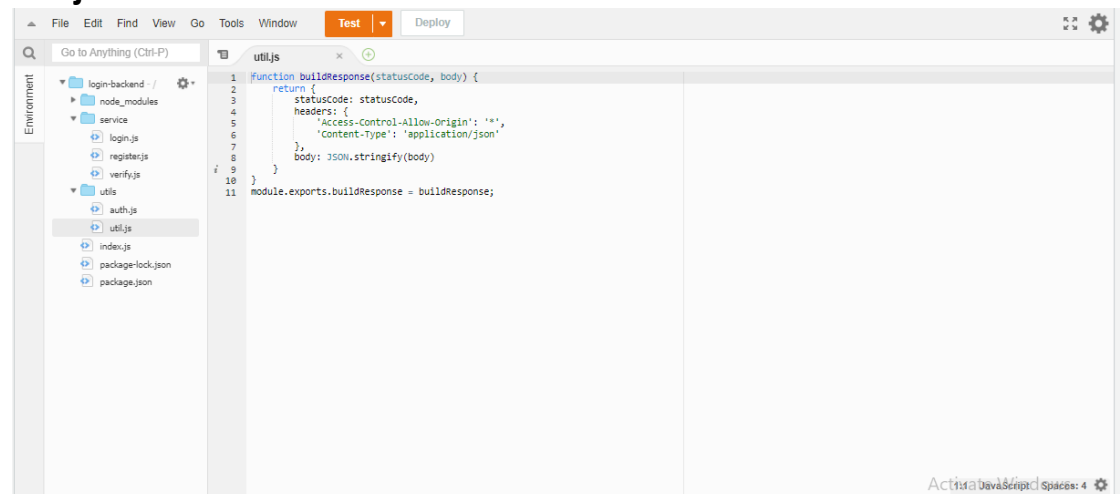
```
1 const util = require('../utils/util');
2 const auth = require('../utils/auth');
3
4 function verify(requestBody) {
5   if (!requestBody.user || !requestBody.token) {
6     return util.buildResponse(401, {
7       verified: false,
8       message: "Incorrect Request Body"
9     });
10
11   const user = requestBody.user;
12   const token = requestBody.token;
13   const verification = auth.verifyToken(user.username, token);
14   if (!verification.verified) {
15     return util.buildResponse(401, verification);
16   }
17   return util.buildResponse(200, {
18     verified: true,
19     message: "success",
20     user: user,
21     token: token
22   });
23 }
24
25 module.exports.verify = verify;
```

## auth.js



```
1 const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken');
2
3 function generateToken(userInfo) {
4   if (!userInfo) {
5     return null;
6   }
7   return jwt.sign(userInfo, process.env.JWT_SECRET, { expiresIn: '600000' });
8 }
9
10 function verifyToken(username, token) {
11   return jwt.verify(token, process.env.JWT_SECRET, (error, reponse) => {
12     if (error) {
13       return {
14         verified: false,
15         message: "Invalid Token"
16       };
17     }
18     if (reponse.username != username) {
19       return {
20         verified: false,
21         message: "Invalid user"
22       };
23     }
24     return {
25       verified: true,
26       message: "Verified"
27     };
28   });
29 }
30
31 module.exports.generateToken = generateToken;
32 module.exports.verifyToken = verifyToken;
```

## util.js



```
1 function buildResponse(statusCode, body) {
2   return {
3     statusCode: statusCode,
4     headers: {
5       'Access-Control-Allow-Origin': '*',
6       'Content-Type': 'application/json'
7     },
8     body: JSON.stringify(body)
9   };
10 }
11
12 module.exports.buildResponse = buildResponse;
```

## Frontend:

### App.jsx:

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import { BrowserRouter, NavLink, Route, Routes } from "react-router-dom";
import Home from "./Home"
```

```

import Login from "./Login"
import Register from "./Register";
import PremiumContent from "./PremiumContent";
import './App.css';
import { getUser,getToken,setUserSession,resetUserSession } from
'./Service';
import PublicRoute from './PublicRoute';
import PrivateRoute from './PrivateRoute';
import axios from 'axios';
function App() {
  const tokenUrl="https://fgs58drze0.execute-api.ap-south-
1.amazonaws.com/login/verify";
  const [isAuthenticating,setAuthenticating]=useState(true);
  useEffect(()=>{
    const token=getToken();
    if(token=== 'undefined' || token===undefined || token===null || !token)
    {
      return;
    }
    const requestConfig={headers:{'x-api-
key':"r8o0JoRZshaNcnJ3dJx3g6ZWhyf2NkVw18YGmgVC"}}
    const requestBody = {
      user:getUser(),
      token:token
    }
    axios.post(tokenUrl,requestBody,requestConfig).then(response=>{
      setUserSession(response.data.user,response.data.token);
      setAuthenticating(false);
    }).catch(error=>{
      resetUserSession();
      setAuthenticating(false);
    })
  },[]);
  const token = getToken();
  if(isAuthenticating && token)
  return <h4>Authenticating...</h4>;
  return (
    <div className = "App" >
      <BrowserRouter>
        <div className="header">
          <NavLink exact activeClassName="active"
to="/">Home</NavLink>
          <NavLink activeClassName="active"
to="/register">Register</NavLink>
          <NavLink activeClassName="active"
to="/login">Login</NavLink>
          <NavLink activeClassName="active" to="/premium-
content">Premium Content</NavLink>

```

```

        </div>
        <div className="content">
          <Routes>
            <Route element={<PublicRoute/>}>
              <Route exact path="/" element={<Home/>}/>
              <Route path="/register" element={<Register/>}/>
              <Route path="/login" element={<Login/>}/>
            </Route>
            <Route element={<PrivateRoute/>}>
              <Route path="/premium-content"
element={<PremiumContent/>}/>
            </Route>
          </Routes>
        </div>
      </BrowserRouter>
    </div>
  );
}
export default App;

```

### App.css:

```

.header {
  border-bottom: 5px solid black;
  padding-bottom: 10px;
}

.header a {
  margin: 10px;
  text-decoration: none;
  color: black;
  font-size: 18px;
  font-family: Verdana;
}

```

### index.jsx:

```

import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom/client';
import App from './App';
const root = ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById('root'));
root.render( <React.StrictMode>
  <App/>
</React.StrictMode>
);

```

### Home.jsx:

```
import React from 'react';
const Home=()=>{
  return(
    <div>
      This is Home page!
    </div>
  )
}
export default Home;
```

### Login.jsx:

```
import React,{useState} from 'react';
import axios from 'axios';
import { setUserSession } from './Service';
import { useNavigate } from 'react-router-dom';
const loginAPIUrl="https://fgs58drze0.execute-api.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/login/login";
const Login=()=>{
  const [username,setUsername]=useState('');
  const [password,setPassword]=useState('');
  const [errorMessage,setErrorMessage]=useState(null);
  const navigate = useNavigate();
  const submitHandler = (event) =>{
    event.preventDefault();
    if(username.trim()==='' || password.trim()=== '')
    {
      setErrorMessage("Both Username and Password are required");
      return;
    }
    setErrorMessage(null);
    const requestConfig = {
      headers:{'x-api-key':"r8o0JoRZshaNcnJ3dJx3g6ZWhyf2NkVw18YGmgVC"}
    }
    const requestBody = {
      username:username,
      password:password
    }
    axios.post(loginAPIUrl,requestBody,requestConfig).then((response)=>
    {
      setUserSession(response.data.user,response.data.token);
      setErrorMessage("Login Successful");
      //window.open("http://localhost:3000/");
      //window.close();
      navigate("/premium-content");
    }).catch((error)=>{
      if(error.response.status===401 || error.response.status===403)
      {setErrorMessage(error.response.data.message);}
    })
  }
}
```

```

        else
        {setErrorMessage("Backend Server Is Down, Please Try Again");}
    });
}
return(
    <div>
        <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
            <h2>Login</h2>
            Username<br/>
            <input type="text" value={username} onChange={event =>
setUsername(event.target.value)}/><br/>
            Password<br/>
            <input type="password" value={password} onChange={event =>
setPassword(event.target.value)}/><br/>
            <input type="submit" value="LOGIN"/>
        </form>
        <p>{errorMessage}</p>
    </div>
)
}
export default Login;

```

### Register.jsx:

```

import React,{useState}from 'react';
import axios from 'axios';
const registerUrl="https://fgs58drze0.execute-api.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/login/register";
const Register=()=>{
    const [name,setName]=useState('');
    const [email,setEmail]=useState('');
    const [username,setUsername] = useState('');
    const [password,setPassword]=useState('');
    const [message,setMessage]=useState('');
    const submitHandler = (event) =>{
        event.preventDefault();
        if(username.trim()=== '' || email.trim()=== '' || username.trim()=== '' || password.trim()=== '')
        {
            setMessage("All Fields Are Required");
            return;
        }
        setMessage(null);
        const requestConfig = {
            headers:{'x-api-key':"r8o0JoRZshaNcnJ3dJx3g6ZWhyf2NkVw18YGmgVC"}
        }
        const requestBody = {
            username:username,
            email:email,

```

```

        name:name,
        password:password
    }
    axios.post(registerUrl,requestBody,requestConfig).then(response=>{
        setMessage("Registration Successful");
    }).catch(error=>{
        if(error.response.status===401){
            setMessage(error.response.data.message);
        }
        else{
            setMessage("Backend Server is Down Please Try Again");
        }
    });
}
}
return(
    <div>
        <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
            <h2>Register</h2>
            Name<br/><input type="text" value={name}
onChange={event=>setName(event.target.value)}/><br/>
            Email<br/><input type="email" value={email}
onChange={event=>setEmail(event.target.value)}/><br/>
            Username<br/><input type="text" value={username}
onChange={event=>setUsername(event.target.value)}/><br/>
            Password<br/><input type="password" value={password}
onChange={event=>setPassword(event.target.value)}/><br/>
            <br/><input type="submit" value="REGISTER"/>
        </form>
        <p>{message}</p>
    </div>
)
}
export default Register;

```

### PremiumContent.jsx:

```

import React from 'react';
import { getUser,resetUserSession } from './Service';
import { useNavigate } from 'react-router-dom';
const PremiumContent=()=>{
    const navigate = useNavigate();
    const user = getUser();
    const name = user !== 'undefined' && user ? user.name:'';
    const logoutHandler=()=>{
        resetUserSession();
        navigate("/login");
    }
}
return(
    <div>

```



```

    Hello {name} !<br/>
    You Have Been Logged In!<br/>
    This is Premium Content page!<br/>
    <input type="button" value="LOG OUT" onClick={logoutHandler}/>
  </div>
)
}
export default PremiumContent;

```

### PrivateRoute.jsx:

```

.header {
  border-bottom: 5px solid black;
  padding-bottom: 10px;
}

.header a {
  margin: 10px;
  text-decoration: none;
  color: black;
  font-size: 18px;
  font-family: Verdana;
}

```

### PublicRoute.jsx:

```

import React from 'react';
import { Navigate,Outlet} from 'react-router-dom';
import { getToken } from './Service';

const PublicRoute = () => {
  return (
    !getToken() ? <Outlet/>: < Navigate to ='/premium-
content' />
  )
}
export default PublicRoute

```

### Service.js:

```

module.exports = {
  getUser: function() {
    const user = sessionStorage.getItem('user');
    if (user === 'undefined' || !user) {
      return null;
    } else {
      return JSON.parse(user);
    }
  },
  getToken: function() {

```

```

        return sessionStorage.getItem('token');
    },
    setUserSession: function(user, token) {
        sessionStorage.setItem('user', JSON.stringify(user));
        sessionStorage.setItem('token', token);
    },
    resetUserSession: function() {
        sessionStorage.removeItem('user');
        sessionStorage.removeItem('token');
    }
}

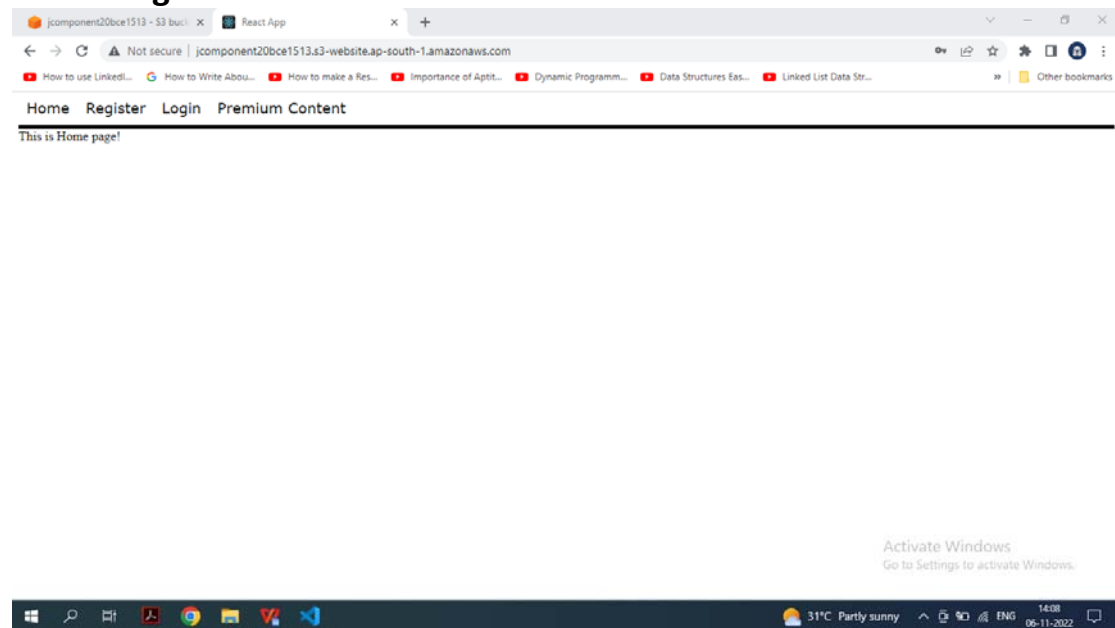
```

## Output:

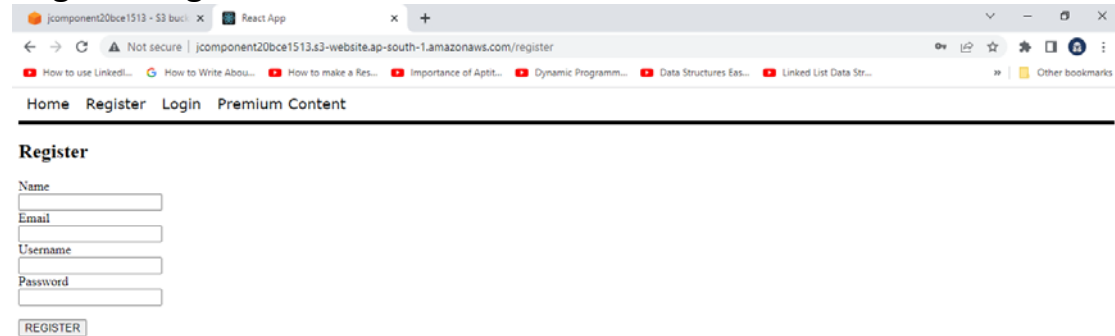
The system allows only the registered users to access the Premium Content page. To register, the users must go to Registration Page and fill all the details in that page and then click on the 'REGISTER' button to submit the details.

The whole system is put in a AWS S3 bucket. **The link to the S3 bucket is:**  
<http://jcomponent20bce1513.s3-website.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/>

## Home Page:



## Register Page:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `jcomponent20bce1513.s3-website.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/register`. The browser's address bar shows the URL and a warning icon indicating it is not secure. The page has a navigation bar with links: Home, Register, Login, and Premium Content. Below the navigation bar, the title "Register" is displayed. The registration form consists of five input fields: Name, Email, Username, Password, and a second Password field. A "REGISTER" button is located at the bottom of the form. The browser's taskbar at the bottom shows the Windows logo, search icon, and several application icons. The system tray on the right shows the date and time as 14:09 on 06-11-2022.

Home Register Login Premium Content

### Register

Name

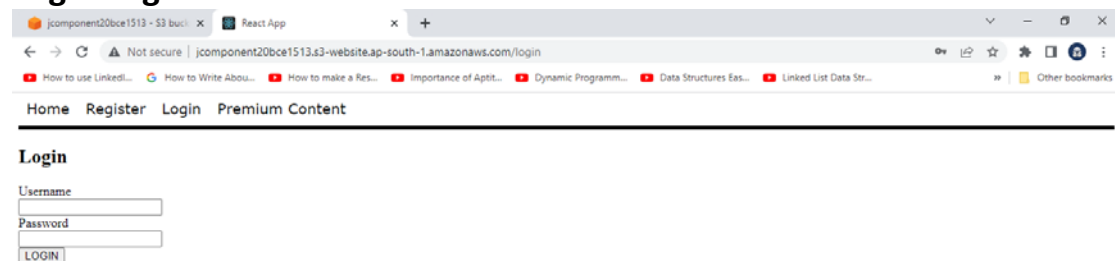
Email

Username

Password

REGISTER

## Login Page:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `jcomponent20bce1513.s3-website.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/login`. The browser's address bar shows the URL and a warning icon indicating it is not secure. The page has a navigation bar with links: Home, Register, Login, and Premium Content. Below the navigation bar, the title "Login" is displayed. The login form consists of two input fields: Username and Password. A "LOGIN" button is located at the bottom of the form. The browser's taskbar at the bottom shows the Windows logo, search icon, and several application icons. The system tray on the right shows the date and time as 14:09 on 06-11-2022.

Home Register Login Premium Content

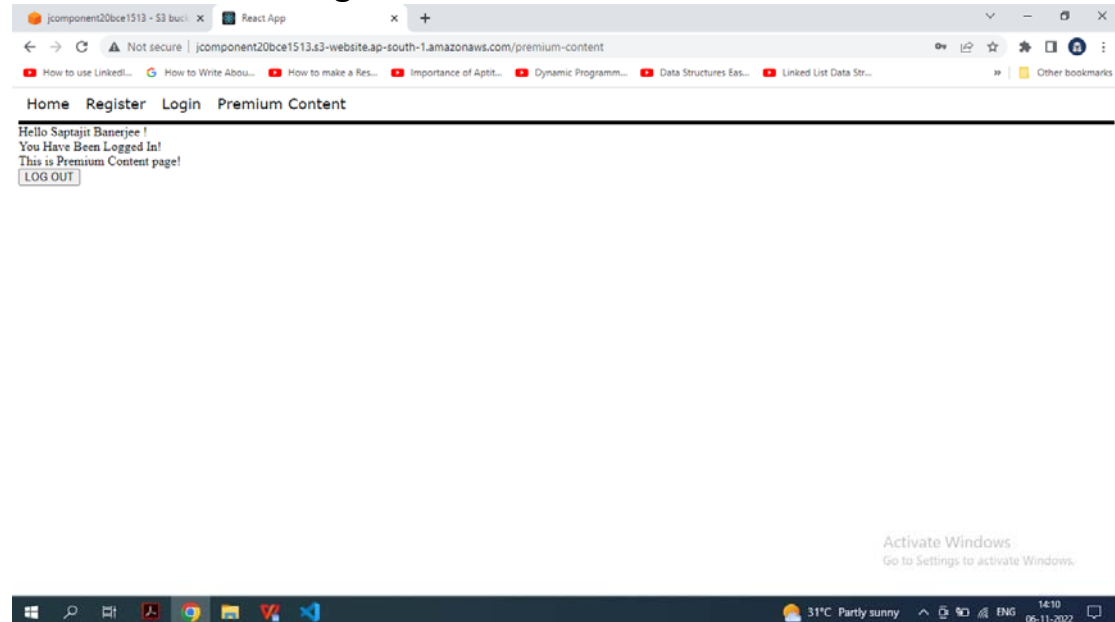
### Login

Username

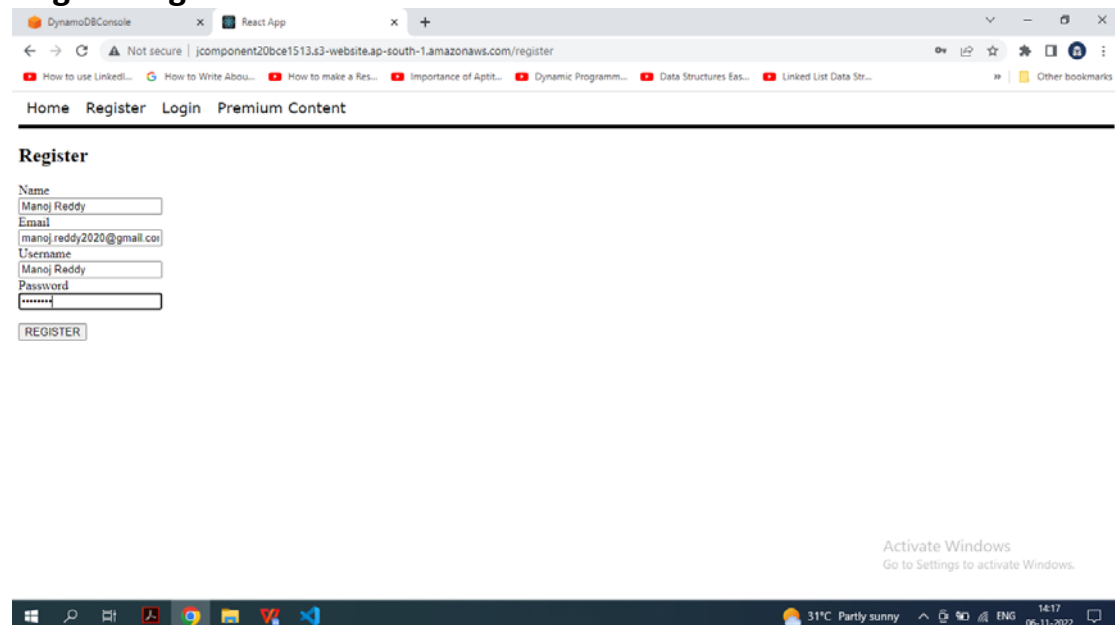
Password

LOGIN

## Premium Content Page:



## Demonstration: Registering User:



Password is set as "abc1234"

## Successful Registration:

DynamoDBConsole x React App x +

Not secure | jcomponent20bce1513.s3-website.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/register

Home Register Login Premium Content

### Register

Name  
Manoj Reddy

Email  
manoj.reddy2020@gmail.com

Username  
Manoj Reddy

Password  
\*\*\*\*\*

REGISTER

Registration Successful

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

## Data stored in DynamoDB:

Items | Amazon DynamoDB Manager x React App x +

ap-south-1.console.aws.amazon.com/dynamodbv2/home?region=ap-south-1#item-explorer?initialTagKey=&table=users

Search [Alt+S]

Mumbai Athlon

### DynamoDB

Dashboard  
Tables  
Update settings  
Explore items  
PartiQL editor  
Backups  
Exports to S3  
Imports from S3  
Reserved capacity  
Settings

DAX  
Clusters  
Subnet groups  
Parameter groups  
Events

#### Tables (1)

Any table tag

Find tables by table name

users

### users

Scan/Query items  
Expand to query or scan items.

Completed Read capacity units consumed: 0.5

Items returned (3)

	username	email	name	password
	anirudh123	anirudh200...	Anirudh Jha	\$2a\$10\$ewf/Akbi4QBk41n4l3MTO...
	manoj reddy	manoj.redd...	Manoj Reddy	\$2a\$10\$f7q2PMNkF2OM12togLgJr...
	atheon	saptajitban...	Saptajit Ba...	\$2a\$10\$6wn9F5bkjJ/7FwxwXYIxiuG...

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Feedback Looking for language selection? Find it in the new Unified Settings

© 2022, Amazon Internet Services Private Ltd. or its affiliates. Privacy Terms Cookie preferences

14:24  
06-11-2022

## Logging into Registered Account:

Items | Amazon DynamoDB Mar | React App

Not secure | jcomponent20bce1513.s3-website.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/login

Home Register Login Premium Content

### Login

Username  
manoj reddy

Password  
\*\*\*\*\*

LOGIN

Password is incorrect

## Successful Login:

Items | Amazon DynamoDB Mar | React App

Not secure | jcomponent20bce1513.s3-website.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/premium-content

Home Register Login Premium Content

Hello Manoj Reddy !  
You Have Been Logged In!  
This is Premium Content page!  
LOG OUT

Save password?  
Save in your Google Account

Username manoj reddy

Password \*\*\*\*\*

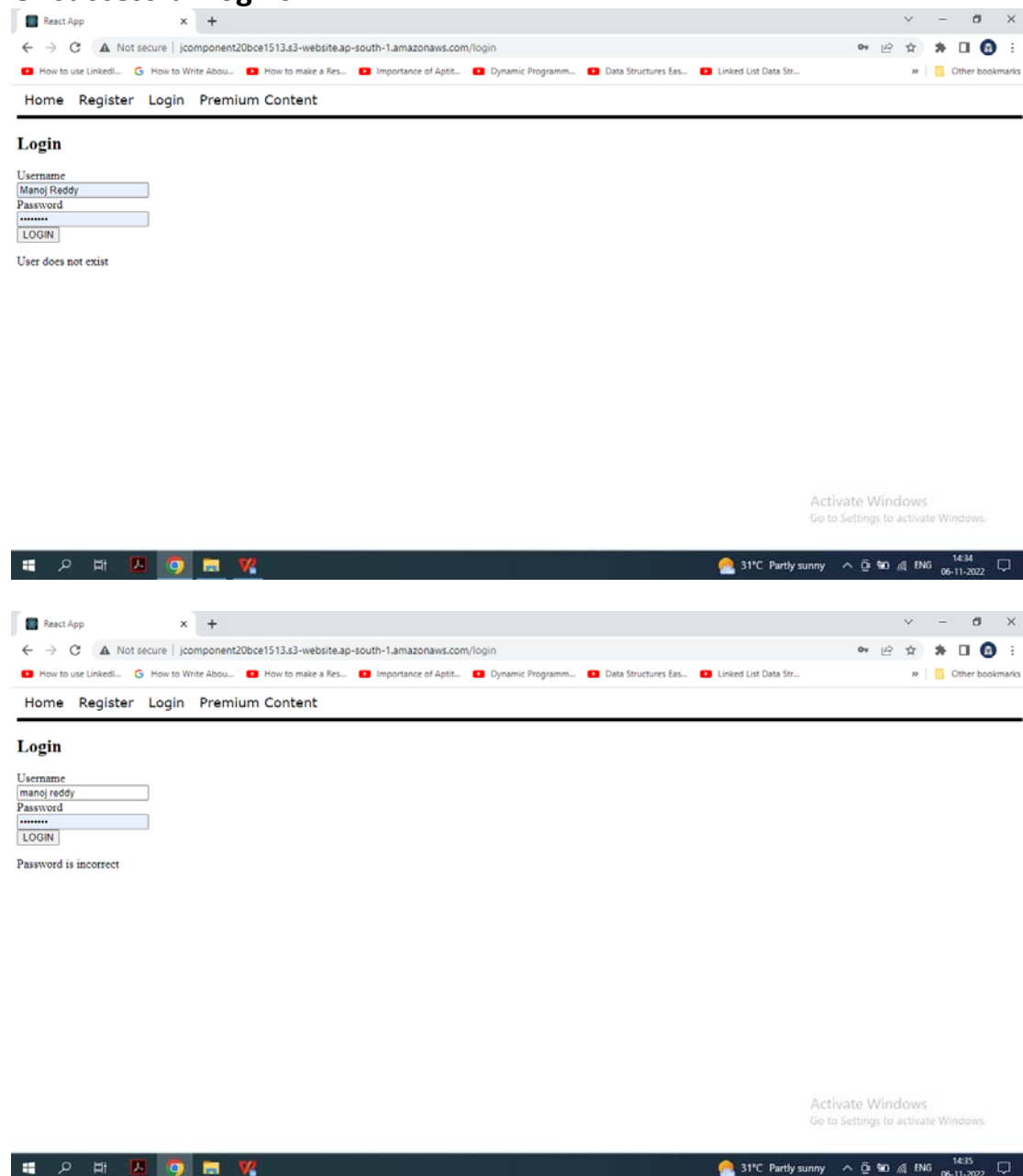
Save Never

You can use saved passwords on any device. They're saved to Google Password Manager for saptajit.banerjee2020@vitstudent.ac.in.

31°C Partly sunny

User will be automatically logged out after 1 minute if no user activity is detected.

## Unsuccessful Logins:



## Advantages:

### 1. Back-up and restore data

Once the data is stored in the cloud, it is easier to get back-up and restore that data using the cloud.

### 2. Improved collaboration

Cloud applications improve collaboration by allowing groups of people to quickly and easily share information in the cloud via shared storage.

### 3. Excellent accessibility

Cloud allows us to quickly and easily access store information anywhere, anytime in the whole world, using an internet connection. An internet cloud infrastructure

increases organization productivity and efficiency by ensuring that our data is always accessible.

#### **4. Low maintenance cost**

Cloud computing reduces both hardware and software maintenance costs for organizations.

#### **5. Mobility**

Cloud computing allows us to easily access all cloud data via mobile.

#### **6. Intelligent Services in the pay-per-use model**

Cloud computing offers Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) to the users for access services on the cloud and pays the charges as per the usage of service.

#### **7. Unlimited storage capacity**

Cloud offers us a huge amount of storing capacity for storing our important data such as documents, images, audio, video, etc. in one place.

#### **8. Data security**

Data security is one of the biggest advantages of cloud computing. Cloud offers many advanced features related to security and ensures that data is securely stored and handled.

#### **9. Scalable**

Scalability is one of the quality of AWS cloud in which we can easily scale up or scale down the space as per our requirements.

#### **10. Quick updates are possible**

By using serverless infrastructure or an architecture it is easy to deploy or update the web application. This property is generally used by the app developers.

### **Disadvantages:**

#### **1. Internet Connectivity**

As we know, in cloud computing, every data (image, audio, video, etc.) is stored on the cloud, and we access these data through the cloud by using the internet connection. If you do not have good internet connectivity, you cannot access these data. However, we have no any other way to access data from the cloud.

#### **2. Vendor lock-in**

Vendor lock-in is the biggest disadvantage of cloud computing. Organizations may face problems when transferring their services from one vendor to another. As different vendors provide different platforms, that can cause difficulty moving from one cloud to another.



### 3. Limited Control

As we know, cloud infrastructure is completely owned, managed, and monitored by the service provider, so the cloud users have less control over the function and execution of services within a cloud infrastructure.

### 4. Security

Although cloud service providers implement the best security standards to store important information. But, before adopting cloud technology, you should be aware that you will be sending all your organization's sensitive information to a third party, i.e., a cloud computing service provider. While sending the data on the cloud, there may be a chance that your organization's information is hacked by Hackers.

### 5. Not for long-running processes

In AWS cloud platform the serverless architecture is not made for long term process or we can call as long running processes.

### Conclusion:

Building serverless applications on AWS shows that the responsibilities that servers introduce. Using AWS Lambda as our serverless logic layer used to build faster and focus our development efforts on what differentiates the website. Lambda, AWS provides additional serverless capabilities so that we can build robust, reliable, secure, and cost-effective website. Understanding the capabilities and recommendations described in this paper can help to ensure the success when building serverless website of our own with authentication.

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