E9 222 Signal Processing in Practice

Assignment - Image Sharpening (Due Feb 12, 2024)

High boost filtering is a popular technique used for image sharpening that uses a combination of a high pass filter and a gain factor. For a given image f(m,n), the sharpened image g(m,n) is obtained as

$$g(m, n) = f(m, n) + k [f(m, n) * h(m, n)],$$

where h(m, n) is a high pass filter, such as the Laplacian filter.

Sharpen the given images using high boost filtering (the images have been often demonstrated as examples using the photo-unblur feature of the latest Pixel phones). Be sure to incorporate saturation of pixel values below 0 or above 255. Use the following high pass filter,

$$h = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 8 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix},$$

where the middle coefficient of the filter corresponds to (0,0). Design a spatially varying gain k(m,n) such that for weak edges (or small magnitude of the Laplacian filter output), k is larger and for stronger edges (or large magnitude of the Laplacian filter output), k is smaller. In particular, design a curve for k as a function of |f(m,n)*h(m,n)| with the above property. Show visually whether the choice of a curve gives a better result than a constant k(m,n) for all the location.