

ES2D7 SOFTWARE ASSIGNMENT





THE CONCEPT

To Successfully meet the requirements listed in the project brief, I conceptualised creating a 2-stage multiplication game for primary school children

Stage 1(60 seconds)

1. 60 second Timer Starts
2. User Selects Difficulty
3. Presented with a math problem
4. User answers Question
5. If correct, Ammos is generated
6. steps 3,4,5 repeated
7. Timer runs out

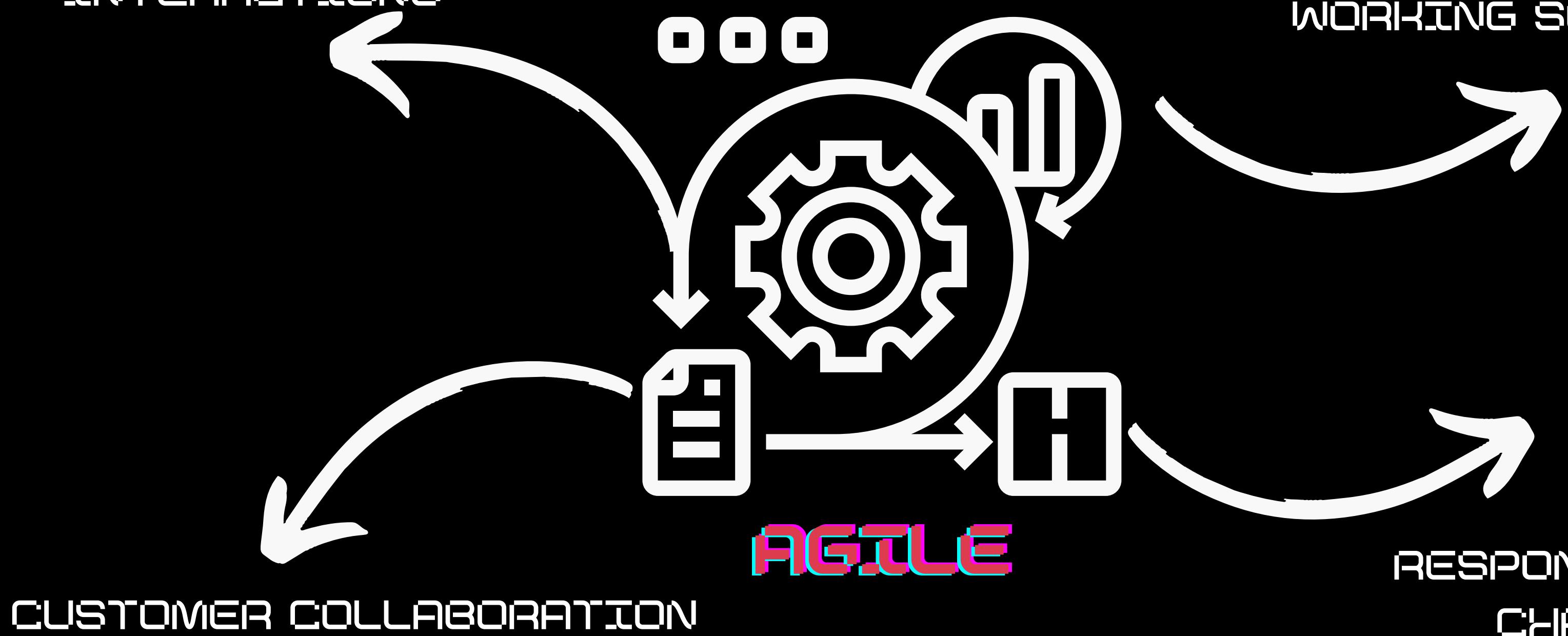
Stage 2(30 seconds)

1. Galactic attack under way
2. Users ammo level depends on stage 1
3. Able to exchange some ammunition for a galactic Bomb
4. shoot down incoming meteors
5. Ensure that Meteors remain in safe zone

DEVELOPMENT APPROACH

INDIVIDUALS AND
INTERACTIONS

WORKING SOFTWARE



PRODUCT BACKLOG

User story	Priority(1-5)	Time Estimation(1-5)	User story	Priority(1-5)	Time Estimation(1-5)
As a user, I am shown descriptions of how the game works with rules so I understand how to play	5	1	As a user, I am able to see the number of lives that I have remaining	2	3
As a user, I have the option to retry stage 1 or proceed onto stage 2 of the game	3	1	As a user, I am given a location where I can type in my answer	5	1
As a user, I am able to select the difficulty of the problems	5	4	As a user, I am able to utilise a range of push buttons and key presses to play the game	5	5
As a user, I am able to select to play with or without sound	1	1	As a user, I want new questions to be generated upon correctly answering a previous problem	2	1
As a user, I am able to select the difficulty of the problems	3	1	As a user, I want new questions to be generated upon correctly answering a previous problem	5	1
As a user, I am able to play the game again if I wish	4	1	As a user, I am able to toggle and switch difficulty throughout the duration of the game	5	1
As a user, I am able to press a button to exchange my bullets for bombs providing me with more options	2	5	As a user, I am able to skip questions that are too difficult	5	1
As a user, I am shown the time remaining throughout the game	5	4	As a user, I can directly see my missiles being shot towards the target	3	4
As a user, I am able to clearly see the ammunition I have generated in game	4	2	As a user, I can clearly see the explosions that are being blasted with lasers	2	2
As a user, I am able to identify when the attempt is close to finishing as time remaining will become red	1	1	As a user, I want to see whether my answer is correct or incorrect	1	1
As a user, I can observe the total number of bombs and laser bullets I have remaining	3	3	As a user, I can easily understand that this is a space shooting game	1	1
As a user, I can clearly see the critical zone which I must protect	2	1	As a user, I can see and control the spacecraft within the game	1	1

SCRUM SPINTS

Upon developing a product backlog of activities, I then categorized the following tasks into a set of scrum sprints which are:

Basic UI

- Ensuring that the game is intuitive and easy to follow
- Creating Buttons to press such as return, retry, proceed etc.

Game Constraints

- Timer
- Alternating Difficulty in the game
- Number of lives within the game
- Considering negative marking

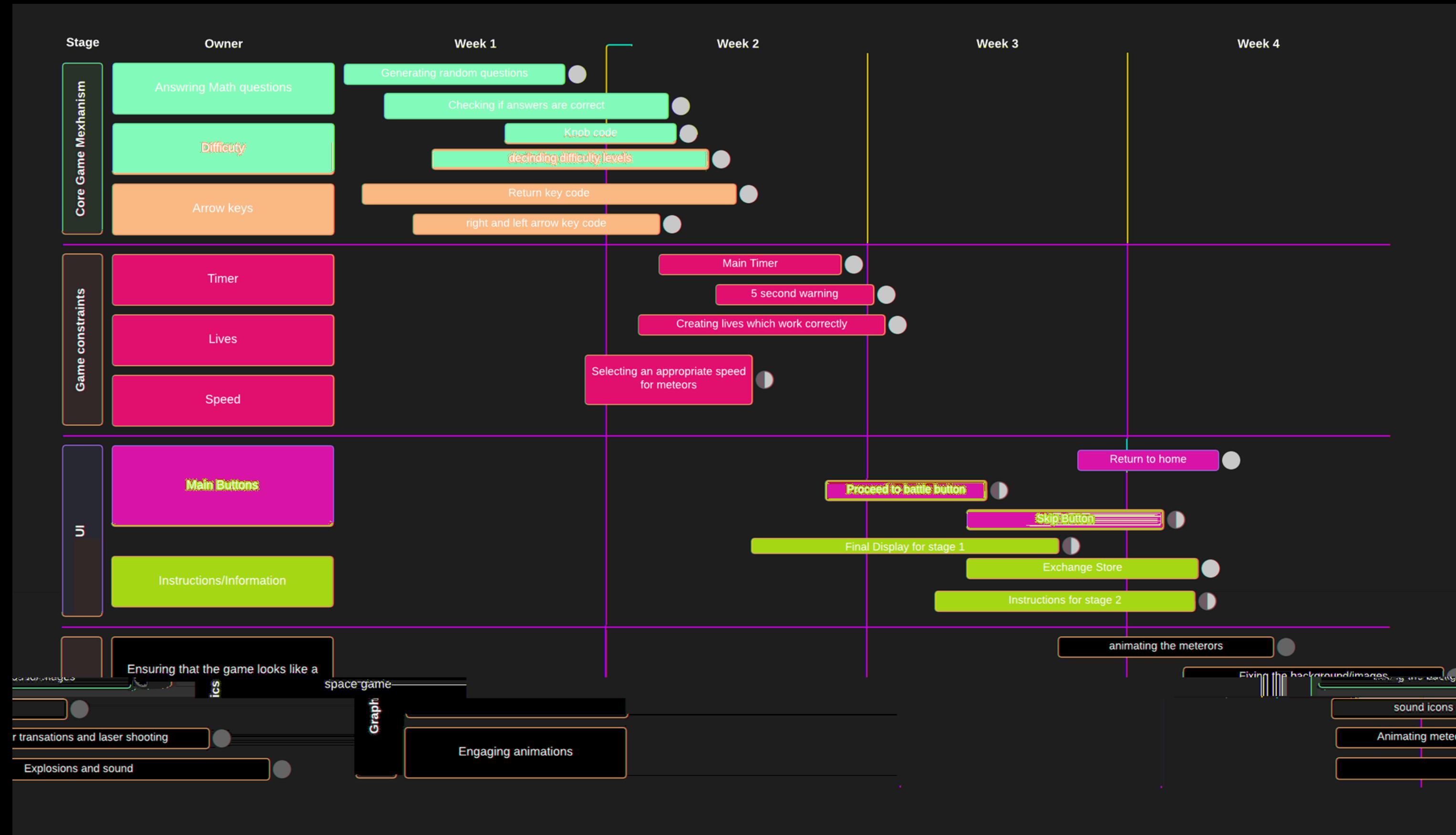
Game Mechanism

- This section focuses on the key way in which game is played:
- Being able to press keys to play game(ie=e arrow and enter buttons)
- Being able to toggle the difficulty

Graphics

- Ensuring that the game looks like a space game
- animating meteors and meteor explosion
- creating a display which is easy to understand

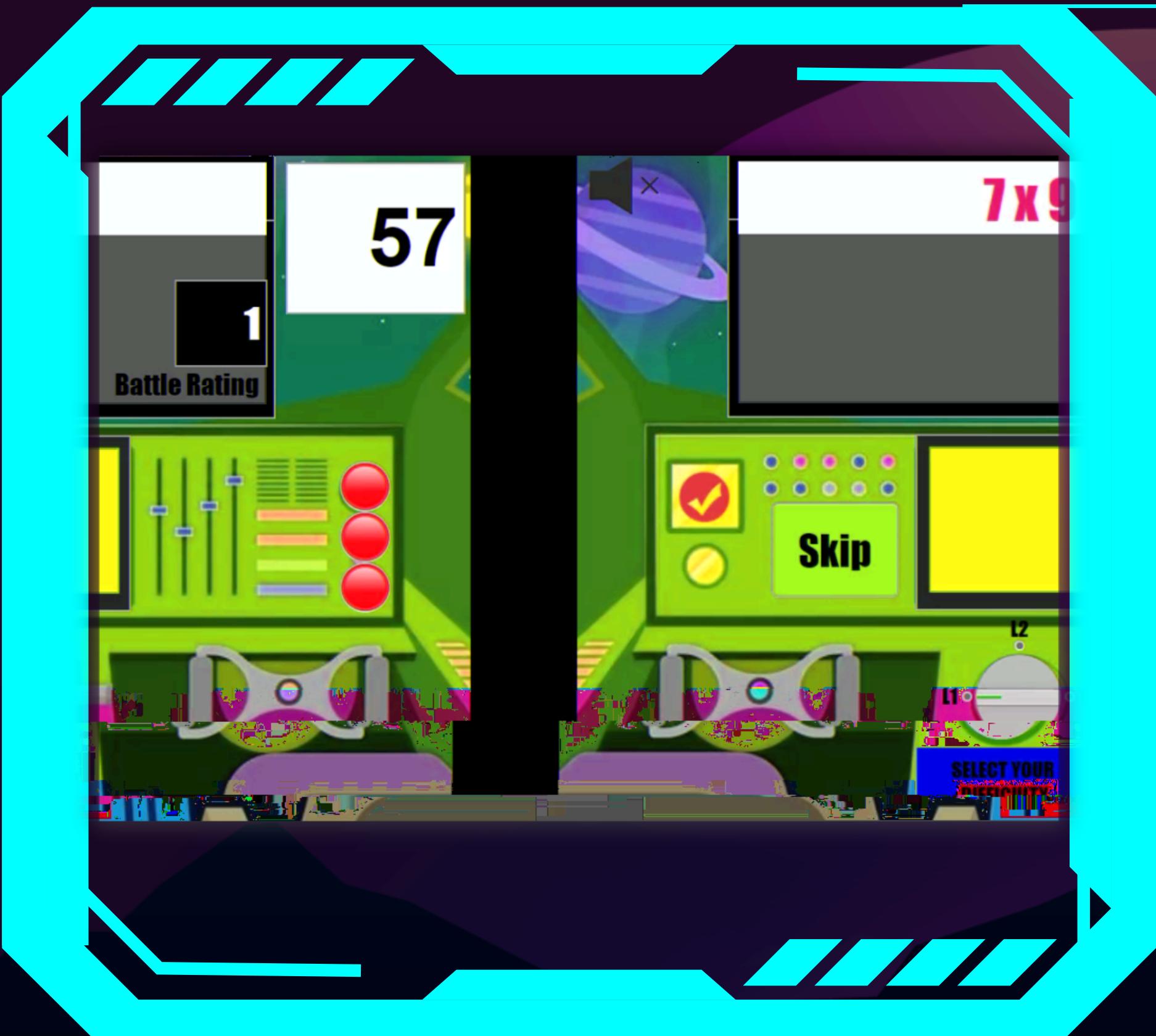
GANTT CHART



DEMO



KEY CODE(STAGE 1)



TIMER



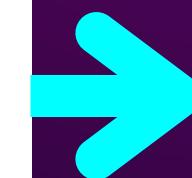
ANSWER CHECKING



ADDITIONAL FEATURES

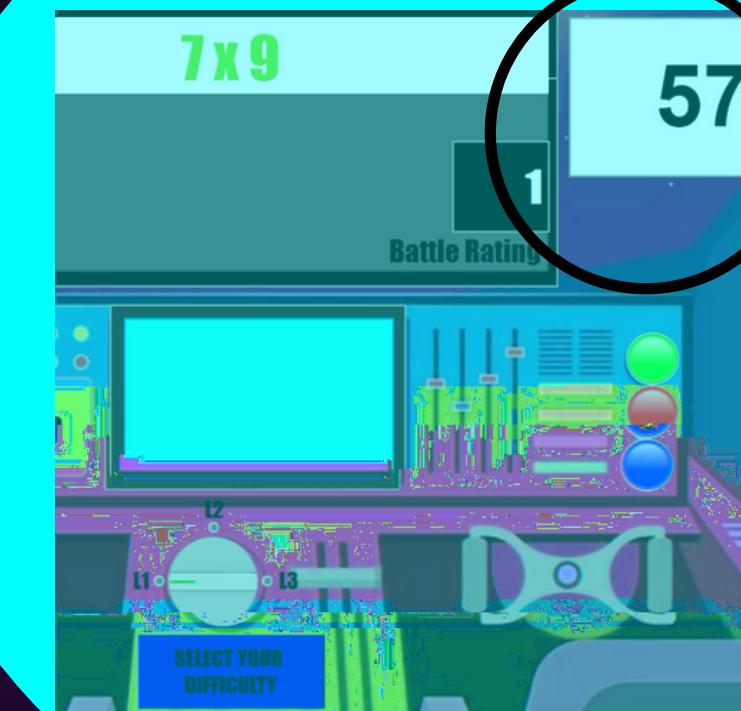
TIMER

```
function StartButtonPushed(app, event)  
timelimit=60;  
timesup=0;  
timerstart=tic;  
while~timesup  
    pause(0.1 );  
    timepassed=toc(timerstart);  
    app.Timer.Value=round(timelimit-timepassed);  
    timesup==app.Timer.Value<=0;  
if ~timesup  
else  
    app.CheckButton.Enable='off';  
    app.Retry.Visible='on';  
    app.Proceed.Visible='on';  
  
    app.BulletsFinalCount.Visible='on';  
    app.BulletsFinalCount.Value=app.Bulletcount.Value;  
    app.FinalTextDisplay.Visible='on';  
    app.FinalBattleRatingLabel.Visible='on';  
    app.AnswerBox.Enable='off';  
    app.randbluebox.Visible='on';  
    app.randbluebox.Value=' ';  
    app.Background.Visible='on';  
    app.Battleratingmessage.Visible='on';  
end
```



In order to create a timer, I utilised the '**tic**' and '**toc**' functions which are already available on matlab:

- 'tic' essentially starts the timer and takes record of the current time
- 'toc' records the time which has passed since the timer has started
- Thus by utilising the following functions I was able to successfully create and display a countdown timer





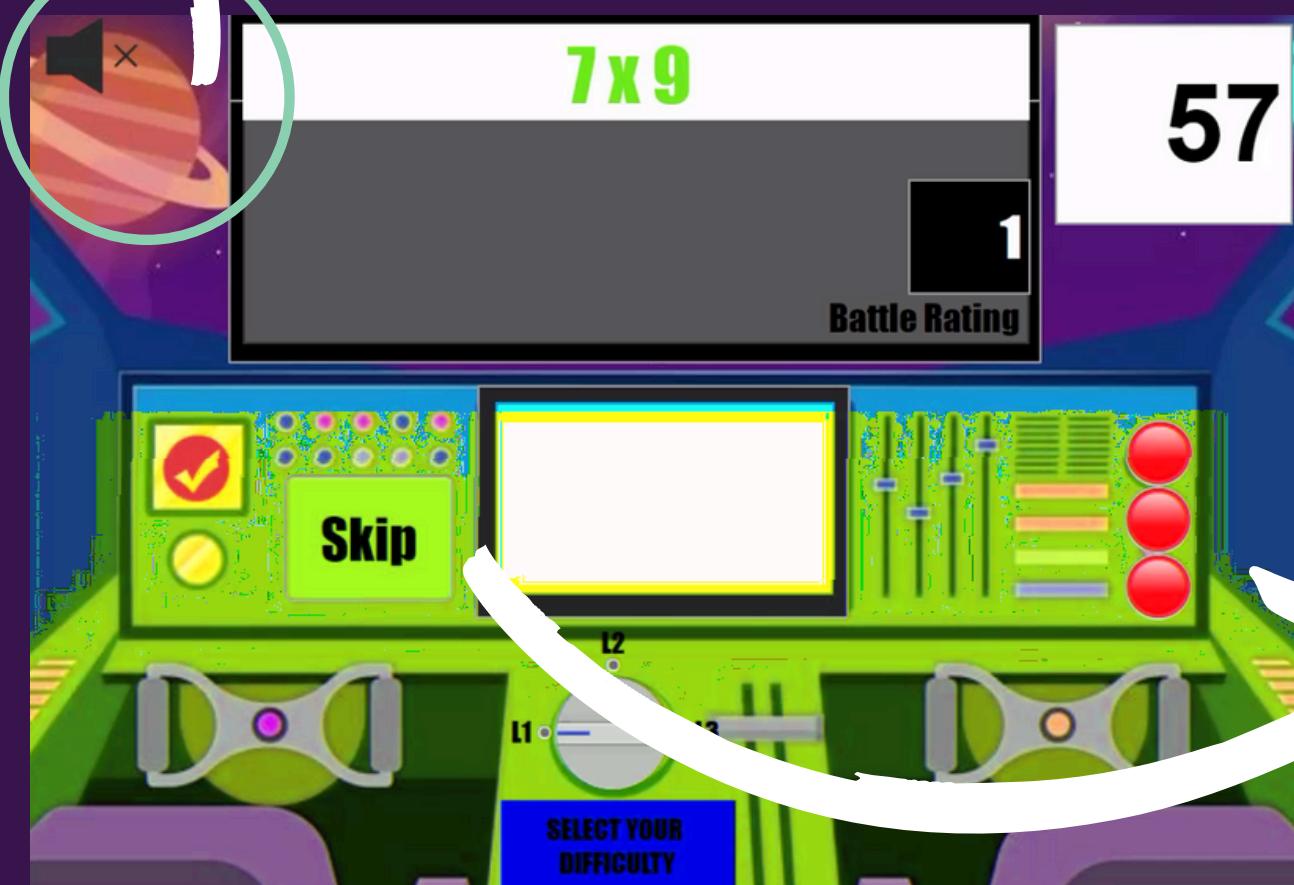
ADDITIONAL FEATURES

SOUND

```
function SoundOnImageClicked(app, event)
    app.SoundOn.Visible=['off']
    app.NoSound.Visible='on'
    clear sound
end

% Image clicked function: NoSound
function NoSoundImageClicked(app, event)
    app.SoundOn.Visible=['on']
    app.NoSound.Visible='off'
    [y,Fs]=audioread("techno-future-drone-main-9724.mp3");
    sound(y,Fs)
end
```

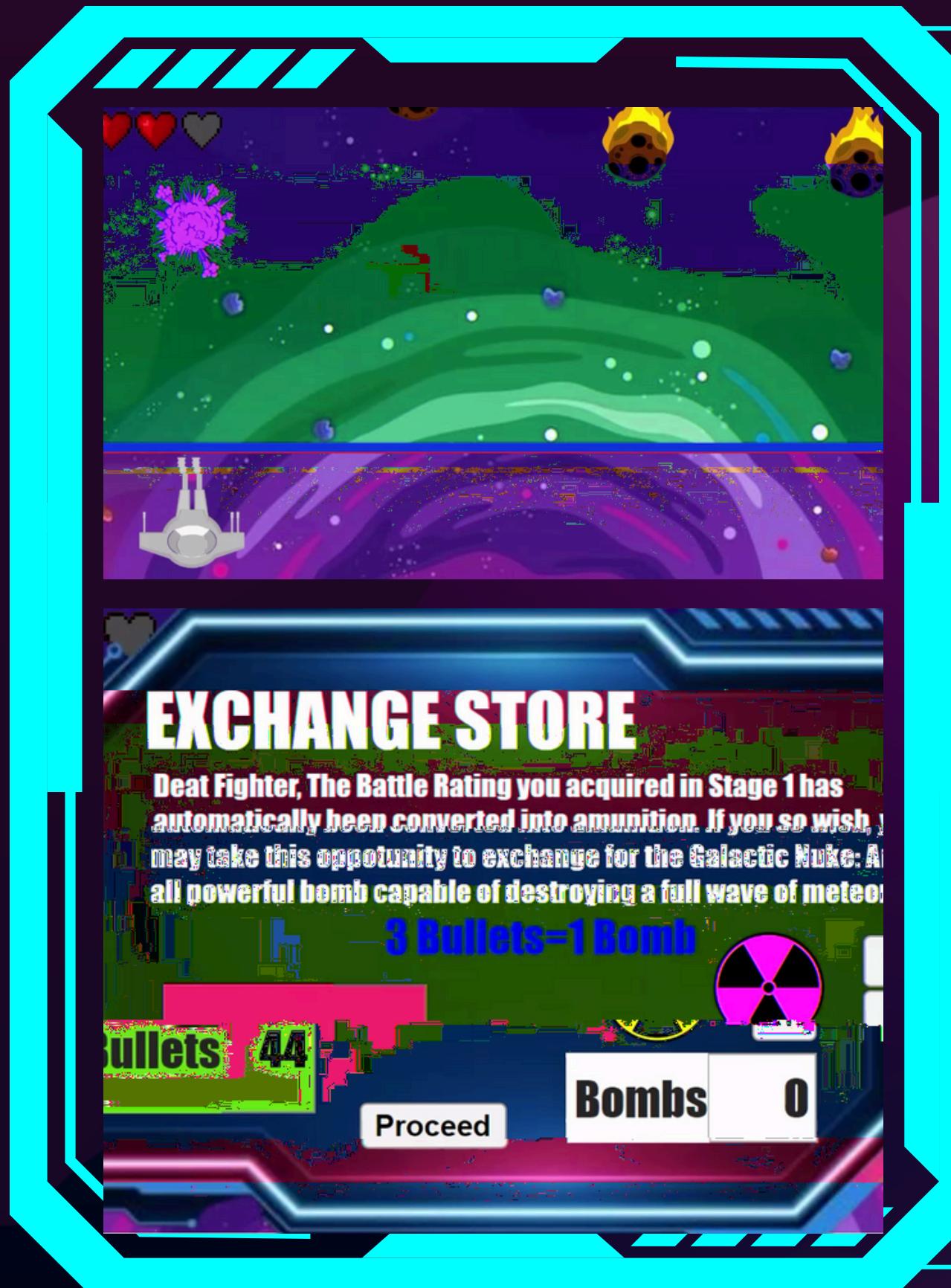
By utilizing the image clicked callback available on matlab,I was able to toggle the music on and off throughout



SKIP

```
function SkipButtonPushed(app, event)
if app.Knob.Value=='L1'
    x=randi(9);
    y=randi(9);
    z=num2str(x);
    q=num2str(y);
    app.ans=x.*y;
    qtext=[z ' x ' q ' ']
    app.x8Label.Text=qtext
elseif app.Knob.Value=='L2'
    x=randi(14);
    y=randi(14);
    app.ans=x.*y;
    z=num2str(x);
    q=num2str(y);
    qtext=[z ' x ' q ' ']
    app.x8Label.Text=qtext
else
    x=randi(20);
    y=randi(20);
    z=num2str(x);
    q=num2str(y);
    app.ans=x.*y;
    qtext=[z ' x ' q ' ']
    app.x8Label.Text=qtext
end
figure(app.UIFigure)
end
end
```

This code is essentially identical to question generation



KEY CODE(STAGE 2)



DATA TRANSFER



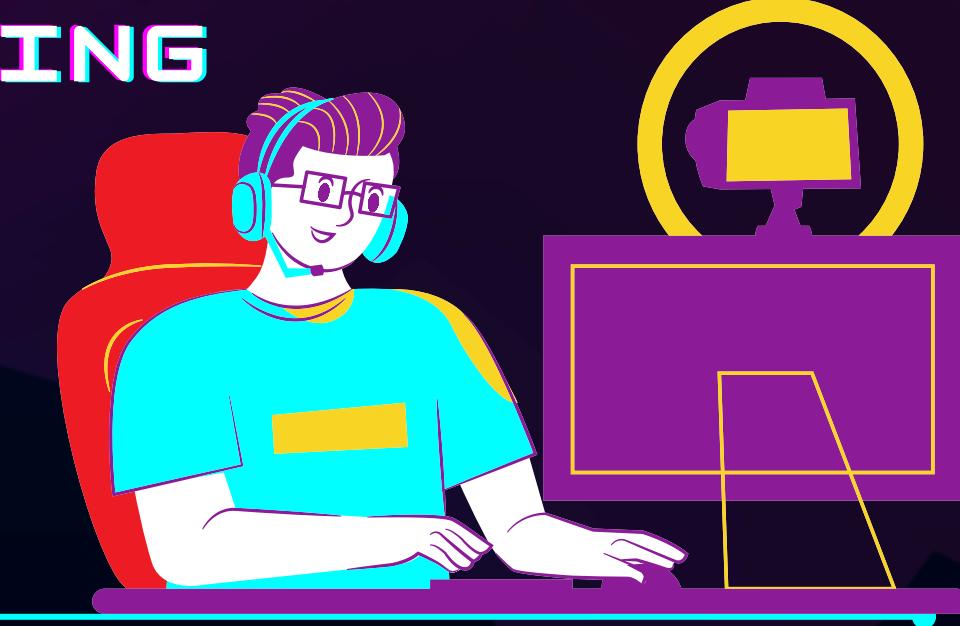
TIMER/METEOR ATTACK

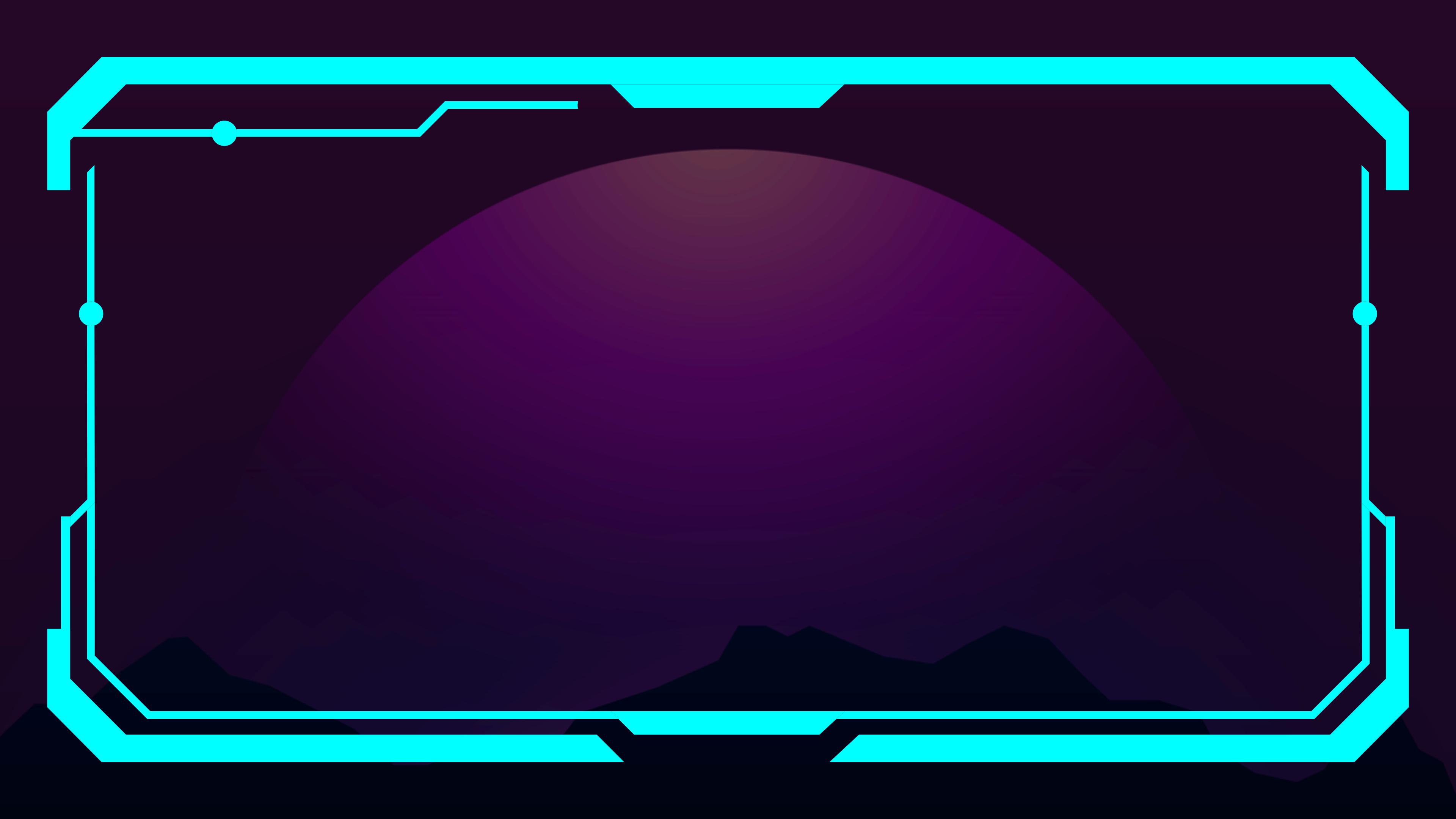


KEY PRESSING



LIVES





KEY PRESSING



In the following sections, i used the key press functions in order to control the spaceship. Much of the code is moving images based on certain actions. In the case of shooting lasers, The code begins by comparing which row the spaceship is on and the height of the correspinding

```
function UIFigureKeyPress(app, event)
if app.Timer.Value>=0.5&app.BulletsEditField.Value>=1;

    key = event.Key;
    laserup=[0 75 0 0];
    cutoff=[470 0 0 0];
    cannonposition=app.Spaceship.Position;
    location=cannonposition(1);
    switch key
        case 'rightarrow'

            app.Spaceship.Position=app.Spaceship.Position+[200 0 0 0];
            %app.laser.Position=app.laser.Position+[200 0 0 0]
            app.laser.Position=app.Spaceship.Position;
            if location>600;
                app.Spaceship.Position=[50 25 100 100];
                app.laser.Position=[50 25 100 100];

            end
        case 'leftarrow'

            app.Spaceship.Position=app.Spaceship.Position-[200 0 0 0];
            %app.laser.Position=app.laser.Position-[200 0 0 0]
            app.laser.Position=app.Spaceship.Position;
            if location<80
                app.Spaceship.Position=[650 25 100 100];
                app.laser.Position=[650 25 100 100];
            end
end
```

```
function UIFigureKeyPress(app, event)
case 'return'

    app.laser.Position(1)==app.Fireball1.Position(1)&app.laser.Position(2)<=app.Fireball1.Position(2)

        app.BulletsEditField.Value=app.BulletsEditField.Value-1
        app.laser.Visible='on'
        app.laser.Position=app.laser.Position+laserup;
        pause(0.03)
        app.laser.Position=app.Fireball1.Position-[0 30 0 0];
        pause(0.03)
        ..,app.laser.Position=app.Fireball1.Position-[0.5 0 0];
        pause(0.03)
        app.laser.Position=app.Fireball1.Position;
        pause(0.03)
        [y,Fs]=audioread("blaster-2-81267.mp3");
        sound(y,Fs)
        app.Fireball1.Visible='off';
        app.explo1.Position=app.Fireball1.Position;
        app.explo1.Visible='on';
        app.laser.Visible='off';

        pause(0.1)
        app.explo1.Visible='off';
        app.Fireball1.Position=[50 500 100 100];
        app.Fireball1.Visible='on';
        app.laser.Position=app.Spaceship.Position
```



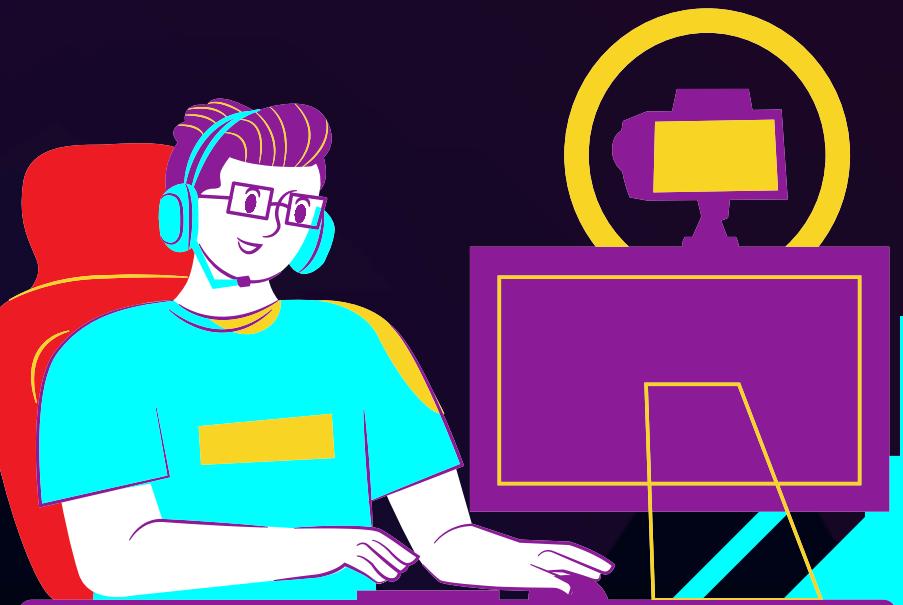
TIMER/METEOR ATTACK

```
function STARTButtonPushed2(app, event)

timelimit=30;
timesup=0;
y=[0 1 0 0];
timerstart=tic;
while ~timesup && app.deadnesscounter.Value<3
pause(0.035);
timepassed=toc(timerstart);
app.Timer.Value=round(timelimit-timepassed);
    app.Fireball1.Position=app.Fireball1.Position-[0 5 0 0];
    app.Fireball2.Position=app.Fireball2.Position-[0 5 0 0];
    app.Fireball3.Position=app.Fireball3.Position-[0 5 0 0];
    app.Fireball4.Position=app.Fireball4.Position-[0 5 0 0]
timesup=app.Timer.Value<=0;
```

The code for this is very similar to stage 1, however I also added some code to simulate the meteors going down.

Originally, I was having errors as I was attempting to run 2 separate for loops however, I later discovered that MATLAB was single threaded so it wasn't possible to run 2 loops. To further improve, I believe there is some software available on MATLAB that can directly resolve this rather than putting both of them in the same loop.





THANK YOU

