



## Team 2 Report

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## Project Overview

This project involves the development of a basic compiler for a custom programming language, utilizing Lex and Yacc. The compiler is designed to handle fundamental programming constructs, including:

- Variable declarations
- Assignment operations
- Conditional statements (e.g., if-else)
- Looping constructs (e.g., while, for)
- Print/output statements
- Support for constants and basic arithmetic operations

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## Tools and Technologies

- **Lex**: Employed for lexical analysis, transforming source code into a sequence of tokens.
- **Yacc**: Used for syntax analysis, constructing a parser based on the defined grammar.
- **C++**: The primary programming language used to implement the compiler's functionality

## Tokens

Token	Example Usage	Description
-	a - b	Subtraction operator
(	print(a)	Start of parentheses
)	print(a)	End of parentheses
<	if (a < b)	Less than comparison
>	if (a > b)	Greater than comparison
=	a = 5	Assignment operator
+	a + b	Addition operator
*	a * b	Multiplication operator
/	a / b	Division operator
%	a % b	Modulus (remainder)
{	if (a) {}	Start of a block
}	if (a) {}	End of a block
:	case 1:	Used in switch-case
;	a = 5;	Statement terminator

,	<code>print(a, b)</code>	Separator between arguments or items
<code>const</code>	<code>const int x = 5;</code>	Declare a constant
<code>int</code>	<code>int x;</code>	Declare an integer
<code>float</code>	<code>float pi = 3.14;</code>	Declare a floating-point number
<code>string</code>	<code>string name = "Alice";</code>	Declare a string
<code>bool</code>	<code>bool isTrue = true;</code>	Declare a boolean
<code>void</code>	<code>Def void func() {}</code>	Declare a function with no return value
<code>print</code>	<code>print("Hello");</code>	Print output
<code>return</code>	<code>return 0;</code>	Return from a function
<code>for</code>	<code>for (i = 0; i &lt; 10; i++) {}</code>	For loop
<code>do</code>	<code>do { } until (x &lt; 5);</code>	Do-while loop
<code>while</code>	<code>while (i &lt; 10) {}</code>	While loop
<code>until</code>	<code>do { } until (x == 5);</code>	Loop until condition is met
<code>if</code>	<code>if (x &gt; 0) {}</code>	Conditional if statement
<code>else</code>	<code>else {}</code>	Else block after if

switch	switch (x) {}	Switch between multiple cases
case	case 1:	Define a case inside switch
def	def int add(a, b) {}	Function definition
default	default:	Default case for switch
break	break;	Exit a loop or switch
continue	continue;	Skip to next loop iteration
and	if (a > 0 and b < 5)	Logical AND
or	if (a > 0 or b < 5)	Logical OR
not	if (not a)	Logical NOT
true	bool flag = true;	Boolean true value
false	bool flag = false;	Boolean false value
>=	if (a >= b)	Greater than or equal
<=	if (a <= b)	Less than or equal
==	if (a == b)	Equality check
!=	if (a != b)	Not equal check

++	i++	Increment a variable
--	i--	Decrement a variable
INTEGER	123	A whole number
FLOAT	3.14	A decimal number
STRING	"Hello, World!"	A string of text
VARIABLE	counter	A variable name
# comment	# This is a comment	Ignored during execution
Whitespace	spaces, tabs	Ignored by lexer
Newline (\n)	(line break)	Advances line count
Unknown characters	@, ~, etc.	Cause syntax error

## quadruples

### 1. push (type) value

- Description: Pushes a constant value of a specific type onto the stack.

### 2. push identifier

- Description: Pushes the value of an identifier (variable) onto the stack.

### 3. pop identifier

- Description: Pops a value from the stack and stores it in the specified identifier (variable).

### 4. print (type)

- Description: Pops a value of the specified type from the stack and prints it.

## **5. Call function\_name**

- Description: Calls a function with the specified name, using arguments previously pushed onto the stack.

## **6. proc function\_name**

- Description: Marks the beginning of a function definition.

## **7. endproc**

- Description: Marks the end of a function definition.

## **8. ret**

- Description: Returns a value from a function by popping it from the stack.

## **9. jmp label**

- Description: Unconditionally jumps to the specified label.

## **10. jz label**

- Description: Jumps to the specified label if the top stack value (a boolean) is zero (false).

## **11. jnz label**

- Description: Jumps to the specified label if the top stack value (a boolean) is non-zero (true).

## **12. compEQ**

- Description: Compares the top two stack values for equality, pushing a boolean result.

## **13. add**

- Description: Pops two values, adds them, and pushes the result.

## **14. sub**

- Description: Pops two values, subtracts the second from the first, and pushes the result.

## **15. mul**

- Description: Pops two values, multiplies them, and pushes the result.

## **16. div**

- Description: Pops two values, divides the first by the second, and pushes the result.

## **17. mod**

- Description: Pops two values, computes the modulus (remainder), and pushes the result.

## **18. lt**

- Description: Pops two values, compares if the first is less than the second, and pushes a boolean result.

## **19. gt**

- Description: Pops two values, compares if the first is greater than the second, and pushes a boolean result.

## **20. ge**

- Description: Pops two values, compares if the first is greater than or equal to the second, and pushes a boolean result.

## **21. le**

- Description: Pops two values, compares if the first is less than or equal to the second, and pushes a boolean result.

## **22. eq**

- Description: Pops two values, compares if they are equal, and pushes a boolean result.

## **23. ne**

- Description: Pops two values, compares if they are not equal, and pushes a boolean result.

**24. and**

- Description: Pops two boolean values, computes their logical AND, and pushes the result.

**25. or**

- Description: Pops two boolean values, computes their logical OR, and pushes the result.

**26. not**

- Description: Pops a boolean value, computes its logical NOT, and pushes the result.

**27. neg**

- Description: Pops a numeric value, computes its negation (unary minus), and pushes the result.

**28. pre inc**

- Description: Increments the value of a variable before using it and pushes the new value.

**29. Pre dec**

- Description: Decrements the value of a variable before using it and pushes the new value.

**30. post inc**

- Description: Pushes the current value of a variable and then increments it.

**31. post dec**

- Description: Pushes the current value of a variable and then decrements it.

**32. Convert**

- Cast from int to float & from float to int



## EXTRA

### My Compiler

Source Code:

```
1 def int funcl(int x,string y){
2   if(x==1){
3     y="1";
4   }
5   else{ if(x==2){
6     y="2";
7   }
8   else{
9     y="3";
10  }}
11  return x;
12 }
13
14 int n;
15 n=funcl(3,"dfs");
```

Quadruples:

```
pop y
jmp L2
L3
push (string) "3"
pop y
L2
L0
push x
ret
endproc
```

Symbol Table:

```
Name: x, Type: int, isConst: 0 isUsed: 1, isIntilized: 0
Name: y, Type: string, isConst: 0 isUsed: 1, isIntilized: 1

Functions:
Name: funcl, Return Type: int used: 1
  Arg Name: x, Type: int
  Arg Name: y, Type: string
```

Errors:

Load Source

Compile

1. Handle casting from int to float & from float to int
2. Semantic error: argument function mismatch
3. Function Argument Type Mismatch
4. Modification of a Constant Variable
5. Invalid Unary Operation (eg, applying not to a float variable)
6. Using a non-boolean expression as the condition