

# CISCO CYBER OPS

## GIORNO 2

## S11-L3:

### **Laboratorio: Utilizzo di Wireshark per Osservare la Stretta di Mano TCP a 3 Vie.**

In questo laboratorio, completa i seguenti obiettivi:

- **Parte 1:** Preparare gli host per catturare il traffico
- **Parte 2:** Analizzare i pacchetti utilizzando Wireshark
- **Parte 3:** Visualizzare i pacchetti utilizzando tcpdump

<https://itexamanswers.net/9-2-6-lab-using-wireshark-to-observe-the-tcp-3-way-handshake-answers.html>

## S11-L3:

PASSO 1: AVVIAMO KALI ED APRIAMO WIRESHARK E UNA PAGINA BROWSER

PASSO 2: SU WIRESHARK APPLICHIAMO UN FILTRO TCP E PRENDIAMO IN CONSIDERAZIONE LE PRIME TRE CONNESSIONI CHE CORRISPONDONO ALLA STRETTA DI MANO A TRE VIE SYN, SYN ACK, ACK.

# S11-L3:

**Passaggio 2: esaminare le informazioni contenute nei pacchetti, inclusi indirizzi IP, numeri di porta TCP e flag di controllo TCP.**

- a. In questo esempio, il frame 9 è l'inizio dell'handshake a tre vie tra il PC e il server. Nel riquadro dell'elenco dei pacchetti (sezione superiore della finestra principale), seleziona il primo pacchetto, se necessario.
- b. Fare clic sulla **freccia** a sinistra del Transmission Control Protocol nel riquadro dei dettagli del pacchetto per espanderlo ed esaminare le informazioni TCP. Individuare le informazioni sulla porta di origine e di destinazione.
- c. Fai clic sulla **freccia** a sinistra di Flags. Un valore di 1 significa che il flag è impostato. Individua il flag impostato in questo pacchetto.

# S11-L3:

The image shows a Wireshark packet capture of a TCP SYN packet. The packet list on the left shows a single packet (No. 9) from 192.168.1.23 to 88.166, protocol TCP, length 74. The packet details pane shows the following information:

- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.23, Dst: 34.117.188.166
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 38450, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 0, Len: 0
  - Source Port: 38450
  - Destination Port: 443
  - [Stream index: 0]
  - [Conversation completeness: Complete, WITH\_DATA (31)]
    - ...0. .... = RST: Absent
    - ...1. .... = FIN: Present
    - .... 1... = Data: Present
    - .... .1.. = ACK: Present
    - .... ..1. = SYN-ACK: Present
    - .... ...1 = SYN: Present
    - [Completeness Flags: ·FDASS]
  - [TCP Segment Len: 0]
  - Sequence Number: 0 (relative sequence number)
  - Sequence Number (raw): 2459082971
  - [Next Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)]
  - Acknowledgment Number: 0
  - Acknowledgment number (raw): 0
  - 1010 .... = Header Length: 40 bytes (10)
  - Flags: 0x002 (SYN)
  - Window: 32120
  - [Calculated window size: 32120]
  - Checksum: 0xa109 [unverified]
  - [Checksum Status: Unverified]

The packet bytes pane on the right shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII. The first 40 bytes are the TCP header, and the remaining 34 bytes are the payload (which is empty in this case).

S11-L3:

Seleziona il pacchetto successivo nell'handshake a tre vie. In questo esempio, questo è il frame 15. Questo è il server web che risponde alla richiesta iniziale di avviare una sessione.

# S11-L3:

The image shows a Wireshark packet capture window titled 'tcp'. The packet list on the left shows three packets. The first packet is a SYN packet (Seq=0, Win=32120). The second packet is a SYN-ACK packet (Seq=0, Ack=1, Win=65535), which is selected. The packet details pane on the right shows the following information:

- Frame 15: 74 bytes on wire (592 bits), 74 bytes captured (592 bits) on interface eth0, id 0
- Ethernet II, Src: zte\_34:ba:83 (c8:98:28:34:ba:83), Dst: PCSSystemtec\_ad:25:87 (08:00:27:ad:25:87)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 34.117.188.166, Dst: 192.168.1.23
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 443, Dst Port: 38450, Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0
  - Source Port: 443
  - Destination Port: 38450
  - [Stream index: 0]
  - [Conversation completeness: Complete, WITH\_DATA (31)]
    - ...0. .... = RST: Absent
    - ...1. .... = FIN: Present
    - .... 1... = Data: Present
    - .... .1.. = ACK: Present
    - .... ..1. = SYN-ACK: Present
    - .... ...1 = SYN: Present
  - [Completeness Flags: ·FDASS]
  - [TCP Segment Len: 0]
  - Sequence Number: 0 (relative sequence number)
  - Sequence Number (raw): 3533801445
  - [Next Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)]
  - Acknowledgment Number: 1 (relative ack number)
  - Acknowledgment number (raw): 2459082972
  - 1010 .... = Header Length: 40 bytes (10)
  - Flags: 0x012 (SYN, ACK)

The packet bytes pane on the right shows the raw data of the packet, which is a 74-byte TCP segment. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Packets: 3403 · Displayed: 2045 (60.1%)' and 'Profile: Default'.

S11-L3:

Infine, seleziona il terzo pacchetto nell'handshake a tre vie.



# S11-L3:

tcp

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
9	0.013413077	192.168.1.23	34.117.188.166	TCP	74	38450 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=326...
15	0.073182114	34.117.188.166	192.168.1.23	TCP	74	443 → 38450 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=1412 SACK_PER...
19	0.073222760	192.168.1.23	34.117.188.166	TCP	66	38450 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=32128 Len=0 TSval=3265887130 TSecr...

Frame 19: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface eth0, id 0

Ethernet II, Src: PCSSystemtec\_ad:25:87 (08:00:27:ad:25:87), Dst: zte\_34:ba:83 (c8:98:28:34:ba:83)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.23, Dst: 34.117.188.166

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 38450, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 0

Source Port: 38450

Destination Port: 443

[Stream index: 0]

[Conversation completeness: Complete, WITH\_DATA (31)]

- ..0. .... = RST: Absent
- ...1 .... = FIN: Present
- .... 1... = Data: Present
- .... .1.. = ACK: Present
- .... ..1. = SYN-ACK: Present
- .... ...1 = SYN: Present

[Completeness Flags: ·FDASS]

[TCP Segment Len: 0]

Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)

Sequence Number (raw): 2459082972

[Next Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)]

Acknowledgment Number: 1 (relative ack number)

Acknowledgment number (raw): 3533801446

1000 .... = Header Length: 32 bytes (8)

Flags: 0x010 (ACK)

0000 c8 98 28 34 ba 83 08 00 27 ad  
0010 00 34 50 e5 40 00 40 06 49 04  
0020 bc a6 96 32 01 bb 92 92 a0 dc  
0030 00 fb a1 01 00 00 01 01 08 0a  
0040 ed dd

Frame (frame), 66 bytes

Packets: 3559 · Displayed: 2045 (57.5%)

Profile: Default

## S11-L3:

Possiamo vedere il traffico anche con tcpdump, in questo caso analizzeremo sempre i primi tre pacchetti

## S11-L3:

```
File System: /usr/share/virusploit.exe  
└─(kali㉿kali)-[~]  
└─$ sudo tcpdump -i eth0 -c 3 -v
```

```
tcpdump: listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes  
07:43:12.683296 ARP, Ethernet (len 6), IPv4 (len 4), Request who-has DESKTOP-IAQQ2PM.homenet.telecomitalia.it tell H388X.homenet.telecomitalia.it, length 46  
07:43:12.699453 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 14586, offset 0, flags [DF], proto UDP (17), length 71)  
    192.168.1.23.50121 > H388X.homenet.telecomitalia.it.domain: 54781+ PTR? 10.1.168.192.in-addr.arpa. (43)  
07:43:12.702040 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 35367, offset 0, flags [DF], proto UDP (17), length 125)  
    H388X.homenet.telecomitalia.it.domain > 192.168.1.23.50121: 54781* 1/0/0 10.1.168.192.in-addr.arpa. PTR DESKTOP-IAQQ2PM.homenet.telecomitalia.it. (97)  
3 packets captured  
7 packets received by filter  
0 packets dropped by kernel
```