Lesson 4: RAG Basics (Retrieval-Augmented Generation)

Objective:

This lesson introduces the concept of Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG), a method where external information is retrieved and integrated into the model's responses.

Key Concepts:

- Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG): A method of combining information retrieval (fetching relevant data from a database or the web) with generative models (like GPT). This allows the model to provide more accurate, context-aware answers by referencing external information.
- Information Retrieval: The process of fetching relevant documents or data from a large set.
- Generative Model: A machine learning model that generates text, such as GPT-3.

Application:

1. Building RAG Pipelines:

 Combine a retrieval model (e.g., using Elasticsearch or another search engine) with a generative model to improve the responses.

2. Use Cases:

- o Improve search results by adding context from generative models.
- Enhance Q&A systems by pulling in real-time information from the web and integrating it with Al-generated content.

Example:

In a RAG system, a query like "What's the weather in New York?" could first trigger a search for relevant weather data and then generate a response using this data in combination with the Al's knowledge