Week-01-Overview of C, Constants, Variables and Data Types

Week-01-02-Practice Session-Coding

Question **1**Correct
Marked out of

Flag question

3.00

Write a program to input a name (as a single character) and marks of three tests as m1, m2, and m3 of a student considing in integer format.

Now, you need to calculate the average of the given marks and print it along with the name as mentioned in the output

All the test marks are in integers and hence calculate the average in integer as well. That is, you need to print the integer decimal part.

Input format:

Line 1: Name(Single character)

Line 2: Marks scored in the 3 tests separated by single space.

Output format:

First line of output prints the name of the student.

Second line of the output prints the average mark.

Source code

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 ₹ {
 4
         char n;
 5
         int a,a1,a2,a3;
        scanf("%c",&n);
 6
         scanf("%d%d%d", &a1,&a2,&a3);
 7
        a= (a1+a2+a3)/3;
 8
        printf("%c",n);
printf("\n%d",a);
 9
10
11
         return 0;
12
13 }
```

Result

	Input	Expected	Got	
~		A 4	A 4	~
~	T 7 3 8	T 6	T 6	~
~	R 0 100 99	R 66	R 66	~
Passed	d all tests!	~		

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

Some C data types, their format specifiers, and their most common bit widths are as follows:

- Int ("%d"): 32 Bit integer
- Long ("%ld"): 64 bit integer
- · Char ("%c"): Character type
- · Float ("%f"): 32 bit real value
- Double ("%lf"): 64 bit real value

Reading

```
To read a data type, use the following syntax:
```

```
scanf("`format_specifier`", &val)
```

For example, to read a character followed by a double:

char ch;

double d;

scanf("%c %lf", &ch, &d);

For the moment, we can ignore the spacing between format specifiers.

Printing

Source code

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
3 🔻
    {
4
        int a;
5
        long b;
6
        char c;
7
        float d;
8
        double e;
        scanf("%d %ld %c %f %lf", &a,&b,&c,&d,&e);
9
        printf("%d \n%ld \n%c \n%0.3f \n%0.91f",a,b,c,d,e);
10
11
        return 0;
12
```

Result

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.30493	-	3	~
		12345678912345	12345678912345	
		a	a	
		334.230	334.230	
		14049.304930000	14049.304930000	

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 7.00
Flag question

Write a program to print the ASCII value and the two adjacent characters of the given character.

Input

E

Output

```
#include <stdio.h>
2
    int main()
3 🔻
4
        char a;
5
        int b;
        scanf("%c",&a);
6
7
        b=a;
8
        printf("%d\n",b);
        printf("%c %c",a-1,a+1);
9
        return 0;
10
11
12 }
```

69 D F

Result

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Е	69	69	~
		DF	D F	

Passed all tests! 🗸