1. Introduction

1.1. About the Project

The European Holocaust Research Infrastructure (EHRI) is a transnational organisation with partners all across Europe, Israel and the US. They promote collaboration on Holocaust research and easy access to scattered sources. To this end, they created the EHRI Online Editions, which are collections of archival documents on the Holocaust, gathered around a more specific theme.

1.2. About this Document

This document is intended as a means for the homogenisation of encoding practices of the EHRI Online Editions. Editors may indeed vary from one edition to another, and it is essential that the encoding practices are coherent and homogenous throughout the editions.

These encoding guidelines are not a replacement for the original TEI Guidelines, but rather a way to clarify some uses in the context of the EHRI Online Editions, which include many types of documents.

2. Encoding Guidelines

XML is a very rich markup language, and the TEI standard provides an extremely large set of elements that can be used to encode textual documents. However, the TEI must be adapted based on the type of document encoded since correspondence, reports and newspaper articles are structurally different, and therefore do not require the same encoding elements.

2.1. Ground Rules

2.1.1. File Identifier

The file's identifier only appears once in the \leq teiHeader \geq as the value of the *xml:id* attribute in the \leq TEI \geq root element. The syntactical structure of the identifier is "EHRI-{collection_id}-{date_source}_{{language_id}}".

xml:id="EHRI-BF-19380120_DE"

2.1.2. English as the main encoding language

English should be the main language for metadata encoding in EHRI files as it is a universal language for editors and researchers. In order to facilitate the understanding of the files, whenever it is possible, there should be a proposed English translation for information appearing in their original language, like titles for instance (signaled by an *xml:lang* attribute with the en value):

```
<title xml:lang="en">Richard A. Bermann on his filed escape to
Czechoslovakia</title>
<title xml:lang="de">Richard A. Bermann über seine gescheiterte Flucht in die
Tschechoslowakei</title>
```

The keywords associated with the file should be in English (rather than any other language), in lower case and in their singular form:

```
<keywords>
  <term>government document</term>
  </keywords>
```

Similarly, attribute values must be in English only, for better understanding.

<catRef target="expulsion_policy"/>

2.1.3. Format of date and language attribute values

THe format for date and language attributes is predefined:

• When the date is available in the YYYY-MM-DD format, use when-iso. In any other case, use when.

```
<date when-iso="1939-09-01">September 1, 1939</date>
<date when="1940-06">June 1940</date>
<date when="1945">1945</date>
```

xml:lang

Iana Language Subtag Registry

- Czech: csDutch: nlEnglish: en
- French: frGerman: deHebrew: he
- Hungarian: hu
- Italian: itPolish: pl

- Russian: ruSlovak: skUkrainian: ukYiddish: yi
- 2.2. The TEI Header (<teiHeader>)

The <teiHeader> contains the document's metadata. It is divided into four main sections:

- <fileDesc> (description of the electronic file)
- <<u>encodingDesc></u> (context of the encoding)
- profileDesc> (description of non-bibliographic aspects of the text)
- <revisionDesc> (revision history of the file)

2.2.1. File Description (<fileDesc>)

The <fileDesc> is composed of:

- titleStmt (title statement) groups information about the title of a work and those responsible for its content.
- <u>publicationStmt</u> (publication statement) groups information concerning the publication or distribution of an electronic or other text.
- seriesStmt (series statement) groups information about the series, if any, to which a publication belongs.
- sourceDesc (source description) describes the source(s) from which an electronic text was derived or generated, typically a bibliographic description in the case of a digitized text, or a phrase such as "born digital" for a text which has no previous existence.

2.2.1.1. Title Statement (<titleStmt>)

The <titleStmt> is a mandatory element of the <teiHeader>. It delivers information about the document's title, author(s), and/or editor(s).

2.2.1.1.1. Title (<title>)

The <title> of the document should at least be given in English. It should also appear in the original language, whenever possible.

```
<title xml:lang="en">Excerpt from an interview with Leopold Sonnenfeld
about his deportation to Nisko</title>
<title xml:lang="de">Auszug aus einem Interview mit Leopold Sonnenfeld
über seine Deportation nach Nisko</title>
```

2.2.1.1.2. Principal Researcher (<principal>)

The <u><pri>rincipal</u> element contains the <u><affiliation</u> element. This embedding of elements aims at naming the institution responsible for the electronic file, which in this case is the European Holocaust Research Infrastructure (given in an <u><orgName</u>) element).

```
<principal>
<affiliation>
  <orgName>European Holocaust Research Infrastructure</orgName>
  </affiliation>
</principal>
```

2.2.1.1.3. Statement of Responsibility (<respStmt>)

The \leq respStmt \geq designates the person(s) responsible for the edition of a particular file. They are identified by an element such as \leq persName \geq or \leq orgName \geq , depending on their status. The \leq resp \geq element describes their role in the file processing from digitization to publication.

List of suggested values for <<u>resp></u>:

- "Digitized by"
- · "Transcribed by"
- · "Encoded by"

```
<respStmt>
  <resp>Encoded by</resp>
  <persName>Wolfgang Schellenbacher</persName>
  </respStmt>
```

If details of the process are unknown, it is possible to use the mention "Edited by", but it must not be the privileged option.

2.2.1.2. Publication Statement (<publicationStmt>)

The <u>verticationStmt></u> gives information on the publication of the electronic file, and should therefore not be confused with the source description (<u>vertications</u>) which holds details on the source document prior to its digitization.

It contains two elements:

• <authority> contains a <ref> element whose value is "European Holocaust Research Infrastructure", with a target attribute pointing to the EHRI website.

• <availability> contains a element and specifies the conditions of distribution and use of the file or project. As the goal of EHRI is the widespread and free disposal of Holocaust sources, the common license used is the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International.

The Creative Commons licenses have varying degrees of restrictions on modification and reuse, which the editors can choose from.

2.2.1.3. Series Statement (<seriesStmt>)

The <u><seriesStmt></u> holds the name of the digital edition in a <u><title></u> element, which has a *ref* attribute with a link to the online edition.

The name of the edition should appear in English.

```
<seriesStmt>
  <title ref="https://nisko-transports.ehri-project.eu/">From Vienna to
   Nowhere: the Nisko Deportations in 1939</title>
  </seriesStmt>
```

2.2.1.4. Source Description (<sourceDesc>)

2.2.1.4.1. Manuscript Description (<msDesc>)

The <msDesc> was originally created to facilitate the encoding of manuscripts, but this set of elements can also be used to encode printed texts. The documents selected for the EHRI Online Editions all come from various institutions with their own collections and identifiers, thus it is relevant to include a manuscript description in the metadata to distinguish the holding institution from the publishing institution.

The \leq msDesc \geq contains:

- msIdentifier (manuscript identifier) contains the information required to identify the manuscript or similar object being described.
- <u>physDesc</u> (physical description) contains a full physical description of a manuscript, manuscript part, or other object optionally subdivided using more specialized elements from the model.physDescPart class.

2.2.1.4.1.1. Manuscript Identifier (<msIdentifier>)

The gives information on the source document and its holding institution:

- The <institution> element contains its name and address.
- The <<u>collection</u>> element specifies the name of the document's collection in the catalogue.
- The <idno> designates the document's identifier in their catalogue.

The element may be used instead of, or following, the <a href="repo

2.2.1.4.1.2. Physical Description (<physDesc>)

The physical description of the source document is optional. If the document is peculiar or has specificities, we might encode the \leq physDesc \geq with a \leq p \geq element.

```
<pysDesc>
Red annotations in the margins.</ppysDesc>
```

2.2.1.4.2. Bibliographic Citation (<bibl>)

The

<b

```
<bibl>Hungarian Jewish Archives, DEGOB, Protocol no. 651. <textLang mainLang="hu">Original in Hungarian.</textLang>
</bibl>
```

2.2.2. Encoding Description (<encodingDesc>)

The \leq encodingDesc \geq contains the project description (\leq projectDesc \geq) in a \leq p \geq element, with an xml:lang attribute.

2.2.3. Text-Profile Description (ccp

2.2.3.1. Creation (<creation>)

The <creation> element provides information on the source document's creation. It can contain several sub-elements depending on the availability of information:

- <origDate: date of creation, written in a "Day Month Year" format (e.g. "16 August 1941"), with a when or when-iso attribute.
- <<u>origPlace></u>: names of the city and country, with a *ref* attribute with a link to the place's GeoNames webpage.
- <ently:</pre> spersName>: name of the source document's author, with a ref attribute pointing to the person's EHRI index entry.

```
<creation>
<origDate when-iso="1943-05-28">28 May 1943</origDate>
<origDate when-iso="1943-05-28">28 May 1943</origDate>
<origDate when-iso="1943-05-28">28 May 1943</origDate>
<origDate ref="https://www.geonames.org/683506/bucharest.html">Bucharest, Romania</origDate>
<prersName ref="#ehri_dr_biering_erik_andreas_mathias">Erik Andreas
Mathias Biering</persName>
</creation>
```

2.2.3.2. Text Classification (<textClass>)

The <textClass> element provides information on the content of the document. It contains an empty <catRef> element, with a *target* attribute refering to the text's typology. The category reference is followed by the <keywords> element, in which every keyword is specified with a <term> element.

```
<textClass>
<catRef target="history/austria_until_1938"/>
<keywords>
<term>state document</term>
</keywords>
</textClass>
```

2.2.3.3. Language Usage (<language>)

The <<u>langUsage></u> element references all the languages appearing in the source document. For instance, in a document written in German with a few Yiddish terms, both languages will be referenced in a <u><language></u> element completed by an *ident* attribute.

```
<langUsage>
<language ident="de">German</language>
<language ident="yi">Yiddish</language>
</language>
</language>
```

2.2.3.4. Abstract (<abstract>)

The $\leq abstract \geq provides$ a brief summary of the source document's content in a paragraph ($\leq p \geq$) in English.

```
Testimony of 16-year-old K. H. on the deportation of his
family to Kamenets-Podolsk in the summer of 1941, hiding in
K#rösmez#/Yasina, finding shelter in a Jewish orphans' home in Budapest,
his arrest and deportation to Auschwitz, his experiences in Buchenwald,
the IG Farben (Brabag) synthetic fuel factory in Rehmsdorf, and his
liberation in Theresienstadt.
```

2.2.4. Revision Description (<revisionDesc>)

The <u>revisionDesc></u> summarizes the changes made to the file. All revisions of the file are recorded in "><u>schange></u> elements, organized in reverse chronological order. The "><u>schange></u> element has two mandatory attributes:

- when: date of revision.
- who: person responsible for the revision. The syntax for the value of who is: "#forename.surname".

```
<revisionDesc>
<change when="2021-11-05"
who="#floriane.chiffoleau">Upgrading TEI
encoding</change>
<change when="2020" who="#ehri">Encoding of the file</change>
</revisionDesc>
```

2.3. The Body (<body>)

2.3.1. Structuring the transcription

2.3.1.1. Basic text structure

The \leq body \geq of the TEI file is composed of nested \leq div \geq elements, which take a mandatory *type* attribute. The value of *type* depends on the structure of the document, but for the first-level \leq div \geq the value is either "transcription" or "translation."

```
<div type="transcription">
    An das Bezirksgendarmerie Kommando, alle Gend. Posten Kommandos und
    die Grenzkontrollstelle in Berg.
</div></ri></ri>
```

Within the first-level division, the sections are also divided within \leq elements, which can be numbered with the *n* attribute. If the sections are titled, the title should appear in a \leq element:

```
<div type="transcription" xml:lang="de">
<pb n="1" facs="EHRI-NISKO-193910a_01.jpg"/>
 <head>Betrifft: Umschichtung von Juden - Durchführung der
    Transporte.</head>
  <head>I. Vorbereitungen:</head>
    -
'clb/>Die genaue namentliche Erfassung der mittellosen Juden deut<lb break="no"/>scher, polnischer und tschechischer
Staatsangehörigkeit, so<lb break="no"/>wie staatenloser Juden, ist
      rechtzeitig durchzuführen.
  [...]
 </div>
 <div n="2">
  <head>II. Ausmusterung:</head>

clb/>Die für den Transport von den jüd. Gemeinden eingeteilten
      Ju<lb break="no"/>den sind zweckmäßigerweise vor Abgang des
Zuges in geeigne<lb break="no"/>ten, in der Nähe des Bahnhofs
gelegenen, Sälen zu konzen<lb break="no"/>trieren. Die Juden haben
      mit ihrem Gepäck zu erscheinen, da <lb/>lb/>nach der Ausmusterung
       sofort mit der Einwaggonierung begonnen <lb/>
<lb/>wird.
 [...]</div>
</div>
```

The paragraphs are naturally encoded with the $\leq p \geq$ element.

2.3.1.2. Reproducing the structure of the facsimile

2.3.1.2.1. Layout

- **<u>pb</u>** (page beginning) marks the beginning of a new page in a paginated document.
- **lb** (line beginning) marks the beginning of a new (typographic) line in some edition or version of a text.
- space (space) indicates the location of a significant space in the text.
- metamark contains or describes any kind of graphic or written signal within a document the function of which is to determine how it should be read rather than forming part of the actual content of the document.

2.3.1.2.1.1. Page beginning (<pb>)

The $\leq pb \geq$ element is an empty element which marks the beginning of a new page, corresponding to the image of the facsimile. It appears at the start of the transcribed page, and takes the *facs* attribute, the value of which is the corresponding image file of the page. All $\leq pb \geq$ are numbered with the *n* attribute.

```
<pb n="2" facs="EHRI-NISKO-193910a_02.jpg"/>
```

2.3.1.2.1.2. *Line beginning* (<1b>)

The <lb> element is an empty element that marks the beginning of a new typographic line.

For the transcription to be as close as possible to the layout of the source document, the $\leq lb \geq$ element can appear in the middle of words, in which case it takes the *break* attribute with the value "no" to signal that even though it is physically the end of the line, it is not the end of the semantic bloc.

```
<|b/>Die für den Transport von den jüd. Gemeinden eingeteilten Ju<|b break="no"/>den sind zweckmäßigerweise vor Abgang des Zuges in geeigne<|b break="no"/>ten, in der Nähe des Bahnhofs gelegenen, Sälen zu konzen<|b break="no"/>trieren. Die Juden haben mit ihrem Gepäck zu erscheinen, da <|b/>nom/>trieren break="no"/>trieren break="nom/>trieren break="nom/>tri
```

2.3.1.2.1.3. Space (<space>)

If there is a significant space in the text, it should be signaled with the <space> element. The dim attribute indicates whether the space is horizontal or vertical. The description of the physical space is done with the help of the quantity and unit attributes.

```
<space dim="horizontal" quantity="10"
unit="mm"/>
```

2.3.1.2.1.4. Elements of visual division (<metamark>)

Whenever there is a division within the text marked with anything other than significant spacing, it is recommended to use the empty <metamark> element. It takes two mandatory attributes: function and style:

- The value of the *function* attribute is always "division."
- The *style* attribute describes the visual division. Suggested values include: "crosses," "line," "stars" and "dots."
- If there is a name for the type of division used, it appears in a *type* attribute.

```
<metamark function="division" style="stars"
type="dinkus"/>
```

2.3.1.2.2. Lists (t>)

```
erfolgen, die am 1. und 15. jeden Monates h.a. einzutreffen haben

<label>1.)</label>
<itabel>1.)</label>
<item>Name und Personaldaten (insbesonders auch Staatsbürgerschaft)
der in Frage kommenden ausländischen Staatsangehörigen,</item>
<label>2.)</label>
<item>Zeitpunkt und Ort der Betretung der ausländischen
Staatsangehörigen auf österreichischem Gebiet,</item>
<label>3.)</label>
<item>Zeitpunkt, Ort und nähere Umstände der Abdrängung über die
österreichische Grenze.</item>
</list>
```

2.3.1.2.3. Tables ()

Tables are encoded with the \leq table \geq element, which contains several \leq row \geq elements. The number of columns is defined by the number of \leq cell \geq elements within \leq row \geq .

Structure:

- Rows are presented from top to bottom.
- Columns are presented left to right within each row.

For better understanding, it is possible to indicate the number of rows and columns with the *rows* and *cols* attibutes in the \leq table \geq tag.

```
<row>
 <cell>Name</cell>
 <cell>Geburtsort</cell>
 <cell>Schuleberuf</cell>
 <cell>Familienstand</cell>
 </row>
 <cell>
  <persName ref="#ehri_et_rubinstyn_marta"</pre>
   type="ehri">
   <surname>Rubinstyn</surname>
   <forename>Marta</forename>
  </persName>
 </cell>
  1906
  15/IX <placeName ref="#belzyce" type="ehri">#######</placeName>
  </cell>
 <cell>#########</cell>
 <cell>
  <placeName ref="#munich" type="ehri">- ###
            </placeName>
######
 </cell>
 <cell>########</cell>
```

2.3.1.3. Further division: openers and closers

Some documents like letters or reports can be described in more details than with simple divisions, with an opener and/or a closer. The elements possibly contained in either opener or closer include:

- address (address) contains a postal address, for example of a publisher, an organization, or an individual.
- <u>addrLine</u> (address line) contains one line of a postal address.
- **<u>byline</u>** (byline) contains the primary statement of responsibility given for a work on its title page or at the head or end of the work.
- <u>dateline</u> (dateline) contains a brief description of the place, date, time, etc. of production of a letter, newspaper story, or other work, prefixed or suffixed to it as a kind of heading or trailer.
- <u>salute</u> (salutation) contains a salutation or greeting prefixed to a foreword, dedicatory epistle, or other division of a text, or the salutation in the closing of a letter, preface, etc.
- <u>signed</u> (signature) contains the closing salutation, etc., appended to a foreword, dedicatory epistle, or other division of a text.

</closer>

2.3.2. Displaying the text

2.3.2.1. Named entities (<persName>, <placeName> or <orgName>) and references (<rs>)

Named entities are encoded in two ways. If a person, place or organization is referred to by its name, then they should be encoded with eprsName, eplaceName or eorgName accordingly.

```
<persName>Franciszek Stoch</persName
<persName>Deputy Stoch</persName>
```

However, if a names entity is mentioned without any proper name, then it should be encoded with \leq rs \geq . The reference string element contains a reference to a named entity which is not named by its full name, and takes the text's context into account. It takes two mandatory attributes:

- type: "org", "person" or "place".
- ref: reference to the xml:id in the index.

```
<rs type="person"
ref="ehri_et_stoch_franciszek">the deputy</rs>
```

2.3.2.2. Foreign languages (<foreign>)

Words, expressions and text passages in a language other than the document's main language are encoded with the foreign> element. It takes a mandatory xml:lang attribute, which comes with a semi-closed list of values containing the languages used, at least once or that could potentially be used, by the EHRI editions.

```
cq xml:lang="cs">Trâbor #ital asi 1800 muž#, v#tšinou ma#arských Žid#, a kdo
neum#l ma#arsky, byl skoro ztracen. Bydlili jsme v t. zv. <foreign xml:lang="de">Erdbunker</foreign> - dlouhé, podzemní baráky s jedním
oknem, dv# #ady prken na spaní, uprost#ed komín a kamínka. Každý v#ze#
m#l deku, misku a lžíci.
```

2.3.2.3. Highlighted text (<hi>>)

When a part of the text is graphically distinct from the rest of the text, it should be encoded with \leq hi \geq .

```
<hi rend="italic">G. E. R. Gedye, Die Bastionen fielen. Wie der Faschismus
Wien und Prag überrannte.</hi>
```

2.3.2.4. Unclear parts of the text (<unclear>) and deletions ()

Passages that are hard to read should be encoded accordingly. When the text is difficult to read for reasons dealing with the conservation of the document, <unclear> should be used with the reason attribute.

```
The Gestapo told us that they would take us to work at a good place. On <unclear reason="faded">our</unclear> arrival in Auschwitz they separated me from the rest of my family and I had no idea what was in store for me.
```

When a passage has been explicitly deleted from the text by someone, it should be encoded with \leq del \geq which takes the mandatory attribute *rend*.

```
Samstag den 14. 0kt. 1939 um 
<del rend="strikethrough">10</del>, <del rend="strikethrough">12</del>,
14, <del rend="strikethrough">16</del> Uhrim Kuppelsaale, 2.,
Seitenstettengasse 4 zuverlässig zu erscheinen.
```

3. Indices

There are four indices for the EHRI Online Editions, with one file for each index:

- · Index of Organizations
- Index of Persons
- · Index of Places
- Index of Terms

3.1. Index of Organizations

The index of organizations is contained in a <<u>listOrg></u> element. Each organization appears within an <<u>org></u> element with an *xml:id*. The name of the organization appears twice in <<u>orgName></u> elements, distinguished by an *xml:lang* attribute. Thus, the name of the organization should first appear in English and then in its original language, depending on the availability of such information. The name of the organization is followed by a description (<<u>desc></u>) in English, with a reference (*ref*) to the entity on the EHRI portal. The location of the organization is indicated with a <<u>place></u> element and its *xml:id*. In the same way as the name of the organization, if the <<u>placeName></u> is available in English and its original language, then there are two elements. The city where the organization is located is indicated with the <<u>settlement></u> element and the *type* attribute with the value "city." If the organization has a VIAF (Virtual International Authority File), it is encoded in the <<u>sidno></u> element, specified by the *type* attribute with the value "VIAF."

```
</place>
</org>
</listOrg>
```

3.2. Index of Persons

The index of persons is contained in a !list-person element. Every person appears within a !list-person element with an xml:id. The name of the person is encoded within a !person element containing at least the !forename element. The !forename element. The !forename element. The sex of the person is given by the |forename with the value attribute, which is either "M" for "Male," "F" for "Female," or "U" for "Unknown." The person's occupation appears in the |forename person has a VIAF (Virtual International Authority File) or GND (Gemeinsname Normdatei) identifier, it is encoded in the |forename element, specified by the type attribute with the value "VIAF" or "GND" accordingly. When the life of the person is marked by one or more events, they appear as |forename elements with a when attribute, and a nested description paragraph in a |forename element.

```
Person
 <person xml:id="ehri_pers-000462">
  <persName>
   <forename>Karl</forename>
  <surname>Brandt</surname>
  </persName>
  <hirth>
   <date when-iso="1904-01-08"/>
   <placeName>Mulhouse, Alsace-Lorraine, Germany</placeName>
  </birth>
  <death>
  <date when-iso="1948-06-02"/>
   <placeName>Landsberg Prison, Germany</placeName>
  </death>
  <sex value="M"/>
 <occupation>physician</occupation>
<idno type="VIAF">8181132</idno>
  Personal physician of German dictator Adolf Hitler.
 </person>
</listPerson>
```

3.3. Index of Places

The index of places is contained in a \leq listPlace \geq element. The places appear within a \leq place \geq element, specified by two attributes: type (e.g. "camp," city," etc.) and xml:id. Just like in the indices of organizations and persons, the name of the place appears (whenever available) both in its original language and its English translation, in two separate \leq placeName \geq elements distinguished by the value of their xml:lang attribute. The geographical coordinates of the place are contained in the \leq geo \geq element, within a \leq location \geq element. The country is specified in the \leq country \geq element by the mandatory key attribute. There are two types of identifiers for places, contained in \leq idno \geq elements with a type attribute ("geonames" and "wikidata)." The \leq note \geq element contains a brief description of the place.

```
<
```

3.4. Index of Terms

The index of terms is contained in a style="style-type: left;">style="style-type: left;">left; element and its xml:id. The style="mailto: type: type: left;">style="mailto: type: left;">style="mailto: type: type: type: left;">style="mailto: type: typ

```
<list>
    <item xml:id="ehri_terms-517">
    <name xml:lang="en">death marches</name>
    <name xml:lang="de">Todesmarsch</name>
    <name xml:lang="fr">marche de la mort</name>
    <name xml:lang="cs">pochody smrti</name>
    <desc xml:lang="en"</pre>
```

```
ref="https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/death%20march">A march in
   which those unable to go on are left to die as they fall.</desc>
   <link type="ehri"
    target="https://portal.ehri-project.eu/keywords/ehri_terms-517?dlid=eng"/>
    <idno type="wikidata">Q5023193</idno>
    </item>
   </list>
```

4. Encoding Template for the <teiHeader>

```
<fileDesc>
 <titleStmt>
  <title xml:lang="en"/>
  <title xml:lang=""/>
<principal>
   <affiliation>
    <orgName ref="https://www.ehri-project.eu">European Holocaust Research
   Infrastructure</orgName>
  </principal>
  <respStmt> <resp/>
   <persName/>
  </respStmt>
 </titleStmt>
 <publicationStmt>
   <ref target="https://www.ehri-project.eu">European Holocaust Research
        Infrastructure></ref>
  </publisher>
  <availability>
   < licence target="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0">Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International //availability>
 <seriesStmt>
  <title ref="{link to the online edition}"/>
 </seriesStmt>
 <sourceDesc>
  <msDesc>
<msIdentifier>
    <institution>
     <orgName/>
     <address>
      <street>
      </street>
      <postCode/:
      <settlement/>
      <country/>
     </address>
    </institution>
    <collection/>
    <idno/>
   </msIdentifier>
   <physDesc>
    </physDesc>
  </msDesc>
   <textLang/>
 </sourceDesc>
</fileDesc>
<encodingDesc>
 projectDesc>
  </projectDesc>
</encodingDesc>
ofileDesc>
 <creation>
  <origDate when=""/>
<origPlace ref="{GeoNames link}"/>
cprsName ref="{EHRI entity}"/>
 </creation>
 <textClass>
  <catRef target="{}"/>
  <keywords>
   <term/>
  </keywords>
 </textClass>
 <langUsage>
  <language ident=""/>
 </langUsage>

</abstract>
</profileDesc>
<revisionDesc>
```

<change when="" who="{}"/>
</revisionDesc>
</teiHeader>

5. Schema Specifications

5.1. Elements

5.1.1. <TEI>

TEI> (TEI document) contains a single TEI-conformant document, combining a single TEI header with one or more members of the model.resource class. Multiple <a href="mailto: elements may be combined within a <a href="mailto: (or <teiCorpus>) element. [4. Default Text Structure 15.1. Varieties of Composite Text]

element. [4. Default Text Str	1	эт сотпрози			
Module	textstructure				
Attributes	• att.global				
	- @xml:id				
	- @n				
	- @xml:lang				
	- @xml:base				
	- @xml:space				
	 att.global.rendition 				
	* @rend				
	* @sty	rle			
	* @rer	ndition			
	– att.global.	facs			
	* @fac	es			
	- att.global.change				
	* @change				
	 att.global.responsibility 				
	* @cert				
	* @resp				
	- att.global.source				
	* @source				
	• att.typed				
	- @type				
	– @subtype				
		specifies the locument is	version number of the TEI Guidelines against which this valid.		
	:	Status	Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.version		
		Note	Major editions of the Guidelines have long been informally referred to by a name made up of the letter P (for Proposal) followed by a digit. The current release is one of the many releases of the fifth major edition of the Guidelines, known as P5. This attribute may be used to associate a TEI document with a specific release of the P5 Guidelines, in the absence of a more precise association provided by the <i>source</i> attribute on the associated <schemaspec>.</schemaspec>		
Contained by	textstructure: <u>TEI</u>				
May contain	header: teiHeader textstructure: TEI	<u>text</u>			

```
This element is required. It is customary to specify the TEI namespace http://www.teic.org/ns/1.0 on it, for example: <TEI version="4.4.0" xml:lang="it" xmlns="http://
Note
                                  www.tei-c.org/ns/1.0">.
                                      <TEI version="3.3.0" xmlns="http://www.tei-c.org/ns/1.0">
Example
                                        <fileDesc>
                                         <titleStmt>
                                           <title>The shortest TEI Document Imaginable</title>
                                         </titleStmt>
                                         <publicationStmt>
                                           First published as part of TEI P2, this is the P5
                                                version using a namespace.
                                         </publicationStmt>
                                         <sourceDesc>
                                          No source: this is an original work.
                                         </sourceDesc>
                                       </teiHeader>
                                       <text>
                                        <body>
  This is about the shortest TEI document imaginable.
                                       </text>
                                      <TEI version="2.9.1" xmlns="http://www.tei-c.org/ns/1.0">
Example
                                        <fileDesc>
                                          <title>A TEI Document containing four page images </title>
                                         </titleStmt>
                                         <publicationStmt>
                                           Unpublished demonstration file.
                                         </publicationStmt>
                                         <sourceDesc>
                                          No source: this is an original work.
                                         </sourceDesc>
                                        </fileDesc>
                                       </teiHeader>
                                       <facsimile>
                                        <graphic url="page1.png"/>
                                        <qraphic url="page2.png"/>
                                        <graphic url="page3.png"/>
                                        <graphic url="page4.png"/>
                                       </facsimile>
                                      </TEI>
                                   <sch:ns prefix="tei" uri="http://www.tei-c.org/ns/1.0"/> <sch:ns prefix="xs" uri="http://
Schematron
                                   www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"/>
Schematron
                                   <sch:ns prefix="rng" uri="http://relaxng.org/ns/structure/1.0"/> <sch:ns prefix="rna"
                                   uri="http://relaxng.org/ns/compatibility/annotations/1.0"/>
                                   <sch:ns prefix="sch" uri="http://purl.oclc.org/dsdl/schematron"/> <sch:ns prefix="sch1x"
Schematron
                                   uri="http://www.ascc.net/xml/schematron"/>
Content model
                                       <sequence>
                                        <elementRef key="teiHeader"/>
                                         <sequence>
                                          <classRef key="model.resource"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<elementRef key="TEI" minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                           maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                          </sequence>
                                         <elementRef key="TEI" minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                          maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                        </alternate>
                                       </sequence>
                                      </content>
Schema Declaration
                                      element TEI
                                         att.global.attributes,
                                         att.typed.attributes,
attribute version { text }?,
( teiHeader, ( ( model.resource+, TEI* ) | TEI+ ) )
```

5.1.2. <abbr>

<abbr> (abbreviation) contains an abbreviation of any sort. [3.6.5. Abbreviations and Their Expansions]

Module	core				
Attributes	• att.global				
	- @xml:id				
	– @n				
	- @xml:lang				
	- @xml:base				
	- @xml:space				
	att.global.rendition				
	* @rend				
	* @style				
	* @rendition				
	- att.global.facs				
	* @facs				
	att.global.change				
	* @change				
	 att.global.responsibility 				
	* @cert				
	* @resp				
	- att.global.source				
	* @source				
	• att.typed				
	- type				
	– @subtype				
	type (type) allows the encoder to classify the abbreviation according to some convenient typology.				
	Derived <u>att.typed</u> from				
	Status Optional				
	Datatype <u>teidata.enumerated</u>				
	Sample values include: pen-(suspension) the abbreviation provides the first sion letter(s) of the word or phrase, omitting the remainder.				
	con- trac- (contraction) the abbreviation omits some let- tion ter(s) in the middle.				
	bre- vi- the abbreviation comprises a special symbol or graph ark.				
	su- per- (superscription) the abbreviation includes writing scripabove the line. tion				
	acronym (acronym) the abbreviation comprises the initial letters of the words of a phrase.				

	Note	ti- tle (title) the abbreviation is for a title of address (Dr, Ms, Mr,) or- ga- (organization) the abbreviation is for the name of ni- an organization. za- tion ge- o- (geographic) the abbreviation is for a geographic graphame. ic The type attribute is provided for the sake of those who wish to classify abbreviations at their point of occur- rence; this may be useful in some circumstances, though usually the same abbreviation will have the same type in all occurrences. As the sample values make clear, ab- breviations may be classified by the method used to con- struct them, the method of writing them, or the refer-	
		ent of the term abbreviated; the typology used is up to the encoder and should be carefully planned to meet the needs of the expected use. For a typology of Middle Eng- lish abbreviations, see 6.2.	
Member of	model.pPart.editorial		
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Note	If abbreviations are expanded spialDecl>, either with a <n< th=""><th>silently, this practice should be documented in the <edito-ormalization> element or a $\leq p$.</edito-ormalization></th></n<>	silently, this practice should be documented in the <edito-ormalization> element or a $\leq p$.</edito-ormalization>	
Example	<pre><choice> <expan>North Atlantic Treaty Organization</expan> <abbr cert="low">NorATO</abbr> <abbr cert="high">NATO</abbr> <abbr cert="high" xml:lang="fr">OTAN</abbr> </choice></pre>		
Example	<pre><choice> <abbr>SPQR</abbr> <expan>senatus populusque romanorum</expan> </choice></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element abbr { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attribute.subt, attribute type { text }? macro.phraseSeq</pre>		

5.1.3. <abstract>

<abstract> contains a summary or formal abstract prefixed to an existing source document by the encoder. [2.4.4. Abstracts]

stracts]				
Module	header			
Attributes	• att.global			
	– @xml:id			
	– @n			
	- @xml:lang			
	- @xml:base			
	- @xml:space			
	 att.global.rendition 			
	* @rend			
	* @style			
	* @rendition			
	- att.global.facs			
	* @facs			
	- att.global.change			
	* @change			
	 att.global.responsibility 			
	* @cert			
	* @resp			
	- att.global.source			
	* @source			
Member of	model.profileDescPart			
Contained by	header: profileDesc			
May contain	core: list p			
	figures: table namesdates: listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace			
Note	This element is intended only for cases where no abstract is available in the original source.			
Note	Any abstract already present in the source document should be encoded as a <div> within the <front>, as it should for a born-digital document.</front></div>			
Example	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>			
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <classref key="model.pLike"></classref> <classref key="model.listLike"></classref> <elementref key="listBibl"></elementref> </alternate> </content></pre>			
Schema Declaration	element abstract			

```
{
  att.global.attributes,
   ( model.pLike | model.listLike | listBibl )+
}
```

5.1.4. <addrLine>

<addrLine> (address line) contains one line of a postal address. [3.6.2. Addresses 2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc. 3.12.2.4. Imprint, Size of a Document, and Reprint Information]

mg, etc. 3.12.2.4. Impin	nt, Size of a Document, and Reprint Information]			
Module	core			
Attributes	• att.global			
	- @xml:id			
	- @n			
	- @xml:lang			
	- @xml:base			
	- @xml:space			
	att.global.rendition			
	* @rend			
	* @style			
	* @rendition			
	att.global.facs			
	* @facs			
	att.global.change			
	* @change			
	 att.global.responsibility 			
	* @cert			
	* @resp			
	- att.global.source			
	* @source			
Member of	model.addrPart			
Contained by	core: address			
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear			
	header: idno			
	msdescription: <u>origDate origPlace stamp</u> namesdates: affiliation <u>country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-</u>			
	Name settlement surname			
	transcr: metamark space character data			
Note	Addresses may be encoded either as a sequence of lines, or using any sequence of compo-			
Note	nent elements from the model.addrPart class. Other non-postal forms of address, such as			
	telephone numbers or email, should not be included within an <u><address></address></u> element directly but may be wrapped within an <u><addrline></addrline></u> if they form part of the printed address in some			
	source text.			
Example	<address> <addrline>Computing Center, MC 135</addrline></address>			
	<addrline>P.O. Box 6998</addrline> <addrline>Chicago, IL</addrline>			
	<addrline>60680 USA</addrline>			
Example	<pre><addrline> <ref target="tel:+1-201-555-0123">(201) 555 0123</ref></addrline></pre>			
	<pre><ref target="te1:+1-201-555-0123">(201) 555 0123</ref> </pre>			
Content model	<content></content>			
	<macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref>			

Schema Declaration	element addrLine { att.global.attributes, macro.phraseSeq }

5.1.5. <*address*>

<address> (address) contains a postal address, for example of a publisher, an organization, or an individual. [3.6.2. Addresses 2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc. 3.12.2.4. Imprint, Size of a Document, and Reprint Information]

dresses 2.2.4. Publicati	ion, Distribution, Licensing, etc. 3.12.2.4. Imprint, Size of a Document, and Reprint Information]
Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	– @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	att.global.facs
	* @facs
	 att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	 att.global.source
	* @source
Member of	model.addressLike model.publicationStmtPart.detail
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear
	figures: cell
	header: authority change creation language licence principal publicationStmt msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp
	namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename location nameLink nationality occupa-
	tion orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname
	textstructure: <u>byline closer dateline opener salute signed</u> transcr: metamark
May contain	core: addrLine lb name note pb postCode rs street
May Contain	header: idno
	namesdates: country forename location nameLink orgName persName placeName settle-
	ment surname transcr: metamark space
Note	This element should be used for postal addresses only. Within it, the generic element <addr-< td=""></addr-<>
Note	Line> may be used as an alternative to any of the more specialized elements available from the model.addrPart class, such as <street>, <postcode> etc.</postcode></street>
Example	Using just the elements defined by the core module, an address could be represented as follows:
	<address> <street>via Marsala 24</street> <postcode>40126</postcode> <name>Bologna</name> <name>Italy</name></address>

Example	When a schema includes the names and dates module more specific elements such as country or settlement would be preferable over generic <adme>: <address> <street>via Marsala 24</street> <postcode>40126</postcode> <settlement>Bologna</settlement> <country>Ttaly</country> </address></adme>
Example	<address> <addrline>Computing Center, MC 135</addrline> <addrline>P.O. Box 6998</addrline> <addrline>Chicago, IL 60680</addrline> <addrline>USA</addrline> <addrline>USA</addrline></address>
Example	<address> <country key="FR"></country> <settlement type="city">Lyon</settlement> <postcode>69002</postcode> <district type="arrondissement">IIème</district> <district type="quartier">Perrache</district> <street> <num>30</num>, Cours de Verdun</street> </address>
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence> <classref key="model.global" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> <sequence maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <classref key="model.addrPart"></classref> <classref key="model.global" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> </sequence> </sequence> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element address { att.global.attributes, (model.global*, (model.addrPart, model.global*)+) }</pre>

5.1.6. <affiliation>

<affiliation> (affiliation) contains an informal description of a person's present or past affiliation with some organization, for example an employer or sponsor. [15.2.2. The Participant Description]

Module	namesdates		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	– @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	 att.global.rendition 		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		

	@ resp	
- att.gl	obal.source	
*	@source	
• att.editLik	te	
– @evi	idence	
- @ins	stant	
• att.datable	2	
– @pei	riod	
– att.da	atable.w3c	
*	@when	
*	@notBefore	
*	@notAfter	
*	@from	
*	@to	
– att.da	atable.iso	
*	@when-iso	
*	@notBefore-iso	
*	@notAfter-iso	
*	@from-iso	
*	@to-iso	
– att.da	atable.custom	
*	@when-custom	
*	@notBefore-cust	tom
*	@notAfter-custo	m
*	@from-custom	
*	@to-custom	
*	@datingPoint	
	@datingMethod	
• att.naming		
- @rol		
– @nyı	mRef	
	nonical	
*	@key	
	@ref	
• att.typed		
- type		
– @suł	otype	
		the element in some some vains any convenient classifier
type	tion scheme	s the element in some sense, using any convenient classifica or typology.
	Derived	att.typed
	from	
	Status	Optional
	Datatype	teidata.enumerated

* @resp

		Sample values include:		
			om- mend	
			dis- cred-	
			it	
			pledged	
	calendar	by the content	or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs.	
		-	will be removed on 2024-11-11	
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>	
Member of	model.addressI	model.addressLike model.persStateLike		
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename location nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName person placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark			
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data			
Note	If included, the name of an organization may be tagged using either the <a href="mailto:</th></tr><tr><th>Example</th><th colspan=3><pre><affiliation>Junior project officer for the US <name type=" org"="">National Endowment for the Humanities 			
Example	This example indicates that the person was affiliated with the Australian Journalists Association at some point between the dates listed. <affiliation notafter="1960-01-01" notbefore="1957-02-28">Paid up member of the corgName>Australian Journalists Association </affiliation>			
Example	out the entire sp	This example indicates that the person was affiliated with Mount Holyoke College throughout the entire span of the date range listed.		
	<pre><affiliation from="1902-01-01" to="1906-01-01">Was an assistant professor at Mount Holyoke College.</affiliation></pre>			
Content model	<content> <macroref k<="" th=""><th>ey="macro.phraseSe</th><th>:q"/></th></macroref></content>	ey="macro.phraseSe	:q"/>	

Schema Declaration	<pre>element affiliation { att.global.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.naming.attributes, att.tinped.attributes, att.typed.attribute.subtype, attribute type { text }?, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>

5.1.7. <author>

<author> (author) in a bibliographic reference, contains the name(s) of an author, personal or corporate, of a work; for example in the same form as that provided by a recognized bibliographic name authority. [3.12.2.2. Titles, Authors, and Editors 2.2.1. The Title Statement]

Module	core
Attributes	att.global
Auributes	- @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.naming
	- @role
	- @nymRef
	– att.canonical
	* @key
	* @ref
	• att.datable
	- @period
	att.datable.w3c
	* @when
	* @notBefore
	* @notAfter

	*	@from		
	*	@to		
	– att.da	table.iso		
	*	@when-iso		
	*	@notBefore-iso		
	* ,	@notAfter-iso		
	*	@from-iso		
	* (@to-iso		
	– att.da	- att.datable.custom		
	*	@when-custom		
	*	@notBefore-custo	m	
	*	@notAfter-custom	ı	
	*	@from-custom		
	*	@to-custom		
	* (@datingPoint		
		@datingMethod		
	calendar		or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs.	
		Deprecated	will be removed on 2024-11-11	
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-space	
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>	
Member of	model.respLike	<u> </u>		
Contained by	header: titleStr			
			-4 f 1: 11 2-4 11 4:41 4:41 1	
May contain	header: idno	ess date del distin	ct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear	
	msdescription	: origDate origPlace		
	l .		orename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-	
	Name settlement transcr: metan			
	character data			
Note	Particularly where cataloguing is likely to be based on the content of the header, it is advisable to use a generally recognized name authority file to supply the content for this element. The attributes <i>key</i> or <i>ref</i> may also be used to reference canonical information about the author(s) intended from any appropriate authority, such as a library catalogue or online resource. In the case of a broadcast, use this element for the name of the company or network responsible for making the broadcast. Where an author is unknown or unspecified, this element may contain text such as <i>Un</i> -			
	known or Anon	ymous. When the a of the names used f	appropriate TEI modules are in use, it may also contain de- for people, organizations or places, in particular where mul-	
Example	<author>La F <author>Anon</author></author>	ayette, Marie Made ymous	orporation leine Pioche de la Vergne, comtesse de (1634-1693) Foundation	

5.1.8. <authority>

<authority> (release authority) supplies the name of a person or other agency responsible for making a work available, other than a publisher or distributor. [2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc.]

	distributor. [2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc.]	
Module	header	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	 att.global.source 	
	* @source	
	• att.canonical	
	– @key	
	– @ref	
Member of	model.publicationStmtPart.agency	
Contained by	header: publicationStmt	
May contain	core: abbr address date distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place	
	Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space	

	character data
Example	<authority>John Smith</authority>
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq.limited"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	element authority { att.global.attributes, att.canonical.attributes, macro.phraseSeq.limited }

5.1.9. <availability>

<a vailability> (availability) supplies information about the availability of a text, for example any restrictions on its use or distribution, its copyright status, any licence applying to it, etc. [2,2,4, Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc.]

Module	header		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	– @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.declarable		
	– @default		
	status (status) supplies a code identifying the current availability of the text.		
	Status Optional		
	Datatype teidata.enumerated		
	Legal values free are: (free) the text is freely available.		
	un-		
	know(n nknown) the status of the text is unknown.		
	re-		
	<pre>stric(restricted) the text is not freely available. ed</pre>		

Member of	model.publicationStmtPart.detail		
Contained by	header: publicationStmt		
May contain	core: p header: licence		
Note	A consistent format should be adopted		
Example	<pre><availability status="restricted"> Available for academic research purposes only. </availability> <availability status="free"> In the public domain </availability> <availability> <availability> <availability> Availability status="restricted"> Availability> <availability></availability> </availability></availability></availability></pre>		
Example	<pre><availability> clicence target="http://opensource.org/licenses/MIT"> The MIT License applies to this document. Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions: <</availability></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <classref key="model.availabilityPart"></classref> <classref key="model.pLike"></classref> </alternate> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element availability { att.global.attributes, att.declarable.attributes, attribute status { "free" "unknown" "restricted" }?, (model.availabilityPart model.pLike)+ }</pre>		

5.1.10. <bibl>

**
bibl>** (bibliographic citation) contains a loosely-structured bibliographic citation of which the sub-components may or may not be explicitly tagged. [3.12.1. Methods of Encoding Bibliographic References and Lists of References 2.2.7. The Source Description 15.3.2. Declarable Elements]

Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	– @xml:lang	
	– @xml:base	
	– @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	

	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	 att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.declarable
	— @default
	• att.typed
	- @type
	– @subtype
	att.sortable
	– @sortKey
	att.docStatus
	- @status
Member of Contained by	model.biblLike core: del desc head hi item note p q ref textLang title unclear
	figures: cell header: change licence sourceDesc namesdates: event location occupation org person place textstructure: div postscript salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	core: textLang character data
Note	Contains <i>phrase-level</i> elements, together with any combination of elements from the model.biblPart class
Example	<pre><bibl>Blain, Clements and Grundy: Feminist Companion to Literature in English (Yale, 1990)</bibl></pre> /bibl>
Example	<pre><bibl> <bibl> <title level="a">The Interesting story of the Children in the Wood</title>. In <author>Victor E Neuberg</author>, <title>The Penny Histories</title>. <publisher>Optolisher>1968. </publisher></bibl></bibl></pre>
Example	<pre><bibl subtype="book_chapter" type="article" xm1:id="carlin_2003"></bibl></pre>

5.1.11. <birth>

 birth> (birth) conta	ins information about a person's birth, such as its date and place. [15.2.2. The Participant Description
Module	namesdates
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.editLike
	- @evidence
	– @instant
	• att.datable
	– @period
	- att.datable.w3c
	* @when

- * @notBefore
- * @notAfter
- * @from
- * @to
- att.datable.iso
 - * @when-iso
 - * @notBefore-iso
 - * @notAfter-iso
 - * @from-iso
 - * @to-iso
- att.datable.custom
 - * @when-custom
 - * @notBefore-custom
 - * @notAfter-custom
 - * @from-custom
 - * @to-custom
 - * @datingPoint
 - * @datingMethod
- att.dimensions
 - @unit
 - @quantity
 - @extent
 - @precision
 - @scope
 - att.ranging
 - * @atLeast
 - * @atMost
 - * @min
 - * @max
 - * @confidence
- att.naming
 - @role
 - @nymRef
 - att.canonical
 - * @key
 - * @ref
- att.typed
 - type
 - @subtype

type

characterizes the element in some sense, using any convenient classification scheme or typology.

Derived att.typed

from

Status Optional

I	ı	5	
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated
		Sample val-	cae- sare-(caesarean section)
		ues meiuue.	an
			vagi-
			nal (vaginal delivery)
			exNi-
			hi- (ex nihilo) lo
			in-
			cor-
			po- rat-
			ed
			found-
			ed
			es-
			tab- lished
	calendar	indicates or -	
	Calendar	by the content	or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs.
		Deprecated	will be removed on 2024-11-11
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space
		Schematron	<sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as-< th=""></sch:as-<></sch:rule>
			sert test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0">
			@calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele-
			ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex-
			tual content.
Member of	model.personPart		
Contained by	namesdates: pers	<u>on</u>	
May contain		s date del distin	ct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear
	header: idno	riaData ariaDla	as stamp
	msdescription: on namesdates: affil		<u>Forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-</u>
	Name settlement s		
	transcr: metamar	k space	
E	character data	020 Midlanda m	ogian /histha
Example		.920, Midlands r	
Example			<pre>small cottage near <name type="place">Aix-la-Chapelle</name>, >10 Dec 1960</pre>
Content model	<content></content>		
	<pre><macroref key="</content"></macroref></pre>	"macro.phraseSe	'q"/>
Schema Declaration	1,		
	element birth		
		attributes,	
	att.datable. att.dimensio	attributes, ns.attributes,	
I	att.naming.a	ittributes,	

```
att.typed.attribute.subtype,
attribute type { text }?,
attribute calendar { list { + } }?,
macro.phraseSeq
}
```

5.1.12. <body>

<body> (text body) contains the whole body of a single unitary text, excluding any front or back matter. [4. Default Text Structure]

Structure]	
Module	textstructure
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	att.declaring
	– @decls
Contained by	textstructure: text
May contain	textstructure: div
Example	<pre><body> <!---->Nu scylun hergan hefaenricaes uard<!--!--> <!---->hetudæs maecti end his modgidanc<!--!--> <!---->uerc uuldurfadur sue he uundra gihuaes<!--!--> <!---->eci dryctin or astelidæ<!--!--> <!---->he aerist scop aelda barnum<!--!--> <!---->heben til hrofe haleg scepen.<!--!--> <!---->tha middungeard moncynnæs uard<!--!--> <!---->ci dryctin æfter tiadæ<!--!--> <!---->firum foldu frea allmectig<!--!--> <trailer>primo cantauit Cædmon istud carmen.</trailer> </body> </pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <elementref key="div" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	element body { att.global.attributes, att.declaring.attributes, div+ }

5.1.13. <byline>

**
byline>** (byline) contains the primary statement of responsibility given for a work on its title page or at the head or end of the work. [4.2.2. Openers and Closers 4.5. Front Matter]

Module	textstructure	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	– @xml:base	
	– @xml:space	
	- att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	– att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
Member of	model.divWrapper	
Contained by	core: list	
	figures: table textstructure: div opener	
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear	
	header: idno	
	msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-	
	Name settlement surname	
	transcr: metamark space	
	character data	
Note	The byline on a title page may include either the name or a description for the document's author. Where the name is included, it may optionally be tagged using the <docauthor> element.</docauthor>	
Example	<pre><byline>Written by a CITIZEN who continued all the while in London. Never made publick before.</byline></pre>	
Example	 dyline>Written from her own MEMORANDUMS	
Example	 byline>By George Jones, Political Editor, in Washington	
Example	<pre><byline>BY <docauthor>THOMAS PHILIPOTT,</docauthor> Master of Arts,</byline></pre>	
	(Somtimes) Of Clare-Hall in Cambridge.	
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <elementref key="docAuthor"></elementref> <classref key="model.global"></classref> <alternate> </alternate></alternate></content></pre>	

```
Schema Declaration

element byline
{
    att.global.attributes,
        ( text | model.gLike | model.phrase | docAuthor | model.global )*
}
```

5.1.14. <catRef>

<catRef> (category reference) specifies one or more defined categories within some taxonomy or text typology. [2.4.3. The Text Classification]

Text Classification]					
Module	header				
Attributes	• att.global				
	- @xml:id				
	- @n				
	– @xr	nl:lang			
	– @xr	nl:base			
	– @xr	nl:space			
	– att.g	lobal.rendition			
	*	@rend			
	*	@style			
	*	@rendition			
	– att.g	lobal.facs			
	* @facs				
	- att.global.change				
	* @change				
	 att.global.responsibility 				
	* @cert				
	* @resp				
	- att.global.source				
	* @source				
	• att.pointing				
	– targe	et			
	- @targetLang				
	– @evaluate				
	target	specifies the References	destination of the reference by supplying one or more URI		
		Derived from	att.pointing		
		Status	Required		
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space		
		Suggested values in-	smug- gling		
		clude:	fate		
			refugee_pol- icy		
			re- ports		

	scheme		classification scheme within which the set of categories defined, for example by a <taxonomy> element, or by source. Optional teidata.pointer</taxonomy>
Contained by	header: textClass	<u> </u>	
May contain	Empty element		
Note	The <i>scheme</i> attrib clared.	ute needs to be	supplied only if more than one taxonomy has been de-
Example	elsewhere <taxonomy xml: <category xml <category <category> <category <category="" xml=""> </category> </category>	<pre>#prov #sales2"/> id="myTopics"> id="news"> spapers vincial</pre>	
Content model	<content> <empty></empty> </content>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>att.pointing attribute ta { list { (},</pre>	g.attribute.targ g.attribute.eval arget	uate, 'fate" "refugee_policy" "reports")+ }

5.1.15. <*cell>*

<cell> (cell) contains one cell of a table. [14.1.1. TEI Tables]</cell>		
Module	figures	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	

	* @cert * @resp - att.global.source * @source • att.tableDecoration - @role - @rows - @cols
Contained by	figures: row
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<pre><row> <cell role="label">General conduct</cell> <cell role="data">Not satisfactory, on account of his great unpunctuality and inattention to duties</cell> </row></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.specialPara"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element cel1 { att.global.attributes, att.tableDecoration.attributes, macro.specialPara }</pre>

5.1.16. <change>

<change> (change) documents a change or set of changes made during the production of a source document, or during the revision of an electronic file. [2.6. The Revision Description 2.4.1. Creation 11.7. Identifying Changes and Revisions]

revision of an electro	onic file. [2.6. The Revision Description 2.4.1. Creation 11.7. Identifying Changes and Revisions]
Module	header
Attributes	att.ascribed
	- @who
	• att.datable
	– @period
	- att.datable.w3c
	* @when
	* @notBefore
	* @notAfter
	* @from
	* @to
	- att.datable.iso
	* @when-iso
	* @notBefore-iso
	* @notAfter-iso

_	att.datable.custom	
	* @when-custom	
	* @notBefore-custon	m
	* @notAfter-custom	
	* @from-custom	
	* @to-custom	
	* @datingPoint	
	* @datingMethod	
• att.d	ocStatus	
_	@status	
• att.g	lobal	
_	@xml:id	
	@n	
_	@xml:lang	
	@xml:base	
_	@xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
_	att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
_	att.global.change	
	* @change	
_	att.global.responsibility	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
_	att.global.source	
	* @source	
• att.ty	esource	
	@type	
	@subtype	
calendar		or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs.
		will be removed on 2024-11-11
	Status	Optional
	Datatype	1–# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-
	Zumijpe	space
	Schematron	<sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele-</sch:as- </sch:rule>

* @from-iso* @to-iso

	target	(target) points Status Datatype	ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no textual content. s to one or more elements that belong to this change. Optional 1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by whitespace
Contained by	header: listChang	ge revisionDesc	2
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Note	The <i>who</i> attribute may be used to point to any other element, but will typically specify a < <u>re-spStmt></u> or < <u>person></u> element elsewhere in the header, identifying the person responsible for the change and their role in making it. It is recommended that changes be recorded with the most recent first. The <i>status</i> attribute may be used to indicate the status of a document following the change documented.		
Example	<pre><respstmt th="" xml:<=""><th>d="LDB">Lou Burn id="BZ"> Biting Zamir BEZ" when="2008- cc">Finished chat BEZ" when="2008- c">Finished chat Z" when="1991-1 ded examples to 1991-11-11" who</th><th>ed"> -02-02" upter 23 -01-02" uter 2</th></respstmt></pre>	d="LDB">Lou Burn id="BZ"> Biting Zamir BEZ" when="2008- cc">Finished chat BEZ" when="2008- c">Finished chat Z" when="1991-1 ded examples to 1991-11-11" who	ed"> -02-02" upter 23 -01-02" uter 2
Example	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="</content"></macroref></content></pre>	macro.specialF	Para"/>
Schema Declaration	att.datable. att.docStatu att.global.a att.typed.at attribute ca	us.attributes, attributes, atributes, alendar { list { arget { list { +	

5.1.17. <closer>

<closer> (closer) groups together salutations, datelines, and similar phrases appearing as a final group at the end of a division, especially of a letter. [4.2.2. Openers and Closers 4.2. Elements Common to All Divisions]

	2.2. Openers and Closers 4.2. Elements Common to All Divisions]		
Module	textstructure		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– @xml:id		
	- @n		
	– @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	- att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.written		
	- @hand		
Member of	model.divBottomPart		
Contained by	core: list		
	figures: table		
N/1	textstructure: div postscript		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno		
	msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp		
	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-		
	Name settlement surname textstructure: dateline salute signed		
	transcr: metamark space		
	character data		
Example	<pre><div type="letter"> perhaps you will favour me with a sight of it when convenient.</div></pre>		
	<closer> <salute>I remain, &c. &c.</salute></closer>		
	<signed>H. Colburn</signed>		
E1	<div type="chapter"></div>		
Example	and his heart was going like mad and yes I said yes I will Yes.		
	<pre><!----> and his heart was going like mad and yes I said yes I will res. <closer></closer></pre>		
	<pre><name type="place">Trieste-Zürich-Paris,</name> <date>1914-1921</date></pre>		
	<pre></pre>		

5.1.18. <collection>

<collection> (collection) contains the name of a collection of manuscripts or other objects, not necessarily located within a single repository. [10.4. The Manuscript Identifier]

Module	msdescription
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.naming
	– @role
	– @nymRef
	- att.canonical
	* @key
	* @ref

	• att.typed
	– @type
	- @subtype
Contained by	msdescription: msIdentifier
May contain	core: abbr address date distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<pre><msidentifier> <country>USA</country> <region>California</region> <settlement>San Marino</settlement> <repository>Huntington Library</repository> <collection>Ellesmere</collection> <idno>El 26 C 9</idno> <msname>The Ellesmere Chaucer</msname> </msidentifier></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq.limited"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element collection { att.global.attributes, att.naming.attributes, att.typed.attributes, macro.phraseSeq.limited }</pre>

5.1.19. <country>

<country> (country) contains the name of a geo-political unit, such as a nation, country, colony, or commonwealth, larger than or administratively superior to a region and smaller than a bloc. [13.2.3. Place Names]

Module	namesdates
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source

1	* @source	
	• att.naming	
	- @role	
	- @nymRef	
	- att.canonical	
	* @key	
	* @ref	
	• att.typed	
	- @type	
	– @subtype	
	att.datable	
	– @period	
	- att.datable.w3c	
	* @when	
	* @notBefore	
	* @notAfter	
	* @from	
	* @to	
	att.datable.iso	
	* @when-iso	
	* @notBefore-is	
	* @notAfter-iso	
	* @from-iso	
	* @to-iso	
	 att.datable.custom 	
	* @when-custon	
	* @notBefore-c	
	* @notAfter-cus	
	* @from-custon	1
	* @to-custom	
	* @datingPoint	
	* @datingMetho	od
		one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented tent of this element belongs.
	Deprecat	ed will be removed on 2024-11-11
	Status	Optional
	Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space
	Schemati	<pre>con <sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>
Member of	model.placeNamePart	

Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution msIdentifier origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename location nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName place placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Note	The recommended source for codes to represent coded country names is ISO 3166.
Example	<pre><country key="DK">Denmark</country></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <macro.phraseseq"></macro.phraseseq"> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element country { att.global.attributes, att.naming.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.datable.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>

5.1.20. <creation>

<creation> (creation</creation>) contains information about the creation of a text. [2.4.1. Creation 2.4. The Profile Description]
Module	header
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	 att.global.change
	* @change
	att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source

1	* @source	
	• att.datable	
	- @period	
	- att.datable.w3c	
	* @when	
	* @notBefore	
	* @notAfter	
	* @from	
	* @to	
	- att.datable.iso	
	* @when-iso	
	* @notBefore-iso	
	* @notAfter-iso	
	* @from-iso	
	* @to-iso	
	- att.datable.custom	
	* @when-custom	
	* @notBefore-custom	
	* @notAfter-custom	
	* @from-custom	
	* @to-custom	
	* @datingPoint	
	* @datingMethod	
	calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs.	
	Deprecated will be removed on 2024-11-11	
	Status Optional	
	Datatype 1–# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-space	
	Schematron <sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule>	
Member of	model.profileDescPart	
Contained by	header: profileDesc	
May contain	core: abbr address date distinct foreign hi name num q ref rs term title header: idno listChange msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname character data	
Note	The 	

	should not be confused with the \leq publicationStmt \geq element, which records date and place of publication.
Example	<creation> <date>Before 1987</date> </creation>
Example	<pre><creation> <date when="1988-07-10">10 July 1988</date> </creation></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.limitedPhrase"></classref> <elementref key="listChange"></elementref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element creation { att.global.attributes, att.datable.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, (text model.limitedPhrase listChange)* }</pre>

5.1.21. <date>

<a href="<date"><date> (date) contains a date in any format. [3.6.4. Dates and Times 2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc. 2.6. The Revision Description 3.12.2.4. Imprint, Size of a Document, and Reprint Information 15.2.3. The Setting Description 13.4. Dates]

13.4. Dates]	
Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	– @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.canonical
	– @key
	- @ref
	• att.datable
	- @period

Contained by	core: <u>abbr</u> <u>addrLine</u> <u>author</u> <u>date</u> <u>del</u> <u>desc</u> <u>distinct</u> <u>foreign</u> <u>head</u> <u>hi</u> <u>item</u> <u>label</u> <u>name</u> <u>note</u> <u>num</u> <u>p</u> <u>q ref</u> <u>resp</u> <u>rs</u> <u>street</u> <u>term</u> <u>textLang</u> <u>title</u> <u>unclear</u> <u>figures:</u> <u>cell</u>
Member of	model.dateLike model.publicationStmtPart.detail
	– @subtype
	- @type
	• att.typed
	* @confidence
	* @max
	* @min
	* @atMost
	* @atLeast
	– att.ranging
	– @scope
	- @precision
	- @extent
	– @quantity
	– @unit
	• att.dimensions
	- @instant
	- @evidence
	att.editLike
	att.calendarSystem @calendar
	* @datingMethod
	* @datingPoint * @datingMathod
	* @to-custom
	* @from-custom
	* @notAfter-custom
	* @notBefore-custom
	* @when-custom
	- att.datable.custom
	* @to-iso
	* @from-iso
	* @notAfter-iso
	* @notBefore-iso
	* @when-iso
	- att.datable.iso
	* @to
	* @from
	* @notAfter
	* @notBefore
	* @when
	- att.datable.w3c

	header: authority change creation language licence principal publicationStmt msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<date when="1980-02">early February 1980</date>
Example	Given on the <date when="1977-06-12">Twelfth Day of June in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-seven of the Republi the Two Hundredth and first and of the University the Eighty-Sixth.</date>
Example	<date when="1990-09">September 1990</date>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <classref key="model.global"></classref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element date { att.global.attributes, att.canonical.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.calendarSystem.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.dimensions.attributes, att.typed.attributes, (text model.gLike model.phrase model.global)* }</pre>

5.1.22. <dateline>

<a href="https://dateline) (dateline) contains a brief description of the place, date, time, etc. of production of a letter, newspaper story, or other work, prefixed or suffixed to it as a kind of heading or trailer. [4.2.2. Openers and Closers]

Module	textstructure
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change

ı	I
	- att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
Member of	model.divWrapper
Contained by	core: list figures: table textstructure: closer div opener
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<dateline>Walden, this 29. of August 1592</dateline>
Example	<pre><div type="chapter"></div></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <classref key="model.jlobal"></classref> <elementref key="docDate"></elementref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element dateline { att.global.attributes, (text model.gLike model.phrase model.global docDate)* }</pre>

5.1.23. <death>

<death> (death) contains information about a person's death, such as its date and place. [15.2.2. The Participant Description]

uonj	
Module	namesdates
Attributes	att.datable
	- @period
	- att.datable.w3c
	* @when
	* @notBefore
	* @notAfter
	* @from
	* @to
	– att.datable.iso
	* @when-iso

- * @notBefore-iso
- * @notAfter-iso
- * @from-iso
- * @to-iso
- att.datable.custom
 - * @when-custom
 - * @notBefore-custom
 - * @notAfter-custom
 - * @from-custom
 - * @to-custom
 - * @datingPoint
 - * @datingMethod
- att.dimensions
 - @unit
 - @quantity
 - @extent
 - @precision
 - @scope
 - att.ranging
 - * @atLeast
 - * @atMost
 - * @min
 - * @max
 - * @confidence
- att.editLike
 - @evidence
 - @instant
- att.global
 - @xml:id
 - @n
 - @xml:lang
 - @xml:base
 - @xml:space
 - att.global.rendition
 - * @rend
 - * @style
 - * @rendition
 - att.global.facs
 - * @facs
 - att.global.change* @change
 - att.global.responsibility
 - * @cert

```
* @resp
      - att.global.source
          * @source
 • att.naming
      - @role
        @nymRef
        att.canonical
          * @key
          * @ref
 • att.typed
      - type
      - @subtype
                 characterizes the element in some sense, using any convenient classifica-
type
                 tion scheme or typology.
                 Derived
                               att.typed
                  from
                  Status
                               Optional
                  Datatype
                               teidata.enumerated
                  Sample val-
                               pro-
                  ues include: claimed
                               as-
                               sumed
                               ver-
                               i-
                               fied
                               clin-
                               cal
                               brain
                               nat-
                               ur-
                               al
                               un-
                               nat-
                               ur-
                               al
                               frag-
                               men-
                               ta-
                               tion
                               dis-
                               so-
                               lu-
                               tion
                               This attribute is not intended to express the cause of
                  Note
                               death.
calendar
                 indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented
                 by the content of this element belongs.
                 Deprecated will be removed on 2024-11-11
```

	Status	Optional	
	Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
	Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>	
Member of	model.personPart		
Contained by	namesdates: person		
May contain	header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlac	ct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear ce stamp orename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-	
Example	<death when="1902-10-01"></death>		
Example	<pre><death when="1960-12-10">Passed</death></pre>	d away near <name type="place">Aix-la-Chapelle</name> , after	suffering from cerel
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSec </content></pre></th><th>q"></macroref></content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element death { att.datable.attributes, att.dimensions.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.global.attributes, att.naming.attributes, att.typed.attribute.subtype attribute type { text }?, attribute calendar { list { macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.24.

 (deletion) contains a letter, word, or passage deleted, marked as deleted, or otherwise indicated as superfluous or spurious in the copy text by an author, scribe, or a previous annotator or corrector. [3.5.3. Additions, Deletions, and Omissions]

flous in the copy text by an au	thor, scribe, or a previous annotator or corrector. [3.5.5. Additions, Deletions, and Omissions]
Module	core
Attributes	att.transcriptional
	– @status
	- @cause
	- @seq
	- att.editLike
	* @evidence
	* @instant
	– att.written
	* @hand
	• att.typed
	- @type
	- @subtype
	• att.dimensions

.			
	– @unit		
	– @quant		
	– @exten		
	– @precis	sion	
	– @scope		
	– att.rang	ing	
	* @;	atLeast	
	* @:	atMost	
	* @1	nin	
	* @1	max	
	* @@	confidence	
	• att.global		
	– @xml:i	d	
	– @n		
	– @xml:l	ang	
	– @xml:b	ase	
	– @xml:s	pace	
	att.global.ren	dition	
	- rend		
	– @style		
	– @rendit	tion	
	att.global.fac	es .	
	- @facs		
	att.global.cha	ange	
	– @chang	ge	
	att.global.res		
	– @cert		
	– @resp		
	• att.global.sou	ırce	
	– @sourc		
	rend		dicates how the element in question was rendered or pre-
	Tend	sented in the	
		Derived from	att.global.rendition
		Status	Required
		Datatype	1—# occurrences of <u>teidata.word</u> separated by whitespace
		Suggested	over-
		values in-	writ-
		clude:	ten
			strikethrough
			erased
			none
Member of	model post trans	crintional	
Member of	model.pPart.trans	сприопаі	

Contained by	some about addline outbout date del distinct foreign beed by item label name note num n a mel
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref
	figures: cell
	header: change licence
	msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp
	namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation
	orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname
	textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed
	transcr: metamark
May contain	core: <u>abbr</u> <u>address bibl</u> <u>date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref</u> <u>rs term title unclear</u>
	figures: table
	header: idno
	msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp
	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location
	nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname
	transcr: metamark space
	character data
Note	This element should be used for deletion of shorter sequences of text, typically single words or phrases. The <delspan> element should be used for longer sequences of text, for those containing structural subdivisions, and for those containing overlapping additions and deletions.</delspan>
	The text deleted must be at least partially legible in order for the encoder to be able to transcribe it (unless it is restored in a <supplied> tag). Illegible or lost text within a deletion may be marked using the <gap> tag to signal that text is present but has not been transcribed, or is no longer visible. Attributes on the <gap> element may be used to indicate how much text is omitted, the reason for omitting it, etc. If text is not fully legible, the unclear> element (available when using the additional tagset for transcription of primary sources) should be used to signal the areas of text which cannot be read with confidence in a similar way. </gap></gap></supplied>
	Degrees of uncertainty over what can still be read, or whether a deletion was intended may be indicated by use of the <certainty> element (see 21. Certainty, Precision, and Responsibility). There is a clear distinction in the TEI between and <surplus> on the one hand and <gap> or <unclear> on the other. indicates a deletion present in the source being transcribed, which states the author's or a later scribe's intent to cancel or remove text. <surplus> indicates material present in the source being transcribed which should have been so deleted, but which is not in fact. <gap> or <unclear>, by contrast, signal an editor's or encoder's decision to omit something or their inability to read the source text. See sections 11.3.1.7. Text Omitted from or Supplied in the Transcription and 11.3.3.2. Use of the gap, del, damage, unclear, and supplied Elements in Combination for the relationship between these and other related elements used in detailed transcription.</unclear></gap></surplus></unclear></gap></surplus></certainty>
Example	<pre><1> <del rend="overtyped">Mein Frisch <del rend="overstrike" type="primary">schwebt</pre>
Example	<pre><del rend="overstrike"> <gap quantity="5" reason="illegible" unit="character"></gap> </pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <macro.paracontent"></macro.paracontent"> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	
Schema Deciaration	<pre>element del { att.global.attribute.xmlid, att.global.attribute.n, att.global.attribute.xmllang, att.global.attribute.xmlsase, att.global.attribute.xmlspace, att.global.attribute.xmlspace, att.global.rendition.attribute.style, att.global.rendition.attribute.rendition, att.global.facs.attribute.facs, att.global.change.attribute.change, att.global.responsibility.attribute.cert, att.global.responsibility.attribute.resp, att.global.source.attribute.source,</pre>

```
att.transcriptional.attributes,
att.typed.attributes,
att.dimensions.attributes,
attribute rend
{
    list { ( "overwritten" | "strikethrough" | "erased" | "none" )+ }
},
macro.paraContent
}
```

5.1.25. <desc>

<desc> (description) contains a short description of the purpose, function, or use of its parent element, or when the parent is a documentation element, describes or defines the object being documented. [22.4.1. Description of Components]

Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
	• att.typed	
	- type	
	– @subtype	
	type characterizes the element in some sense, using any convenient class tion scheme or typology.	sifica-
	Derived att.typed	
	from	
	Status Optional	
	Datatype <u>teidata.enumerated</u>	
	Suggested dep- values in- re- (deprecation information) This element describ	nes
	clude: ca- why or how its parent element is being depreca tionInd, typically including recommendations for al- fo ternate encoding.	ıt-
	<pre></pre>	

	<pre>with a decimal point. So instead of <q>3.</q> use either <q>3</q> or <q>3.0</q>. <!----> </pre>
Member of	model.descLike model.labelLike
Contained by	core: del desc head hi item list note p q ref textLang title unclear figures: cell header: change licence listChange namesdates: event listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location occupation org place textstructure: div postscript salute signed transcr: metamark space
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date desc distinct foreign hi label list name num q ref rs term title figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname character data
Note	When used in a specification element such as <elementspec>, TEI convention requires that this be expressed as a finite clause, beginning with an active verb.</elementspec>
Example	Example of a <desc> element inside a documentation element. <dataspec ident="teidata.point" module="tei"></dataspec></desc>
Example	Example of a <desc> element in a non-documentation element. <pre></pre></desc>
Schematron	A <desc> with a type of deprecationInfo should only occur when its parent element is being deprecated. Furthermore, it should always occur in an element that is being deprecated when <desc> is a valid child of that element. <sch:rule context="tei:desc[@type eq 'deprecationInfo']"> <sch:assert test="/@validUntil">Information about a deprecation should only be present in a specification element that is being deprecated: that is, only an element that has a @validUntil attribute should have a child <desc type="deprecationInfo">.</desc></sch:assert> </sch:rule></desc></desc>
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.limitedContent"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element desc { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attribute.subtype, attribute type { "deprecationInfo" }?, macro.limitedContent }</pre>

5.1.26. <distinct>

<distinct> identifies any word or phrase which is regarded as linguistically distinct, for example as archaic, technical, dialectal, non-preferred, etc., or as forming part of a sublanguage. [3.3.2.3. Other Linguistically Distinct Material]

Module	core

Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.typed
	- type
	– @subtype
	type specifies the sublanguage or register to which the word or phrase is being assigned
	Derived <u>att.typed</u> from
	Status Required
	Datatype <u>teidata.enumerated</u>
	time specifies how the phrase is distinct diachronically
	Status Optional
	Datatype <u>teidata.text</u>
	space specifies how the phrase is distinct diatopically
	Status Optional
	Datatype <u>teidata.text</u>
	social specifies how the phrase is distinct diastratically
	Status Optional
	Datatype <u>teidata.text</u>
Member of	model.emphLike
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal
	msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname

	textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark	
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data	
Example	Next morning a boy in that dormitory confided to his bosom friend, a <distinct type="ps_slang">fag</distinct> would keep secret.	
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element distinct { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attribute.subtype, attribute type { text }, attribute time { text }?, attribute space { text }?, attribute social { text }?, attribute soci</pre>	

5.1.27. <div>

Module	towtotwo		
	textstructure		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	– @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	 att.global.rendition 		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	 att.global.change 		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	att.divLike		
	- @org		
	- @sample		

	– att.fragmentable	
	* @part	
	• att.declaring	
	- @decls	
	• att.written	
	– @hand	
	att.typed	
	- type	
	– @subtype	
	type characterizes the element in some sense, using any convenient classification scheme or typology.	
	Derived att.typed from	
	Status Required	
	Datatype teidata.enumerated	
	Suggested tran-	
	values in- scrip- clude: tion	
	trans- la- tion	
Member of	model.divLike	
Contained by	textstructure: body div	
May contain	core: bibl desc head label lb list note p pb q figures: table msdescription: msDesc namesdates: listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace textstructure: byline closer dateline div opener postscript salute signed transcr: metamark space	
Example	<pre><body></body></pre>	
Schematron	<pre><s:rule context="tei:TEI/text/body/div[@type]"> <s:assert test="@type='transcription' or @type='translation'"> Value for @type in first-level division is either "transcription" or "translation" </s:assert> </s:rule></pre>	
Schematron	<pre><sch:report test="(ancestor::tei:l or ancestor::tei:lg) and not(ancestor::tei:floatingText)"> Abstract model violation: Lines may not contain higher-level structural elements such as div,</sch:report></pre>	

```
Schematron
                                      <sch:report test="(ancestor::tei:p or ancestor::tei:ab) and not(ancestor::tei:floatingText)">
                                      Abstract model violation: p and ab may not contain higher-level structural elements such as
                                     div, unless div is a descendant of floatingText. </sch:report>
Content model
                                           <sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<alternate minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                             maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                             <classRef key="model.divTop"/>
                                             <classRef key="model.global"/>
                                            </alternate>
                                            <sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
                                             <alternate minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<sequence minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                               maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                               <alternate minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                                                <classRef key="model.divLike"/>
                                                <classRef key="model.divGenLike"/>
                                               <classRef key="model.global"</pre>
                                                minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                              </sequence>
                                              <sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                                               <sequence minOccurs="1"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                 <alternate minOccurs="1"
                                                 maxOccurs="1">
                                                  <elementRef key="schemaSpec"/>
                                                  <classRef key="model.common"/>
                                                 </alternate>
                                                <classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                               </sequence>
                                               <sequence minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                                maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                <alternate minOccurs="1"
maxOccurs="1">
                                                 <classRef key="model.divLike"/>
<classRef key="model.divGenLike"/>
                                                 </alternate>
                                                 <classRef key="model.global"</pre>
                                                 minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                               </sequence>
                                             </alternate>
                                             <sequence minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                              maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                              cclassRef key="model.divBottom"/>
<classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                             </sequence>
                                            </sequence>
                                           </sequence>
                                          </content>
Schema Declaration
                                          element div
                                             att.global.attributes,
                                             att.divLike.attributes
                                             att.typed.attribute.subtype,
att.declaring.attributes,
                                             att.written.attributes,
attribute type { "transcription" | "translation" },
                                                 ( model.divTop | model.global )*,
                                                        ( ( model.divLike | model.divGenLike ), model.global* )+
                                                              ( schemaSpec | model.common ), model.global* )+,
                                                           ( ( model.divLike | model.divGenLike ), model.global* )*
                                                    ( model.divBottom, model.global* )*
```

5.1.28. <encodingDesc>

<encodingDesc> (encoding description) documents the relationship between an electronic text and the source or sources from which it was derived. [2.3. The Encoding Description 2.1.1. The TEI Header and Its Components]

Module	header
--------	--------

1	1
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	- att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
Member of	model.teiHeaderPart
Contained by	header: teiHeader
May contain	core: p header: projectDesc
Example	<pre><encodingdesc> Basic encoding, capturing lexical information only. All hyphenation, punctuation, and variant spellings normalized. No formatting or layout information preserved. </encodingdesc></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <classref key="model.encodingDescPart"></classref> <classref key="model.pLike"></classref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element encodingDesc { att.global.attributes, (model.encodingDescPart model.pLike)+ }</pre>

5.1.29. <*event>*

<event> (event) contains data relating to anything of significance that happens in time. [13.3.1. Basic Principles]</event>	
Module	namesdates
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition

- * @rend
- * @style
- * @rendition
- att.global.facs
 - * @facs
- att.global.change
 - * @change
- att.global.responsibility
 - * @cert
 - * @resp
- att.global.source
 - * @source
- att.datable
 - @period
 - att.datable.w3c
 - * @when
 - * @notBefore
 - * @notAfter
 - * @from
 - * @to
 - att.datable.iso
 - * @when-iso
 - * @notBefore-iso
 - * @notAfter-iso
 - * @from-iso
 - * @to-iso
 - att.datable.custom
 - * @when-custom
 - * @notBefore-custom
 - * @notAfter-custom
 - * @from-custom
 - * @to-custom
 - * @datingPoint
 - * @datingMethod
- att.editLike
 - @evidence
 - @instant
- att.locatable
 - @where
- att.naming
 - @role
 - @nymRef
 - att.canonical

```
* @key
                                                * @ref
                                     • att.sortable
                                          — @sortKey

    att.typed

                                          - @type
                                          - @subtype
                                   calendar
                                                        indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented
                                                        by the content of this element belongs.
                                                        Deprecated will be removed on 2024-11-11
                                                         Status
                                                                        Optional
                                                        Datatype
                                                                        1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-
                                                                        space
                                                         Schematron <sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as-
                                                                        sert test="string-length( normalize-space(.) ) gt 0">
                                                                         @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars
                                                                        to which the date represented by the content of this ele-
                                                                        ment belongs, but this <sch:name/> element has no tex-
                                                                        tual content.</sch:assert> </sch:rule>
Member of
                                  model.eventLike
Contained by
                                  namesdates: event listEvent org person place
May contain
                                   core: bibl desc head label note p
                                  header: idno
                                  msdescription: msDesc
                                  namesdates: event listEvent listPerson listPlace org person place
Example
                                        <event when="1618-05-23"</pre>
                                        xml:id="SecondDefPrague" where="#Prague">
                                        <eventName>1618 Defenestration of Prague/eventName><idno>https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Q13365740/idno>
                                        type="defenstrated">
                                          <person>
                                           <persName>Jaroslav Bo#ita z Martinic</persName>
                                          <idno type="GND">https://d-nb.info/gnd/116810998</idno>
                                          <person>
                                          cypersName>Vilém Slavata z Chlumu a Košumberkaname>
<idno type="GND">https://d-nb.info/gnd/1018376615</idno>
                                          </person>
                                           <persName>Filip Fabricius</persName>
                                          <idno type="GND">https://d-nb.info/gnd/133946118</idno>
                                        </person>
</listPerson>
                                        <place xml:id="Prague">
  <placeName>Prague</placeName>
                                        </event>
                                        <event from="1618" to="1648"</pre>
                                        xml:id="ThirtyYearsWar">
                                         <eventName>Thirty Years' War</eventName>
                                        <idno>https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Q2487</idno>
<event when="1643-03-19"</pre>
                                         xml:id="BattleofRocroi" where="#Rocroi">
                                          <eventName>Battle of Rocroi</eventName</pre>
                                          <idno type="Wikidata">https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Q728480</idno>
                                         <idno type="GND">https://d-nb.info/gnd/4202901-6</idno>
<place xml:id="Rocroi">
                                          <placeName>Rocroi</placeName>
<location>
                                            <geo decls="#WGS">49.926111 4.522222
                                          </location>
                                         </place>
                                        </event>
                                       </listEvent>
```

```
<person>
Example
                                                      <event type="mat" when="1972-10-12">
  <label>matriculation</label>
                                                      </event>
                                                      <event type="grad" when="1975-06-23">
                                                       <label>graduation</label>
                                                      </event>
                                                     </person>
Content model
                                                     <content>
                                                      <sequence>
                                                       <elementRef key="idno" minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                                       maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<classRef key="model.headLike"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                       <alternate>
                                                        <clark="model.pLike"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<classRef key="model.labelLike"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<elementRef key="eventName"</pre>
                                                          minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                       </alternate>
                                                       <alternate minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                         <classRef key="model.noteLike"/>
                                                        <classRef key="model.biblLike"/>
<elementRef key="linkGrp"/>
                                                         <elementRef key="link"/>
<elementRef key="idno"/>
                                                        <elementRef key="ptr"/>
                                                       </alternate>
                                                       <alternate minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                                        maxOccurs="unbounded">

<elementRef key="event" minOccurs="1"
                                                          maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                         <elementRef key="listEvent"</pre>
                                                          minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                       </alternate>
                                                       <alternate minOccurs="0"
                                                        maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                         cclassRef key="model.personLike"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<elementRef key="listPerson"</pre>
                                                          minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                       </alternate>
                                                       <alternate minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                                        minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                       </alternate>
                                                       <classRef key="model.objectLike"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                       <alternate minOccurs="0"
                                                        maxOccurs="unbounded">
    <elementRef key="relation" minOccurs="1"
    maxOccurs="1"/>
    <elementRef key="listRelation"</pre>
                                                          minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                       </alternate>
                                                      </sequence>
                                                     </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                     element event
                                                         att.global.attributes,
                                                        att.datable.attributes, att.editLike.attributes,
                                                         att.locatable.attributes,
                                                        att.naming.attributes,
                                                         att.sortable.attributes,
                                                        att.typed.attributes,
attribute calendar { list { + } }?,
                                                             model.headLike*,
( model.pLike+ | model.labelLike+ | eventName+ ),
( model.noteLike | model.biblLike | linkGrp | link | idno | ptr )*,
                                                             ( event | listEvent )*,
( model.personLike | listPerson )*,
( model.placeLike | listPlace )*,
model.objectLike*,
                                                              ( relation | listRelation )*
                                                         )
```

5.1.30. <fileDesc>

<fileDesc> (file description) contains a full bibliographic description of an electronic file. [2.2. The File Description 2.1.1. The TEI Header and Its Components]

Module	header		
Attributes	att.global		
1100110 0000	- @xml:id		
	- @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	- att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	- att.global.responsibility		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
Contained by	header: teiHeader		
May contain	header: publicationStmt seriesStmt sourceDesc titleStmt		
Note	The major source of information for those seeking to create a catalogue entry or bibliographic citation for an electronic file. As such, it provides a title and statements of responsibility together with details of the publication or distribution of the file, of any series to which it belongs, and detailed bibliographic notes for matters not addressed elsewhere in the header. It also contains a full bibliographic description for the source or sources from which the electronic text was derived.		
Example	<pre><filedesc> <filedesc> <title>The shortest possible TEI document</title> <publicationstmt> <pp>istributed as part of TEI P5 </pp></publicationstmt> <sourcedesc> >No print source exists: this is an original digital text </sourcedesc></filedesc> </filedesc></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence> <sequence> <elementref key="titleStmt"></elementref> <elementref key="editionStmt" minoccurs="0"></elementref> <elementref key="extent" minoccurs="0"></elementref> <elementref key="publicationStmt"></elementref> <elementref key="seriesStmt" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></elementref> <elementref key="surceDesc" minoccurs="0"></elementref> </sequence> <elementref key="sourceDesc" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref> </sequence> </content></pre>		

```
Schema Declaration

element fileDesc
{
    att.global.attributes,
    (
        titleStmt,
        editionStmt?,
        extent?,
        publicationStmt,
        seriesStmt*,
        notesStmt?
    ),
    sourceDesc+
    )
}
```

5.1.31. <foreign>

<foreign> (foreign) identifies a word or phrase as belonging to some language other than that of the surrounding text. [3,3,2,1, Foreign Words or Expressions]

[3.3.2.1. Foreign Wor			
Module	core		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– xml:la	ang	
	– @xml	l:id	
	– @n		
	– @xml	l:base	
	– @xml	l:space	
	• att.global.r	endition	
	– @reno	d	
	– @styl		
	– @reno	dition	
	• att.global.f		
	- @facs		
	• att.global.c		
	– @cha		
	• att.global.r		
	– @cert		
	– @resp		
	• att.global.s		
	– @sou	rce	
	xml:lang		ndicates the language of the element content using a 'tag' cording to BCP 47.
		Derived from	att.global
		Status	Required
		Datatype	teidata.language
		Suggested values in-	cs Czech
		values in- clude:	
			da Danish
			de
			German
			el

	Modern Greek
	en English
	es
	Spanish fr
	French
	he
	Hebrew hu
	Hungarian
	it Italian
	ja
	Japanese
	nl Dutch
	pl
	Polish
	ru Russian
	sk
	Slovak
	uk Ukrainian
	yi
	Yiddish
Member of	model.emphLike
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p
	q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell
	header: authority change creation language licence principal
	msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation
	orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname
	textstructure: <u>byline closer dateline opener salute signed</u>
	transcr: metamark
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno
	msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp
	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-
	Name settlement surname
	transcr: metamark space
	character data
Note	The global <i>xml:lang</i> attribute should be supplied for this element to identify the language of the word or phrase marked. As elsewhere, its value should be a language tag as defined in
	6.1. Language Identification.
	This element is intended for use only where no other element is available to mark the phrase or words concerned. The global <i>xml:lang</i> attribute should be used in preference to
	this element where it is intended to mark the language of the whole of some text element.
	The <distinct> element may be used to identify phrases belonging to sublanguages or reg-</distinct>
	isters not generally regarded as true languages. This is
Example	heathen Greek to you still? Your <foreign xml:lang="la">lapis</foreign>

```
philosophicus</foreign>?
Content model
                                                                <content>
                                                                 <macroRef key="macro.phraseSeq"/>
                                                                </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                               element foreign
                                                                    att.global.attribute.xmlid,
                                                                    att.global.attribute.n, att.global.attribute.xmlbase,
                                                                    att.global.attribute.xmlspace,
att.global.rendition.attribute.rend,
att.global.rendition.attribute.style,
att.global.rendition.attribute.rendition,
                                                                     att.global.facs.attribute.facs,
                                                                    att.global.change.attribute.change,
att.global.responsibility.attribute.cert,
att.global.responsibility.attribute.resp,
att.global.source.attribute.source,
                                                                     attribute xml:lang {
                                                                         "cs"
"da"
"el"
"en"
"es"
"fr"
"he"
                                                                          "hu"
"it"
"ja"
"nl"
                                                                          "pl"
"ru"
"sk"
"uk"
                                                                          "yi"
                                                                    },
macro.phraseSeq
```

5.1.32. *<forename>*

(forename) (forename) contains a forename, given or baptismal name. [13.2.1. Personal Names]		
Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	

- @full - @sort - att.naming * @role * @nymRef * att.canonical + @key + @ref * att.canonical + @key + @ref * att.typed - @type - @subtype Member of model.persNamePart Contained by core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surmane textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain		
- @sort - att.naming * @role * @nymRef * att.canonical + @key + @ref • att.typed - @subtype Member of model.persNamePart Contained by core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp is street term textLang title unclear figures; cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transer: metamark personal responsibility of the part of		• att.personal
- att.naming * @role * @nymRef * att.canonical + @key + @ref • att.typed - @type - @subtype Member of Contained by core: abbr addrt.ine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surmane textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain Core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example **Sperimans** Specification** Specificatio		– @full
* @role * @nymRef * att.canonical + @key + @ref • att.yped - @type - @subtype Member of model.persNamePart Contained by core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures; cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example **gersMame>Expressiont=*/Forename** **corotestame>Expressiont=*/Forename** **corotestame>Expressiont=*/Forename** **corotestame>*/spressiont=*/Forename** **corotestame>*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/spressiont=*/		– @sort
* @nymRef		- att.naming
* att.canonical + @key + @ref • att.typed - @type - @subtype Member of model.persNamePart Contained by core : abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex sumame textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark Core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example Example \$\text{content} \times_{\text{content}} \times_{\		* @role
## @key ## @ref * att.typed ## attributes ## attributes ## att.typed ## attributes ## attri		* @nymRef
## @ref att.typed		* att.canonical
- att.typed - @type - @subtype Member of model.persNamePart Contained by core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example coloname-Sus-President Content model content> content> co		+ @key
Member of model.persNamePart		+ @ref
Member of model.persNamePart		• att.typed
Member of model.persNamePart		
Member of model.persNamePart		
Contained by core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark Core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example **Content model** **Content model** **Content symmame substance** **Content symmame s	Mombor of	17
note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data contents with a space character data content model content model content model content forename { att.global.attributes, att.typersonal.attributes, att.typersonal.attributes, att.typersonal.attributes, att.typersonal.attributes, att.typersonal.attributes,		<u> </u>
figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgorgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data	Contained by	
header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data content model content model content> contents content> contents c		
namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example content model content		
orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example <pre></pre>		msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp
textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark May contain core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example spersName> content model content model content model element forename element forename att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes, attributes, attributes, attributes, attributes, attributes, attributes, attr		namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org
transcr: metamark		
Core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example Content model Con		
header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data Example cpersName		transcr: metamark
msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data <pre></pre>	May contain	-
namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data <pre></pre>		
Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
transcr: metamark space character data Example <pre></pre>		
character data <pre></pre>		
<pre></pre>		-
<pre></pre>	Example	<pre><persname></persname></pre>
<pre></pre>		
<pre>Content model <content></content></pre>		<surname>Bush</surname>
<pre>ccontent></pre>	a	
<pre>Schema Declaration element forename { att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes, }</pre>	Content model	<content></content>
Schema Declaration element forename { att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes,		
<pre>element forename { att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes,</pre>		() concerns
{ att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes,	Schema Declaration	element forename
att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes,		(
att.typed.attributes,		
macro.phraseseq }		att.typed.attributes,
		}
		att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes,

5.1.33. <geo>

<geo> (geographical coordinates) contains any expression of a set of geographic coordinates, representing a point, line, or area on the surface of the earth in some notation. [13.3.4.1. Varieties of Location]

Module	namesdates
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang

	– @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	- att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	att.declaring
	- @decls
Member of	model.measureLike
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename location nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	Character data only
Note	Uses of <geo> can be associated with a coordinate system, defined by a <geodec1> element supplied in the TEI header, using the <i>decls</i> attribute. If no such link is made, the assumption is that the content of each <geo> element will be a pair of numbers separated by whitespace, to be interpreted as latitude followed by longitude according to the World Geodetic System.</geo></geodec1></geo>
Example	<pre><geodecl datum="WGS84" xml:id="WGS">World Geodetic System</geodecl> <geodecl datum="OSGB36" xml:id="OS">Ordnance Survey</geodecl> <!----> <location> <desc>A tombstone plus six lines of Anglo-Saxon text, built into the west tower (on the south side of the archway, at 8 ft. above the ground) of the Church of St. Mary-le-Wigford in Lincoln.</desc> <geo decls="#WGS">SS 97481 70947</geo> </location></pre>
	<geo>41.687142 -74.870109</geo>
Example	
Example Content model	<content> <textnode></textnode> </content>
<u> </u>	<textnode></textnode>

5.1.34. <head>

<head> (heading) contains any type of heading, for example the title of a section, or the heading of a list, glossary, manuscript description, etc. [4.2.1. Headings and Trailers]

Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	 att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.typed
	- @type
	- @subtype
	att.placement
	– @place
	• att.written
	– @hand
Member of	model.headLike
Contained by	core: <u>list</u>
	figures: table msdescription: msDesc
	namesdates: event listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace org place
	textstructure: div postscript
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref
	rs term title unclear figures: table
	header: idno
	msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location
	nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname
	transcr: metamark space
	character data
Note	The headings, section headings, and list titles differently must determine the proper processing of
	a <head> element based on its structural position. A <head> occurring as the first element of a list is the title of that list; one occurring as the first element of a <div1> is the title of that</div1></head></head>
	chapter or section.

```
Example
                                                                The most common use for the <a href="element"><a href="element"><e href="element"><a href="element"><a
                                                                writings, the headings or incipits may be rather longer than usual in modern works. If a sec-
                                                               tion has an explicit ending as well as a heading, it should be marked as a <trailer>, as in
                                                               this example:
                                                                       <div1 n="I" type="book">
                                                                         <head>In the name of Christ here begins the first book of the ecclesiastical history of
                                                                            Georgius Florentinus, known as Gregory, Bishop of Tours.</head>
                                                                        <div2 type="section">
                                                                          <head>In the name of Christ here begins Book I of the history.</head>
                                                                          Proposing as I do \dotsFrom the Passion of our Lord until the death of Saint Martin four hundred and twelve
                                                                          years passed.
<trailer>Here ends the first Book, which covers five thousand, five hundred and ninety-s:
                                                                        years from the beginning of the world down to the death of Saint Martin.</trailer>
Example
                                                                When headings are not inline with the running text (see e.g. the heading "Secunda conclu-
                                                                sio") they might however be encoded as if. The actual placement in the source document can
                                                               be captured with the place attribute.
                                                                       <div type="subsection">
                                                                         <head place="margin">Secunda conclusio</head>
                                                                          <hi rend="large">Potencia: habitus: et actus: recipiunt speciem ab obiectis<supplied>.
                                                                          <lb n="1252"/>Probatur sic. Omne importans necessariam habitudinem ad proprium
                                                                       </div>
Example
                                                                The <head> element is also used to mark headings of other units, such as lists:
                                                                      With a few exceptions, connectives are equally useful in all kinds of discourse: description, narration, exposition, argument. <list rend="bulleted">
                                                                         <head>Connectives</head>
                                                                        <item>above</item>
                                                                        <item>accordingly</item>
                                                                         <item>across from</item>
                                                                        <item>adiacent to</item>
                                                                        <item>again</item>
                                                                        <item>
                                                                        </item>
                                                                       </list>
Content model
                                                                       <content>
                                                                         <alternate minOccurs="0"
                                                                          maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                                          <elementRef kev="lq"/>
                                                                          <classRef key="model.gLike"/>
                                                                          <classRef key="model.phrase"/>
<classRef key="model.inter"/>
                                                                          <classRef key="model.1Like"/>
                                                                          <classRef key="model.global"/>
                                                                       </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                                            att.global.attributes,
                                                                            att.typed.attributes
                                                                            att.placement.attributes,
                                                                            att.written.attributes,
                                                                                 lg
model.gLike
                                                                                 model.phrase
model.inter
                                                                                  model.lLike
                                                                                  model.global
```

5.1.35. <hi>>

<hi>(highlighted) marks a word or phrase as graphically distinct from the surrounding text, for reasons concerning which no claim is made. [3.3.2.2. Emphatic Words and Phrases 3.3.2. Emphasis, Foreign Words, and Unusual Language]</h>

Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	- att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.written
	– @hand
Member of	model.hiLike
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno
	msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<pre><hi rend="gothic">And this Indenture further witnesseth</hi></pre>
·· r	that the said <hi rend="italic">Walter Shandy</hi> , merchant, in consideration of the said intended marriage
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.paraContent"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	element hi { att.global.attributes, att.written.attributes, macro.paraContent }

5.1.36. <idno>

<id><idno> (identifier) supplies any form of identifier used to identify some object, such as a bibliographic item, a person, a title, an organization, etc. in a standardized way. [13.3.1. Basic Principles 2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc. 2.2.5. The Series Statement 3.12.2.4. Imprint, Size of a Document, and Reprint Information]

Module	header
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.sortable
	– @sortKey
	• att.datable
	– @period
	- att.datable.w3c
	* @when
	* @notBefore
	* @notAfter
	* @from
	* @to
	- att.datable.iso
	* @when-iso
	* @notBefore-iso
	* @notAfter-iso
	* @from-iso
	* @to-iso
	- att.datable.custom
	* @when-custom
	* @notBefore-custom
	* @notAfter-custom

- * @from-custom
- * @to-custom
- * @datingPoint
- * @datingMethod
- · att.typed
 - type
 - @subtype

type

categorizes the identifier, for example as an ISBN, Social Security number, etc.

Derived att.typed

from Status

Optional

Datatype <u>teidata.enumerated</u>

Suggested ISBN

values include:

International Standard Book Number: a 13- or (if assigned prior to 2007) 10-digit identifying number assigned by the publishing industry to a published book or similar item, registered with the International ISBN Agency.

ISSN

International Standard Serial Number: an eightdigit number to uniquely identify a serial publication.

DOI

Digital Object Identifier: a unique string of letters and numbers assigned to an electronic document.

URI

Uniform Resource Identifier: a string of characters to uniquely identify a resource, following the syntax of RFC 3986.

VIAE

A data number in the Virtual Internet Authority File assigned to link different names in catalogs around the world for the same entity.

ESTC

English Short-Title Catalogue number: an identifying number assigned to a document in English printed in the British Isles or North America before 1801.

OCLC

OCLC control number (record number) for the union catalog record in WorldCat, a union catalog for member libraries in the Online Computer Library Center global cooperative.

calendar

indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs.

Deprecated will be removed on 2024-11-11

Status Optiona

Datatype 1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-

space

	Schematron <sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule>
Member of	model.nameLike model.personPart model.publicationStmtPart.detail
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation idno language licence principal publicationStmt seriesStmt msdescription: collection institution msIdentifier origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death event forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName person place placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	header: idno character data
Note	<idno> should be used for labels which identify an object or concept in a formal cataloguing system such as a database or an RDF store, or in a distributed system such as the World Wide Web. Some suggested values for type on <idno> are ISBN, ISSN, DOI, and URI.</idno></idno>
Example	<pre><idno type="ISBN">978-1-906964-22-1</idno> <idno type="ISSN">0143-3385</idno> <idno type="DOI">10.1000/123</idno> <idno type="URI">http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/185922478</idno> <idno type="URI">http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/185922478</idno> <idno type="URI">http://authority.nzetc.org/463/</idno> <idno type="LT">Thomason Tract E.537(17)</idno> <idno type="Wing">>C695</idno> <idno type="Wing">695</idno> <idno type="wing">345 </idno> </pre> In the last case, the identifier includes a non-Unicode character which is defined elsewhere
	by means of a <glyph> or <char> element referenced here as #sym.</char></glyph>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <elementref key="idno"></elementref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element idno { att.global.attributes, att.sortable.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.typed.attribute.subtype, attribute type { "ISBN" "ISSN" "DOI" "URI" "VIAF" "ESTC" "OCLC" }?, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, (text model.gLike idno)* }</pre>

<u>5.1.37.</u> <*institution*>

<institution> (institution) contains the name of an organization such as a university or library, with which a manuscript or other object is identified, generally its holding institution. [10.4. The Manuscript Identifier]

1	
Module	msdescription
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n

	– @xml:lang
	– @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	- att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.naming
	- @role
	– @nymRef
	- att.canonical
	* @key
	* @ref
Contained by	msdescription: msIdentifier
May contain	core: abbr address date distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title header: idno
	msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp
	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-
	Name settlement surname
	transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<pre><msidentifier></msidentifier></pre>
Example	<settlement>Oxford</settlement>
	<pre><institution>University of Oxford</institution> <repository>Bodleian Library</repository></pre>
	<idno>MS. Bodley 406</idno>
Content model	<content></content>
	<pre><macroref key="macro.phraseSeq.limited"></macroref> </pre>
	Cycontents
Schema Declaration	element institution
	{ att.global.attributes,
	att.naming.attributes,
1	macro.phraseSeq.limited

5.1.38. <item>

<item> (item) contains one component of a list. [3.8. Lists 2.6. The Revision Description]</item>	
Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id

	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	– @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.sortable
	– @sortKey
Contained by	core: <u>list</u>
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Note	May contain simple prose or a sequence of chunks. Whatever string of characters is used to label a list item in the copy text may be used as the value of the global <i>n</i> attribute, but it is not required that numbering be recorded explicitly. In ordered lists, the <i>n</i> attribute on the <item> element is by definition synonymous with the use of the < label> element to record the enumerator of the list item. In glossary lists, however, the term being defined should be given with the < label> element, not <i>n</i>.</item>
Example	<pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre><</pre>
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.specialPara"></macroref> </content>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element item { att.global.attributes, att.sortable.attributes, macro.specialPara }</pre>

5.1.39. <keywords>

Classification]	1, ,
Module	header
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	scheme identifies the controlled vocabulary within which the set of keywords concerned is defined, for example by a <taxonomy> element, or by some other resource. Status Optional</taxonomy>
	Datatype teidata.pointer
Contained by	header: textClass
May contain	core: term
Note	Each individual keyword (including compound subject headings) should be supplied as a <term> element directly within the <keywords> element. An alternative usage, in which each <term> appears within an <item> inside a is permitted for backwards compatibil ity, but is deprecated. If no control list exists for the keywords used, then no value should be supplied for the scheme attribute.</item></term></keywords></term>
Example	<pre><keywords scheme="http://classificationweb.net"> <term>Babbage, Charles</term> <term>Mathematicians - Great Britain - Biography</term> </keywords></pre>
Example	<pre><keywords> <term>Fermented beverages</term> <term>Central Andes</term> <term>Schinus molle</term> <term>Molle beer</term> <term>Indigenous peoples</term> <term>Ethnography</term> <term>Archaeology</term> </keywords></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1"> <elementref key="term" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref></sequence></content></pre>

Schema Declaration	<pre>element keywords { att.global.attributes, attribute scheme { text }?, (term+) }</pre>

5.1.40. <label>

<label> (label) contains any label or heading used to identify part of a text, typically but not exclusively in a list or glossary.

[3.8. Lists]

[3.8. Lists]	
Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.typed
	– @type
	– @subtype
	• att.placement
	- @place
	• att.written
	– @hand
Member of	model.labelLike
Contained by	core: del desc head hi item list note p q ref textLang title unclear figures: cell
	header: change licence
	namesdates: event location occupation org place textstructure: div postscript salute signed
	transcr: metamark
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp

	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-
	Name settlement surname
	transcr: metamark space character data
Example	Labels are commonly used for the headwords in glossary lists; note the use of the global <i>xm-l:lang</i> attribute to set the default language of the glossary list to Middle English, and identify the glosses and headings as modern English or Latin:
	<pre><list type="gloss" xml:lang="enm"></list></pre>
Example	Labels may also be used to record explicitly the numbers or letters which mark list items in ordered lists, as in this extract from Gibbon's <i>Autobiography</i> . In this usage the < <u>label></u> element is synonymous with the <i>n</i> attribute on the < <u>item></u> element: I will add two facts, which have seldom occurred in the composition of six, or at least of five quartos. tist rend="runon" type="ordered" <\label>(1) <item>My first rough manuscript, without any intermediate copy, has been sent to the press.Not a sheet has been seen by any human eyes, excepting those of the author and the"></item>
Example	printer: the faults and the merits are exclusively my own. Labels may also be used for other structured list items, as in this extract from the journal of
	<pre>Edward Gibbon: type="gloss"></pre>
	Note that the <u><label></label></u> might also appear within the <u><item></item></u> rather than as its sibling. Though syntactically valid, this usage is not recommended TEI practice.
Example	Labels may also be used to represent a label or heading attached to a paragraph or sequence of paragraphs not treated as a structural division, or to a group of verse lines. Note that, in this case, the \leq label \geq element appears within the \leq p \geq or $<$ 1g $>$ element, rather than as a preceding sibling of it.
	<pre>(p>[] <1b/>& n'entrer en mauuais & mal-heu- <1b/>ré me#nage. Or des que le con#ente- <1b/>ment des parties y e#t le mariage e#t</pre>

5.1.41. <langUsage>

<a href="<"><langUsage (language usage) describes the languages, sublanguages, registers, dialects, etc. represented within a text. [2.4.2. Language Usage 2.4. The Profile Description 15.3.2. Declarable Elements]

[2.4.2. Language Usage 2.4. The Profile Description 15.3.2. Declarable Elements]	
Module	header
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	- att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.declarable
	– @default
Member of	model.profileDescPart
Contained by	header: profileDesc
May contain	core: p

	header: language
Example	<pre><langusage> <language ident="fr-CA" usage="60">Québecois</language> <language ident="en-CA" usage="20">Canadian business English</language> <language ident="en-GB" usage="20">British English</language> </langusage></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate> <classref key="model.pLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></classref> <elementref key="language" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element langUsage { att.global.attributes, att.declarable.attributes, (model.pLike+ language+) }</pre>

5.1.42. <language>

5.1.42. <\tanguage>	
clanguage> (language) c	haracterizes a single language or sublanguage used within a text. [2.4.2. Language Usage]
Module	header
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	ident (identifier) Supplies a language code constructed as defined in BCP 47 which is used to identify the language documented by this element, and which may be referenced by the global <i>xml:lang</i> attribute. Status Required
	Datatype <u>teidata.language</u>
	usage specifies the approximate percentage of the text which uses this language.
	Status Optional
	Datatype nonNegativeInteger

Contained by	header: langUsage
May contain	core: abbr address date distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Note	Particularly for sublanguages, an informal prose characterization should be supplied as content for the element.
Example	<pre><langusage> <language ident="en-US" usage="75">modern American English</language> <language ident="az-Arab" usage="20">Azerbaijani in Arabic script</language> <language ident="x-lap" usage="05">Pig Latin</language> </langusage></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq.limited"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element language { att.global.attributes, attribute ident { text }, attribute usage { text }?, macro.phraseSeq.limited }</pre>

5.1.43. <lb>

lb> (line beginning) marks the beginning of a new (typographic) line in some edition or version of a text. [3.11.3. Milestone Elements 7.2.5. Speech Contents]

stone Elements 7.2.5. Speech Contents	
Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.typed
	- @type
	– @subtype

	att.edition
	– @ed
	- @edRef
	• att.spanning
	– @spanTo
	• att.breaking
	– @break
Member of	model.milestoneLike
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del distinct foreign head hi item label list name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell table header: authority change language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName person placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline div opener postscript salute signed text transcr: metamark
May contain	Empty element
Note	By convention, \leq lb \geq elements should appear at the point in the text where a new line starts. The n attribute, if used, indicates the number or other value associated with the text between this point and the next \leq lb \geq element, typically the sequence number of the line within the page, or other appropriate unit. This element is intended to be used for marking actual line breaks on a manuscript or printed page, at the point where they occur; it should not be used to tag structural units such as lines of verse (for which the $<$ 1 $>$ element is available) except in circumstances where structural units cannot otherwise be marked. The $type$ attribute may be used to characterize the line break in any respect. The more specialized attributes $break$, ed , or $edRef$ should be preferred when the intent is to indicate whether or not the line break is word-breaking, or to note the source from which it derives.
Example	This example shows typographical line breaks within metrical lines, where they occur at different places in different editions: <pre></pre>
	<pre><!---->Brought Death into the World,<!--b ed="1667"/--> and all<!--b ed="1674"/--> our woe,<!--!--></pre>
Example	This example encodes typographical line breaks as a means of preserving the visual appearance of a title page. The <i>break</i> attribute is used to show that the line break does not (as elsewhere) mark the start of a new word. <pre></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <empty></empty> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element 1b { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.edition.attributes, att.spanning.attributes, att.breaking.attributes, empty }</pre>

5.1.44. licence>

clicence> contains information about a licence or other legal agreement applicable to the text. [2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc.]

Module	header
Attributes	• att.global

- @xml:id
- @n
- @xml:lang
- @xml:base
- @xml:space
- att.global.rendition
 - * @rend
 - * @style
 - * @rendition
- att.global.facs
 - * @facs
- att.global.change
 - * @change
- att.global.responsibility
 - * @cert
 - * @resp
- att.global.source
 - * @source
- · att.pointing
 - @targetLang
 - @target
 - @evaluate
- att.datable
 - @period
 - att.datable.w3c
 - * @when
 - * @notBefore
 - * @notAfter
 - * @from
 - * @to
 - att.datable.iso
 - * @when-iso
 - * @notBefore-iso
 - * @notAfter-iso
 - * @from-iso
 - * @to-iso
 - att.datable.custom
 - * @when-custom
 - * @notBefore-custom
 - * @notAfter-custom
 - * @from-custom
 - * @to-custom
 - * @datingPoint

1	* @datingMethod	
	by the content Deprecated Status Datatype	or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs. will be removed on 2024-11-11 Optional 1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by whitespace <sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:assert test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no textual content.</sch:assert> </sch:rule>
Member of	model.availabilityPart	
Contained by	header: availability	
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data	
Note	A < <u>licence></u> element should be supplied for each licence agreement applicable to the text in question. The <i>target</i> attribute may be used to reference a full version of the licence. The <i>when</i> , <i>notBefore</i> , <i>notAfter</i> , <i>from</i> or <i>to</i> attributes may be used in combination to indicate the date or dates of applicability of the licence.	
Example	<pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre><pre></pre><pre><pre></pre><pre><pre><pre></pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
Example	<pre><availability> cence target="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/" notBefore="2013-01-01"> The Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported (CC BY 3.0) Licence applies to this document. The licence was added on January 1, 2013. </availability></pre>	
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.specialPara"></macroref> </content>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element licence { att.global.attributes, att.pointing.attributes, att.datable.attributes, attribute calendar { list { macro.specialPara }</pre>	+ } }?,

5.1.45. <list>

(list) contains any sequence of items organized as a list. [3.8. Lists]		
Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	

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@xml:base @xml:space att.global.rendition * @rend @style @rendition att.global.facs * @facs - att.global.change * @change - att.global.responsibility * @cert * @resp - att.global.source * @source · att.sortable - @sortKey att.typed - type - @subtype (type) describes the nature of the items in the list. type **Derived** att.typed from **Status** Optional **Datatype** teidata.enumerated Suggested gloss values in-(gloss) each list item glosses some term or conclude: cept, which is given by a <a href="elabe ing the list item. index (index) each list item is an entry in an index such as the alphabetical topical index at the back of a print volume. instruc(instructions) each list item is a step in a setionsquence of instructions, as in a recipe. (litany) each list item is one of a sequence of petitions, supplications or invocations, typically in a religious ritual. syllo- (syllogism) each list item is part of an argument

lo- (syllogism) each list item is part of an argument **gism**consisting of two or more propositions and a final conclusion derived from them.

Note

Previous versions of these Guidelines recommended the use of *type* on <u>to</u> to encode the rendering or appearance of a list (whether it was bulleted, numbered, etc.). The current recommendation is to use the *rend* or *style* attributes for these aspects of a list, while using *type* for

	the more appropriate task of characterizing the nature of the content of a list. The formal syntax of the element declarations allows <a href<="" th="">
Member of	<u>model.listLike</u>
Contained by	core: del desc head hi item note p q ref textLang title unclear figures: cell header: abstract change licence revisionDesc namesdates: occupation textstructure: div postscript salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	core: desc head item label lb note pb textstructure: byline closer dateline opener postscript salute signed transcr: metamark space
Note	May contain an optional heading followed by a series of items, or a series of label and item pairs, the latter being optionally preceded by one or two specialized headings.
Example	<pre>trend="numbered"> <item>a butcher</item> <item>a baker</item> <item>a candlestick maker, with <list rend="bulleted"> <item>rings on his fingers</item> <item>bells on his toes</item> </list> </item></pre>
Example	<pre>t type="syllogism" rend="bulleted"> <item>All Cretans are liars.</item> <item>Epimenides is a Cretan.</item> <item>ERGO Epimenides is a liar.</item> </pre>
Example	<pre>type="litany" rend="simple"> <item>God save us from drought.</item> <item>God save us from pestilence.</item> <item>God save us from wickedness in high places.</item> <item>Praise be to God.</item> </pre>
Example	The following example treats the short numbered clauses of Anglo-Saxon legal codes as lists of items. The text is from an ordinance of King Athelstan (924–939):
	<pre>daiv1 type="section"></pre>

```
120 shillings to the king; and he who appeals to the king before he demands justice as
                                                often as he ought, is to pay the same fine as the other would have done, if he had
                                                refused him justice.
                                            <list rend="numbered">
                                              <item n="3.1">And the lord who is an accessory to a theft by his slave, and it becomes
                                                    known about him, is to forfeit the slave and be liable to his wergild on the firs
                                              occasionp if he does it more often, he is to be liable to pay all that he owns.</ri>
citem n="3.2">And likewise any of the king's treasurers or of our reeves, who has been
                                                    an accessory of thieves who have committed theft, is to liable to the same.</item
                                             </list>
                                            </item>
                                            <item n="4">Concerning treachery to a lord. And we have pronounced concerning treachery
    a lord, that he [who is accused] is to forfeit his life if he cannot deny it or is
                                                afterwards convicted at the three-fold ordeal.</item>
                                           </list>
                                          </div1>
                                      Note that nested lists have been used so the tagging mirrors the structure indicated by the
                                      two-level numbering of the clauses. The clauses could have been treated as a one-level list
                                      with irregular numbering, if desired.
                                          These decrees, most blessed Pope Hadrian, we propounded in the public council ... and tl confirmed them in our hand in your stead with the sign of the Holy Cross, and afterwards
Example
                                           inscribed with a careful pen on the paper of this page, affixing thus the sign of the Hol
                                          <item>I, Eanbald, by the grace of God archbishop of the holy church of York, have
                                               subscribed to the pious and catholic validity of this document with the sign of the H _{
m Cross.</item>}
                                            <item>I, Ælfwold, king of the people across the Humber, consenting have subscribed with
                                                the sign of the Holy Cross. </item>
                                            <item>I, Tilberht, prelate of the church of Hexham, rejoicing have subscribed with the
                                                sign of the Holy Cross.</item>
                                            <item>I, Higbald, bishop of the church of Lindisfarne, obeying have subscribed with the
                                            sign of the Holy Cross.</item>
<item>I, Ethelbert, bishop of Candida Casa, suppliant, have subscribed with thef sign of
                                               the Holy Cross.</item>
                                            <item>I, Ealdwulf, bishop of the church of Mayo, have subscribed with devout will.</item
<item>I, &thelwine, bishop, have subscribed through delegates.</item>
                                            <item>I, Sicga, patrician, have subscribed with serene mind with the sign of the Holy
                                           </list>
                                          Schematron
                                      <sch:rule context="tei:list[@type='gloss']"> <sch:assert test="tei:label">The content of a
                                      "gloss" list should include a sequence of one or more pairs of a label element followed by an
                                      item element</sch:assert> </sch:rule>
Content model
                                          <content>
                                            <alternate minOccurs="0"
                                             maxOccurs="unbounded"
                                             <classRef key="model.divTop"/>
<classRef key="model.global"/>
                                             <elementRef key="desc" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                            </alternate>
                                            <alternate>
                                              <sequence minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                              maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                               <elementRef key="item"/</pre>
                                              <classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                             </sequence>
                                             <sequence>
                                              <elementRef key="headLabel"</pre>
                                               minOccurs="0"/>
                                              <elementRef key="headItem"</pre>
                                               minOccurs="0"/>
                                               <sequence minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                                maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                <elementRef key="label"/;</pre>
                                                <classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                <elementRef key="item"/</pre>
                                               <classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                              </sequence>
                                              </sequence>
                                            </alternate>
                                            <sequence minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                             maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                             <classRef key="model.divBottom"/>
<classRef key="model.global"</pre>
                                              minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                            </sequence>
                                           </sequence>
```

5.1.46. < listChange >

groups a number of change descriptions associated with either the creation of a source text or the revision of an encoded text. [2.6. The Revision Description 11.7. Identifying Changes and Revisions]

Module	header
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.sortable
	– @sortKey
	• att.typed
	- @type
	- @subtype
	ordered indicates whether the ordering of its child <a hr<="" td="">

I	Datatype	teidata.truthValue
	Default	true
Contained by	header: creation listChange rev	visionDesc
May contain	core: desc header: change listChange	
Note	When this element appears within the <a #lb"="" href="creat</td></tr><tr><th>Example</th><td></td><td>who="> deleted chapter 10 who="#MSM"> completed first draft 	
Example	<pre><profiledesc></profiledesc></pre>	
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence> <elementref key="desc" maxoccurs="unbounded" mind=""></elementref> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <elementref :="" <="" <elementref="" alternate="" key="change"> </elementref></alternate></sequence> </content></pre>	ge"/>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element listChange { att.global.attributes, att.sortable.attributes, att.typed.attributes, attribute ordered { text (desc*, (listChange cl }</pre>	

5.1.47. < listEvent>

listEvent> (list of events) contains a list of descriptions, each of which provides information about an identifiable event.
[13.3.1. Basic Principles]

[13.3.1. Dasie Timer]		
Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	– @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	

	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.typed
	- @type
	- @subtype
	att.declarable
	- @default
	• att.sortable
	- @sortKey
	·
Member of	model.eventLike model.listLike
Contained by	core: del desc head hi item note p q ref textLang title unclear figures: cell header: abstract change licence namesdates: event listEvent occupation org person place textstructure: div postscript salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	core: desc head
Thuy contain	namesdates: event listEvent
Example	<pre><head>Battles of the American Civil War: Kentucky</head></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence> <classref key="model.headLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> <elementref key="desc" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></elementref> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></alternate></sequence></content></pre>

```
<elementRef key="relation" minOccurs="1"
maxOccurs="1"/>
<elementRef key="listRelation"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                                        </alternate>
                                                                        <sequence minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                                                          maxOccurs="unbounded">
<alternate minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                                                           maxOccurs="unbounded">
    <elementRef key="event" minOccurs="1"
    maxOccurs="1"/>
    <elementRef key="listEvent"
    minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                                          </alternate>
<alternate minOccurs="0"
                                                                           maxOccurs="unbounded">
<elementRef key="relation"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<elementRef key="listRelation"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                                                          </alternate>
                                                                        </sequence>
                                                                      </sequence>
                                                                     </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                                     element listEvent
                                                                          att.typed.attributes, att.declarable.attributes,
                                                                          att.sortable.attributes,
                                                                                model.headLike*,
                                                                                desc*
                                                                                desc*,
( relation | listRelation )*,
( ( event | listEvent )+, ( relation | listRelation )* )+
```

5.1.48. < listOrg>

listOrg> (list of organizations) contains a list of elements, each of which provides information about an identifiable organization. [13.2.2. Organizational Names]

Module	namesdates
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.typed

1		
	– @type	
	– @subtype	
	att.declarable	
	– @default	
	• att.sortable	
	– @sortKey	
	·	
Member of	model.listLike model.orgPart	
Contained by	core: del desc head hi item note p q ref textLang title unclear figures: cell header: abstract change licence namesdates: listOrg occupation org textstructure: div postscript salute signed transcr: metamark	
May contain	core: desc head namesdates: listOrg org	
Note	The type attribute may be used to distinguish lists of organizations of a particular type if convenient.	
Example	<pre> </pre> <pre><head>Libyans</head></pre> <pre><head>Libyans</head></pre> <pre><norgname>Adyrmachidae</norgname></pre> <pre><norgname>Adyrmachidae</norgname></pre> <pre><norgname>Adyrmachidae</norgname></pre> <pre><norgname>Adyrmachidae</norgname></pre> <pre><norgname lib<="" libyans="" th="" =""></norgname></pre>	
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence></sequence></content></pre>	
Schema Declaration	element listOrg	

```
{
  att.global.attributes,
  att.typed.attributes,
  att.declarable.attributes,
  att.sortable.attributes,
  (
    model.headLike*,
    desc*,
    ( relation | listRelation )*,
    (( org | listOrg )+, ( relation | listRelation )* )+
  )
}
```

5.1.49. < listPerson>

listPerson> (list of persons) contains a list of descriptions, each of which provides information about an identifiable person or a group of people, for example the participants in a language interaction, or the people referred to in a historical source. [13.3.2. The Person Element 15.2. Contextual Information 2.4. The Profile Description 15.3.2. Declarable Elements]

	ource. [15.5.2. The Person Element 15.2. Contextual information 2.4. The Profile Description 15.5.2. Declarable Elements		
Module	namesdates		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	- @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	 att.global.rendition 		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.typed		
	- @type		
	- @subtype		
	att.declarable		
	- @default		
	• att.sortable		
	– @sortKey		
Member of	model.listLike model.orgPart		
Contained by	core: del desc head hi item note p q ref textLang title unclear figures: cell header: abstract change licence namesdates: event listPerson occupation org textstructure: div postscript salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: desc head		

```
namesdates: listPerson org person
                                      The type attribute may be used to distinguish lists of people of a particular type if conve-
Note
                                          type="respondents">
Example
                                           <personGrp xml:id="PXXX"/>
<person xml:id="P1234" sex="2" age="mid"/>
                                           <ristRelation>
<relation type="personal" name="spouse"
mutual="#P1234 #P4332"/>
                                           </listRelation>
                                          </listPerson>
Content model
                                          <content>
                                           <sequence>
                                            <classRef key="model.headLike"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                            <elementRef key="desc" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                            <alternate minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                             maxOccurs="unbounded">
  <elementRef key="relation" minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                              maxOccurs="1"/>
                                             <elementRef key="listRelation"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                            </alternate>
                                            <sequence minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                             maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                             <alternate minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                              maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                              minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                             </alternate>
                                             <alternate minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                              max0ccurs="unbounded">
                                              <elementRef key="relation"</pre>
                                              minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<elementRef key="listRelation"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                                             </alternate>
                                            </sequence>
                                          </sequence>
Schema Declaration
                                          element listPerson
                                             att.global.attributes,
                                             att.typed.attributes
                                             att.declarable.attributes,
                                             att.sortable.attributes,
                                                 model.headLike*,
                                                 desc*
                                                 ( relation | listRelation )*,
( ( model.personLike | listPerson )+, ( relation | listRelation )* )+
```

5.1.50. < listPlace >

(list of places) contains a list of places, optionally followed by a list of relationships (other than containment) defined amongst them. [2.2.7. The Source Description 13.3.4. Places]

defined amongst them. [2.2.7. The Source Description 13.3.4. Places]		
Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	- @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	

	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.typed		
	– @type		
	– @subtype		
	• att.declarable		
	– @default		
	att.sortable		
	– @sortKey		
Manuhan af	·		
Member of Contained by	model.listLike model.orgPart core: del desc head hi item note p q ref textLang title unclear		
	figures: cell header: abstract change licence namesdates: event listPlace occupation org place textstructure: div postscript salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: desc head namesdates: listPlace place		
Example	<pre><place></place></pre>		
Content model	<content></content>		
	<pre><sequence> <classref key="model.headLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> <elementref key="desc" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></elementref> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <elementref key="relation" maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1"></elementref> <elementref key="listRelation" maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1"></elementref> </alternate> <sequence maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"> <clenentref key="listPlace" maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1"></clenentref> <clenentref key="listPlace" maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1"></clenentref> <alternate minoccurs="1"></alternate> <alternate minoccurs="1"></alternate> </alternate> <alternate minoccurs="1"></alternate> </alternate> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <elementref <="" a="" key="relation"> </elementref></alternate></alternate></sequence></sequence></pre>		

5.1.51. < location >

<location> (location) defines the location of a place as a set of geographical coordinates, in terms of other named geo-political entities, or as an address. [13.3.4. Places]

Module	namesdates		
Attributes	att.global		
Auributes	- @xml:id		
	- @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.typed		
	- @type		
	– @subtype		
	• att.datable		
	– @period		
	- att.datable.w3c		
	* @when		
	* @notBefore		
	* @notAfter		
	* @from		

ī				
	* @	to		
	– att.data	- att.datable.iso		
	* @	when-iso		
	* @	notBefore-iso		
	* @	notAfter-iso		
	* @	* @from-iso		
	* @	* @to-iso		
	– att.data	- att.datable.custom		
	* @	* @when-custom		
	* @	* @notBefore-custom		
	* @	notAfter-custon	ı	
	* @	from-custom		
	* @	to-custom		
	* @	datingPoint		
	* @	datingMethod		
	att.editLike			
	- @evide	ence		
	– @insta	nt		
	calendar		or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs.	
		Deprecated		
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>	
Member of	model placeState	I ika		
	model.placeState		data dal dara distinat familia bandhi itam labal mama	
Contained by		core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear		
	figures: cell	figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal		
		msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org		
		orgName persName place placeName settlement sex surname		
		textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain			num	
living contain		core: address bibl desc label note num msdescription: msDesc		
	namesdates: aff	liation country g	geo placeName settlement	
Example	<location></location>	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		
Example	<pre><place xml:id="</pre"></place></pre>	<pre><place type="building" xml:id="BGbuilding"></place></pre>		
1 *	<pre><placename>Br</placename></pre>	asserie Georges<	/placeName>	

```
<location>
                                                           <location>
<country key="FR"/>
<settlement type="city">Lyon</settlement>
<district type="arrondissement">IIème</district>
<district type="quartier">Perrache</district>
<placeName type="street">

                                                          <num>30</num>, Cours de Verdun</placeName></location>
                                                         </place>
                                                         <place type="imaginary">
Example
                                                          <placeName>Atlantis</placeName>
<location>
                                                            <offset>beyond</offset>
                                                           <placeName>The Pillars of <persName>Hercules</persName>
</placeName>
                                                          </location>
                                                         </place>
Content model
                                                         <content>
                                                          <alternate minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                           celementRef key="precision"/>
<classRef key="model.labelLike"/>
<classRef key="model.placeNamePart"/>
                                                           <classRef key="model.offsetLike"/>
<classRef key="model.measureLike"/>
                                                           <classRef key="model.addressLike"/>
<classRef key="model.noteLike"/>
                                                          <classRef key="model.biblLike"/>
</alternate>
Schema Declaration
                                                         element location
                                                             att.global.attributes,
                                                             att.typed.attributes,
att.datable.attributes,
att.editLike.attributes,
                                                             attribute calendar { list \{ + \} \}?,
                                                                 model.labelLike
                                                                  model.placeNamePart
                                                                 model.offsetLike
model.measureLike
                                                                  model.addressLike model.noteLike
                                                                  model.biblLike
```

5.1.52. <metamark>

<metamark> contains or describes any kind of graphic or written signal within a document the function of which is to determine how it should be read rather than forming part of the actual content of the document. [11.3.4.2. Metamarks]

Module	transcr
Attributes	• att.spanning
	- @spanTo
	att.placement
	– @place
	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	– style
	– @rend
	- @rendition

	_		
	att.global.fac	S	
	- @facs		
	att.global.cha	inge	
	– @chang	e	
	att.global.responsibility		
	– @cert	ponoronny	
	– @resp		
	att.global.sou		
	– @source	e	
			spression in some formal style definition language which ndering or presentation used for this element in the source
		Derived from	att.global.rendition
		Status	Required
		Datatype	teidata.text
		Suggested	cross-
		values in-	es
		clude:	dots
			line
			stars
	£	J : 1 41	
	function	tion) of the m	
		Status	Required
		Datatype	teidata.word
	target	identifies one Status	or more elements to which the metamark applies. Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space
Member of	model.global		
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del distinct foreign head hi item label list name note		
			xtLang title unclear
	figures: cell table		
	header: authority change language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation		
	orgName persNan	ne person place	eName settlement sex surname
			line div opener postscript salute signed text
	transcr: metamar		
May contain	rs term title unclea		desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref
	figures: table	<u>11</u>	
	header: idno		
	msdescription: m		
		-	forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location
	transcr: metamar		laceName settlement surname
	character data		
Example	<surface></surface>		
· •	<metamark fund<="" th=""><th>tion="used" rer</th><th>nd="line"</th></metamark>	tion="used" rer	nd="line"

```
target="#X2"/>
                                            <line>upon my cheeks.</line>
                                            <line>I pass through <add>the</add> travels and <del>fortunes</del> of
<retrace>thirty</retrace>
                                             <line>years and become old,</line>
                                             Each in its due order comes and goes,</line>
                                            <line>And thus a message for me comes.</line>
line>The</line>
                                           </zone>
<metamark function="used"
                                            target="#zone-X2">Entered - Yes</metamark>
                                           </surface>
Content model
                                           <content>
                                            <macroRef key="macro.specialPara"/>
                                           </content>
Schema Declaration
                                             att.spanning.attributes,
                                             att.placement.attributes,
att.global.attribute.xmlid,
                                             att.global.attribute.n,
                                             att.global.attribute.xmllang, att.global.attribute.xmlbase,
                                             att.global.attribute.xmlspace,
att.global.rendition.attribute.rend,
                                             att.global.rendition.attribute.rendition,
att.global.facs.attribute.facs,
                                             att.global.change.attribute.change,
att.global.responsibility.attribute.cert,
                                              att.global.responsibility.attribute.resp,
                                             att.global.source.attribute.source,
                                             attribute style { "crosses" | "dots" | "line" | "stars" }, attribute function { text }, attribute target { list { + } }?,
                                             macro.specialPara
```

5.1.53. <msDesc>

<msDesc> (manuscript description) contains a description of a single identifiable manuscript or other text-bearing object such as an early printed book. [10.1. Overview]

such as an early printed book. [10.1. Overview]		
Module	msdescription	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	– @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	

	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.sortable		
	– @sortKey		
	• att.typed		
	- @type		
	- @subtype		
	att.declaring		
	- @decls		
	• att.docStatus		
	- @status		
Member of	model.biblLike		
Contained by	core: del desc head hi item note p q ref textLang title unclear		
	figures: cell		
	header: change licence sourceDesc namesdates: event location occupation org person place		
	textstructure: div postscript salute signed		
	transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: head p		
iviay contain	msdescription: msIdentifier physDesc		
Note	Although the mailto:msDesc has primarily been designed with a view to encoding manuscript		
	descriptions, it may also be used for other objects such as early printed books, fascicles, epigraphs, or any text-bearing objects that require substantial description. If an object is not		
	text-bearing or the reasons for describing the object is not primarily the textual content, the		
	more general <object> may be more suitable.</object>		
Example	<msdesc></msdesc>		
	<settlement>Oxford</settlement>		
	<pre><repository>Bodleian Library</repository> <idno type="Bod">MS Poet. Rawl. D. 169.</idno></pre>		
	<mscontents></mscontents>		
	<msitem> <author>Geoffrey Chaucer</author></msitem>		
	<pre><title>The Canterbury Tales</title></pre>		
	<pre><physdesc> <objectdesc></objectdesc></physdesc></pre>		
	4p>A parchment codex of 136 folios, measuring approx28 by 19 inches, and containing 24 quires.		
	The pages are margined and ruled throughout.		
	<pre>folios being written in two cursive anglicana scripts, while the</pre>		
	remainder is for the most part in a mixed secretary hand.		
Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:msContents tei:physDesc tei:history tei:additional"> <sch:let-< pre=""></sch:let-<></sch:rule></pre>		
	name="gi" value="name(.)"/> <sch:report test="preceding-sibling::*[name(.) eq \$gi] and</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>not(following-sibling::*[name(.) eq \$gi])"> Only one <sch:name></sch:name> is allowed as a child of</sch:report>		
	<sch:value-of select="name()"></sch:value-of> .		
Content model	<content></content>		
Content model	<sequence></sequence>		
Content model	<pre><sequence> <elementref key="msIdentifier"></elementref> <classref <="" key="model.headLike" pre=""></classref></sequence></pre>		
Content model	<pre><sequence> <elementref key="msIdentifier"></elementref></sequence></pre>		
Content model	<pre><sequence> <elementref key="msIdentifier"></elementref> <classref key="model.headLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> <alternate> <classref <="" key="model.pLike" pre=""></classref></alternate></sequence></pre>		
Content model	<pre><sequence> <elementref key="msIdentifier"></elementref> <classref key="model.headLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> <alternate> <classref key="model.pLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></classref> <alternate <="" minoccurs="0" pre=""></alternate></alternate></sequence></pre>		
Content model	<pre><sequence> <elementref key="msIdentifier"></elementref> <classref key="model.headLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> <alternate> <classref key="model.pLike" minoccurs="unbounded"></classref></alternate></sequence></pre>		

5.1.54. <msIdentifier>

<msIdentifier> (manuscript identifier) contains the information required to identify the manuscript or similar object being described. [10.4. The Manuscript Identifier]

described. [10.4. The Manuscript Identifier]			
Module	msdescription		
Module Attributes	msdescription • att.global - @xml:id - @n - @xml:lang - @xml:base - @xml:space - att.global.rendition * @rend * @style * @rendition - att.global.facs * @facs - att.global.change * @change - att.global.responsibility * @cert * @resp		
	att.global.source* @source		
Contained by	msdescription: msDesc		
May contain	header: idno msdescription: collection institution repository namesdates: country placeName settlement		
Example	<pre><msidentifier> <settlement>San Marino</settlement> <repository>Huntington Library</repository> <idno>Ms.El.26.C.9</idno> </msidentifier></pre>		

```
Schematron
                                                           <sch:report test="not(parent::tei:msPart) and (local-name(*[1])='idno' or lo-</pre>
                                                           cal-name(*[1])='altIdentifier' or normalize-space(.)=")">An msIdentifier must contain either
                                                          a repository or location.</sch:report>
Content model
                                                                  <content>
                                                                  <sequence>
<sequence>
                                                                     <sequence>
  <classRef key="model.placeNamePart"
    expand="sequenceOptional"/>
    <lementRef key="institution"
    minOccurs="0"/>
    <lementRef key="repository"
    minOccurs="0"/>
    <lementRef key="collection"
    minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <lementRef key="idno" minOccurs="0"
    maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </sequence>
                                                                     </sequence>
                                                                    </sequence>
<alternate minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
<elementRef key="msName"/>
<elementRef key="objectName"/>
<elementRef key="altIdentifier"/>
</alternates</pre>
                                                                    </alternate>
                                                                   </sequence>
                                                                 </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                                 element msIdentifier
                                                                      att.global.attributes,
                                                                                 country?,
                                                                                 settlement?,
                                                                                 institution?,
                                                                                 repository?, collection*,
                                                                                 idno*
                                                                            ( msName | objectName | altIdentifier )*
```

5.1.55. <name>

<name> (name, proper noun) contains a proper noun or noun phrase. [3.6.1. Referring Strings]</name>		
Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	

- att.global.source * @source · att.personal - @full @sort - att.naming * @role * @nymRef * att.canonical + @key + @ref • att.datable - @period - att.datable.w3c * @when @notBefore @notAfter @from @to - att.datable.iso * @when-iso @notBefore-iso @notAfter-iso @from-iso @to-iso - att.datable.custom * @when-custom @notBefore-custom * @notAfter-custom @from-custom @to-custom * @datingPoint * @datingMethod • att.editLike - @evidence - @instant • att.typed - @type - @subtype

indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented

by the content of this element belongs. **Deprecated** will be removed on 2024-11-11

Optional

Status

calendar

	Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
	Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>	
Member of	model.nameLike.agent model.per	sonPart	
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp respStmt rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName person place placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlac	ct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear ce stamp orename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-	
Note	Proper nouns referring to people, <u>sName></u> , <u><placename></placename></u> , or <u><orgn< u=""> cluded.</orgn<></u>	places, and organizations may be tagged instead with <pre><pre></pre></pre>	
Example	<pre><name type="person">Thomas Hoc <name type="place">Villingahol' <name type="org">Vetus Latina : <name <="" content="" macro.phrasesed="" ref="#HOCO!</pre></th><th>t</name>
Institut</name></th></tr><tr><th>Content model</th><th><pre><content> <macroRef key=" type="person"></name></name></name></name></pre>	4.\\	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element name { att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.typed.attributes, attribute calendar { list { macro.phraseSeq }</pre>	+ } }?,	

5.1.56. <nameLink>

<nameLink> (name link) contains a connecting phrase or link used within a name but not regarded as part of it, such as van der or of. [13.2.1. Personal Names]

Module	namesdates		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– @xml:id		
	– @n		
	– @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	 att.global.rendition 		

	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	att.global.change* @changeatt.global.responsibility		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.typed		
	- @type		
	- @subtype		
Manakanae			
Member of Contained by	model.persNamePart		
·	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname		
	transcr: metamark space		
	character data		
Example	<pre><persname> <forename>Frederick</forename> <namelink>van der</namelink> <surname>Tronck</surname> </persname></pre>		
Example	<pre><persname> <forename>Alfred</forename> <namelink>de</namelink> <surname>Musset</surname> </persname></pre>		
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element nameLink { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attributes, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.57. <*nationality*>

<nationality> (nationality) contains an informal description of a person's present or past nationality or citizenship. [15.2.2. The Participant Description]

Module	namesdates		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– @xml:id		
	- @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.datable		
	- @period		
	- att.datable.w3c		
	* @when		
	* @notBefore		
	* @notAfter		
	* @from		
	* @to		
	- att.datable.iso		
	* @when-iso		
	* @notBefore-iso		
	* @notAfter-iso		
	* @from-iso		
	* @to-iso		
	- att.datable.custom		
	* @when-custom		
	* @notBefore-custom		
	* @notAfter-custom		
	* @from-custom		
	* @to-custom		
	* @datingPoint		
	* @datingMethod		
	att.editLike		

	 einstant 	- @evidence				
	– @instant					
	• att.naming					
	— @role— @nymRef— att.canonical					
	* @k	ey				
	* @ref					
	• att.typed					
	- type					
	- @subtype					
	type characterizes the element in some sense, using any convenient tion scheme or typology.					
		Derived from	att.typed			
		Status	Optional			
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated			
		Sample val-	birth			
		ues include:	nat-			
			u-			
			ralised			
			self-as- signed			
	calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date rep by the content of this element belongs.					
		Deprecated	will be removed on 2024-11-11			
		Status	Optional			
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space			
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>			
Member of	model.persStateLike					
	namesdates: perso					
			ct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear			
	header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp					
]]	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName pl Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data					
Example	<pre><nationality key="US" notbefore="1966"> Obtained US Citizenship in 1966</nationality></pre>					
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>					

```
element nationality
{
    att.global.attributes,
    att.datable.attributes,
    att.editLike.attributes,
    att.naming.attributes,
    att.typed.attributes,
    att.typed.attribute.subtype,
    attribute type { text }?,
    attribute calendar { list { + } }?,
    macro.phraseSeq
}
```

5.1.58. <note>

<note> (note) contains a note or annotation. [3.9.1. Notes and Simple Annotation 2.2.6. The Notes Statement 3.12.2.8. Notes and Statement of Language 9.3.5.4. Notes within Entries]

Module	core		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	- @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.placement		
	- @place		
	att.pointing		
	- @targetLang		
	– @target		
	– @evaluate		
	• att.typed		
	- @type		
	– @subtype		
	• att.written		
	– @hand		
	att.anchoring		
	- @anchored		
	— @targetEnd		

Member of	model.noteLike
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del distinct foreign head hi item label list name note num p q ref resp respStmt rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell table header: authority change language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death event forename location nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName person place placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline div opener postscript salute signed text transcr: metamark
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	In the following example, the translator has supplied a footnote containing an explanation of the term translated as "painterly": And yet it is not only in the great line of Italian renaissance art, but even in the painterly <note place="bottom" resp="#MDMH" type="gloss"></note>
Example	The global <i>n</i> attribute may be used to supply the symbol or number used to mark the note's point of attachment in the source text, as in the following example: Mevorakh b. Saadya's mother, the matriarch of the family during the second half of the eleventh century, <note anchored="true" n="126"> The alleged mention of Judah Nagid's mother in a letter from 1071 is, in fact, a reference to Judah's children; cf. above, nn. 111 and 54. </note> is well known from Geniza documents published by Jacob Mann. However, if notes are numbered in sequence and their numbering can be reconstructed automatically by processing software, it may well be considered unnecessary to record the note numbers.
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.specialPara"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element note { att.global.attributes, att.placement.attributes, att.pointing.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.written.attributes, att.anchoring.attributes, macro.specialPara }</pre>

5.1.59. <num>

<num> (number) cor</num>	ntains a number, written in	any form. [3.6.3	3. Numbers and Measures]			
Module	core	core				
Attributes	• att.global					
	- @xml	- @xml:id				
	- @n					
	- @xml:lang					
	- @xml	l:base				
	- @xml	l:space				
	- att.glo	bal.rendition				
	* (@rend				
	* (@style				
	* (@rendition				
	- att.glo	bal.facs				
	* (@facs				
	- att.glo	bal.change				
	* (@change				
	- att.glo	bal.responsibilit	y			
	* (@cert				
	* @resp					
	- att.glo	- att.global.source				
	* @source					
	• att.ranging					
	- @atLeast					
	- @atM	lost				
	- @min	ı				
	– @max	K				
	- @confidence					
	• att.typed					
	- type					
	– @sub	type				
	type	indicates the	type of numeric value.			
		Derived from	att.typed			
		Status	Optional			
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated			
		Suggested values include:	car- di- absolute number, e.g. 21, 21.5 nal			
			or- di- ordinal number, e.g. 21st nal			
			frac- tion fraction, e.g. one half or three-quarters			

	value	Note supplies the Status Datatype Values Note	per- cent-a percentage age If a different typology is desired, other values can be used for this attribute. value of the number in standard form. Optional teidata.numeric a numeric value. The standard form used is defined by the TEI datatype teidata.numeric.
Member of	model.measureLik	<u>ke</u>	
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename location nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Note	Detailed analyses of quantities and units of measure in historical documents may also use the feature structure mechanism described in chapter 18. Feature Structures. The <num> element is intended for use in simple applications.</num>		
Example	<pre>I reached <num type="cardinal" value="21">twenty-one</num> on my <num type="ordinal" value="21">twenty-first</num> birthday Light travels at <num value="3E10">3×10<hi rend="sup">10</hi> </num> cm per second.</pre>		
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element num { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attribute.subtype, att.ranging.attributes, attribute type { "cardinal" "ordinal" "fraction" "percentage" }?, attribute value { text }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.60. <occupation>

<occupation> (occupation) contains an informal description of a person's trade, profession or occupation. [15.2.2. The Participant Description]

ticipant Description]		
Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	

- @xml:base
- @xml:space
- att.global.rendition
 - * @rend
 - * @style
 - * @rendition
- att.global.facs
 - * @facs
- att.global.change
 - * @change
- att.global.responsibility
 - * @cert
 - * @resp
- att.global.source
 - * @source
- att.datable
 - @period
 - att.datable.w3c
 - * @when
 - * @notBefore
 - * @notAfter
 - * @from
 - * @to
 - att.datable.iso
 - * @when-iso
 - * @notBefore-iso
 - * @notAfter-iso
 - * @from-iso
 - * @to-iso
 - att.datable.custom
 - * @when-custom
 - * @notBefore-custom
 - * @notAfter-custom
 - * @from-custom
 - * @to-custom
 - * @datingPoint
 - * @datingMethod
- att.editLike
 - @evidence
 - @instant
- att.naming
 - @role
 - @nymRef

1	1	1	,		
		nonical			
		@key			
		@ref			
	att.typed				
	- type				
	– @sub	– @subtype			
	type	characterizes t	the element in some sense, using any convenient classificative typology.		
		Derived from	att.typed		
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated		
		Sample val-			
		ues include:			
			ry		
			oth-		
			er		
			paid		
			un- paid		
	calendar	indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs.			
		Deprecated	will be removed on 2024-11-11		
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space		
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>		
	scheme	scheme indicates the classification system or taxonomy in use, for example by supplying the identifier of a <taxonomy> element, or pointing to son other resource.</taxonomy>			
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.pointer		
	code		ccupation code defined within the classification system or ined by the <i>scheme</i> attribute.		
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.pointer		
Member of	model persetate	model.persStateLike			
Contained by		<u> </u>			
-	namesdates: pe		and distinct fermion hill-1.11. Until and the second secon		
May contain	rs term title und figures: table header: idno				
I	modescription.	mobese original	ongraes samp		

	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data	
Note	The content of this element may be used as an alternative to the more formal specification made possible by its attributes; it may also be used to supplement the formal specification with commentary or clarification.	
Example	<pre><occupation>accountant</occupation></pre>	
Example	<pre><occupation code="#acc" scheme="#occupationtaxonomy">accountant</occupation></pre>	
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.specialPara"></macroref> </content></pre>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element occupation { att.global.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.naming.attributes, att.typed.attributes.subtype, attribute type { text }?, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, attribute scheme { text }?, attribute ode { text }?, attribute code { text }?, attribute code { text }?, macro.specialPara }</pre>	

5.1.61. <opener>

<opener> (opener) groups together dateline, byline, salutation, and similar phrases appearing as a preliminary group at the start of a division, especially of a letter. [4.2. Elements Common to All Divisions]

Module	textstructure		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	- @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	- att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.written		
	– @hand		
Member of	model.divTopPart		

Contained by	core: <u>list</u> textstructure: <u>div postscript</u>
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname textstructure: byline dateline salute signed transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<pre><opener> <dateline>Walden, this 29. of August 1592</dateline> </opener></pre>
Example	<pre><opener> <dateline></dateline></opener></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <elementref key="argument"></elementref> <elementref key="argument"></elementref> <elementref key="dateline"></elementref> <elementref key="dateline"></elementref> <elementref key="salute"></elementref> <elementref key="salute"></elementref> <elementref key="signed"></elementref> <classref key="model.global"></classref> </alternate></content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element opener { att.global.attributes, att.written.attributes, (text model.gLike model.phrase argument byline dateline epigraph salute signed model.global)* }</pre>

5.1.62. <org>

<org> (organization) provides information about an identifiable organization such as a business, a tribe, or any other grouping of people. [13.3.3. Organizational Data]

Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	– @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	

	* @r	end			
	* @s	tyle			
	* @r	endition			
	– att.globa	al.facs			
	* @facs - att.global.change * @change				
	– att.globa	al.responsibilit	у		
	* @cert				
	* @resp				
	– att.globa	-			
	* @s				
		ource			
	att.typed atture				
	- @type				
	- @subty	pe			
	att.editLike				
	– @evide				
	– @instan	it			
	• att.sortable				
	- @sortKey				
	role	specifies a pr	rimary role or classification for the organization.		
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of teidata.enumerated separated by whitespace		
		Note	Values for this attribute may be locally defined by a project, using arbitrary keywords such as artist, employer, familyGroup, or politicalParty, each of which should be associated with a definition. Such local definitions will typically be provided by a <desc> for each <valitem> element in the schema specification of the project's customization.</valitem></desc>		
Member of	model.personLike				
Contained by	namesdates: ever		erson org		
May contain	core: bibl desc he header: idno	<u>au iabei ib iiai</u>	<u>пе поте р ро тѕ</u>		
	msdescription: m				
			name listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location		
Б			me person place placeName settlement surname		
Example	<pre><org xml:id="JAMs"> <orgname>Justified Ancients of Mummu</orgname> <desc>An underground anarchist collective spearheaded by <persname>Hagbard Celine</persname>, who fight the Illuminati from a golden submarine, the <name>Leif Ericson</name> </desc> <bibl> <author>Robert Shea</author> <author>Robert Anton Wilson</author> <title>The Illuminatus! Trilogy</title> </bibl> </org></pre>				
Content model		r="model.headLi " maxOccurs="u			

```
<alternate>
                                                               <clarrate>
<classRef key="model.pLike"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<alternate minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                                </alternate>
<alternate minOccurs="0"
                                                              maxOccurs="unbounded">
classRef key="model.noteLike"/>
classRef key="model.biblLike"/>
clementRef key="linkGrp"/>
celementRef key="link"/>
                                                              <elementRef key="ptr"/>
</alternate>
                                                             <classRef key="model.personLike"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                           </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                           element org
                                                               att.global.attributes,
                                                               att.typed.attributes,
att.editLike.attributes,
                                                               att.sortable.attributes,
attribute role { list { + } }?,
                                                                    model.headLike*,
                                                                         model.pLike*
                                                                           model.labelLike
| model.nameLike
| model.placeLike
| model.orgPart
                                                                         | model.milestoneLike
|*
                                                                    ( model.noteLike | model.biblLike | linkGrp | link | ptr )*, model.personLike*
```

5.1.63. <orgName>

corgName> (organization name) contains an organizational name. [13.2.2. Organizational Names]		
Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	- att.global.responsibility	
	* @cert	

* @resp - att.global.source * @source • att.datable - @period - att.datable.w3c * @when * @notBefore @notAfter @from @to - att.datable.iso * @when-iso @notBefore-iso * @notAfter-iso @from-iso * @to-iso - att.datable.custom * @when-custom * @notBefore-custom * @notAfter-custom @from-custom * @to-custom * @datingPoint * @datingMethod • att.editLike - @evidence - @instant · att.personal - @full @sort - att.naming * @role * @nymRef * att.canonical + @key + @ref • att.typed - @type - @subtype calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs.

Deprecated will be removed on 2024-11-11

type="voluntary

	Status	Optional
	Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space
	Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>
Member of	model.nameLike.agent	
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp respStmt rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark	
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclea header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data	
Example	About a year back, a question of considerable interest was agitated in the <orgname key="PA:</td></tr><tr><td>Content model</td><td colspan=2><content> <macroRef key=" macro.phraseseq"=""></orgname>	
Schema Declaration	element orgName { att.global.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes, attribute calendar { list { macro.phraseSeq }	+ } }?,

5.1.64. <origDate>

<origDate> (origin date) contains any form of date, used to identify the date of origin for a manuscript, manuscript part, or
other object. [10.3.1. Origination]

36.1.1	
Module	msdescription
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend

- * @style
- * @rendition
- att.global.facs
 - * @facs
- att.global.change
 - * @change
- att.global.responsibility
 - * @cert
 - * @resp
- att.global.source
 - * @source
- att.datable
 - @period
 - att.datable.w3c
 - * @when
 - * @notBefore
 - * @notAfter
 - * @from
 - * @to
 - att.datable.iso
 - * @when-iso
 - * @notBefore-iso
 - * @notAfter-iso
 - * @from-iso
 - * @to-iso
 - att.datable.custom
 - * @when-custom
 - * @notBefore-custom
 - * @notAfter-custom
 - * @from-custom
 - * @to-custom
 - * @datingPoint
 - * @datingMethod
- att.calendarSystem
 - @calendar
- att.dimensions
 - @unit
 - @quantity
 - @extent
 - @precision
 - @scope
 - att.ranging
 - * @atLeast

	* @atMost			
	* @min			
	* @max			
	* @confidence			
	• att.editLike			
	- @evidence			
	– @instant			
	• att.typed			
	- @type			
	- @subtype			
Member of	model.pPart.msdesc			
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal			
	msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation			
	orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname			
	textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed			
	transcr: metamark			
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data			
Example	<pre><origdate notafter="-0200" notbefore="-0300">3rd century BCE</origdate></pre>			
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <classref key="model.global"></classref> </alternate> </content></pre>			
Schema Declaration	element origDate {			

5.1.65. <origPlace>

<origPlace> (origin place) contains any form of place name, used to identify the place of origin for a manuscript, manuscript part, or other object. [10.3.1. Origination]

script part, of other object. [10.5.1. Origination]	
Module	msdescription
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n

- @xml:lang
- @xml:base
- @xml:space
- att.global.rendition
 - * @rend
 - * @style
 - * @rendition
- att.global.facs
 - * @facs
- att.global.change
 - * @change
- att.global.responsibility
 - * @cert
 - * @resp
- att.global.source
 - * @source
- att.naming
 - @role
 - @nymRef
 - att.canonical
 - * @key
 - * @ref
- att.datable
 - @period
 - att.datable.w3c
 - * @when
 - * @notBefore
 - * @notAfter
 - * @from
 - * @to
 - att.datable.iso
 - * @when-iso
 - * @notBefore-iso* @notAfter-iso
 - * @from-iso
 - * @to-iso
 - att.datable.custom
 - * @when-custom
 - * @notBefore-custom
 - * @notAfter-custom
 - * @from-custom
 - * @to-custom
 - * @datingPoint

1	l * @ :	1.7 3.7 1.1		
		latingMethod		
	• att.editLike			
	- @evidence			
	– @instant			
	• att.typed			
	- @type			
	- @subtype			
	calendar		or more systems or calendars to which the data represented	
	by the content of this element belongs.		of this element belongs.	
		-	will be removed on 2024-11-11	
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
		Schematron	<sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as- </sch:rule>	
Member of	model.pPart.msdesc			
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed			
	transcr: metamar			
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data			
Note	The <i>type</i> attribute may be used to distinguish different kinds of 'origin', for example original place of publication, as opposed to original place of printing.			
Example	<origplace>Birm</origplace>	ningham <th>ce></th>	ce>	
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>			
Schema Declaration	att.typed.at	attributes, attributes, attributes, attributes, tributes, alendar { list {	+ } }?,	

5.1.66. <*p>*

(paragraph) marks	s paragraphs in prose. [3.1. Paragraphs 7.2.5. Speech Contents]			
Module	core			
Attributes	• att.global			
	- @xml:id			
	– @n			
	- @xml:lang			
	- @xml:base			
	- @xml:space			
	att.global.rendition			
	* @rend			
	* @style			
	* @rendition			
	- att.global.facs			
	* @facs			
	 att.global.change 			
	* @change			
	 att.global.responsibility 			
	* @cert			
	* @resp			
	 att.global.source 			
	* @source			
	• att.declaring			
	- @decls			
	att.fragmentable			
	– @part			
	• att.written			
	– @hand			
Member of	model.pLike			
Contained by	core: item note q textLang			
•	figures: cell			
	header: abstract availability change encodingDesc langUsage licence projectDesc publicationStmt seriesStmt			
	msdescription: msDesc physDesc			
	namesdates: event occupation org person place			
	textstructure: div postscript transcr: metamark			
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref			
	rs term title unclear			
	figures: table			
	header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp			
	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location			
	nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname			
	transcr: metamark space character data			
Example	<pre></pre>			
	done?			

```
 <q>I have now arranged that you can be married a second time,</q> replied Thjostolf.
                                          \stackrel{\langle p \rangle}{\sim} \stackrel{\langle p \rangle}{\sim} \stackrel{\langle q \rangle}{\sim} Then you must mean that Thorvald is dead,\stackrel{\langle q \rangle}{\sim} she said.
                                          >
                                         - qyYes, said Thjostolf. And now you must think up some plan for me. 
Schematron
                                     <sch:report test="(ancestor::tei:ab or ancestor::tei:p) and not( ancestor::tei:floatingText |par-</pre>
                                     ent::tei:exemplum |parent::tei:item |parent::tei:note |parent::tei:q |parent::tei:quote |parent
                                     t::tei:remarks |parent::tei:said |parent::tei:sp |parent::tei:stage |parent::tei:cell |parent::tei:fig-
                                     ure )"> Abstract model violation: Paragraphs may not occur inside other paragraphs or ab el-
                                     ements. </sch:report>
Schematron
                                     <sch:report test="(ancestor::tei:l or ancestor::tei:lg) and not( ancestor::tei:floatingText |par-</pre>
                                     ent::tei:figure |parent::tei:note )"> Abstract model violation: Lines may not contain high-
                                     er-level structural elements such as div, p, or ab, unless p is a child of figure or note, or is a
                                     descendant of floatingText. </sch:report>
Content model
                                          <content>
                                           <macroRef key="macro.paraContent"/>
                                          </content>
Schema Declaration
                                         element p
                                            att.global.attributes,
                                            att.declaring.attributes,
att.fragmentable.attributes,
att.written.attributes,
                                             macro.paraContent
```

5.1.67. <pb>

<po><po><po><po><po><po><po><po><po></po></po></po></po></po></po></po></po></po>	g) marks the beginning of a new page in a paginated document. [3.11.3. Milestone Elements]
Module	core
Attributes	• att.typed
	– @type
	– @subtype
	• att.edition
	– @ed
	– @edRef
	• att.spanning
	– @spanTo
	• att.breaking
	– @break
	• att.global
	- n
	– @xml:id
	- @xml:lang
	– @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	– @rend
	– @style
	- @rendition
	att.global.change

,	1					
	- @change					
	att.global.responsibility					
	- @cert	– @cert				
	– @resp					
	att.global.so	att.global.source — @source				
	– @sourc					
	n	n (number) gives a number (or other label) for an element, which is no necessarily unique within the document.				
		Derived from	att.global			
		Status	Required			
		Datatype	teidata.text			
	facs	(facsimile) p	oints to one or more images, portions of an image, or sur-			
			correspond to the current element.			
		Derived from	att.global.facs			
		Status	Required			
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-			
			space			
Member of	model.milestonel	model.milestoneLike				
	num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell table header: authority change language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName person placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline div opener postscript salute signed text transcr: metamark					
May contain	Empty element	TK .				
Note	A <pb> element should appear at the start of the page which it identifies. The global <i>n</i> attribute indicates the number or other value associated with this page. This will normally be the page number or signature printed on it, since the physical sequence number is implicit in the presence of the <pb> element itself. The <i>type</i> attribute may be used to characterize the page break in any respect. The more specialized attributes <i>break</i>, <i>ed</i>, or <i>edRef</i> should be preferred when the intent is to indicate whether or not the page break is word-breaking, or to note the source from which it derives.</pb></pb>					
Example	Page numbers may vary in different editions of a text.					
	<pre> <pb ed="ed2" n="145"></pb> <!-- Page 145 in edition "ed2" starts here--> <pb ed="ed1" n="283"></pb> <!-- Page 283 in edition "ed1" starts here--> </pre>					
Example	A page break may be associated with a facsimile image of the page it introduces by means of the facs attribute <pre></pre>					
		, for page 2				

Schematron	$ @n\ attribute\ must\ be\ a\ positive\ non-zero\ integer$		
Content model	<content> <empty></empty> </content>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element pb { att.global.attribute.xmlid, att.global.attribute.xmlbase, att.global.attribute.xmlspace, att.global.attribute.xmlspace, att.global.rendition.attribute.rend, att.global.rendition.attribute.rendition, att.global.rendition.attribute.rendition, att.global.rendition.attribute.cendition, att.global.responsibility.attribute.cert, att.global.responsibility.attribute.resp, att.global.responsibility.attribute.resp, att.tylobal.source.attribute.source, att.typed.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.spanning.attributes, att.breaking.attributes, att.breaking.attributes, attribute n { text }, attribute facs { list { + } }, empty }</pre>		

5.1.68. <persName>

<persName> (personal name) contains a proper noun or proper-noun phrase referring to a person, possibly including one or more of the person's forenames, surnames, honorifics, added names, etc. [13.2.1. Personal Names]

Module	namesdates
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.datable
	– @period
	- att.datable.w3c
	* @when
	* @notBefore

	* @r	notAfter	
	* @f	rom	
	* @t	0	
	– att.datab	ole.iso	
	* @1	when-iso	
	* @r	notBefore-iso	
	* @r	notAfter-iso	
	* @f	rom-iso	
	* @t	o-iso	
	– att.datab	ole.custom	
	* @1	when-custom	
	* @r	notBefore-custo	m
	* @r	notAfter-custom	1
	* @f	rom-custom	
	* @t	o-custom	
	* @0	latingPoint	
	* @0	latingMethod	
	att.editLike		
	– @evide	nce	
	– @instan	ıt	
	att.personal		
	– @full		
	– @sort		
	– att.nami		
		role	
		nymRef	
		canonical	
		- @key	
		- @ref	
	att.typed		
	- @type		
	– @subty	pe	
	calendar		or more systems or calendars to which the date represented
			of this element belongs. will be removed on 2024-11-11
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1–# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-
		Datatype	space
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>
Member of	model.nameLike.a	agent model per	rsStateLike
		moder.per	

Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp respStmt rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName person placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<pre><persname> <forename>Edward</forename> <forename>George</forename> <surname type="linked">Bulwer-Lytton</surname>, <rolename>Baron Lytton of <placename>Knebworth</placename> </rolename></persname></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element persName { att.global.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.typed.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>

5.1.69. <person>

<person> (person) provides information about an identifiable individual, for example a participant in a language interaction or a person referred to in a historical source. [13.3.2] The Person Element 15.2.2. The Participant Description.

tion, or a person referred to in a historical source. [13.3.2. The Person Element 15.2.2. The Participant Description]			
Module	namesdates		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– @xml:id		
	– @n		
	– @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		

ı	l * @.			ı		
· '	* @c		!			
·	* @resp					
, 	1	- att.global.source				
, 	* @source					
·	• att.editLike					
· '	- @evidence					
·	– @instant					
· '	att.sortable					
! 	– @sortKe	ey	!			
	role	specifies a pri	rimary role or classification for the person. Optional			
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of teidata.enumerated separated by whitespace			
		Note	Values for this attribute may be locally defined by a project, using arbitrary keywords such as artist, employer, author, relative, or servant, each of which should be associated with a definition. Such local definitions will typically be provided by a <vallist> element in the project schema specification.</vallist>			
1	sex	specifies the	sex of the person.	ĺ		
!	1	Status	Optional	ĺ		
i '	1	Datatype	1-# occurrences of teidata.sex separated by whitespace	ĺ		
1		Note	Values for this attribute may be defined locally by a project, or they may refer to an external standard.			
!	gender	specifies the	gender of the person.	ĺ		
i '	1	Status	Optional	ĺ		
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.gender</u> separated by white- space			
1		Note	Values for this attribute may be defined locally by a project, or they may refer to an external standard.			
1	age	specifies an a	age group for the person.	ĺ		
1	1	Status	Optional	ĺ		
1	1	Datatype	teidata.enumerated	ĺ		
		Note	Values for this attribute may be locally defined by a project, using arbitrary keywords such as infant, child, teen, adult, or senior, each of which should be associated with a definition. Such local definitions will typically be provided by a <vallist> element in the project schema specification.</vallist>			
Member of	model.personLike					
Contained by	namesdates: event listPerson org					
	core: bibl lb name note p pb header: idno msdescription: msDesc namesdates: affiliation birth death event listEvent nationality occupation persName sex transcr: metamark space					
Note	cific demographic	e elements draw	ription organized as paragraphs, or a sequence of more spewn from the model.personPart class.			
Example	<pre><person age="adult" sex="F"> <ppre></ppre></person></pre>					

```
<person sex="intersex" role="god"</pre>
Example
                                                       age="immortal">
<persName>Hermaphroditos</persName>
                                                        <persName xml:lang="grc">##µ########</persName>
                                                      </person>
                                                      <person xml:id="Ovi01" sex="M" role="poet">
  <persName xml:lang="en">Ovid</persName>
Example
                                                        <persName xml:lang="la">Publius Ovidius Naso</persName>
                                                       <birth when="-0044-03-20"> 20 March 43 BC <settlement type="city">Sulmona<country key="IT">Italy</country>
                                                         </placeName>
                                                       </br>
</ra>

<
                                                          <settlement type="city">Tomis (Constanta)</settlement>
<country key="RO">Romania</country>
                                                         </placeName>
                                                        </death>
                                                      </person>
Example
                                                 The following exemplifies an adaptation of the vCard standard to indicate an unknown gen-
                                                 der for a fictional character.
                                                       <person xml:id="ariel" gender="U">
<persName>Ariel</persName>
                                                        <note>Character in <title level="m">The Tempest</title>.</note>
                                                      </person>
Content model
                                                       <alternate>
  <classRef key="model.pLike" minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                                          maxOccurs="unbounded"
                                                         <alternate minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                          <classRef key="model.personPart"/>
<classRef key="model.global"/>
                                                          <elementRef key="ptr"/>
                                                         </alternate>
                                                        </alternate>
                                                       </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                      element person
                                                          att.global.attributes,
                                                         att.global.attributes,
att.editLike.attributes,
att.sortable.attributes,
attribute role { list { + } }?,
attribute sex { list { + } }?,
attribute gender { list { + } }?,
attribute age { text }?,
( model.pLike+ | ( model.personPart | model.global | ptr )* )
```

5.1.70. <physDesc>

<physDesc> (physical description) contains a full physical description of a manuscript, manuscript part, or other object optionally subdivided using more specialized elements from the model.physDescPart class. [10.7. Physical Description]

tionally subdivided using in	iore specialized elements from the moder.physical bescription	
Module	msdescription	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	

	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
Contained by	msdescription: msDesc	
May contain	core: p	
-	<pre><physdesc></physdesc></pre>	
Example	<pre><objectdesc form="codex"></objectdesc></pre>	
	<pre><supportdesc material="perg"></supportdesc></pre>	
	<pre><support>Parchment.</support></pre>	
	<pre><extent>i + 55 leaves </extent></pre>	
	<pre><dimensions scope="all" type="leaf" unit="inch"></dimensions></pre>	
	<pre>whit= line > <height>7%</height></pre>	
	<pre><width>f#</width></pre>	
	<layoutdesc></layoutdesc>	
	<pre><layout columns="2">In double columns.</layout></pre>	
	<handdesc></handdesc>	
	<pre><pre>Written in more than one hand.</pre></pre>	
	<decodesc></decodesc>	
	With a few coloured capitals.	
Content model		
	<content></content>	
	<sequence> <classref <="" key="model.pLike" minoccurs="0" th=""></classref></sequence>	
	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>	
	<pre><classref <="" key="model.physDescPart" pre=""></classref></pre>	
	expand="sequenceOptional"/>	
Schema Declaration		
	element physDesc { att.global.attributes, (model.pLike*) }	

5.1.71. <place>

<place> (place) contains data about a geographic location [13.3.4. Places]</place>		
Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	– att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	 att.global.change 	

	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
	• att.typed	
	– @type	
	– @subtype	
	att.editLike	
	– @evidence	
	– @instant	
	att.sortable	
	– @sortKey	
35 3 6	·	
Member of	model.placeLike	
Contained by	namesdates: event listPlace org place	
May contain	core: bibl desc head label name note p	
	header: <u>idno</u> msdescription: <u>msDesc</u>	
	namesdates: country event listEvent listPlace location place placeName settlement	
Example	<pre><place> <country>Lithuania</country> <country xml:lang="lt">Lietuva</country> <place> <settlement>Vilnius</settlement> </place> <settlement>Kaunas</settlement> </place> <place> <settlement>Kaunas</settlement> </place> <place> <place> <place></place></place></place></pre>	
Content model	<pre><content></content></pre>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element place { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attributes,</pre>	

```
att.editLike.attributes,
att.sortable.attributes,
(
    model.headLike*,
    (
    model.pLike*
    | ( model.pLike*
    | ( model.labelLike | model.placeStateLike | model.eventLike | name )*
),
    ( model.noteLike | model.biblLike | idno | ptr | linkGrp | link )*,
    ( model.placeLike | listPlace )*
)
}
```

5.1.72. <placeName>

<pre><placename> (place</placename></pre>	name) contains an absolute or relative place name. [13.2.3. Place Names]		
Module	namesdates		
Attributes	• att.datable		
	– @period		
	- att.datable.w3c		
	* @when		
	* @notBefore		
	* @notAfter		
	* @from		
	* @to		
	- att.datable.iso		
	* @when-iso		
	* @notBefore-iso		
	* @notAfter-iso		
	* @from-iso		
	* @to-iso		
	- att.datable.custom		
	* @when-custom		
	* @notBefore-custom		
	* @notAfter-custom		
	* @from-custom		
	* @to-custom		
	* @datingPoint		
	* @datingMethod		
	att.editLike		
	– @evidence		
	– @instant		
	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	– @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	– @xml:space		
	 att.global.rendition 		
	* @rend		
	* @style		

	* @renditi	on			
	- att.global.facs				
	* @facs				
	– att.global.char	nge			
	* @change	:			
	 att.global.resp 	onsibility	,		
	* @cert				
	* @resp				
	 att.global.sour 	rce			
	* @source				
	att.personal				
	- @full				
	- @sort				
	- att.naming				
	* @role				
	* @nymRe	ef			
	* att.canon	ical			
	+ @ke	ey			
	+ @re	+ @ref			
	att.typed— @type— @subtype				
			or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs.		
			will be removed on 2024-11-11		
	Stat	us	Optional		
	Data	atype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-space		
	Scho	ematron	<sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:assert test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no textual content.</sch:assert> </sch:rule>		
Member of	model.placeNamePart	model.placeNamePart			
Contained by			or date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name		
		note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear			
	figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal				
	msdescription: collection institution msIdentifier origDate origPlace repository stamp				
	namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename location nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName place placeName settlement sex surname				
			line opener salute signed		
	transcr: metamark		•		
May contain		del distin	ct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear		
	header: idno	o ori-Di	oo atama		
	msdescription: origDat	e <u>origPlac</u>	ce stamp		

	namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname	
	transer: metamark space character data	
Example	<pre><placename> <settlement>Rochester</settlement> <region>New York</region> </placename></pre>	
Example	<pre><placename> <geogname>Arrochar Alps</geogname> <region>Argylshire</region> </placename></pre>	
Example	<pre><placename> <measure>10 miles</measure> <offset>Northeast of</offset> <settlement>Attica</settlement> </placename></pre>	
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element placeName { att.datable.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>	

5.1.73. <*postCode*>

<postCode> (postal code) contains a numerical or alphanumeric code used as part of a postal address to simplify sorting or delivery of mail. [3.6.2. Addresses]

derivery of mail. [3.0.2. Addresses]		
Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	– @xml:base	
	– @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
Member of	model.addrPart	

Contained by	core: address	
May contain	Character data only	
Note	The position and nature of postal codes is highly country-specific; the conventions appropriate to the country concerned should be used.	
Example	<pre><postcode>HR1 3LR</postcode></pre>	
Example	<pre><postcode>60142-7</postcode></pre>	
Content model	<content> <textnode></textnode> </content>	
Schema Declaration	element postCode { att.global.attributes, text }	

5.1.74. <postscript>

cpostscript> contains a postscript, e.g. to a letter. [4.2. Elements Common to All Divisions]		
Module	textstructure	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
	• att.written	
	– @hand	
Member of	model.divBottomPart	
Contained by	core: list figures: table textstructure: div postscript	
May contain	core: bibl desc head label lb list note p pb q figures: table msdescription: msDesc namesdates: listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace textstructure: closer opener postscript signed transcr: metamark space	
Example	<div type="letter"></div>	

```
<dateline>
                                                       <placeName>Rimaone</placeName>
<date when="2006-11-21">21 Nov 06</date>
                                                      <salute>Dear Susan, </salute>
                                                    </opener>
                                                    cypThank you very much for the assistance splitting those
logs. I'm sorry about the misunderstanding as to the size of
the task. I really was not asking for help, only to borrow the
axe. Hope you had fun in any case.
                                                     <salute>Sincerely yours,</salute>
<signed>Seymour</signed>
                                                    </closer>
<postscript>
                                                      <label>P.S.</label>
                                                    The collision occured on <date when="2001-07-06">06 Jul 01</date>.</postscript>
                                                   </div>
Content model
                                                   <content>
                                                     <sequence>
                                                      <alternate minOccurs="0"
                                                      maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                       <classRef key="model.global"/>
<classRef key="model.divTopPart"/>
                                                      </alternate>
                                                     <classRef key="model.common"/>
<alternate minOccurs="0"
  maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                       <classRef key="model.global"/>
                                                      <classRef key="model.common"/>
                                                      </alternate>
                                                      <sequence minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                                      maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                      calassRef key="model.divBottomPart"/>
<classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                     </sequence>
                                                     </sequence>
                                                   </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                   element postscript
                                                      att.global.attributes,
                                                       att.written.attributes,
                                                           ( model.global | model.divTopPart )*,
                                                           model.common,
  ( model.global | model.common )*,
                                                            ( model.divBottomPart, model.global* )*
```

5.1.75. <*principal*>

ı	~	
Module	header	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	

1	– att.globa	l.change	I
	* @change		
	att.global.responsibility		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @se		
	• att.canonical		
	– @key		
	- @ref		
	• att.datable		
	— @period		
	- att.datab	le.w3c	
	* @w	hen	
	* @n	otBefore	
		otAfter	
	* @fi	rom	
	* @to		
	– att.datab		
		hen-iso	
		otBefore-iso	
	* @notAfter-iso		
	* @from-iso		
	* @to-iso – att.datable.custom		
	att.datable.custom* @when-custom		
	* @notBefore-custom * @notAfter-custom		
		rom-custom	
		o-custom	
		atingPoint	
		atingMethod	
	calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs.		
		Deprecated	will be removed on 2024-11-11
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-space
		Schematron	<sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as- </sch:rule>
Member of	model.respLike		

Contained by	header: titleStmt	
May contain	core: abbr address date distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data	
Example	<pre><principal ref="http://viaf.org/viaf/105517912">Gary Taylor</principal></pre>	
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq.limited"></macroref> </content></pre>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element principal { att.global.attributes, att.canonical.attributes, att.datable.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq.limited }</pre>	

5.1.76. <profileDesc>

Module	header	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	- att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
Member of	model.teiHeaderPart	
Contained by	header: teiHeader	
May contain	header: abstract creation langUsage textClass	
Note	Although the content model permits it, it is rarely meaningful to supply multiple occurrences for any of the child elements of supply-multiple occurrences for any of the child elements of supply-multiple occurrences for any of the child elements of supply-multiple occurrences for any of the child elements of supply-multiple occurrences for any of the child elements of supply-multiple occurrences for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of the child elements of supply-multiple-exercises for any of	

Example	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
Content model	<content> <classref key="model.profileDescPart" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> </content>
Schema Declaration	element profileDesc { att.global.attributes, model.profileDescPart* }

5.1.77. ctDesc>

Description 2.3. The Encoding Description 15.3.2. Declarable Elements		
Module	header	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	- @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	– @xml:base	
	– @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	– att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
	att.declarable	
	– @default	
Member of	model.encodingDescPart	
Contained by	header: encodingDesc	

May contain	core: p	
Example	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre>Texts collected for use in the Claremont Shakespeare Clinic, June 1990</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
Content model	<pre><content> <classref key="model.pLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></classref> </content></pre>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element projectDesc { att.global.attributes, att.declarable.attributes, model.pLike+ }</pre>	

5.1.78. <publicationStmt>

publicationStmt> (publication statement) groups information concerning the publication or distribution of an electronic or other text. [2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc. 2.2. The File Description]

other text. [2.2.4. Publication	ther text. [2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc. 2.2. The File Description]	
Module	header	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	- @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	– @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	att.global.responsibility	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
Contained by	header: fileDesc	
May contain	core: address date p ref header: authority availability idno	
Note	Where a publication statement contains several members of the model.publicationStmt-Part.agency or model.publicationStmtPart.detail classes rather than one or more paragraphs or anonymous blocks, care should be taken to ensure that the repeated elements are presented in a meaningful order. It is a conformance requirement that elements supplying information about publication place, address, identifier, availability, and date be given following the name of the publisher, distributor, or authority concerned, and preferably in that order.	
Example	<pre><publicationstmt> <publisher>C. Muquardt </publisher> <pubplace>Bruxelles & Leipzig</pubplace> <date when="1846"></date> </publicationstmt></pre>	

```
<publicationStmt>
Example
                                        <publisher>Chadwyck Healey</publisher>
<pubPlace>Cambridge</pubPlace>
                                        <availability>
  Available under licence only
                                        </availability>
<date when="1992">1992</date>
                                       </publicationStmt>
                                       <publicationStmt>
Example
                                        <publisher>Zea Books</publisher>
                                        <pubPlace>Lincoln, NE</pubPlace>
<date>2017</date>
                                        <availability> This is an open access work licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license.
                                        </availability>
<ptr target="http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/zeabook/55"/>
                                       </publicationStmt>
Content model
                                        <alternate>
                                         <sequence minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                         <classRef key="model.pLike" minOccurs="1"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                        </alternate>
                                       </content>
Schema Declaration
                                       element publicationStmt
                                          att.global.attributes,
                                              (\  \, model.publicationStmtPart.agency,\  \, model.publicationStmtPart.detail*\  \, ) +
                                           | model.pLike+
```

5.1.79. <q>

<q> (quoted) contains material which is distinguished from the surrounding text using quotation marks or a similar method, for any one of a variety of reasons including, but not limited to: direct speech or thought, technical terms or jargon, authorial distance, quotations from elsewhere, and passages that are mentioned but not used. [3.3.3. Quotation]

Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source

1	* @source				
		att.ascribed.directed			
	– @toWhom				
	- att.ascribed				
	* @who	* @who			
	thought, or to	e used to indicate whether the offset passage is spoken or o characterize it more finely. Optional			
	Datatype	teidata.enumerated			
	Suggested values in-	spo-ken (spoken) representation of speech			
	clude:	thought (thought) representation of thought, e.g. internal monologue			
		writ- ten (written) quotation from a written source			
		so-Calledo called) authorial distance			
		for- eign (foreign) foreign words			
		dis- tinct(distinct) linguistically distinct			
		term technical term			
		emph (emph) rhetorically emphasized			
		men- tione(d)nentioned) refering to itself, not its normal ref- erent			
Member of	model.common model.hiLike				
Contained by	q ref resp rs street term textLang figures: cell	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear			
	msdescription: collection institute namesdates: affiliation birth coorgName persName placeName				
	transcr: metamark				
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref			
	figures: table header: idno	header: idno			
		msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location			
	nameLink orgName persName p transcr: metamark space character data				
NT-4-		assage is distinguished from the surrounding text for reasons			
Note	concerning which no claim is m	assage is distinguished from the surrounding text for reasons ade. When used in this manner, $\leq q \geq$ may be thought of as			

5.1.80. <ref>

<ref> (reference) defines a reference to another location, possibly modified by additional text or comment. [3.7. Simple Links and Cross-References 16.1. Links]

Links and Cross-References 16.1. Links]		
Module	core	
Attributes	att.cReferencing	
	– @cRef	
	• att.declaring	
	– @decls	
	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	att.global.responsibility	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
	att.internetMedia	

1	I & ' T		
	- @mimeType		
	att.pointing		
	- @targetLang		
	- @target		
	- @evaluate		
	• att.typed		
	– @type		
	- @subtype		
Member of	model.ptrLike		
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal publicationStmt msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Note	The <i>target</i> and <i>cRef</i> attributes are mutually exclusive.		
Example	See especially <ref target="http://www.natcorp.ox.ac.uk/Texts/A02.xml#s2">the second sentence</ref>		
Example	See also <ref target="#locution">s.v. <term>locution</term> </ref> .		
Schematron	<pre><sch:report test="@target and @cRef">Only one of the attributes @target' and @cRef' may be supplied on <sch:name></sch:name> </sch:report></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.paraContent"></macroref> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element ref { att.cReferencing.attributes, att.declaring.attributes, att.global.attributes, att.internetMedia.attributes, att.pointing.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.typed.attributes, macro.paraContent }</pre>		

5.1.81. < repository >

<repository> (repository) contains the name of a repository within which manuscripts or other objects are stored, possibly forming part of an institution. [10.4. The Manuscript Identifier]

61 I	
Module	msdescription
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n

1	
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	- att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
.	att.naming
	- @role
	- @nymRef
	- att.canonical
	* @key
	* @ref
	71.10
	escription: msIdentifier
	e: abbr address date distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title der: idno
	lescription: origDate origPlace stamp
nan	nesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-
	ne settlement surname
	ser: <u>metamark</u> <u>space</u> acter data
	msIdentifier>
Example	<pre><settlement>Oxford</settlement> <institution>University of Oxford</institution></pre>
	<repository>Bodleian Library</repository>
	<idno>MS. Bodley 406</idno> /msIdentifier>
Content model	content>
	<pre>contents /macro.phraseSeq.limited"/> /content></pre>
	/content>
Schema Declaration	lement repository
Schema Declaration	att global attributes
Schema Declaration	lement repository att.global.attributes, att.naming.attributes, macro.phraseSeq.limited

5.1.82. <resp>

<resp> (responsibility) contains a phrase describing the nature of a person's intellectual responsibility, or an organization's role in the production or distribution of a work. [3.12.2.2. Titles, Authors, and Editors 2.2.1. The Title Statement 2.2.2. The Edition Statement 2.2.5. The Series Statement]

Edition Statement 2.2.5. The Series Statement]	
Module	core

Attributes • att.global - @xml:id - @n @xml:lang - @xml:base @xml:space - att.global.rendition * @rend * @style * @rendition - att.global.facs * @facs - att.global.change * @change - att.global.responsibility * @cert * @resp - att.global.source * @source · att.canonical - @key - @ref • att.datable - @period - att.datable.w3c * @when * @notBefore * @notAfter @from * @to - att.datable.iso * @when-iso * @notBefore-iso * @notAfter-iso * @from-iso @to-iso - att.datable.custom * @when-custom * @notBefore-custom @notAfter-custom * @from-custom * @to-custom @datingPoint @datingMethod

	calendar	by the content Deprecated Status Datatype	or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs. will be removed on 2024-11-11 Optional 1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-space <sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule>
Contained by	core: respStmt		
May contain	header: idno msdescription: or	rigDate origPlaction country from the co	oreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title ce stamp orename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-
Note	responsibility in a ity types, such as t	normalized for hat maintained	he class att.canonical may be used to indicate the kind of m by referring directly to a standardized list of responsibil- by a naming authority, for example the list maintained at /relacode.html for bibliographic usage.
Example	<pre><respstmt> <resp <name="" ref="htt">Edward C </resp></respstmt></pre>		vocabulary/relators/com.html">compiler
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="</content"></macroref></content></pre>	"macro.phraseSe	q.limited"/>
Schema Declaration	att.datable.	l.attributes, attributes, lendar { list {	+ } }?,

5.1.83. <respStmt>

<respStmt> (statement of responsibility) supplies a statement of responsibility for the intellectual content of a text, edition, recording, or series, where the specialized elements for authors, editors, etc. do not suffice or do not apply. May also be used to encode information about individuals or organizations which have played a role in the production or distribution of a bibliographic work. [3.12.2.2. Titles, Authors, and Editors 2.2.1. The Title Statement 2.2.2. The Edition Statement 2.2.5. The Series Statement]

Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend

	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
	att.canonical	
	– @key	
	- @ref	
Member of	model ment ite	
	model.respLike	
Contained by	header: seriesStmt titleStmt	
May contain	core: name note resp namesdates: orgName persName	
Example	<pre><respstmt> <resp>transcribed from original ms</resp> <persname>Claus Huitfeldt</persname> </respstmt></pre>	
Example	<respstmt> <resp>converted to XML encoding</resp> <name>Alan Morrison</name> </respstmt>	
Content model	<pre><content></content></pre>	
Schema Declaration	<pre>element respStmt { att.global.attributes, att.canonical.attributes, ((resp+, model.nameLike.agent+) (model.nameLike.agent+, resp+)), note*</pre>	
) }	

5.1.84. <revisionDesc>

<revisionDesc> (revision description) summarizes the revision history for a file. [2.6. The Revision Description 2.1.1. The
TEI Header and Its Components]

•	-
Module	header
Attributes	• att.global

	– @xml:id
	– @n
	– @xml:lang
	– @xml:base
	– @xml:space
	- att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	– att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.docStatus
	– @status
Contained by	header: teiHeader
May contain	core: <u>list</u>
	header: change listChange
Note	If present on this element, the <i>status</i> attribute should indicate the current status of the document. The same attribute may appear on any < <u>change</u> > to record the status at the time of that change. Conventionally < <u>change</u> > elements should be given in reverse date order, with the most recent change at the start of the list.
Example	<pre><revisiondesc status="embargoed"> <change when="1991-11-11" who="#LB"> deleted chapter 10 </change> </revisiondesc></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate> <elementref key="list" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref> <elementref key="listChange" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref> <elementref key="change" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element revisionDesc { att.global.attributes, att.docStatus.attributes, (list+ listChange+ change+) }</pre>

5.1.85. <row>

<row> (row) contains one row of a table. [14.1.1. TEI Tables]</row>	
Module	figures
Attributes	• att.global
	– @xml:id
	– @n

	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	 att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	 att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	att.tableDecoration
	- @role
	- @rows
	- @cols
Contained by	figures: table
May contain	figures: cell
Example	<pre><row role="data"></row></pre>
2	<pre><cell role="label">Classics</cell> <cell>Idle listless and unimproving</cell></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <elementref <="" key="cell" minoccurs="1" pre=""></elementref></content></pre>
	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
Schema Declaration	element row { att.global.attributes, att.tableDecoration.attributes, cell+ }

5.1.86. <rs>

<rs> (referencing string) contains a general purpose name or referring string. [13.2.1. Personal Names 3.6.1. Referring Strings]</rs>		
Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	

May contain	transcr: metamark core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title uncle header: idno				
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed				
Member of	model.nameLike	<u>2</u>			
			place		
		values in- clude:	per- son		
		Suggested	org		
		Datatype	Required teidata.enumerated		
		from Status	Paguirad		
	type	tion scheme of Derived	the element in some sense, using any convenient classificator typology. att.typed		
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-space		
		Status	Required		
	ref		rovides an explicit means of locating a full definition or he entity being named by means of one or more URIs. att.canonical		
	– @subtype				
	– type				
	att.typed				
	- @key				
	 @role @nymRef att.canonical ref 				
	• att.naming	-			
		bal.source source			
	* @resp – att.global.source				
	* @cert				
	 att.global.responsibility 				
	* @change				
	- att.global.change				
	* @	bal.facs facs			

	msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Example	<q>My dear <rs type="person">Mr. Bennet</rs>, </q> said <rs type="person">his lady</rs> to him one day, <q>have you heard that <rs type="place">Netherfield Park</rs> is let at last?</q>		
Schematron	<pre><s:rule context="tei:body//tei:rs"> <s:assert test="@type and @ref">Both @type and @ref are mandatory</s:assert> </s:rule></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element rs { att.global.attributes, att.naming.attribute.role, att.naming.attribute.mymRef, att.canonical.attribute.key, att.typed.attribute.subtype, attribute ref { list { + } }, attribute type { "org" "person" "place" }, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.87. <salute>

<salute> (salutation) contains a salutation or greeting prefixed to a foreword, dedicatory epistle, or other division of a text, or the salutation in the closing of a letter, preface, etc. [4.2.2. Openers and Closers]

of the salutation in the closing of a fetter, profitee, etc. [4,2,2, Openers and Closers]			
Module	textstructure		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– @xml:id		
	– @n		
	– @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	– @xml:space		
	- att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	- att.global.change		
	* @change		
	- att.global.responsibility		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.written		
	– @hand		
Member of	model.divWrapper		
Contained by	core: <u>list</u>		

	figures: table textstructure: closer div opener		
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Example	<salute>To all courteous mindes, that will voutchsafe the readinge.</salute>		
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.paraContent"></macroref> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	element salute { att.global.attributes, att.written.attributes, macro.paraContent }		

5.1.88. <seriesStmt>

seriesStmt> (series statement) groups information about the series, if any, to which a publication belongs. [2.2.5. The Series Statement 2.2. The File Description]

Series Statement 2.2.	The File Description]
Module	header
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	att.declarable
	- @default
Contained by	header: fileDesc
May contain	core: p respStmt title

```
header: idno
Example
                                         <title>Machine-Readable Texts for the Study of Indian Literature</title>
                                         <respStmt>
                                         <resp>ed. by</resp>
<name>Jan Gonda</name>
                                         </respStmt>
                                        </seriesStmt>
Content model
                                        <content>
                                        <alternate>
  <classRef key="model.pLike" minOccurs="1"
  maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                         <elementRef key="editor"/>
<elementRef key="respStmt"/>
                                           </alternate>
                                           <alternate minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                           maxOccurs="unbounded">
<elementRef key="idno"/>
<elementRef key="biblScope"/>
                                           </alternate>
                                          </sequence>
                                        </alternate>
Schema Declaration
                                        element seriesStmt
                                           att.global.attributes,
                                          att.declarable.attributes,
( model.pLike+ | ( title+, ( editor | respStmt )*, ( idno | biblScope )* ) )
```

5.1.89. <settlement>

<settlement> (settlement) contains the name of a settlement such as a city, town, or village identified as a single geo-political or administrative unit. [13.2.3. Place Names]

Module	namesdates
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source

	• att.naming		
	- @role		
	– @nym	Ref	
	- att.can	onical	
	* @	key	
	* @	ref	
	 att.typed 		
	– @type		
	- @subtype		
	• att.datable		
	- @perio	od	
	- att.data	able.w3c	
	* @	when	
	* @	notBefore	
	* @	notAfter	
	* @	from	
	* @	to	
	att.data	able.iso	
	* @	when-iso	
	* @	notBefore-iso	
	* @	notAfter-iso	
	* @from-iso		
	* @to-iso		
	- att.datable.custom		
	* @when-custom		
	* @notBefore-custom		
	* @notAfter-custom		
		from-custom	
		to-custom	
		datingPoint	
	* @	datingMethod	
	calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs.		of this element belongs.
		Deprecated	will be removed on 2024-11-11
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>
Member of	model.placeNam	nePart_	

Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution msIdentifier origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename location nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName place placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place- Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Example	<pre><placename> <settlement type="town">Glasgow</settlement> <region>Scotland</region> </placename></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element settlement { att.global.attributes, att.naming.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.datable.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.90. <sex>

<sex> (sex) specifies the sex of an organism. [13.3.2.1. Personal Characteristics]</sex>		
Module	namesdates	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	

	* @s	ource	
• att ed	ditLike	ource	
	ınıLıke @evider		
	@instan		
		l	
	atable	•	
	@period		
_	att.datab		
	* @w		
		otBefore	
		otAfter	
	* @fi		
	* @to		
_	att.datab		
	* @w	vhen-iso	
		otBefore-iso	
	* @n	otAfter-iso	
	* @fi	rom-iso	
	* @to	o-iso	
_	att.datab	le.custom	
	* @w	when-custom	
	* @n	otBefore-custor	m
	* @n	otAfter-custom	L
	* @fi	rom-custom	
	* @to	o-custom	
	* @d	atingPoint	
	* @d	atingMethod	
• att.ty	ped		
_	@type		
_	@subtyp	be	
calendar			or more systems or calendars to which the date represente of this element belongs.
		Deprecated	will be removed on 2024-11-11
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-space
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>
value		supplies a code	ed value for sex
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of teidata.sex separated by whitespace

	Note	Values for this attribute may be locally defined by a project, or they may refer to an external standard.	
Member of	model.persStateLike		
Contained by	namesdates: person		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Note	As with other culturally-constructed traits such as age and gender, the way in which this concept is described in different cultural contexts varies. The normalizing attributes are provided only as an optional means of simplifying that variety for purposes of interoperability or project-internal taxonomies for consistency, and should not be used where that is inappropriate or unhelpful. The content of the element may be used to describe the intended concept in more detail.		
Example	<sex value="F">female</sex>		
Example	<sex value="I">Intersex</sex>		
Example	<pre><sex value="TG F">Female (TransWoman)</sex></pre>		
Content model	<content> <macro.ref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macro.ref> </content>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element sex { att.global.attributes, att.editLike.attributes, att.datable.attributes, att.typed.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, attribute value { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.91. <signed>

<signed> (signature) contains the closing salutation, etc., appended to a foreword, dedicatory epistle, or other division of a text. [4.2.2. Openers and Closers]

text. [4.2.2. Openers and Closers]		
Module	textstructure	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	

	* @cert * @resp
	att.global.source* @sourceatt.written
	– @hand
Member of	model.divBottomPart model.divTopPart
Contained by	core: list figures: table textstructure: closer div opener postscript
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Example	<pre><signed>Thine to command <name>Humph. Moseley</name> </signed></pre>
Example	<pre><closer> <signed>Sign'd and Seal'd, st></signed></closer></pre>
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.paraContent"></macroref> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element signed { att.global.attributes, att.written.attributes, macro.paraContent }</pre>

5.1.92. <sourceDesc>

<sourceDesc> (source description) describes the source(s) from which an electronic text was derived or generated, typically a bibliographic description in the case of a digitized text, or a phrase such as "born digital" for a text which has no previous existence. [2.2.7. The Source Description]

The state of the s		
Module	header	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	- @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	- att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	

	- att.global.facs			
	* @facs			
	att.global.change* @change			
	* @change			
	 att.global.responsibility 			
	* @cert			
	* @resp			
	- att.global.source			
	* @source			
	• att.declarable			
	– @default			
Contained by	header: fileDesc			
May contain	core: bibl			
	msdescription: msDesc			
Example	<pre><sourcedesc> <bibl> <title level="a">The Interesting story of the Children in the Wood</title>. In <author>Victor E Neuberg</author>, <title>The Penny Histories</title>. <publisher>OUP</publisher> <date>1968</date>. </bibl> </sourcedesc></pre>			
Example	<pre><sourcedesc> Ap>Born digital: no previous source exists. </sourcedesc></pre>			
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1"> <elementref key="msDesc" maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1"></elementref> <elementref key="bibl"></elementref> </sequence> </content></pre>			
Schema Declaration	<pre>element sourceDesc { att.global.attributes, att.declarable.attributes, (msDesc, bibl) }</pre>			

5.1.93. <space>

<space> (space) indicates the location of a significant space in the text. [11.4.1. Space]</space>		
Module	transcr	
Attributes	• att.typed	
	– @type	
	– @subtype	
	• att.dimensions	
	– @unit	
	– @quantity	
	– @extent	
	- @precision	
	– @scope	
	– att.ranging	
	* @atLeast	
	* @atMost	

Contained by			tLang title unclear
Contained by			or date del distinct foreign head hi item label list name note
Member of	model.global.edit	:	ciasseu as vertical.
		Note	For irregular shapes in two dimensions, the value for this attribute should reflect the more important of the two dimensions. In conventional left-right scripts, a space with both vertical and horizontal components should be classed as vertical.
			ver- ti- the space is vertical. cal
		are:	i- the space is horizontal.zon-tal
		Legal values	
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated
	dim	(dimension) in Status	dicates whether the space is horizontal or vertical. Recommended
			space
		Datatype	1–# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-
		Status	Optional
		Derived from	att.global.responsibility
	resp		arty) (responsible party) indicates the individual responsi- ying and measuring the space
	– @sourc		
	att.global.so	urce	
	- resp - @cert		
	att.global.res resp.	sponsibility	
	- @chang	_	
	att.global.ch	ange	
	- @facs		
	— @rendiatt.global.fac		
	- @style	tion	
	- @rend		
	att.global.rei		
	- @xml:s		
	- @xml:l - @xml:l	_	
	- @n		
	– @xml:i	id	
	• att.global		
		max confidence	
	* @	may	

	figures: cell table header: authority change language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName person placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline div opener postscript salute signed text transcr: metamark
May contain	core: desc
Note	This element should be used wherever it is desired to record an unusual space in the source text, e.g. space left for a word to be filled in later, for later rubrication, etc. It is not intended to be used to mark normal inter-word space or the like.
Example	By god if wommen had writen storyes As <space quantity="7" unit="minims"></space> han within her oratoryes
Example	######## <space quantity="1" unit="chars"></space> ##
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <classref key="model.descLike"></classref> <classref key="model.certLike"></classref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Schema Declaration	<pre>element space { att.global.attribute.xmlid, att.global.attribute.xmlang, att.global.attribute.xmlbase, att.global.attribute.xmlspace, att.global.rendition.attribute.rend, att.global.rendition.attribute.style, att.global.rendition.attribute.rendition, att.global.rendition.attribute.facs, att.global.facs.attribute.facs, att.global.facs.attribute.change, att.global.responsibility.attribute.cert, att.global.source.attribute.source, att.typed.attributes, att.tiped.attributes, att.dimensions.attributes, attribute resp { list { + } }?, attribute dim { "horizontal" "vertical" }?, (model.descLike model.certLike)* }</pre>

5.1.94. <stamp>

<stamp></stamp> (stamp) contains a word or phrase describing a stamp or similar device. [10.3.3. Watermarks and Stamps]		
Module	msdescription	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	 att.global.rendition 	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	

	- att.glo	bal.responsibility	
	* @	cert	
	* @	resp	
	– att.glo	bal.source	
	* @	source	
	att.typed		
	– @type	;	
	– @subt	ype	
	att.datable		
	– @peri	od	
	– att.dat	able.w3c	
	* @	when	
	* @	notBefore	
	* @	notAfter	
	* @	from	
	* @	[®] to	
	– att.dat	able.iso	
	* @	when-iso	
	* @	notBefore-iso	
	* @	notAfter-iso	
	* @	from-iso	
	* @	to-iso	
	– att.dat	able.custom	
	* @	when-custom	
	* @	notBefore-custo	m
	* @	notAfter-custom	ı
	* @	from-custom	
	* @	to-custom	
	* @	datingPoint	
	* @	datingMethod	
	calendar		or more systems or calendars to which the date represented of this element belongs.
		-	will be removed on 2024-11-11
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>
Member of	model.pPart.msc	<u>lesc</u>	
Contained by	<u> </u>		lel desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p
		et term textLang	

	figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Example	<pre><rubric>Apologyticu TTVLLIANI AC IGNORATIA IN XPO IHV<lb></lb> SI NON LICET<lb></lb> NOBIS Ro<lb></lb> manii imperii <stamp>Bodleian stamp</stamp> <lb></lb></rubric></pre>		
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element stamp { att.global.attributes, att.typed.attributes, att.datable.attributes, attribute calendar { list { + } }?, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.95. <street>

<street> contains a full street address including any name or number identifying a building as well as the name of the street or route on which it is located. [3.6.2. Addresses]

of route on which it is rocated. [5.0.2. Addresses]		
Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	- att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	

	* @source
Member of	model.addrPart
Contained by	core: address
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data
Note	The order and presentation of house names and numbers and street names, etc., may vary considerably in different countries. The encoding should reflect the order which is appropriate in the country concerned.
Example	<street>via della Faggiola, 36</street>
Example	<pre><street> <name>Duntaggin</name>, 110 Southmoor Road </street></pre>
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content>
Schema Declaration	element street { att.global.attributes, macro.phraseSeq }

5.1.96. <surname>

surname> (surname) contains a family (inherited) name, as opposed to a given, baptismal, or nick name. [13.2.1. Personal Names]

Names]	ames]		
Module	namesdates		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	– @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	• att.personal		
	– @full		
	– @sort		

	– att.naming		
	* @role		
	* @nymRef		
	* att.canonical		
	+ @key		
	+ @ref		
	• att.typed		
	- @type		
	- @subtype		
Member of	model.persNamePart		
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine address author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp		
	namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation org orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Example	<pre><surname type="combine">St John Stevas</surname></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element surname { att.global.attributes, att.personal.attributes, att.typed.attributes, macro.phraseSeq }</pre>		

5.1.97.

(table) conta	ains text displayed in tabular form, in rows and columns. [14.1.1. TEI Tables]		
Module	figures		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– @xml:id		
	– @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	 att.global.rendition 		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		

	- att.global.facs				
	* @facs				
	att.global.change* @change				
	– att.g	global.responsibili	ty		
	* @cert				
	*	@resp			
	- att.s	global.source			
	• att.typed				
	- @ty				
		ıbtype			
	- 630				
	rows	` ′	ates the number of rows in the table.		
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.count		
		Note	If no number is supplied, an application must calculate the number of rows. Rows should be presented from top to bottom.		
	cols	(columns) in	dicates the number of columns in each row of the table.		
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.count		
		Note	If no number is supplied, an application must calculate the number of columns. Within each row, columns should be presented left to right.		
Member of	model.listLike	<u></u>			
Contained by	core: del desc	head hi item note	p q ref textLang title unclear		
-	figures: cell				
	header: abstract change licence				
	namesdates: occupation textstructure: div postscript salute signed				
	transcr: metamark				
May contain	core: head lb	note pb			
	figures: row				
	textstructure: byline closer dateline postscript salute signed				
	transcr: metamark space				
Note	Contains an optional heading and a series of rows. Any rendition information should be supplied using the global <i>rend</i> attribute, at the table, row, or cell level as appropriate.				
Example	<pre></pre>				

```
<cell role="data">36</cell>
                                                    <row role="data">
                                                    <cell role="label">Attleboro'</cell>
<cell role="data">3</cell>
                                                     <cell role="data">5</cell>
                                                     <cell role="data">20</cell>
                                                    </row>
                                                    <row role="data">
                                                    <col role="data">Wymondham</cell>
<cell role="data">1</cell>
                                                     <cell role="data">11</cell>
<cell role="data">22</cell>
                                                  </row>
Content model
                                                    <sequence>
                                                     <alternate minOccurs="0"
                                                      maxOccurs="unbounded">

<classRef key="model.headLike"/>

<classRef key="model.global"/>
                                                     </alternate>
                                                     <alternate>
                                                      <sequence minOccurs="1"</pre>
                                                       maxOccurs="unbounded">
                                                       <elementRef key="row"/>
<classRef key="model.global"</pre>
                                                         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                      </sequence>
<sequence minOccurs="1"
                                                       maxOccurs="unbounded">
<classRef key="model.graphicLike"/>
                                                       <classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                      </sequence>
                                                     </alternate>
                                                     <sequence minOccurs="0"</pre>
                                                      maxOccurs="unbounded">
<classRef key="model.divBottom"/>
                                                      <classRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                                    </sequence>
                                                    </sequence>
                                                   </content>
Schema Declaration
                                                  element table
                                                      att.global.attributes,
                                                      att.typed.attributes,
                                                      attribute rows { text }?,
attribute cols { text }?,
                                                           ( model.headLike | model.global )*,
( ( row, model.global* )+ | ( model.graphicLike, model.global* )+ ),
( model.divBottom, model.global* )*
```

5.1.98. <teiHeader>

<teiHeader> (TEI header) supplies descriptive and declarative metadata associated with a digital resource or set of resources. [2.1.1. The TEI Header and Its Components 15.1. Varieties of Composite Text]

sources. [2.1.1. The TEXT Header and its Components 15.1. Varieties of Composite Text]			
Module	header		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	- @n		
	- @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	- att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		

```
- att.global.facs
                                                  * @facs
                                            - att.global.change
                                                  * @change

    att.global.responsibility

                                                  * @cert
                                                  * @resp
                                            - att.global.source
                                                  * @source
Contained by
                                    textstructure: TEI
                                    header: encodingDesc fileDesc profileDesc revisionDesc
May contain
Note
                                    One of the few elements unconditionally required in any TEI document.
Example
                                        <teiHeader>
                                          <titleStmt>
                                           <title>Shakespeare: the first folio (1623) in electronic form</title>
                                           <author>Shakespeare, William (1564-1616)</author>
                                           <respStmt>
                                            <resp>Originally prepared by</resp>
                                            <name>Trevor Howard-Hill</name>
                                           <respStmt>
                                            <resp>Revised and edited by</resp>
                                            <name>Christine Avern-Carr</name
                                           </respStmt>
                                          </titleStmt>
                                          <publicationStmt>
                                            <distributor>Oxford Text Archive</distributor>
                                           <address>
                                            <addrLine>13 Banbury Road, Oxford OX2 6NN, UK</addrLine>
                                           </address>
                                           <idno type="OTA">119</idno>
                                           <availability>
Freely available on a non-commercial basis.
                                           </availability>
<date when="1968">1968</date>
                                          </publicationStmt>
                                          <sourceDesc>
<bibl>The first folio of Shakespeare, prepared by Charlton Hinman (The Norton Facsimile
                                               1968)</bibl>
                                          </sourceDesc>
                                         </fileDesc>
                                         <encodingDesc>
                                           cp>Originally prepared for use in the production of a series of old-spelling
concordances in 1968, this text was extensively checked and revised for use during
editing of the new Oxford Shakespeare (Wells and Taylor, 1989).
                                          </projectDesc>
                                          <editorialDecl>
                                           <correction>
                                            Turned letters are silently corrected.
                                           </correction>
                                           <normalization>
                                            Original spelling and typography is retained, except that long s and ligatured
forms are not encoded.
                                           </normalization>
                                          </editorialDecl>
                                          <refsDecl xml:id="ASLREF">
                                           cRefPattern matchPattern="(\S+) ([^.]+)\.(.*)"
replacementPattern="#xpath(//div1[@n='$1']/div2/[@n='$2']//lb[@n='$3'])">
                                            A reference is created by assembling the following, in the reverse order as that listed here: 
                                              <item>the <att>n</att> value of the preceding <gi>lb</gi>
                                               </item>
                                              <item>a period</item>
                                              <item>the <att>n</att> value of the ancestor <gi>div2</gi>
                                              <item>a space</item>
<item>the <att>n</att> value of the parent <gi>div1</gi>
                                              </item>
                                             </list>

</cRefPattern>
                                         </encodingDesc>
                                         <revisionDesc>
```

5.1.99. <term>

<term> (term) contains a single-word, multi-word, or symbolic designation which is regarded as a technical term. [3.4.1.
Terms and Glosses]

Terms and Glosses]		
Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	- @xml:id	
	- @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	- @xml:space	
	att.global.rendition	
	* @rend	
	* @style	
	* @rendition	
	- att.global.facs	
	* @facs	
	- att.global.change	
	* @change	
	 att.global.responsibility 	
	* @cert	
	* @resp	
	- att.global.source	
	* @source	
	att.declaring	
	- @decls	
	att.pointing	
	- @targetLang	
	– @target	
	– @evaluate	
	• att.typed	
	– @type	

	@suhtuna	1	
	- @subtype	ĺ	
	• att.canonical	ĺ	
	- @key	ĺ	
	- @ref	ĺ	
	• att.sortable	ĺ	
	- @sortKey	İ	
	• att.cReferencing	ĺ	
	- @cRef	ĺ	
Member of	model.emphLike	ĺ	
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation keywords language licence principal msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address date del distinct foreign hi lb name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear header: idno msdescription: origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo location nameLink orgName persName place-Name settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Note	When this element appears within an <index> element, it is understood to supply the form under which an index entry is to be made for that location. Elsewhere, it is understood simply to indicate that its content is to be regarded as a technical or specialised term. It may be associated with a <gloss> element by means of its ref attribute; alternatively a <gloss> element may point to a <term> element by means of its target attribute. In formal terminological work, there is frequently discussion over whether terms must be atomic or may include multi-word lexical items, symbolic designations, or phraseological units. The <term> element may be used to mark any of these. No position is taken on the philosophical issue of what a term can be; the looser definition simply allows the <term> element to be used by practitioners of any persuasion. As with other members of the att.canonical class, instances of this element occuring in a text may be associated with a canonical definition, either by means of a URI (using the ref attribute), or by means of some system-specific code value (using the key attribute). Because the mutually exclusive target and cRef attributes overlap with the function of the ref attribute, they are deprecated and may be removed at a subsequent release.</term></term></term></gloss></gloss></index>		
Example	A computational device that infers structure from grammatical strings of words is known as a <term>parser</term> , and much of the history of NLP over the last 20 years has been occupied with the design of parsers.		
Example	We may define <term rend="sc" xml:id="TDPV1">discoursal point of view</term> as <gloss target="#TDPV1">the relationship, expressed through discourse structure, between the implied author or some other addresser, and the fiction.</gloss>		
Example	We may define <term ref="#TDPV2" rend="sc">discoursal point of view</term> as <gloss xml:id="TDPV2">the relationship, expressed through discourse structure, between the implied author or some other addresser, and the fiction.</gloss>		
Example	We discuss Leech's concept of <term ref="myGlossary.xml#TDPV2" rend="sc">discoursal point of</term>	f view be	
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.phraseSeq"></macroref> </content>		
Schema Declaration	element term { att.global.attributes, att.declaring.attributes,		

```
att.pointing.attributes,
  att.typed.attributes,
  att.canonical.attributes,
  att.sortable.attributes,
  att.cReferencing.attributes,
  macro.phraseSeq
}
```

5.1.100. <text>

<text> (text) contains a single text of any kind, whether unitary or composite, for example a poem or drama, a collection of essays, a novel, a dictionary, or a corpus sample. [4. Default Text Structure 15.1. Varieties of Composite Text]

Module	textstructure			
Attributes	• att.global			
	- @xml:id			
	– @n			
	- @xml:lang			
	- @xml:base			
	- @xml:space			
	att.global.rendition			
	* @rend			
	* @style			
	* @rendition			
	- att.global.facs			
	* @facs			
	- att.global.change			
	* @change			
	 att.global.responsibility 			
	* @cert			
	* @resp			
	- att.global.source			
	* @source			
	• att.declaring			
	- @decls			
	• att.typed			
	- @type			
	- @subtype			
	• att.written			
	– @hand			
Member of	<u>model.resource</u>			
Contained by	textstructure: <u>TEI</u>			
May contain	core: lb note pb textstructure: body transcr: metamark space			
Note	This element should not be used to represent a text which is inserted at an arbitrary point within the structure of another, for example as in an embedded or quoted narrative; the <floatingtext> is provided for this purpose.</floatingtext>			
Example	<pre><floatingtext> is provided for this purpose. <text></text></floatingtext></pre>			

```
<body>
                                        <pr
                                       </text>
Example
                                   The body of a text may be replaced by a group of nested texts, as in the following schematic:
                                       <!-- front matter for the whole group -->
                                       </front>
                                       <group>
<text>
                                       <!-- first text --> </text>
                                        <text>
                                      <!-- second text -->
</text>
                                        </group>
Content model
                                        <sequence>
                                        csequence
cclassRef key="model.global"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<sequence minOccurs="0">
                                         </sequence>
                                         <alternate>
                                         <elementRef key="body"/>
<elementRef key="group"/>
                                        </alternate>
<classRef key="model.global"
                                         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
                                        <sequence minOccurs="0">
                                         </sequence>
                                        </sequence>
                                       </content>
Schema Declaration
                                      element text
                                         att.global.attributes,
                                         att.declaring.attributes,
                                         att.typed.attributes,
att.written.attributes,
                                            model.global*,
                                            ( front, model.global* )?,
( body | group ),
model.global*,
( back, model.global* )?
```

5.1.101. <textClass>

<textClass> (text classification) groups information which describes the nature or topic of a text in terms of a standard classification scheme, thesaurus, etc. [2.4.3. The Text Classification]

Module	header		
Attributes	• att.global		
	- @xml:id		
	– @n		
	– @xml:lang		
	- @xml:base		
	- @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		

	- att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	– att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
	att.declarable		
	– @default		
Member of	model.profileDescPart		
Contained by	header: profileDesc		
May contain	header: catRef keywords		
Example	<taxonomy> <category xml:id="acprose"> <category xml:id="acprose"> <category> <!-- other categories here--> </category></category></category></taxonomy> <textclass> <catref target="#acprose"></catref> <classcode scheme="http://www.udcc.org">001.9</classcode> <keywords scheme="http://authorities.loc.gov"> ist> <item>End of the world</item> <item>Finitory - philosophy</item> </keywords> </textclass>		
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <elementref key="classCode"></elementref> <elementref key="catRef"></elementref> <elementref key="keywords"></elementref> </alternate> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	<pre>element textClass { att.global.attributes, att.declarable.attributes, (classCode catRef keywords)* }</pre>		

5.1.102. <textLang>

<textLang> (text language) describes the languages and writing systems identified within the bibliographic work being described, rather than its description. [3.12.2.4. Imprint, Size of a Document, and Reprint Information 10.6.6. Languages and Writing Systems]

······································		
Module	core	
Attributes	• att.global	
	– @xml:id	
	– @n	
	- @xml:lang	
	- @xml:base	
	– @xml:space	
	- att.global.rendition	

	* (@rend			
	* @style				
	* (@rendition			
	– att.glc	obal.facs			
	* @	@facs			
	- att.glc	bal.change			
	* @change – att.global.responsibility				
	* (@cert			
	* (* @resp			
	– att.glc	- att.global.source			
	* (@source			
	mainLang	(main langua in the bibliog	ge) supplies a code which identifies the chief language used raphic work.		
		Status	Required		
		Datatype	teidata.language		
	otherLangs		ges) one or more codes identifying any other languages bliographic work.		
		Status	Recommended		
		Datatype	0-# occurrences of <u>teidata.language</u> separated by white-space		
Contained by	core: bibl				
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num p pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data				
Note	This element should not be used to document the languages or writing systems used for the bibliographic or manuscript description itself: as for all other TEI elements, such information should be provided by means of the global <i>xml:lang</i> attribute attached to the element containing the description. In all cases, languages should be identified by means of a standardized 'language tag' generated according to BCP 47. Additional documentation for the language may be provided by a < <u>language></u> element in the TEI header.				
Example	<pre><textlang mainlang="en" otherlangs="la"> Predominantly in English with Latin glosses</textlang></pre>				
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.specialPara"></macroref> </content>				
Schema Declaration	<pre>element textLang { att.global.attributes, attribute mainLang { text }, attribute otherLangs { list { * } }?, macro.specialPara }</pre>				

5.1.103. <title>

<title> (title) contains a title for any kind of work. [3.12.2.2. Titles, Authors, and Editors 2.2.1. The Title Statement 2.2.5. The Series Statement]

Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	- @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	- att.global.change
	* @change
	 att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	- att.global.source
	* @source
	att.canonical
	– @key
	- @ref
	• att.datable
	- @period
	- att.datable.w3c
	* @when
	* @notBefore
	* @notAfter
	* @from
	* @to
	- att.datable.iso
	* @when-iso
	* @notBefore-iso
	* @notAfter-iso
	* @from-iso
	* @to-iso
	- att.datable.custom
	* @when-custom
	* @notBefore-custom
	* @notAfter-custom

@from-custom @to-custom @datingPoint @datingMethod att.typed - type - @subtype classifies the title according to some convenient typology. type Derived att.typed from Status Optional **Datatype** teidata.enumerated Sample valmain ues include: main title sub (subordinate) subtitle, title of part alt (alternate) alternate title, often in another language, by which the work is also known short abbreviated form of title de-(descriptive) descriptive paraphrase of the work functioning as a title This attribute is provided for convenience in analysing ti-Note tles and processing them according to their type; where such specialized processing is not necessary, there is no need for such analysis, and the entire title, including subtitles and any parallel titles, may be enclosed within a single <title> element. calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs. **Deprecated** will be removed on 2024-11-11 Status Optional **Datatype** 1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-**Schematron** <sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:assert test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this element belongs, but this <sch:name/> element has no textual content.</sch:assert> </sch:rule> level indicates the bibliographic level for a title, that is, whether it identifies an article, book, journal, series, or unpublished material. Status Optional **Datatype** teidata.enumerated Legal values a (analytic) the title applies to an analytic item, are: such as an article, poem, or other work published as part of a larger item.

	Note	m (monographic) the title applies to a monograph such as a book or other item considered to be a distinct publication, including single volumes of multi-volume works j (journal) the title applies to any serial or periodical publication such as a journal, magazine, or newspaper s (series) the title applies to a series of otherwise distinct publications such as a collection u (unpublished) the title applies to any unpublished material (including theses and dissertations unless published by a commercial press) The level of a title is sometimes implied by its context: for example, a title appearing directly within an <anallytic> element is ipso facto of level 'a', and one appraise within a case is as a element of level 'a'. For</anallytic>	
		pearing within a <series> element of level 's'. For this reason, the <i>level</i> attribute is not required in contexts where its value can be unambiguously inferred. Where it is supplied in such contexts, its value should not contradict the value implied by its parent element.</series>	
Member of	model.emphLike		
Contained by	core: abbr addrLine author date del desc distinct foreign head hi item label name note num p q ref resp rs street term textLang title unclear figures: cell header: authority change creation language licence principal seriesStmt titleStmt msdescription: collection institution origDate origPlace repository stamp namesdates: affiliation birth country death forename nameLink nationality occupation orgName persName placeName settlement sex surname textstructure: byline closer dateline opener salute signed transcr: metamark		
May contain	core: abbr address bibl date del desc distinct foreign hi label lb list name note num pb q ref rs term title unclear figures: table header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space character data		
Note	The attributes <i>key</i> and <i>ref</i> , inherited from the class att.canonical may be used to indicate the canonical form for the title; the former, by supplying (for example) the identifier of a record in some external library system; the latter by pointing to an XML element somewhere containing the canonical form of the title.		
Example	<pre><title>Information Technology and the Research Process: Proceedings of a conference held at Cranfield Institute of Technology, UK, 18-21 July 1989</title></pre>		
Example	<pre><title>Hardy's Tess of the D'Urbervilles: a machine readable edition</title></pre>		
Example	<pre><title type="full"> <title type="main">Synthèse</title> <title type="sub">an international journal for epistemology, methodology and history of science</title> </pre>		
Content model	<content> <macroref key="macro.paraContent"></macroref></content>		

```
schema Declaration

element title
{
    att.global.attributes,
    att.typed.attribute.subtype,
    att.canonical.attributes,
    att.datable.attributes,
    attribute type { text } ?,
    attribute calendar { list { + } } ?,
    attribute level { "a" | "m" | "j" | "s" | "u" } ?,
    macro.paraContent
}
```

5.1.104. <titleStmt>

<titleStmt> (title statement) groups information about the title of a work and those responsible for its content. [2.2.1. The Title Statement 2.2. The File Description]

Title Statement 2.2. The File I	e Statement 2.2. The File Description]		
Module	header		
Attributes	• att.global		
	– @xml:id		
	– @n		
	– @xml:lang		
	– @xml:base		
	– @xml:space		
	att.global.rendition		
	* @rend		
	* @style		
	* @rendition		
	– att.global.facs		
	* @facs		
	– att.global.change		
	* @change		
	 att.global.responsibility 		
	* @cert		
	* @resp		
	- att.global.source		
	* @source		
Contained by	header: fileDesc		
May contain	core: author respStmt title header: principal		
Example	<pre><titlestmt> <title>Capgrave's Life of St. John Norbert: a machine-readable transcription</title> <respstmt> <resp>compiled by</resp> <name>P.J. Lucas</name> </respstmt> </titlestmt></pre>		
Content model	<pre><content> <sequence> <elementref key="title" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1"></elementref> <classref key="model.respLike" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></classref> </sequence> </content></pre>		
Schema Declaration	element titleStmt { att.global.attributes, (title+, model.respLike*) }		

5.1.105. <unclear>

<unclear> (unclear) contains a word, phrase, or passage which cannot be transcribed with certainty because it is illegible or inaudible in the source. [11.3.3.1. Damage, Illegibility, and Supplied Text 3.5.3. Additions, Deletions, and Omissions]

Module	core
Attributes	• att.global
	- @xml:id
	– @n
	- @xml:lang
	- @xml:base
	- @xml:space
	att.global.rendition
	* @rend
	* @style
	* @rendition
	- att.global.facs
	* @facs
	att.global.change
	* @change
	att.global.responsibility
	* @cert
	* @resp
	 att.global.source
	* @source
	• att.editLike
	- @evidence
	– @instant
	• att.dimensions
	– @unit
	– @quantity
	- @extent
	- @precision
	– @scope
	– att.ranging
	* @atLeast
	* @atMost
	* @min
	* @max
	* @confidence
	reason indicates why the material is hard to transcribe.
	Status Required
	Datatype 1–# occurrences of <u>teidata.enumerated</u> separated by whitespace

	agent	<div></div>	leg- (illegible) i- ble fad- ed (faded)
			amage, if it can be identified. Optional teidata.enumerated
		Sample val-	
			mildew damage results from mildew on the leaf surface smoke
			damage results from smoke
Member of	model.pPart.trans	model.pPart.transcriptional	
Contained by	rs street term text figures: cell header: change li msdescription: o namesdates: affil orgName persName	Lang title uncle cence rigDate origPla liation birth cou ne placeName s line closer date	
May contain	rs term title uncle figures: table header: idno msdescription: n namesdates: affil nameLink orgNar transcr: metamar character data	header: idno msdescription: msDesc origDate origPlace stamp namesdates: affiliation country forename geo listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location nameLink orgName persName placeName settlement surname transcr: metamark space	
Note	whether for writte bility of tagging a The <damage ly allied in use. So ements in Combin stance. The hand attrib</damage 	The same element is used for all cases of uncertainty in the transcription of element content, whether for written or spoken material. For other aspects of certainty, uncertainty, and reliability of tagging and transcription, see chapter 21. Certainty, Precision, and Responsibility. The <damage>, <gap>, , <unclear> and <supplied> elements may be closely allied in use. See section 11.3.3.2. Use of the gap, del, damage, unclear, and supplied Elements in Combination for discussion of which element is appropriate for which circumstance. The hand attribute points to a definition of the hand concerned, as further discussed in section 11.3.2.1. Document Hands.</supplied></unclear></gap></damage>	
Example	<u>>and then</u>	n <unclear reasc<="" th=""><th>n="background-noise">Nathalie</th></unclear> said	n="background-noise">Nathalie
Content model	<pre><content> <macroref <="" content="" key:=""></macroref></content></pre>	="macro.paraCont	ent"/>
Schema Declaration			

```
element unclear
        att.global.attributes,
att.editLike.attributes,
att.dimensions.attributes,
attribute reason { list { + } },
attribute agent { text }?,
macro.paraContent
```

5.2. Model classes

5.2.1. model.addrPart

model.addrPart groups elements such as names or postal codes which may appear as part of a postal address. [3.6.2. Addresses]		
Module	tei	
Used by	address	
Members	model.nameLike[model.nameLike.agent[name_orgName_persName] model.offsetLike model.persNamePart[forename_nameLink_surname] model.placeStateLike[model.place- NamePart[country_placeName_settlement] location] idno_rs] addrLine_postCode_street	

5.2.2. model.addressLike

model.addressLike groups elements used to represent a postal or email address. [1. The TEI Infrastructure]		
Module	tei	
Used by	location model.pPart.data	
Members	address affiliation	

5.2.3. model.attributable

model.attributable groups elements that contain a word or phrase that can be attributed to a source. [3.3.3. Quotation 4.3.2. Floating Texts]	
Module tei	
Used by <u>macro.phraseSeq model.inter</u>	
Members model.quoteLike	

5.2.4. model.availabilityPart

model.availabilityPart groups elements such as licences and paragraphs of text which may appear as part of an availability statement [2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc.]

Module	tei
Used by	availability
Members	licence

5.2.5. model.biblLike

model.biblLike groups elements containing a bibliographic description. [3.12. Bibliographic Citations and References]		
Module	Iodule tei	
Used by	event location model.inter model.personPart org place	
Members	bibl msDesc	

5.2.6. model.common

model.common groups common chunk- and inter-level elements. [1.3. The TEI Class System]		
Module	tei	
Used by	div postscript	
Members	model.divPart[model.lLike model.pLike[p]] model.inter[model.attributable[model.quote-like] Like] model.biblLike[bibl msDesc] model.egLike model.labelLike[desc label] model.list-listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace table]	

	This class defines the set of chunk- and inter-level elements; it is used in many content mod-
	els, including those for textual divisions.

5.2.7. model.dateLike

model.dateLike groups elements containing temporal expressions. [3.6.4. Dates and Times 13.4. Dates]	
Module tei	
Used by model.pPart.data	
Members date	

5.2.8. model.descLike

model.descLike groups elements which contain a description of their function.	
Module	tei
Used by	space
Members	<u>desc</u>

5.2.9. model.divBottom

model.divBottom groups elements appearing at the end of a text division. [4.2. Elements Common to All Divisions]	
Module	tei
Used by	div list table
Members	model.divBottomPart[closer postscript signed] model.divWrapper[byline dateline salute]

5.2.10. model.divBottomPart

model.divBottomPart groups elements which can occur only at the end of a text division. [4.6. Title Pages]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.divBottom postscript
Members	closer postscript signed

5.2.11. model.divLike

model.divLike groups elements used to represent un-numbered generic structural divisions.	
Module	tei
Used by	div
Members	<u>div</u>

5.2.12. model.divPart

model.divPart groups paragraph-level elements appearing directly within divisions. [1.3. The TEI Class System]	
Module	tei
Used by	macro.specialPara model.common
Members	model.lLike model.pLike[p]
Note	Note that this element class does not include members of the model.inter class, which can appear either within or between paragraph-level items.

5.2.13. model.divTop

model.divTop groups elements appearing at the beginning of a text division. [4.2. Elements Common to All Divisions]	
Module	tei
Used by	div list
Members	model.divTopPart[model.headLike[head] opener signed] model.divWrapper[byline dateline salute]

5.2.14. model.divTopPart

model.divTopPart groups elements which can occur only at the beginning of a text division. [4.6. Title Pages]

Module	tei
Used by	model.divTop postscript
Members	model.headLike[head] opener signed

5.2.15. model.divWrapper

model.divWrapper groups elements which can appear at either top or bottom of a textual division. [4.2. Elements Common to All Divisions]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.divBottom model.divTop
Members	byline dateline salute

5.2.16. model.emphLike

model.emphLike groups phrase-level elements which are typographically distinct and to which a specific function can be attributed. [3.3. Highlighting and Quotation]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.highlighted model.limitedPhrase
Members	distinct foreign term title

5.2.17. model.encodingDescPart

${\bf model.encodingDescPart} \ {\bf groups} \ {\bf elements} \ {\bf which} \ {\bf may} \ {\bf be} \ {\bf used} \ {\bf inside} \ {\bf \underline{}} \ {\bf and} \ {\bf appear} \ {\bf multiple} \ {\bf times}.$	
Module	tei
Used by	<u>encodingDesc</u>
Members	projectDesc

5.2.18. model.eventLike

model.eventLike groups elements which describe events.	
Module	tei
Used by	model.orgPart model.personPart place
Members	event listEvent

5.2.19. model.global

model.global groups elements which may appear at any point within a TEI text. [1.3. The TEI Class System]	
Module	tei
Used by	address byline closer date dateline div head list macro.phraseSeq macro.phraseSeq.limited macro.specialPara model.paraPart opener origDate person postscript table text
Members	model.global.edit[space] model.global.meta model.milestoneLike[lb pb] model.note- Like[note] metamark

5.2.20. model.global.edit

model.global.edit groups globally available elements which perform a specifically editorial function. [1.3. The TEI Class System]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.global
Members	<u>space</u>

5.2.21. model.headLike

model.headLike groups elements used to provide a title or heading at the start of a text division.	
Module	tei
Used by	event listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace model.divTopPart msDesc org place table

Members	<u>head</u>
---------	-------------

5.2.22. model.hiLike

model.hiLike groups phrase-level elements which are typographically distinct but to which no specific function can be attributed. [3.3. Highlighting and Quotation]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.highlighted model.limitedPhrase
Members	hi q

5.2.23. model.highlighted

model.highlighted groups phrase-level elements which are typographically distinct. [3.3. Highlighting and Quotation]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.phrase
Members	model.emphLike[distinct foreign term title] model.hiLike[hi q]

5.2.24. model.inter

model.inter groups elements which can appear either within or between paragraph-like elements. [1.3. The TEI Class System]	
Module	tei
Used by	head macro.limitedContent macro.specialPara model.common model.paraPart
Members	<u>model.attributable</u> [model.quoteLike] <u>model.biblLike[bibl msDesc]</u> model.egLike <u>model.labelLike[desc label] model.listLike[list listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace table]</u> model.oddDecl model.stageLike

5.2.25. model.labelLike

model.labelLike groups elements used to gloss or explain other parts of a document.	
Module	tei
Used by	event location model.inter org place
Members	desc label

5.2.26. model.limitedPhrase

model.limitedPhrase groups phrase-level elements excluding those elements primarily intended for transcription of existing sources. [1.3. The TEI Class System]	
Module	tei
Used by	creation macro.limitedContent macro.phraseSeq.limited
Members	model.emphLike[distinct foreign term title] model.hiLike[hi q] model.pPart.data[model.addressLike[address affiliation] model.dateLike[date] model.measureLike[geo num] model.nameLike[model.nameLike.agent[name orgName persName] model.offsetLike model.persNamePart[forename nameLink surname] model.placeStateLike[model.place-NamePart[country placeName settlement] location] idno rs]] model.pPart.editorial[abbr] model.pPart.msdesc[origDate origPlace stamp] model.phrase.xml model.ptrLike[ref]

5.2.27. model.listLike

model.listLike groups list-like elements. [3.8. Lists]	
Module	tei
Used by	abstract model.inter
Members	list listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace table

5.2.28. model.measureLike

model.measureLike groups elements which denote a number, a quantity, a measurement, or similar piece of text that conveys some numerical meaning. [3.6.3. Numbers and Measures]

Module	tei
Used by	location model.pPart.data
Members	geo num

5.2.29. model.milestoneLike

model.milestoneLike groups milestone-style elements used to represent reference systems. [1.3. The TEI Class System 3.11.3. Milestone Elements]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.global org
Members	<u>lb pb</u>

5.2.30. model.nameLike

model.nameLike groups elements which name or refer to a person, place, or organization.	
Module	tei
Used by	model.addrPart model.pPart.data org
Members	model.nameLike.agent[name orgName persName] model.offsetLike model.per-sNamePart[forename nameLink surname] model.placeStateLike[model.place-NamePart[country placeName settlement] location] idno rs
Note	A superset of the naming elements that may appear in datelines, addresses, statements of responsibility, etc.

5.2.31. model.nameLike.agent

model.nameLike.agent groups elements which contain names of individuals or corporate bodies. [3.6. Names, Numbers, Dates, Abbreviations, and Addresses]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.nameLike respStmt
Members	name orgName persName
Note	This class is used in the content model of elements which reference names of people or organizations.

5.2.32. model.noteLike

model.noteLike groups globally-available note-like elements. [3.9. Notes, Annotation, and Indexing]	
Module	tei
Used by	event location model.global org place
Members	note

5.2.33. model.orgPart

model.orgPart groups elements which form part of the description of an organization.	
Module	tei
Used by	org
Members	model.eventLike[event listEvent] listOrg listPerson listPlace

5.2.34. model.pLike

model.pLike groups paragraph-like elements.	
Module	tei
Used by	abstract availability encodingDesc event langUsage model.divPart msDesc org person phys- Desc place projectDesc publicationStmt seriesStmt
Members	р

5.2.35. model.pPart.data

model.pPart.data groups phrase-level elements containing names, dates, numbers, measures, and similar data. [3.6. Names, Numbers, Dates, Abbreviations, and Addresses]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.limitedPhrase model.phrase
Members	model.addressLike[address affiliation] model.dateLike[date] model.measureLike[geo num] model.nameLike[model.nameLike.agent[name orgName persName] model.offsetLike model.persNamePart[forename nameLink surname] model.placeStateLike[model.place-NamePart[country placeName settlement] location] idno rs]

5.2.36. model.pPart.edit

model.pPart.edit groups phrase-level elements for simple editorial correction and transcription. [3.5. Simple Editorial Changes]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.phrase
Members	model.pPart.editorial[abbr] model.pPart.transcriptional[del unclear]

5.2.37. model.pPart.editorial

model.pPart.editorial groups phrase-level elements for simple editorial interventions that may be useful both in transcribing and in authoring. [3.5. Simple Editorial Changes]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.limitedPhrase model.pPart.edit
Members	<u>abbr</u>

5.2.38. model.pPart.msdesc

model.pPart.msdesc groups phrase-level elements used in manuscript description. [10. Manuscript Description]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.limitedPhrase model.phrase
Members	origDate origPlace stamp

5.2.39. model.pPart.transcriptional

model.pPart.transcriptional groups phrase-level elements used for editorial transcription of pre-existing source materials. [3.5. Simple Editorial Changes]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.pPart.edit
Members	del unclear

5.2.40. model.paraPart

model.paraPart groups elements that may appear in paragraphs and similar elements [3.1. Paragraphs]	
Module	tei
Used by	macro.paraContent
Members	model.gLike model.global[model.global.edit[space] model.global.meta model.milestone-Like[lb pb] model.noteLike[note] metamark] model.inter[model.attributable[model.quote-Like] model.biblLike[bibl msDesc] model.egLike model.labelLike[desc label] model.list-Like[list listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace table] model.oddDecl model.stageLike] model.lLike model.phrase[model.graphicLike model.highlighted[model.emphLike[distinct foreign term title] model.hiLike[hi ql] model.lPart model.pPart.data[model.addressLike[address affiliation] model.dateLike[date] model.measureLike[geo num] model.nameLike[model.nameLike.agent[name orgName persName] model.offsetLike model.persNamePart[forename nameLink surname] model.placeStateLike[model.placeNamePart[country placeName]

settlement] location] idno rs]] model.pPart.edit[model.pPart.editorial[abbr] model.pPart.tran-
scriptional[del unclear]] model.pPart.msdesc[origDate origPlace stamp] model.phrase.xml
model.ptrLike[ref] model.segLike model.specDescLike]

5.2.41. model.persNamePart

model.persNamePart groups elements which form part of a personal name. [13.2.1. Personal Names]	
Module namesdates	namesdates
Used by	model.nameLike
Members	forename nameLink surname

5.2.42. model.persStateLike

model.persStateLike groups elements describing changeable characteristics of a person which have a definite duration, for example occupation, residence, or name.	
Module	tei
Used by	model.personPart
Members	affiliation nationality occupation persName sex
Note	These characteristics of an individual are typically a consequence of their own action or that of others.

5.2.43. model.personLike

model.personLike groups elements which provide information about people and their relationships.	
Module	tei
Used by	event listPerson org
Members	org person

5.2.44. model.personPart

model.personPart groups elements which form part of the description of a person. [15.2.2. The Participant Description]	
Module	tei
Used by	<u>person</u>
Members	model.biblLike[bibl msDesc] model.eventLike[event listEvent] model.persStateLike[affiliation nationality occupation persName sex] birth death idno name

5.2.45. model.phrase

model.phrase groups elements which can occur at the level of individual words or phrases. [1.3. The TEI Class System]	
Module	tei
Used by	byline closer date dateline head macro.phraseSeq macro.specialPara model.paraPart opener origDate
Members	model.graphicLike model.highlighted[model.emphLike[distinct foreign term title] model.hi-Like[hi q]] model.lPart model.pPart.data[model.addressLike[address affiliation] model.date-Like[date] model.measureLike[geo num] model.nameLike[model.nameLike.agent[name orgName persName] model.offsetLike model.persNamePart[forename nameLink surname] model.placeStateLike[model.placeNamePart[country placeName settlement] location] idno rs]] model.pPart.edit[model.pPart.editorial[abbr] model.pPart.transcriptional[del unclear]] model.pPart.msdesc[origDate origPlace stamp] model.phrase.xml model.ptrLike[ref] model.segLike model.specDescLike
Note	This class of elements can occur within paragraphs, list items, lines of verse, etc.

5.2.46. model.placeLike

model.placeLike groups elements used to provide information about places and their relationships.	
Module	tei
Used by	event listPlace org place

Members	place
---------	-------

5.2.47. model.placeNamePart

model.placeNamePart groups elements which form part of a place name. [13.2.3. Place Names]	
Module	tei
Used by	location model.placeStateLike msIdentifier
Members	country placeName settlement

5.2.48. model.placeStateLike

model.placeStateLike groups elements which describe changing states of a place.	
Module	tei
Used by	model.nameLike place
Members	model.placeNamePart[country placeName settlement] location

5.2.49. model.profileDescPart

${\bf model.profileDescPart} \ {\bf groups} \ {\bf elements} \ {\bf which} \ {\bf may} \ {\bf be} \ {\bf used} \ {\bf inside} \ \underline{< {\bf profileDesc>}} \ {\bf and} \ {\bf appear} \ {\bf multiple} \ {\bf times}.$	
Module	tei
Used by	<u>profileDesc</u>
Members	abstract creation langUsage textClass

5.2.50. model.ptrLike

model.ptrLike groups elements used for purposes of location and reference. [3.7. Simple Links and Cross-References]	
Module	tei
Used by	model.limitedPhrase model.phrase model.publicationStmtPart.detail
Members	<u>ref</u>

5.2.51. model.publicationStmtPart.agency

model.publicationStmtPart.agency groups the child elements of a specificationStmt element of the TEI header that indicate an authorising agent. [2.2.4. Publication, Distribution, Licensing, etc.]	
Module	tei
Used by	publicationStmt
Members	<u>authority</u>
Note	The 'agency' child elements, while not required, are required if one of the 'detail' child elements is to be used. It is not valid to have a 'detail' child element without a preceding 'agency' child element. See also model.publicationStmtPart.detail.

5.2.52. model.publicationStmtPart.detail

model.publicationStmtPart.detail groups the agency-specific child elements of the	
--	--

5.2.53. model.resource

model.resource groups separate elements which constitute the content of a digital resource, as opposed to its metadata. [1.3. The TEI Class System]	
Module	tei

Used by	<u>TEI</u>
Members	<u>text</u>

5.2.54. model.respLike

model.respLike groups elements which are used to indicate intellectual or other significant responsibility, for example within a bibliographic element.				
Module	tei			
Used by	titleStmt			
Members	author principal respStmt			

5.2.55. model.teiHeaderPart

model.teiHeaderPart groups high level elements which may appear more than once in a TEI header.				
Module	tei			
Used by	eiHeader			
Members	encodingDesc profileDesc			

5.3. Attribute classes

5.3.1. att.anchoring

Module	tei				
Members	note				
Attributes	anchored	,	(anchored) indicates whether the copy text shows the exact place of reference for the note.		
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.truthValue		
		Default	true		
		Note	In modern texts, notes are usually anchored by means of explicit footnote or endnote symbols. An explicit indication of the phrase or line annotated may however be used instead (e.g. 'page 218, lines 3–4'). The <i>anchored</i> attribute indicates whether any explicit location is given, whether by symbol or by prose cross-reference. The value true indicates that such an explicit location is indicated in the copy text; the value false indicates that the copy text does not indicate a specific place of attachment for the note. If the specific symbols used in the copy text at the location the note is anchored are to be recorded, use the <i>n</i> attribute.		
	targetEnd		points to the end of the span to which the note is attached, if		
		Status	ot embedded in the text at that point. Optional		
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-		
		Dutatype	space		
		Note	This attribute is retained for backwards compatibility; it may be removed at a subsequent release of the Guidelines. The recommended way of pointing to a span of elements is by means of the range function of XPointer, as further described in 16.2.4.6. range().		

```
</note>
<note xml:lang="pl"> Quatuor Tempora, tzw. Suche dni postne.
</note>
</noteGrp>
```

5.3.2. att.ascribed

att.ascribed provides [3.3.3. Quotation 8.3.]			ch or action that can be ascribed to a specific individual.		
Module	tei	tei			
Members	att.ascribed.d	irected[q] change			
Attributes	who	who indicates the person, or group of people, to whom the element con ascribed. Status Optional			
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space		
		the play are	In the following example from Hamlet, speeches (<sp>) in the body of the play are linked to <role> elements in the <castlist> using the who attribute.</castlist></role></sp>		
		<pre><role <="" <role="" castitu="" ro="" role="" x="" xx=""> <pre> <pre></pre> <pr< td=""><td>m type="role"> ml:id="Francisco">Francisco</td></pr<></pre></role> sc>a soldier em></pre>	m type="role"> ml:id="Francisco">Francisco		
			For transcribed speech, this will typically identify a participant or participant group; in other contexts, it will point to any identified <pre><pre>element</pre>.</pre>		

5.3.3. att.ascribed.directed

att.ascribed.directed provides attributes for elements representing speech or action that can be directed at a group or individual [3 3 3. Quotation 8 3. Elements Unique to Spoken Texts]

viduai. [5.5.5. Quotai	non o.s. Elements emqu	lements Unique to Spoken Texts]			
Module	tei				
Members	<u>q</u>				
Attributes	• att.ascrib	att.ascribed			
	- @w	ho			
toWhom		Whom indicates the person, or group of people, to whom a speech act is directed.			
		Status	Optional		
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space		
		(<sp>) in the <casti fy="" s<="" td="" the="" who=""><td>wing example from Mary Pix's The False Friend, speeches the body of the play are linked to <castitem> elements in List> using the <i>toWhom</i> attribute, which is used to specipeech is directed to. Additionally, the <stage> includes indicate the directionality of the action.</stage></castitem></td></casti></sp>	wing example from Mary Pix's The False Friend, speeches the body of the play are linked to <castitem> elements in List> using the <i>toWhom</i> attribute, which is used to specipeech is directed to. Additionally, the <stage> includes indicate the directionality of the action.</stage></castitem>		
		<role xm<br=""><castitem <role xm<br=""><td>n type="role"> nl:id="lov">Lovisa</td></role></castitem </role>	n type="role"> nl:id="lov">Lovisa		

```
<role xml:id="serv">A servant</role>
</castItem>
<!-- ... -->
<sp who="#emil"
    toWhom="#lov">
    <speaker>Emil.</speaker>
    <l n="l">My love!</l>
</sp>

<sp who="#lov"
    toWhom="#emil">
    <speaker>Lov.</speaker>
    <l n="2">I have no Witness of my Noble Birth</l>
<speaker>Lov.<//speaker>
    <l n="2">I have no Witness of my Noble Birth</l>
<stage>
    1 her 2">I have no Witness of my Noble Birth</l>
</stage>

Note
To indicate the recipient of written correspondence, use the elements used in section 2.4.6. Correspondence Description, rather than a toWhom attribute.
```

5.3.4. att.breaking

att.breaking provides attributes to indicate whether or not the element concerned is considered to mark the end of an orthographic token in the same way as whitespace. [3, 11, 3, Milestone Elements]

graphic token in the same way	as whitespace. [3.]	11.3. Milestone	Elements
Module	tei		
Members	<u>lb</u> <u>pb</u>		
Attributes	break	indicates whether or not the element bearing this attribute should be sidered to mark the end of an orthographic token in the same way as whitespace. Status Recommended	
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated
		Sample val- ues include	the element bearing this attribute is considered to mark the end of any adjacent orthographic token irrespective of the presence of any adjacent whitespace no the element bearing this attribute is considered not to mark the end of any adjacent orthographic
			token irrespective of the presence of any adjacent whitespace
			maybe the encoding does not take any position on this issue.
			ng lines from the 'Dream of the Rood', linebreaks occur of the words <i>l#ðost</i> and <i>reord-berendum</i> .
		leodum la #e# rihtn	esa tome iu ic#æs #e#orden #ita heardo#t . < b break="no"/> ðost ærþan ichim lifes e #erymde reord be< b break="no"/> æt me þa#e#eorðode #uldres ealdor ofer

5.3.5. att.cReferencing

att.cReferencing provides attributes that may be used to supply a *canonical reference* as a means of identifying the target of a pointer.

F	
Module	tei
Members	ref term
Attributes	cRef (canonical reference) specifies the destination of the pointer by supplying a canonical reference expressed using the scheme defined in a <refsdecl> element in the TEI header Status Optional</refsdecl>

Datatype Note	The value of <i>cRef</i> should be constructed so that when the algorithm for the resolution of canonical references (described in section 16.2.5. Canonical References) is applied to it the result is a valid URI reference to the intended target. The <refsdecl> to use may be indicated with the <i>decls</i> attribute. Currently these Guidelines only provide for a single canonical reference to be encoded on any given <ptr> element.</ptr></refsdecl>
------------------	---

5.3.6. att.calendarSystem

s.s.o. an.caiena	шэумет			
att.calendarSystem [13.4. Dates]	provides attributes for in	dicating calendar s	ystems to which a date belongs. [3.6.4. Dates and Times	
Module	tei	tei		
Members	date origDate			
Attributes	calendar		or more systems or calendars to which the date represented t of this element belongs. Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@calendar]"> <sch:as- sert="" test="string-length(normalize-space(.)) gt 0"> @calendar indicates one or more systems or calendars to which the date represented by the content of this ele- ment belongs, but this <sch:name></sch:name> element has no tex- tual content. </sch:as-></sch:rule></pre>	
		when="173 O.S. <td>n on <date calendar="#gregorian">Feb. 22, 1732</date> (<date calendar='0-02-22"'>Feb. 11, 1731/32, e>). rn on <date <="" calendar="#gregorian #julian" td=""><td>ar="#juliar</td></date></date></td>	n on <date calendar="#gregorian">Feb. 22, 1732</date> (<date calendar='0-02-22"'>Feb. 11, 1731/32, e>). rn on <date <="" calendar="#gregorian #julian" td=""><td>ar="#juliar</td></date></date>	ar="#juliar
			2-02-22">Feb. 22, 1732 1731/32, O.S.).	
		Note	Note that the <i>calendar</i> attribute declares the calendar system used to interpret the textual content of an element, as it appears on an original source. It does <i>not</i> modify the interpretation of the normalization attributes provided by att.datable.w3c, att.datable.iso, or att.datable.custom. Attributes from those first two classes are always interpreted as Gregorian or proleptic Gregorian dates, as per the respective standards on which they are based. The calender system used to interpret the last (att.datable.custom) may be specified with <i>datingMethod</i> .	

5.3.7. att.canonical

att.canonical provides attributes that can be used to associate a representation such as a name or title with canonical information about the object being named or referenced. [13.1.1. Linking Names and Their Referents]				
Module	tei			
Members	att.naming[att.personal[forename name orgName persName placeName surname] affiliation author birth collection country death event institution nationality occupation origPlace repository rs settlement] authority date principal resp respStmt term title			
Attributes	key provides an externally-defined means of identifying the entity (or entities) being named, using a coded value of some kind.			
	Status Optional			
	D	Datatype	<u>teidata.text</u>	
		<pre><author> <name key="</pre"></name></author></pre>	"Hugo, Victor (1802-1885)"	

	I		ctp://www.idref.fr/026927608">Victor Hugo			
		Note	The value may be a unique identifier from a database, or any other externally-defined string identifying the referent. No particular syntax is proposed for the values of the <i>key</i> attribute, since its form will depend entirely on practice within a given project.			
	ref		provides an explicit means of locating a full definition or he entity being named by means of one or more URIs.			
		Status	Optional			
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-			
			space			
			="http://viaf.org/viaf/109557338" erson">Seamus Heaney			
		Note	The value must point directly to one or more XML elements or other resources by means of one or more URIs, separated by whitespace. If more than one is supplied the implication is that the name identifies several distinct entities.			
Example		In this contrived example, a canonical reference to the same organisation is provided in four different ways.				
	<pre><name <="" author="" or="" ref="" type="or </author> <author n= <name ref type="> <author <="" author="" n="<name" or="" ref="" type="or </author> <author n= <name key type="> The first pres a URI (most of</author></name></pre>	<pre><author n="2"> <name ref="nzvn:427308" type="organisation">New Zealand Parliament, Legislative Council</name> </author> <author n="3"> <name ref="./named_entities.xml#o427308" type="organisation">New Zealand Parliament, Legislative Council</name> </author> <author n="4"> <author n="4"> <name key="name-427308" type="organisation">New Zealand Parliament, Legislative Council</name></author></author></pre>				
	does require t ment. The for	hat a file named narth requires that a	ted. The third does not require an internet connection, but amed_entities.xml be in the same directory as the TEI docun entire external system for key resolution be available.			
Note	that documen document. In tocols for a U data interchar These guid ref are provid	tation about how t contrast values of RI, and thus less d age. elines provide no led. For this reason	le and general-purpose, but its use in interchange requires he key is to be resolved be sent to the recipient of the TEI the <i>ref</i> attribute are resolved using the widely accepted prolocumentation, if any, is likely required by the recipient in semantic basis or suggested precedence when both <i>key</i> and a simultaneous use of both is not recommended unless docs provided, probably in an ODD customizaiton, for inter-			

5.3.8. att.datable

att.datable provides attributes for normalization of elements that contain dates, times, or datable events. [3.6.4. Dates and Times 13.4. Dates]		
Module	tei	
Members	affiliation author birth change country creation date death event idno licence location name nationality occupation orgName origDate origPlace persName placeName principal resp settlement sex stamp title	
Attributes	att.datable.w3c — @when	

	- @notBe	efore	
	- @notAt	fter	
	- @from		
	– @to		
	att.datable.is	0	
	- @when-iso		
	- @notBe	efore-iso	
	– @notAi	fter-iso	
	- @from-	-iso	
	- @to-iso)	
	att.datable.cu	ıstom	
	– @when	-custom	
	- @notBe	efore-custom	
	– @notAi	fter-custom	
	– @from-custom		
	- @to-custom		
	- @datingPoint		
	- @datingMethod		
	period	(typically <c< th=""><th>ters to one or more definitions of named periods of time ategory>s, s or <e vent="">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s"></e></th></c<>	ters to one or more definitions of named periods of time ategory>s, s or <e vent="">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s">s"></e>
		Datatype	1–# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-
		Dutatype	space
Note	poral information the module for na ble.iso and att.da ed to the W3C da However, the grea	. By default, the mes & dates is atable.custom tatypes form a later expressives	utes that can be used to provide normalized values of teme attributes from the att.datable.w3c class are provided. If loaded, this class also provides attributes from the att.dataclasses. In general, the possible values of attributes restrict-subset of those values available via the ISO 8601 standard. ness of the ISO datatypes may not be needed, and there expert for the W3C datatypes.

5.3.9. att.datable.custom

(i.e. other than the Gregorian used by W3 and ISO). [13.4. Dates] Module namesdates Members att.datable[affiliation author birth change country creation date death event idno licence location name nationality occupation orgName origDate origPlace persName placeName principal resp settlement sex stamp title] Attributes when-custom supplies the value of a date or time in some custom standard form. Status Optional **Datatype** 1-# occurrences of teidata.word separated by whitespace The following are examples of custom date or time formats that are not valid ISO or W3C format normalizations, normalized to a different dating system Alhazen died in Cairo on the <date when="1040-03-06"</p> when-custom="431-06-12"> 12th day of Jumada t-Tania, 430 AH The current world will end at the
<date when="2012-12-21"</pre>

att.datable.custom provides attributes for normalization of elements that contain datable events to a custom dating system

```
when-custom="13.0.0.0.0"> end of B'ak'tun 13</date>.
The Battle of Meggidu
(<date when-custom="Thutmose_III:23"> 23rd year of reign of Thutmose III</date>).
Esidorus bixit in pace annos LXX plus minus sub
<date when-custom="Ind:4-10-11"> die XI mensis Octobris indictione IIII</date>
```

Not all custom date formulations will have Gregorian equivalents. The *when-custom* attribute and other custom dating are not constrained to a datatype by the TEI, but individual projects are recommended to regularize and document their dating formats.

notBefore-custom specifies the earliest possible date for the event in some custom standard form.

Status Optional

Datatype 1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.word</u> separated by whitespace

notAfter-custom

specifies the latest possible date for the event in some custom standard form.

Status Optional

Datatype 1–# occurrences of <u>teidata.word</u> separated by whitespace

from-custom

indicates the starting point of the period in some custom standard form.

Status Optional

Datatype 1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.word</u> separated by whitespace

```
<event xml:id="FIRE1"
datingMethod="#julian"
from-custom="1666-09-02"
to-custom="1666-09-05">
<head>The Great Fire of London</head>
The Great Fire of London burned through a large part
    of the city of London.
```

to-custom

indicates the ending point of the period in some custom standard form.

Status Optional

Datatype 1–# occurrences of <u>teidata.word</u> separated by whitespace

datingPoint

supplies a pointer to some location defining a named point in time with reference to which the datable item is understood to have occurred

Status Optional

Datatype teidata.pointer

datingMethod

supplies a pointer to a <calendar> element or other means of interpreting the values of the custom dating attributes.

Status Optional

Datatype teidata.pointer

```
Contayning the Originall, Antiquity, Increa#e, Moderne
e#tate, and de#cription of that Citie, written in the yeare
<date when-custom="1598"
calendar="#julian"
datingMethod="#julian">1598</date>. by Iohn Stow
Citizen of London.
```

In this example, the *calendar* attribute points to a <calendar> element for the Julian calendar, specifying that the text content of the <date> element is a Julian date, and the *datingMethod* attribute also points to the Julian calendar to indicate that the content of the *whencustom* attribute value is Julian too.

```
<date when="1382-06-28"
when-custom="6890-06-20"
datingMethod="#creationOfWorld"> µ### ####### ### <num>#</num> ##### <num>####</num>
</date>
```

In this example, a date is given in a Mediaeval text measured 'from the creation of the world', which is normalized (in *when*) to the Gregorian date, but is also normalized (in *when-custom*) to a machine-actionable, numeric version of the date from the Creation.

	Note	Note that the <i>datingMethod</i> attribute (unlike <i>calendar</i> defined in att.datable) defines the calendar or dating system to which the date described by the parent element is normalized (i.e. in the <i>when-custom</i> or other <i>X-custom</i> attributes), <i>not</i> the calendar of the original date in the element.
--	------	--

5.3.10. att.datable.iso

dard. [3.6.4. Dates and	1 .					
Module	namesdates					
Members	cation name nation	att.datable[affiliation author birth change country creation date death event idno licence location name nationality occupation orgName origDate origPlace persName placeName principal resp settlement sex stamp title]				
Attributes	when-iso	supplies the v	value of a date or time in a standard form.			
		Status	Optional			
		Datatype	teidata.temporal.iso			
			ng are examples of ISO date, time, and date & time formats valid W3C format normalizations.			
		<pre><date <="" <date="" <time="" pre="" when=""></date></pre>	m-iso="1996-09-24T07:25+00">Sept. 24th, 1996 at 3:25 in the morningSept. 24th, 1996 at 3:25 in the morningA Jan 1999 at 3:42 pm m-iso="1999-w01-1T20,70-05">A Jan 1999 at 8:42 pm m-iso="2006-05-18T10:03">A maiso= few minutes after ten in the morning on Thu 18 m-iso="03:00">A M. m-iso="14">A morning on Thu 18 m-iso="15,5">A morning on Thu	.e>		
			d with respect to this attribute.			
		He likes to be punctual. I said <q> <time when-iso="12">around noon</time> </q> , and he showed up at <time when-iso="12:00:00">12 0'clock</time> <n dot.<="" td="" the=""></n>				
		The second occurence of <time> could have been encoded with the when attribute, as 12:00:00 is a valid time with respect to the W3C XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition specification. The first occurence could not.</time>				
	notBefore-iso		specifies the earliest possible date for the event in standard form, e.g. yyyy-mm-dd.			
ĺ		Status	Optional			
ĺ		Datatype	teidata.temporal.iso			
	notAfter-iso	specifies the latest possible date for the event in standard form, e.g. yyyy-mm-dd.				
ĺ		Status	Optional			
ĺ		Datatype	teidata.temporal.iso			
ĺ	from-iso	indicates the	starting point of the period in standard form.			
ĺ		Status	Optional			
ĺ		Datatype	teidata.temporal.iso			
ĺ	to-iso	indicates the	ending point of the period in standard form.			
ĺ		Status	Optional			
ĺ		Datatype	teidata.temporal.iso			
Note	bined date & time ing the Gregoriar If both <i>when-is</i>	ne intended, in an n calendar. iso and <i>dur-iso</i> a	ould be a normalized representation of the date, time, or com- inner of the standard formats specified by ISO 8601:2004, us- are specified, the values should be interpreted as indicating a (or date) and duration. That is,			

5.3.11. att.datable.w3c

		alization of elements that contain datable events conforming to the W3C XML .6.4. Dates and Times 13.4. Dates]			
Module	tei				
Members	cation name na	ation author birth change country creation date death event idno licence lo- ionality occupation orgName origDate origPlace persName placeName prin- ment sex stamp title]			
Attributes	when	supplies the value of the date or time in a standard form, e.g. yyyy-mm-dd.			
		Status Optional			
		Datatype <u>teidata.temporal.w3c</u>			
		Examples of W3C date, time, and date & time formats.			
		<pre><date when="1945-10-24">24 Oct 45</date> <date when="1996-09-24T07:25:00Z">September 24th, 1996 at 3:25 in the <time when="1999-01-04T20:42:00-05:00">Jan 4 1999 at 8 pm</time> <time when="14:12:38">fourteen twelve and 38 seconds</time> <date when="1962-10">October of 1962</date> <date when="06-12">June 12th</date> <date when="01">the first of the month</date> <date when="08">August</date> <date when="-08">August</date> <date when="0056">AD 56</date> <date when="0056">AD 56</date> <date when="0056">This list begins in the year 1632, more precisely on Trinity Sunday, i.e. the Sunday after Pentecost, in that year the <date <="" calendar="#julian" pre=""></date></date></date></pre>			
		<pre>when="1632-06-06">27th of May (old style). <opener></opener></pre>			
	notBefore	specifies the earliest possible date for the event in standard form, e.g. yyyy-mm-dd.			
		Status Optional			
		Datatype <u>teidata.temporal.w3c</u>			
	notAfter	specifies the latest possible date for the event in standard form, e.g. yyyy-mm-dd.			
		Status Optional			
		Datatype <u>teidata.temporal.w3c</u>			
	from	indicates the starting point of the period in standard form, e.g. yyyy-mm-dd.			
		Status Optional			
		Datatype <u>teidata.temporal.w3c</u>			
	to	indicates the ending point of the period in standard form, e.g. yyyy-mm-dd.			

Status

Optional

	Datatype teidata.temporal.w3c
Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@when]"> <sch:report role="nonfatal" test="@notBefore @notAfter @from @to">The @when attribute cannot be used with any other att.datable.w3c attrib- utes.</sch:report> </sch:rule></pre>
Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@from]"> <sch:report role="nonfatal" test="@notBefore">The @from and @notBefore attributes cannot be used together.</sch:report> </sch:rule></pre>
Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@to]"> <sch:report role="nonfatal" test="@notAfter">The @to and @notAfter attributes cannot be used together.</sch:report> </sch:rule></pre>
Example	<pre><date from="1863-05-28" to="1863-06-01">28 May through 1 June 1863</date></pre>
Note	The value of these attributes should be a normalized representation of the date, time, or combined date & time intended, in any of the standard formats specified by XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition, using the Gregorian calendar. The most commonly-encountered format for the date portion of a temporal attribute is yyyy-mm-dd, but yyyy,mm,dd, yyyy-mm, ormm-dd may also be used. For the time part, the form hh:mm:ss is used. Note that this format does not currently permit use of the value 0000 to represent the year 1 BCE; instead the value -0001 should be used.

5.3.12. att.declarable

att.declarable provides attributes for those elements in the TEI header which may be independently selected by means of the special purpose <i>decls</i> attribute. [15.3. Associating Contextual Information with a Text]			
Module	tei		
Members	availability bibl langUsage listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace projectDesc seriesStmt sourceDesc textClass		
Attributes	default	indicates whet ent is selected. Status Datatype Legal values are:	Optional teidata.truthValue
Note	The rules governing the association of declarable elements with individual parts of a TEI text are fully defined in chapter 15.3. Associating Contextual Information with a Text. Only one element of a particular type may have a <i>default</i> attribute with a value of true.		

5.3.13. att.declaring

att.declaring provides attributes for elements which may be independently associated with a particular declarable element within the header, thus overriding the inherited default for that element. [15.3. Associating Contextual Information with a Text]

Module	tei		
Members	body div geo msDesc p ref term text		
Attributes	decls (declarations) identifies one or more <i>declarable elements</i> within the header, which are understood to apply to the element bearing this attribute and its content. Status Optional		
	Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
Note	The rules governing the association of declarable elements with individual parts of a TEI text are fully defined in chapter 15.3. Associating Contextual Information with a Text.		

5.3.14. att.dimensions

att.dimensions provides attri	butes for describing	the size of phy	sical objects.
Module	tei		
Members	birth date death del origDate space unclear		
Attributes	• att.ranging - @atLea - @atMod - @min - @max - @confidunit	st	t used for the measurement Optional teidata.enumerated cm (centimetres) mm (millimetres) in (inches) line lines of text char
	quantity	Status Datatype indicates the sulary combini Status Datatype	(characters) characters of text ength in the units specified Optional teidata.numeric size of the object concerned using a project-specific vocab- ng quantity and units in a single string of words. Optional teidata.text t="5 words"/>
	precision		the precision of the values specified by the other attributes. Optional teidata.certainty
	scope	where the mea	asurement summarizes more than one observation, speciability of this measurement. Optional teidata.enumerated

	measurement applies to only the specified range of instances.

5.3.15. att.divLike

att.divLike provides attributes ture]	common to all ele	ments which be	have in the same way as divisions. [4. Default Text Struc-	
Module	tei			
Members	<u>div</u>			
Attributes	• att.fragmenta – @part	ble		
	org	(organization) Status	specifies how the content of the division is organized. Optional	
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated	
		Legal values are:	pos- no claim is made about the sequence in whichite the immediate contents of this division are to be processed, or their inter-relationships.	
			uni- formthe immediate contents of this element are regarded as forming a logical unit, to be processed in sequence.[Default]	
	sample	indicates whet so, from which	her this division is a sample of the original source and if h part.	
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	<u>teidata.enumerated</u>	
		Legal values are:	tial division lacks material present at end in source.	
			me- di- division lacks material at start and end. al	
			fi- nal division lacks material at start.	
			un- known sition of sampled material within original unknown.	
			<pre>com- pletedivision is not a sample.[Default]</pre>	

5.3.16. att.docStatus

att.docStatus provides attributes for use on metadata elements describing the status of a document.				
Module	tei			
Members	bibl change m	sDesc revisionDesc	2	
Attributes	status			
		Sample val- ues include:	-	

```
can-
                                                                                                          di-
                                                                                                          date
                                                                                                          cleared
                                                                                                          dep-
                                                                                                          re-
                                                                                                          cat-
                                                                                                          ed
                                                                                                          draft
                                                                                                                  [Default]
                                                                                                          em-
                                                                                                          bar-
                                                                                                          goed
                                                                                                          ex-
                                                                                                          pired
                                                                                                          frozen
                                                                                                          gal-
                                                                                                          ley
                                                                                                          pro-
                                                                                                          posed
                                                                                                          pub-
                                                                                                          lished
                                                                                                          rec-
                                                                                                          om-
                                                                                                          men-
                                                                                                          da-
                                                                                                          tion
                                                                                                          sub-
                                                                                                          mit-
                                                                                                          ted
                                                                                                          un-
                                                                                                          fin-
                                                                                                          ished
                                                                                                          with-
                                                                                                          drawn
                                                        <revisionDesc status="published">
  <change when="2010-10-21"
  status="published"/>
  <change when="2010-10-02" status="cleared"/>
  <change when="2010-08-02"</pre>
Example
                                                         status="embargoed"/>
<change when="2010-05-01" status="frozen"
who="#MSM"/>
<change when="2010-03-01" status="draft"
                                                        who="#LB"/>
</revisionDesc>
```

5.3.17. att.editLike

att.editLike provides attributes describing the nature of an encoded scholarly intervention or interpretation of any kind. [3.5. Simple Editorial Changes 10.3.1. Origination 13.3.2. The Person Element 11.3.1.1. Core Elements for Transcriptional Work]

Module	tei		
Members	att.transcriptional[del] affiliation birth date death event location name nationality occupation org orgName origDate origPlace persName person place placeName sex unclear		
Attributes	evidence indicates the nature of the evidence supporting the reliability or accuracy of the intervention or interpretation.		

		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.enumerated</u> separated by whitespace
		Suggested values include:	in-ter- there is internal evidence to support the interven-nal tion.
			ex- ter- there is external evidence to support the interven- nal tion.
			 con- jec- the intervention or interpretation has been made ture by the editor, cataloguer, or scholar on the basis of their expertise.
	instant	indicates who	ether this is an instant revision or not.
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.xTruthValue
		Default	false
Note	tervention in a t scripts etc. Each pointer reference a bibl	text, for example on the <i>source</i> (if iographic citation	ass are typically used to represent any kind of editorial in- a correction or interpretation, or to date or localize manu- f present) corresponding to a witness or witness group should n such as a <witness>, <msdesc>, or <bibl> element, or itation, documenting the source concerned.</bibl></msdesc></witness>

5.3.18. att.edition

att.edition provides	attributes identifying the sour	ce edition fro	m which some encoded feature derives.	
Module	tei	tei		
Members	<u>lb pb</u>	<u>b</u>		
Attributes	ed	tion in which	plies a sigil or other arbitrary identifier for the source edi- the associated feature (for example, a page, column, or line s at this point in the text.	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of teidata.word separated by whitespace	
	edRef	(edition reference) provides a pointer to the source edition in which the associated feature (for example, a page, column, or line break) occurs at this point in the text.		
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white-space	
Example	<1>Of that Forb	idden Tree, wh	e, <lb ed="1674"></lb> and <lb ed="1667"></lb> the Fruit lose <lb ed="1667 1674"></lb> mortal tast cld, <lb ed="1667"></lb> and all <lb ed="1674"></lb> our woe,	
Example	<pre><title>Starmak </bibl> <bibl xml:id=" <author>Olaf : <author>Olaf : <title>Starmak </bibl> </listBibl> <!> Looking into the cosmos, I : strength maint. still living ti novelty of act</pre></td><td>Stapledon</aut er</title>, <pre>stapledon1968*Stapledon, <pre>stapledon, <pre>stapledon</pre>stapledon</pre>stapledon</pre>stapledon</pre> stapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledonstapledonstapledonstapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledonstapledonstapledonstapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledonstapledonstapledonstapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledonstapledonstapledonstapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledonstapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledonstapledon <pre>stapledon</pre> stapledon <pre>stapledon<pre< td=""><td>chor>, publisher>Methuen, <date>1937</date> chor>, publisher>Dover, <date>1968</date> cons from the supreme moment of the still with all their n="411" edRef="#stapledon1968"/>essentials of their ancient or lives in zest and endless</td></pre<></pre>	chor>, publisher>Methuen, <date>1937</date> chor>, publisher>Dover, <date>1968</date> cons from the supreme moment of the still with all their n="411" edRef="#stapledon1968"/>essentials of their ancient or lives in zest and endless		

con-<pb n="291" edRef="#stapledon1937"/>sciousness;

5.3.19. att.fragmentable

some overlapping hie	rarchy.		
Module	tei		
Members	att.divLike[div	<u>v] p</u>	
Attributes	part	typically by so which is divid	ther or not its parent element is fragmented in some way, ome other overlapping structure: for example a speech ed between two or more verse stanzas, a paragraph which a page division, a verse line which is divided between two Optional
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated
		Legal values are:	Y (yes) the element is fragmented in some (unspecified) respect
			N (no) the element is not fragmented, or no claim is made as to its completeness[Default]
			I (initial) this is the initial part of a fragmented element
			M (medial) this is a medial part of a fragmented element
			F (final) this is the final part of a fragmented element
		Note	The values I, M, or F should be used only where it is clear how the element may be reconstituted.

5.3.20. att.global

att.global provides a	att.global provides attributes common to all elements in the TEI encoding scheme. [1.3.1.1. Global Attributes]				
Module	tei				
Members	TEI abbr abstract addrLine address affiliation author authority availability bibl birth body byline catRef cell change closer collection country creation date dateline death del desc distinct div encodingDesc event fileDesc foreign forename geo head hi idno institution item keywords label langUsage language lb licence list listChange listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location metamark msDesc msIdentifier name nameLink nationality note num occupation opener org orgName origDate origPlace p pb persName person physDesc place placeName postCode postscript principal profileDesc projectDesc publicationStmt q ref repository resp respStmt revisionDesc row rs salute seriesStmt settlement sex signed sourceDesc space stamp street surname table teiHeader term text textClass textLang title titleStmt unclear				
Attributes	 att.global.rendition @rend @style @rendition att.global.facs @facs att.global.change 				

- @change
- · att.global.responsibility
 - @cert
 - @resp
- · att.global.source
 - @source

xml:id

(identifier) provides a unique identifier for the element bearing the at-

tribute.

Status Optional

Datatype ID **Note** The *xm*

The *xml:id* attribute may be used to specify a canonical reference for an element; see section 3.11. Reference

Systems.

(number) gives a number (or other label) for an element, which is not necessarily unique within the document.

Status Optional

Datatype teidata.text

Note The value of this attribute is always understood to be

a single token, even if it contains space or other punctuation characters, and need not be composed of numbers only. It is typically used to specify the numbering of chapters, sections, list items, etc.; it may also be used in the specification of a standard reference system for the

text.

xml:lang

(language) indicates the language of the element content using a 'tag' generated according to BCP 47.

Status Optional

Datatype teidata.language

... The consequences of
this rapid depopulation were the loss of the last
<foreign xml:lang="rap">ariki</foreign> or chief
(Routledge 1920:205,210) and their connections to
ancestral territorial organization.

Note

The *xml:lang* value will be inherited from the immediately enclosing element, or from its parent, and so on up the document hierarchy. It is generally good practice to specify *xml:lang* at the highest appropriate level, noticing that a different default may be needed for the <teiHeader> from that needed for the associated resource element or elements, and that a single TEI document may contain texts in many languages.

Only attributes with free text values (rare in these guidelines) will be in the scope of *xml:lang*.

The authoritative list of registered language subtags is maintained by IANA and is available at https://www.iana.org/assignments/language-subtag-registry. For a good general overview of the construction of language tags, see https://www.w3.org/International/articles/language-tags/, and for a practical step-by-step guide, see https://www.w3.org/International/questions/qa-choosing-language-tags en php

ing-language-tags.en.php.

The value used must conform with BCP 47. If the value is a private use code (i.e., starts with x- or contains - x-), a slanguage> element with a matching value for its ident attribute should be supplied in the TEI header to document this value. Such documentation may also optionally be supplied for non-private-use codes, though these must remain consistent with their IETFInternet En-

gineering Task Force definitions.

	-	e URI reference with which applications can resolve rela- ences into absolute URI references.	
	Status	Optional	
	Datatype	teidata.pointer	
	<pre><div type="bibl"></div></pre>		
-	signals an intecations.	ntion about how white space should be managed by appli-	
	Status	Optional	
	Datatype	teidata.enumerated	
	Legal values are:	de- faultsignals that the application's default white-space processing modes are acceptable	
		pre- servéndicates the intent that applications preserve all white space	
	Note	The XML specification provides further guidance on the use of this attribute. Note that many parsers may not handle xml:space correctly.	

5.3.21. att.global.change

att.global.change provides attributes allowing its member elements to specify one or more states or revision campaigns with which they are associated.

Module	transcr
Members	att.global[TEI abbr abstract addrLine address affiliation author authority availability bibl birth body byline catRef cell change closer collection country creation date dateline death del desc distinct div encodingDesc event fileDesc foreign forename geo head hi idno institution item keywords label langUsage language lb licence list listChange listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location metamark msDesc msIdentifier name nameLink nationality note num occupation opener org orgName origDate origPlace p pb persName person physDesc place placeName postCode postscript principal profileDesc projectDesc publicationStmt q ref repository resp respStmt revisionDesc row rs salute seriesStmt settlement sex signed sourceDesc space stamp street surname table teiHeader term text textClass textLang title titleStmt unclear]
Attributes	change points to one or more <

5.3.22. att.global.facs

att.global.facs provides attrib or surface. [11.1. Digital Facsi		correspondenc	e between an element and all or part of a facsimile image	
Module	transcr	transcr		
Members	birth body byline condel desc distinct divided tution item keyword listPerson listPlace num occupation opec place placeNamon q ref repository residential distribution in the properties of the place of	atRef cell char v encodingDes ds label langU location metan ener org orgNa e postCode pos p respStmt rev	Line address affiliation author authority availability bible nee closer collection country creation date dateline death action dateline dateline death action dateline death action dateline dateline death action dateline dateline death action dateline dateline dateline death action dateline datel	
Attributes		cs (facsimile) points to one or more images, portions of an image, or surfaces which correspond to the current element. Status Optional Datatype 1—# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-space		

5.3.23. att.global.rendition

att.global.rendition prition Indicators]	ovides rendering attribu	utes common to a	all elements in the TEI encoding scheme. [1.3.1.1.3. Rendi-	
Module	tei			
Members	birth body byli del desc distinct tution item key listPerson listP num occupatio sc place place q ref repository sourceDesc spa	att.global[TEI abbr abstract addrLine address affiliation author authority availability bibl birth body byline catRef cell change closer collection country creation date dateline death del desc distinct div encodingDesc event fileDesc foreign forename geo head hi idno institution item keywords label langUsage language lb licence list listChange listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location metamark msDesc msIdentifier name nameLink nationality note num occupation opener org orgName origDate origPlace p pb persName person physDesc place placeName postCode postscript principal profileDesc projectDesc publicationStmt q ref repository resp respStmt revisionDesc row rs salute seriesStmt settlement sex signed sourceDesc space stamp street surname table teiHeader term text textClass textLang title titleStmt unclear]		
Attributes	rend	(rendition) in sented in the Status Datatype	ndicates how the element in question was rendered or presource text. Optional 1-# occurrences of teidata.word separated by whitespace	
		<pre>chead rend="align(center) case(allcaps)"></pre>		
		Note	These Guidelines make no binding recommendations for the values of the <i>rend</i> attribute; the characteristics of visual presentation vary too much from text to text and the decision to record or ignore individual characteristics varies too much from project to project. Some potentially useful conventions are noted from time to time at appropriate points in the Guidelines. The values of the <i>rend</i> attribute are a set of sequence-indeterminate individual tokens separated by whitespace.	
	style	style contains an expression in some formal style definition langua defines the rendering or presentation used for this element in text		
		Status	Optional	

Datatype teidata.text

<head style="text-align: center; font-variant: small-caps">
 <lb/>To The <lb/>Duchesse <lb/>of <lb/>Newcastle, <lb/>On Her
 <lb/><hi> style="font-variant: normal">New Blazing-World</hi>.
 </head>

Note

Unlike the attribute values of *rend*, which uses whitespace as a separator, the *style* attribute may contain whitespace. This attribute is intended for recording inline stylistic information concerning the source, not any particular output.

The formal language in which values for this attribute are expressed may be specified using the <styleDefDecl> element in the TEI header.

If *style* and *rendition* are both present on an element, then *style* overrides or complements *rendition*. *style* should not be used in conjunction with *rend*, because the latter does not employ a formal style definition language.

rendition

points to a description of the rendering or presentation used for this element in the source text.

Status Optional

Datatype 1–# occurrences of

1-# occurrences of teidata.pointer separated by white-

space

Note

The *rendition* attribute is used in a very similar way to the *class* attribute defined for XHTML but with the important distinction that its function is to describe the appearance of the source text, not necessarily to determine how that text should be presented on screen or paper.

If *rendition* is used to refer to a style definition in a formal language like CSS, it is recommended that it not be used in conjunction with *rend*. Where both *rendition* and *rend* are supplied, the latter is understood to override or complement the former.

Each URI provided should indicate a <rendition> element defining the intended rendition in terms of some appropriate style language, as indicated by the *scheme* attribute.

5.3.24. att.global.responsibility

att.global.responsibility provides attributes indicating the agent responsible for some aspect of the text, the markup or something asserted by the markup, and the degree of certainty associated with it. [1.3.1.1.4. Sources, certainty, and responsibility 3.5. Simple Editorial Changes 11.3.2.2. Hand, Responsibility, and Certainty Attributes 17.3. Spans and Interpretations 13.1.1. Linking Names and Their Referents]

Module	tei
Members	att.global[TEI abbr abstract addrLine address affiliation author authority availability bibl
	<u>birth body byline catRef cell change closer collection country creation date dateline death</u>
	<u>del desc distinct div encodingDesc event fileDesc foreign forename geo head hi idno insti-</u>
	<u>tution item keywords label langUsage language lb licence list listChange listEvent listOrg</u>
	listPerson listPlace location metamark msDesc msIdentifier name nameLink nationality note
	num occupation opener org orgName origDate origPlace p pb persName person physDe-
	sc place placeName postCode postscript principal profileDesc projectDesc publicationStmt
	q ref repository resp respStmt revisionDesc row rs salute seriesStmt settlement sex signed

	sourceDesc space stamp street surname table teiHeader term text textClass textLang title titleStmt unclear]		
Attributes	cert	(certainty) signifies the degree of certainty associated with the interven tion or interpretation. Status Optional	
		Datatype	Optional teidata.probCert
	resp		party) indicates the agency responsible for the intervention ion, for example an editor or transcriber.
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space
		Note	To reduce the ambiguity of a <i>resp</i> pointing directly to a person or organization, we recommend that <i>resp</i> be used to point not to an agent (<pre>sperson></pre> or <org>) but to a <pre>sperson></pre> (<pre>sumble clarifies</pre> the exact role played by the agent. Pointing to multiple <pre>sperson></pre> allows the encoder to specify clearly each of the roles played in part of a TEI file (creating, transcribing, encoding, editing, proofing etc.).</org>
Example		ers	igh">peacemakers called the children of God.
Example	<pre><!-- in the <text-->><lp> <!----></lp></pre>		

5.3.25. att.global.source

att.global.source provides attributes used by elements to point to an external source. [1.3.1.1.4. Sources, certainty, and responsibility 3.3.3. Quotation 8.3.4. Writing]

sponsibility 3.3.3. Quotation 8.3.4. Writing]				
Module	tei			
Members	birth body byline of del desc distinct di tution item keywo listPerson listPlace num occupation of sc place placeNam q ref repository res	catRef cell char iv encodingDes rds label langU e location meta pener org orgN ne postCode pos sp respStmt rev	Line address affiliation author authority availability bible nee closer collection country creation date dateline death ac event fileDesc foreign forename geo head hi idno instisage language lb licence list listChange listEvent listOrg mark msDesc msIdentifier name nameLink nationality note ame origDate origPlace p pb persName person physDestscript principal profileDesc projectDesc publicationStmt isionDesc row rs salute seriesStmt settlement sex signed mame table teiHeader term text textClass textLang title ti-	
Attributes	source specifies the source from which some aspect of this element is drawn.			
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@source]"> <sch:let name="s- rcs" value="tokenize(normalize-space(@source),' ')"> </sch:let></sch:rule></pre>	

	self::tei:elementRef self::tei:macroRef self::tei:moduleRef self::tei:schemaSpec) and \$srcs[2]"> When used on a schema description element (like <sch:value-of select="name(.)"></sch:value-of>), the @source attribute should have only 1 value. (This one has <sch:value-of select="count(\$srcs)"></sch:value-of> .) Note Note The source attribute points to an external source. When used on an element describing a schema component (<classref>, <dataref>, <elementref>, <macroref>, <moduleref>, or <schemaspec>), it identifies the source from which declarations for the components should be obtained. On other elements it provides a pointer to the bibliographical source from which a quotation or citation is drawn. In either case, the location may be provided using any form of URI, for example an absolute URI, a relative URI, a private scheme URI of the form tei:x.y.z, where x.y.z indicates the version number, e.g. tei:4.3.2 for TEI P5 release 4.3.2 or (as a special case) tei:current for whatever is the latest release, or a private scheme URI that is expanded to an absolute URI as documented in a <pre>\prefixDef>.</pre> When used on elements describing schema components, source should have only one value; when used on other elements multiple values are permitted.</schemaspec></moduleref></macroref></elementref></dataref></classref>		
Example	As Willard McCarty (<bibl xml:id="mcc_2012">2012">2012, p.2</bibl>) tells us, <quote quote="" term.<=""> <!-- --></quote>	: source="#mcc_2012">	
Example	<pre><!----> <quote source="#chicago_15_ed">Grammatical theories are in flux, and the more we learn, the less we seem to know.</quote> <!----> <!----> <bibl xml:id="chicago_15_ed"></bibl></pre>		
Example	<pre><elementref key="p" source="tei:2.0.1"></elementref></pre>		
	Include in the schema an element named $\leq p \geq$ available from the TEI P5 2.0.1 release.		
Example	<pre></pre>		

5.3.26. att.internetMedia

att.internetMedia provides attributes for specifying the type of a computer resource using a standard taxonomy.			
Module	tei		
Members	<u>ref</u>		
Attributes	mimeType		ia type) specifies the applicable multimedia internet mail ex-ME) media type Optional 1-# occurrences of teidata.word separated by whitespace
Example	ed in UTF-8.	In this example <i>mimeType</i> is used to indicate that the URL points to a TEI XML file encoded in UTF-8. <pre></pre>	

	This attribute class provides an attribute for describing a computer resource, typically available over the internet, using a value taken from a standard taxonomy. At present only a single taxonomy is supported, the Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Media Type system. This typology of media types is defined by the Internet Engineering Task Force in RFC 2046. The list of types is maintained by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA). The <i>mimeType</i> attribute must have a value taken from this list.
	(IANA). The <i>mime1ype</i> attribute must have a value taken from this list.

5.3.27. att.locatable

att.locatable provides attributes for referencing locations by pointing to entries in a canonical list of places. [2.3.9. The Unit Declaration 13.3.4.3. States, Traits, and Events]			
Module	tei		
Members	<u>event</u>		
Attributes	where indicates one or more locations by pointing to a < <u>place></u> element or other canonical description.		
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space

5.3.28. att.naming

att.naming provides attriburing Strings 13.3.7. Names		ents which refe	r to named persons, places, organizations etc. [3.6.1. Refer-	
Module	tei	tei		
Members		att.personal[forename name orgName persName placeName surname] affiliation author birth collection country death event institution nationality occupation origPlace repository rs settlement		
Attributes	att.canonica	1		
	role	may be used to specify further information about the entity referenced this name in the form of a set of whitespace-separated values, for exan ple the occupation of a person, or the status of a place.		
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.enumerated</u> separated by whitespace	
	nymRef		the canonical name) provides a means of locating the rm (nym) of the names associated with the object named by bearing it.	
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space	
		Note	The value must point directly to one or more XML elements by means of one or more URIs, separated by whitespace. If more than one is supplied, the implication is that the name is associated with several distinct canonical names.	

5.3.29. att.personal

att.personal (attributes for components of names usually, but not necessarily, personal names) common attributes for those elements which form part of a name usually, but not necessarily, a personal name. [13.2.1. Personal Names]			
Module	tei		
Members	forename name orgName persName placeName surname		
Attributes	• att.naming		

 — @role — @nymR — att.canor * @k * @role full 	nical cey ef	Optional teidata.enumerated yes (yes) the name component is spelled out in ful- l.[Default] abb
		(abbreviated) the name component is given in an abbreviated form. init (initial letter) the name component is indicated only by one initial.
sort	within the nam	s the sort order of the name component in relation to others ne.
	Status Datatype	Optional teidata.count

5.3.30. att.placement

att.placement provides attributes for describing where on the source page or object a textual element appears. [3.5.3. Additions, Deletions, and Omissions 11.3.1.4. Additions and Deletions]

tions, Deletions, and	Omissions 11.3.1.4. Ac	ditions and Deletio	ons]
Module	tei		
Members	head label m	head label metamark note	
Attributes	place	specifies who Status Datatype Suggested values in- clude:	Recommended 1—# occurrences of teidata.enumerated separated by whitespace top at the top of the page bot- tom at the foot of the page mar- gin in the margin (left, right, or both) op- po- on the opposite, i.e. facing, page site over- leaf on the other side of the leaf above above the line right to the right, e.g. to the right of a vertical line of text, or to the right of a figure

below below the line

left

to the left, e.g. to the left of a vertical line of text, or to the left of a figure

end

at the end of e.g. chapter or volume.

inline within the body of the text.

inspacen a predefined space, for example left by an earlier scribe.

<add place="margin">[An addition written in the margin]</add>
<add place="bottom opposite">[An addition written at the
foot of the current page and also on the facing page]</add>
<anterpretation

**Contemplace="bottom">[An addition p.7</add>
**Contemplace="bottom">[An addition page]</add>
<add place="bottom">[An addition page]</add>

5.3.31. att.pointing

att.pointing provides a set of attributes used by all elements which point to other elements by means of one or more URI references. [1.3.1.1.2] Language Indicators 3.7. Simple Links and Cross-References.

Module	tei	tei	
Members	catRef licence	catRef licence note ref term	
Attributes	targetLang	_	anguage of the content to be found at the destination referent, using a 'language tag' generated according to BCP 47. Optional
		Datatype	teidata.language
		Schematron	<pre><sch:rule contex-<br="">t="tei:*[not(self::tei:schemaSpec)][@targetLang]"> <sch:assert test="@target">@targetLang should only be used on <sch:name></sch:name> if @target is specified.sert> </sch:assert></sch:rule></pre>
		<pre><ptr <ptr="" pre="" target="; type=" targetla:="" tw"="" tw"<="" xml:=""></ptr></pre>	ng="pl"/> id="pol-swh_aln_2.1.2-ptr" swh/UDHR/text.xml#swh_txt_1-head"
			e above, the combines pointers at parallel
			the <i>Universal Declaration of Human Rights</i> : one of them he other in Swahili.
		Note	The value must conform to BCP 47. If the value is a private use code (i.e., starts with x- or contains -x-), a slanguage element with a matching value for its <i>ident</i> attribute should be supplied in the TEI header to document this value. Such documentation may also optionally be supplied for non-private-use codes, though these must remain consistent with their IETFInternet Engineering Task Force definitions.
	target	specifies the d References	lestination of the reference by supplying one or more URI
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	1-# occurrences of <u>teidata.pointer</u> separated by white- space

One or more syntactically valid URI references, separated by whitespace. Because whitespace is used to separate Note URIs, no whitespace is permitted inside a single URI. If a whitespace character is required in a URI, it should be escaped with the normal mechanism, e.g. TEI%20Consortium. evaluate (evaluate) specifies the intended meaning when the target of a pointer is itself a pointer. Status Optional **Datatype** teidata.enumerated Legal values all if the element pointed to is itself a pointer, then are: the target of that pointer will be taken, and so on, until an element is found which is not a pointer. if the element pointed to is itself a pointer, then its target (whether a pointer or not) is taken as the target of this pointer. no further evaluation of targets is carried out beyond that needed to find the element specified in the pointer's target. If no value is given, the application program is responsible for deciding (possibly on the basis of user input) how Note far to trace a chain of pointers.

5.3.32. att.ranging

att.ranging provides attributes for describing numerical ranges.			
Module	tei		
Members	att.dimensions[bir	th date death d	el origDate space unclear] num
Attributes	atLeast	gives a minimum estimated value for the approximate measurement. Status Optional	
		Datatype	teidata.numeric
	atMost	gives a maxin Status	num estimated value for the approximate measurement. Optional
		Datatype	teidata.numeric
	min where the measurement summarizes range, supplies the minimum value of		asurement summarizes more than one observation or a strength that the minimum value observed.
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.numeric
	max		asurement summarizes more than one observation or a set the maximum value observed.
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.numeric
	a value falls withi		degree of statistical confidence (between zero and one) that within the range specified by <i>min</i> and <i>max</i> , or the proportion alues that fall within that range.
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.probability
Example	<gap <="" reason="i</th><th>llegible" th=""><th>on by mail from <del rend="overstrike"> atLeast="1" atMost="2" unit="chars"/></th></gap>	on by mail from <del rend="overstrike"> atLeast="1" atMost="2" unit="chars"/>	

	Philadelphia to the Graphic office, New York.
Example	Americares has been supporting the health sector in Eastern Europe since 1986, and since 1992 has provided <measure atleast="120000000" commodity="currency" unit="USD">more than \$120m</measure> in aid to Ukrainians.

5.3.33. att.sortable

-	attributes for elements in lement content. [9.1. Dic		that are sortable, but whose sorting key cannot be derived mel Overall Structure]
Module	tei		
Members	bibl event idno	item list listCha	nge listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace msDesc org person
Attributes	sortKey	supplies the contains it.	sort key for this element in an index, list or group which
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.word
		ha-Koher <term so<br=""> cousin.</term>	other principal backer, Josiah n <index indexname="NAMES"> ortKey="Azarya_Josiah_Kohen">Josiah ha-Kohen b. Azarya b. Azarya, son of one of the last gaons of Sura was David's own</index>
		Note	The sort key is used to determine the sequence and grouping of entries in an index. It provides a sequence of characters which, when sorted with the other values, will produced the desired order; specifics of sort key construction are application-dependent Dictionary order often differs from the collation sequence of machine-readable character sets; in English-language dictionaries, an entry for 4-H will often appear alphabetized under 'fourh', and McCoy may be alphabetized under 'maccoy', while A1, A4, and A5 may all appear in numeric order 'alphabetized' between 'a-' and 'AA'. The sort key is required if the orthography of the dictionary entry does not suffice to determine its location.

5.3.34. att.spanning

att.spanning provides attributes for elements which delimit a span of text by pointing mechanisms rather than by enclosing it. [11.3.1.4. Additions and Deletions 1.3.1. Attribute Classes]			
Module	tei	tei	
Members	<u>lb</u> metamark pb	<u>)</u>	
Attributes	spanTo	spanTo indicates the end of a span initiated by the element bearing th Status Optional Datatype teidata.pointer	
		• •	The @spanTo attribute must point to an element following the current element <sch:rule context="tei:*[@spanTo]"> <sch:assert test="id(substring(@spanTo,2)) and following::*[@xml:id=substring(current()/@spanTo,2)]">The element indicated by @spanTo (<sch:value-of select="@spanTo"></sch:value-of>) must follow the current element <sch:name></sch:name> </sch:assert> </sch:rule>
Note	ing element to t any). If no value with the pointing	the end of the cont e is supplied for the g element. If no c	document order from the start of the content of the point- tent of the element pointed to by the <i>spanTo</i> attribute (if ne attribute, the assumption is that the span is coextensive ontent is present, the assumption is that the starting point of g the element itself.

5.3.35. att.tableDecoration

att.tableDecoration p tated Music]	rovides attributes used	to decorate rows o	or cells of a table. [14. Tables, Formulæ, Graphics, and No-
Module	figures		
Members	cell row		
Attributes	role	this row.	es the kind of information held in this cell or in each cell of
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated
		Suggested values in-	la- bel labelling or descriptive information only.
		clude:	da-
			ta data values.[Default]
		Note	When this attribute is specified on a row, its value is the default for all cells in this row. When specified on a cell, its value overrides any default specified by the <i>role</i> attribute of the parent < <u>row</u> > element.
	rows	(rows) indica	ites the number of rows occupied by this cell or row.
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.count
		Default	1
		Note	A value greater than one indicates that this cell spans several rows. Where several cells span multiple rows, it may be more convenient to use nested tables.
	cols	(columns) in	dicates the number of columns occupied by this cell or row.
		Status	Optional
		Datatype	teidata.count
		Default	1
		Note	A value greater than one indicates that this cell or row spans several columns. Where an initial cell spans an entire row, it may be better treated as a heading.

5.3.36. att.transcriptional

	- Pronuis		
att.transcriptional provides attributes specific to elements encoding authorial or scribal intervention in a text when transcribing manuscript or similar sources. [11.3.1.4. Additions and Deletions]			
Module	tei		
Members	<u>del</u>		
Attributes	• att.editLik – @evi – @inst • att.written – @han	dence cant	
	status	status indicates the effect of the intervention, for example i tion, strikeouts which include too much or too little t of an addition, an insertion which duplicates some of present. Status Optional	
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated

Sample val- duues include: pli- all of the text indicated as an addition duplicates cate some text that is in the original, whether the duplication is word-for-word or less exact. dupli- part of the text indicated as an addition duplicates cate-pane text that is in the original tial cessSome text at the beginning of the deletion is tart marked as deleted even though it clearly should not be deleted. cessEndne text at the end of the deletion is marked as deleted even though it clearly should not be deleted. short-S- some text at the beginning of the deletion is not tart marked as deleted even though it clearly should short-End some text at the end of the deletion is not marked as deleted even though it clearly should be. partial some text in the deletion is not marked as deleted even though it clearly should be. unre- the deletion is not faulty.[Default] markable Status information on each deletion is needed rather Note rarely except in critical editions from authorial manuscripts; status information on additions is even less com-Marking a deletion or addition as faulty is inescapably an interpretive act; the usual test applied in practice is the linguistic acceptability of the text with and without the letters or words in question. documents the presumed cause for the intervention. cause Status Optional **Datatype** teidata.enumerated (sequence) assigns a sequence number related to the order in which the seq encoded features carrying this attribute are believed to have occurred. Optional Status **Datatype** teidata.count

5.3.37. att.typed

att.typed provides attributes that can be used to classify or subclassify elements in any way. [1.3.1. Attribute Classes 17.1.1. Words and Above 3.6.1. Referring Strings 3.7. Simple Links and Cross-References 3.6.5. Abbreviations and Their Expansions 3.13.1. Core Tags for Verse 7.2.5. Speech Contents 4.1.1. Un-numbered Divisions 4.1.2. Numbered Divisions 4.2.1. Headings and Trailers 4.4. Virtual Divisions 13.3.2.3. Personal Relationships 11.3.1.1. Core Elements for Transcriptional Work 16.1.1. Pointers and Links 16.3. Blocks, Segments, and Anchors 12.2. Linking the Apparatus to the Text 22.5.1.2. Defining Content Models: RELAX NG 8.3. Elements Unique to Spoken Texts 23.3.1.3. Modification of Attribute and Attribute Value Lists]

Module	tei
--------	-----

Members	forename head Desc name na	TEI abbr affiliation bibl birth change collection country date death del desc distinct div event forename head idno label lb list listChange listEvent listOrg listPerson listPlace location ms-Desc name nameLink nationality note num occupation org orgName origDate origPlace pb persName place placeName ref rs settlement sex space stamp surname table term text title		
Attributes	type	type characterizes the element in some sense, using any convetion scheme or typology. Status Optional		
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated	
		<pre><head>Ni <lg <l="" type="">At e <l></l> <lg pre="" type<=""></lg></lg></head></pre>	e="stanza"> and sprang up from nowhere as the sky	
		Note	The <i>type</i> attribute is present on a number of elements, not all of which are members of att.typed, usually because these elements restrict the possible values for the attribute in a specific way.	
	subtype	(subtype) pro	ovides a sub-categorization of the element, if needed	
		Status	Optional	
		Datatype	teidata.enumerated	
		Note	The <i>subtype</i> attribute may be used to provide any sub- classification for the element additional to that provided by its <i>type</i> attribute.	
Schematron	should not be	<pre><sch:rule context="tei:*[@subtype]"> <sch:assert test="@type">The <sch:name></sch:name> element should not be categorized in detail with @subtype unless also categorized in general with @type</sch:assert> </sch:rule></pre>		
Note	pology may be specific list, the	e defined in the as his should be defir	an established typology should be used. Alternatively a ty- sociated TEI header. If values are to be taken from a project- ned using the <vallist> element in the project-specific d in 23.3.1.3. Modification of Attribute and Attribute Value</vallist>	

5.3.38. att.written

att.written provides attributes to indicate the hand in which the content of an element was written in the source being transcribed. [1.3.1. Attribute Classes]

Module tei

Members att.transcriptional[del] closer div head hi label note opener p postscript salute signed text

Would	toi		
Members	att.transcriptional[del] <u>closer div head hi label note opener p postscript salute signed text</u>		
Attributes	hand		andNote> element describing the hand considered rethe content of the element concerned. Optional teidata.pointer

5.4. Macros

5.4.1. macro.limitedContent

macro.limitedContent (paragraph content) defines the content of prose elements that are not used for transcription of extant materials. [1.3. The TEI Class System]

and materials. [1.5. The TEI Class System]		
Module	tei	
Used by	desc	
Content model	<content> <alternate <="" minoccurs="0" th=""></alternate></content>	

	<pre>maxOccurs="unbounded"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.limitedPhrase"></classref> <classref key="model.inter"></classref> </pre>
Declaration	macro.limitedContent = (text model.limitedPhrase model.inter)*

5.4.2. macro.paraContent

macro.paraContent (paragraph content) defines the content of paragraphs and similar elements. [1.3. The TEI Class System]		
Module	tei	
Used by	del hi p ref salute signed title unclear	
Content model	<content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.paraPart"></classref> </alternate> </content>	
Declaration	macro.paraContent = (text model.paraPart)*	

5.4.3. macro.phraseSeq

macro.phraseSeq (phrase set tent Models]	quence) defines a sequence of character data and phrase-level elements. [1.4.1. Standard Con-
Module	tei
Used by	abbr addrLine affiliation author birth country death distinct foreign forename label name nameLink nationality num orgName origPlace persName placeName rs settlement sex stamp street surname term
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <classref key="model.attributable"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <alternate> </alternate></alternate></content></pre>
Declaration	macro.phraseSeq = (text model.gLike model.attributable model.phrase model.global)*

5.4.4. macro.phraseSeq.limited

macro.phraseSeq.limited (limited phrase sequence) defines a sequence of character data and those phrase-level elements that are not typically used for transcribing extant documents. [1.4.1. Standard Content Models]	
Module	tei
Used by	authority collection institution language principal repository resp
Content model	<content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.limitedPhrase"></classref> <classref key="model.global"></classref> </alternate> </content>
Declaration	macro.phraseSeq.limited = (text model.limitedPhrase model.global)*

5.4.5. macro.specialPara

macro.specialPara ('special' paragraph content) defines the content model of elements such as notes or list items, which either contain a series of component-level elements or else have the same structure as a paragraph, containing a series of phrase-level and inter-level elements. [1.3. The TEI Class System]

Module	tei
Used by	cell change item licence metamark note occupation q textLang
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"> <textnode></textnode> <classref key="model.gLike"></classref> <classref key="model.phrase"></classref> <classref key="model.inter"></classref> <classref key="model.inter"></classref> <classref key="model.divPart"></classref> <classref key="model.divPart"></classref> <classref key="model.global"></classref> </alternate> </content></pre>
Declaration	<pre>macro.specialPara = (text model.gLike model.phrase model.inter model.divPart model.global)*</pre>

5.5. Datatypes

5.5.1. teidata.certainty

teidata.certainty defines the range of attribute values expressing a degree of certainty.	
Module	tei
Used by	teidata.probCert
Content model	<pre><content> <vallist type="closed"></vallist></content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.certainty = "high" "medium" "low" "unknown"
Note	Certainty may be expressed by one of the predefined symbolic values high, medium, or low. The value unknown should be used in cases where the encoder does not wish to assert an opinion about the matter.

5.5.2. teidata.count

teidata.count defines the rang	teidata.count defines the range of attribute values used for a non-negative integer value used as a count.	
Module	tei	
Used by	Element: • table/@rows • table/@cols	
Content model	<content> <dataref name="nonNegativeInteger"></dataref> </content>	
Declaration	teidata.count = xsd:nonNegativeInteger	
Note	Any positive integer value or zero is permitted	

5.5.3. teidata.duration.iso

teidata.duration.iso defines the range of attribute values available for representation of a duration in time using ISO 8601 standard formats	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<content> <dataref name="token" restriction="[0-9.,DHMPRSTWYZ/:+\-]+"></dataref> </content>
Declaration	teidata.duration.iso = token { pattern = "[0-9.,DHMPRSTWYZ/:+\-]+" }
Example	<pre><time dur-iso="PT0,75H">three-quarters of an hour</time></pre>
Example	<pre><date dur-iso="P1,5D">a day and a half</date></pre>
Example	<pre><date dur-iso="P14D">a fortnight</date></pre>
Example	<pre><time dur-iso="PT0.02S">20 ms</time></pre>
Note	A duration is expressed as a sequence of number-letter pairs, preceded by the letter P; the letter gives the unit and may be Y (year), M (month), D (day), H (hour), M (minute), or S (second), in that order. The numbers are all unsigned integers, except for the last, which may have a decimal component (using either . or , as the decimal point; the latter is preferred). If any number is 0, then that number-letter pair may be omitted. If any of the H (hour), M (minute), or S (second) number-letter pairs are present, then the separator T must precede the first 'time' number-letter pair. For complete details, see ISO 8601 Data elements and interchange formats — Information interchange — Representation of dates and times.

5.5.4. teidata.duration.w3c

teidata.duration.w3c defines the range of attribute values available for representation of a duration in time using W3C datatypes.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref name="duration"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.duration.w3c = xsd:duration
Example	<pre><time dur="PT45M">forty-five minutes</time></pre>
Example	<pre><date dur="P1DT12H">a day and a half</date></pre>
Example	<date dur="P7D">a week</date>
Example	<time dur="PT0.02S">20 ms</time>
Note	A duration is expressed as a sequence of number-letter pairs, preceded by the letter P; the letter gives the unit and may be Y (year), M (month), D (day), H (hour), M (minute), or S (second), in that order. The numbers are all unsigned integers, except for the S number, which may have a decimal component (using . as the decimal point). If any number is 0, then that number-letter pair may be omitted. If any of the H (hour), M (minute), or S (second) number-letter pairs are present, then the separator T must precede the first 'time' number-letter pair. For complete details, see the W3C specification.

5.5.5. teidata.enumerated

teidata.enumerated defines the range of attribute values expressed as a single XML name taken from a list of documented possibilities.	
Module	tei
Used by	teidata.gender teidata.sexElement:

	<u>abbr</u> /@type
	affiliation/@type
	availability/@status
	• <u>birth</u> /@type
	• <u>death</u> /@type
	• <u>desc</u> /@type
	• distinct/@type
	• <u>div</u> /@type
	• <u>idno</u> /@type
	• <u>list</u> /@type
	• <u>nationality</u> /@type
	• <u>num</u> /@type
	occupation/@type
	• <u>org</u> /@role
	• person/@role
	• person/@age
	• q/@type
	• <u>rs</u> /@type
	• space/@dim
	• <u>title</u> /@type
	• <u>title</u> /@level
	• <u>unclear</u> /@reason
	• unclear/@agent
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref key="teidata.word"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.enumerated = teidata.word
Note	Attributes using this datatype must contain a single 'word' which contains only letters, digits, punctuation characters, or symbols: thus it cannot include whitespace. Typically, the list of documented possibilities will be provided (or exemplified) by a value list in the associated attribute specification, expressed with a <vallist> element.</vallist>

5.5.6. teidata.gender

teidata.gender defines the range of attribute values used to represent the gender of a person, persona, or character.	
Module	tei
Used by	Element:
	• person/@gender
Content model	<content> <dataref key="teidata.enumerated"></dataref> </content>
Declaration	teidata.gender = teidata.enumerated
Note	Values for attributes using this datatype may be defined locally by a project, or they may refer to an external standard. Values for this datatype should not be used to encode morphological gender (cf. <gen>, msd as defined in att.linguistic, and 9.3.1. Information on Written and Spoken Forms).</gen>

5.5.7. teidata.language

language The IANA-registered code for the language. This is almost always the same as the ISO 639 2-letter language code if there is one. The list of available registered language subtags can be found at https://www.iana.org/assignments/language-subtag-registry. It is recommended that this code be written in lower case. script The ISO 15924 code for the script. These codes consist of 4 letters, and it is recommended they be written with an initial capital, the other three letters in lower case. The canonical list of codes is maintained by the Unicode Consortium, and is available at https://unicode.org/iso15924/iso15924-codes.html. The IETF recommends this code be omitted unless it is necessary to make a distinction you need. region Either an ISO 3166 country code or a UN M.49 region code that is registered with IANA (not all such codes are registered, e.g. UN codes for economic groupings or codes for countries for which there is already an ISO 3166 2-letter code are not registered). The former consist of 2 letters, and it is recommended they be written in upper case; the list of codes can be searched or browsed at https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#search/code/. The latter consist of 3 digits; the list of codes can be found at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/meth-ods/m49/m49.htm.	teidata.language defines the ring system. [6.1. Language Ide	ange of attribute values used to identify a particular combination of human language and writentification]
• foreign/@xml:lang • language/@ident • textLang/@mainLang • textLang/@otherLangs Content model contents - alternates - alternates - alternates - valites ident=""> - valites Module	tei	
language/@ident	Used by	Element:
language/@ident	-	• foreign/@xml:lang
textLang/@otherLangs content model content m		
Content model Content model		• textLang/@mainLang
Declaration The values for this attribute are language 'tags' as defined in BCP 47. Currently BCP 47 comprises RFC 5646 and RFC 4647; over time, other ETF documents may succeed these the best current practice. A 'language tag', per BCP 47, is assembled from a sequence of components or subtags separated by the hyphen character (-, U+002D). The tag is made of the following subtags, in the following order. Every subtag except the first is optional. If present, each occurs only once, except the fourth and lifth components (variant and extension), which are repeatable. language Internation		• textLang/@otherLangs
Content Cont	Content model	<content></content>
Declaration Egidata_language = xsd:language (**) The values for this attribute are language 'tags' as defined in BCP 47. Currently BCP 47 comprises RFC 5646 and RFC 4647; over time, other IETF documents may succeed these the best current practice. A 'language tag', per BCP 47, is assembled from a sequence of components or subtags separated by the hyphen character (-, U+002D). The tag is made of the following subtags, in the following order. Every subtag except the first is optional. If present, each occurs only once, except the fourth and fifth components (variant and extension), which are repeatable. language The IANA-registered code for the language. This is almost always the same as the ISO 639 2-letter language code if there is one. The list of available registered language subtags can be found at https://www.iana.org/assignments/language-subtag-registry. It is recommended that this code be written in lower case. Script The ISO 15924 code for the script. These codes consist of 4 letters, and it is recommended they be written with an initial capital, the other three letters in lower case. The canonical list of codes is maintained by the Unicode Consortium, and is available at https://unicode.org/iso15924/iso15924-codes.html. The IETF recommends this code be omitted unless it is necessary to make a distinction you need. region Either an ISO 3166 country code or a UN M.49 region code that is registered with IANA (not all such codes are registered, e.g., UN codes for economic groupings or codes for countries for which there is already an ISO 3166 2-letter code are not registered). The former consist of 2 letters, and it is recommended they be written in upper case; the list of codes can be searched or browsed at https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#search/code/. The latter consist of 3 digits; the list of codes can be found at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/meth-ods/m49/m49.htm.		<alternate></alternate>
Declaration teidata.language = xsd:language (***)		<vallist></vallist>
Declaration Teidata.language = xsd:language (**)		
Note The values for this attribute are language 'tags' as defined in BCP 47. Currently BCP 47 comprises RFC 5646 and RFC 4647; over time, other IETF documents may succeed these the best current practice. A 'language tag', per BCP 47, is assembled from a sequence of components or subtags separated by the hyphen character (-, U+002D). The tag is made of the following subtags, in the following order. Every subtag except the first is optional. If present, each occurs only once, except the fourth and fifth components (variant and extension), which are repeatable. language The IANA-registered code for the language. This is almost always the same as the ISO 639 2-letter language code if there is one. The list of available registered language subtags can be found at https://www.iana.org/assignments/language-subtag-registry. It is recommended that this code be written in lower case. script The ISO 15924 code for the script. These codes consist of 4 letters, and it is recommended they be written with an initial capital, the other three letters in lower case. The canonical list of codes is maintained by the Unicode Consortium, and is available at https://unicode.org/iso15924/iso15924-codes.html. The IETF recommends this code be omitted unless it is necessary to make a distinction you need. region Either an ISO 3166 country code or a UN M.49 region code that is registered with IANA (not all such codes are registered, e.g. UN codes for economic groupings or codes for countries for which there is already an ISO 3166 2-letter code are not registered). The former consist of 2 letters, and it is recommended they be written in upper case; the list of codes can be searched or browsed at https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#search/code/. The latter consist of 3 digits; the list of codes can be found at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/meth-ods/m49/m49.htm.		
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		of 3 digits; the list of codes can be found at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/meth-
Val Ialii		variant
An IANA-registered variation. These codes 'are used to indicate additional, well-recognized variations that define a language or its dialects that are not		An IANA-registered variation. These codes 'are used to indicate additional,
covered by other available subtags'.		
extension An extension has the format of a single letter followed by a hyphen followed		
An extension has the format of a single letter followed by a hyphen followed by additional subtags. These exist to allow for future extension to BCP 47, but as of this writing no such extensions are in use.		by additional subtags. These exist to allow for future extension to BCP 47, but
priva- te use An extension that uses the initial subtag of the single letter x (i.e., starts with		
x-) has no meaning except as negotiated among the parties involved. These should be used with great care, since they interfere with the interoperability that use of RFC 4646 is intended to promote. In order for a document		x-) has no meaning except as negotiated among the parties involved. These should be used with great care, since they interfere with the interoperabil-

that makes use of these subtags to be TEI-conformant, a corresponding <a h

There are two exceptions to the above format. First, there are language tags in the IANA registry that do not match the above syntax, but are present because they have been 'grandfathered' from previous specifications.

Second, an entire language tag can consist of only a private use subtag. These tags start with x-, and do not need to follow any further rules established by the IETF and endorsed by these Guidelines. Like all language tags that make use of private use subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags, the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags of the language in question must be documented in a corresponding subtags of the language in q

Examples include

sn

Shona

zh-TW

Taiwanese

zh-Hant-HK

Chinese written in traditional script as used in Hong Kong

en-SL

English as spoken in Sierra Leone

pl

Polish

es-MX

Spanish as spoken in Mexico

es-419

Spanish as spoken in Latin America

The W3C Internationalization Activity has published a useful introduction to BCP 47, Language tags in HTML and XML.

5.5.8. teidata.name

teidata.name defines the range of attribute values expressed as an XML Name.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref name="Name"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.name = xsd:Name
Note	Attributes using this datatype must contain a single word which follows the rules defining a legal XML name (see https://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/#dt-name): for example they cannot include whitespace or begin with digits.

5.5.9. teidata.numeric

teidata.numeric defines the	teidata.numeric defines the range of attribute values used for numeric values.	
Module	tei	
Used by	Element:	
	• <u>num</u> /@value	
Content model	<content> <alternate> <dataref name="double"></dataref> <dataref name="token" restriction="(\-?[\d]+/\-?[\d]+)"></dataref> <dataref name="decimal"></dataref> </alternate> </content>	
Declaration	<pre>teidata.numeric = xsd:double token { pattern = "(\-?[\d]+/\-?[\d]+)" } xsd:decimal</pre>	
Note	Any numeric value, represented as a decimal number, in floating point format, or as a ratio.	

To represent a floating point number, expressed in scientific notation, 'E notation', a variant of 'exponential notation', may be used. In this format, the value is expressed as two numbers separated by the letter E. The first number, the significand (sometimes called the mantissa) is given in decimal format, while the second is an integer. The value is obtained by multiplying the mantissa by 10 the number of times indicated by the integer. Thus the value represented in decimal notation as 1000.0 might be represented in scientific notation as 10E3.

A value expressed as a ratio is represented by two integer values separated by a solidus (/) character. Thus, the value represented in decimal notation as 0.5 might be represented as a ratio by the string 1/2.

5.5.10. teidata.outputMeasurement

teidata.outputMeasurement defines a range of values for use in specifying the size of an object that is intended for display.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref name="token" restriction="[\-+]?\d+(\.\d+)?(% cm mm in pt pc px em ex ch rem vw vh vmin vmax)"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	<pre>teidata.outputMeasurement = token { pattern = "[\-+]?\d+(\.\d+)?(% cm mm in pt pc px em ex ch rem vw vh vmin vmax)" }</pre>
Example	<pre><figure></figure></pre>
Note	These values map directly onto the values used by XSL-FO and CSS. For definitions of the units see those specifications; at the time of this writing the most complete list is in the CSS3 working draft.

5.5.11. teidata.pattern

teidata.pattern defines attribute values which are expressed as a regular expression.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<content> <dataref name="token"></dataref> </content>
Declaration	teidata.pattern = token
Note	A regular expression, often called a <i>pattern</i> , is an expression that describes a set of strings. They are usually used to give a concise description of a set, without having to list all elements. For example, the set containing the three strings <i>Handel</i> , <i>Händel</i> , and <i>Haendel</i> can be described by the pattern <code>H(ä ae?)ndel</code> (or alternatively, it is said that the pattern <code>H(ä ae?)ndel</code> <i>matches</i> each of the three strings)
	Wikipedia This TEI datatype is mapped to the XSD token datatype, and may therefore contain any string of characters. However, it is recommended that the value used conform to the particular flavour of regular expression syntax supported by XSD Schema.

5.5.12. teidata.point

teidata.point defines the data type used to express a point in cartesian space.	
Module	tei
Used by	

Content model	<pre><content> <dataref name="token" restriction="(-?[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)?,-?[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)?)"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.point = token { pattern = "(-?[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)?,-?[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)?)" }
Example	<pre><facsimile> <surface lrx="400" lry="280" ulx="0" uly="0"> <zone points="220,100 300,210 170,250 123,234"> <graphic url="handwriting.png"></graphic> </zone> </surface></facsimile></pre>
Note	A point is defined by two numeric values, which should be expressed as decimal numbers. Neither number can end in a decimal point. E.g., both 0.0,84.2 and 0,84 are allowed, but 0.,84. is not.

5.5.13. teidata.pointer

teidata.pointer defines the range of attribute values used to provide a single URI, absolute or relative, pointing to some other resource, either within the current document or elsewhere.

er resource, either w	vithin the current document or elsewhere.
Module	tei
Used by	Element:
	• <u>affiliation</u> /@calendar
	• <u>author</u> /@calendar
	• <u>birth</u> /@calendar
	• catRef/@target
	• catRef/@scheme
	• <u>change</u> /@calendar
	• <u>change</u> /@target
	• country/@calendar
	• <u>creation</u> /@calendar
	death/@calendar
	• event/@calendar
	• idno/@calendar
	• <u>keywords</u> /@scheme
	• <u>licence</u> /@calendar
	• <u>location</u> /@calendar
	• metamark/@target
	• <u>name</u> /@calendar
	• <u>nationality</u> /@calendar
	• <u>occupation</u> /@calendar
	• <u>occupation</u> /@scheme
	• <u>occupation</u> /@code
	• orgName/@calendar
	• <u>origPlace</u> /@calendar
	• <u>pb</u> /@facs
	• persName/@calendar
	• placeName/@calendar
	• principal/@calendar
	• <u>resp</u> /@calendar

	 <u>rs/@ref</u> <u>settlement/@calendar</u> <u>sex/@calendar</u> <u>space/@resp</u> <u>stamp/@calendar</u> title/@calendar
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref name="anyURI" restriction="\S+"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.pointer = xsd:anyURI { pattern = "\S+" }
Note	The range of syntactically valid values is defined by RFC 3986 Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax. Note that the values themselves are encoded using RFC 3987 Internationalized Resource Identifiers (IRIs) mapping to URIs. For example, https://secure.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/wiki/% is encoded as https://secure.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/wiki/%25 while http://-mrnx.mirbg4n###.####################### is encoded as http://ckbbajlc6dj7bxne2c.xn-wgbhlc/

5.5.14. teidata.probCert

5.5.15. teidata.probability

teidata.probability defines the range of attribute values expressing a probability.	
Module	tei
Used by	teidata.probCert
Content model	<content> <dataref name="double"></dataref> </content>
Declaration	teidata.probability = xsd:double
Note	Probability is expressed as a real number between 0 and 1; 0 representing <i>certainly false</i> and 1 representing <i>certainly true</i> .

5.5.16. teidata.replacement

teidata.replacement defines attribute values which contain a replacement template.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<content> <textnode></textnode> </content>
Declaration	teidata.replacement = text

5.5.17. *teidata.sex*

teidata.sex defines the range of attribute values used to identify the sex of an organism.	
Module	tei
Used by	Element: • person/@sex • sex/@value
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref key="teidata.enumerated"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.sex = teidata.enumerated
Note	Values for attributes using this datatype may be defined locally by a project, or they may refer to an external standard.

5.5.18. teidata.temporal.iso

teidata.temporal.iso defines the range of attribute values expressing a temporal expression such as a date, a time, or a combination of them, that conform to the international standard *Data elements and interchange formats – Information interchange – Representation of dates and times*.

cnange – Representation of dates and times.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate> <dataref name="date"></dataref></alternate></content></pre>
Declaration	<pre>teidata.temporal.iso = xsd:date xsd:gYear xsd:gMonth xsd:gDay xsd:gYearMonth xsd:gMonthDay xsd:time xsd:dateTime token { pattern = "[0-9.,DHMPRSTWYZ/:+\-]+" }</pre>
Note	If it is likely that the value used is to be compared with another, then a time zone indicator should always be included, and only the dateTime representation should be used. For all representations for which ISO 8601:2004 describes both a <i>basic</i> and an <i>extended</i> format, these Guidelines recommend use of the extended format.

5.5.19. teidata.temporal.w3c

teidata.temporal.w3c defines the range of attribute values expressing a temporal expression such as a date, a time, or a combination of them, that conform to the W3C XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition specification.

Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate> <dataref name="date"></dataref> <dataref name="gYear"></dataref> <dataref name="gMonth"></dataref> <dataref name="gMonth"></dataref> <dataref name="gDay"></dataref> <dataref name="gay"></dataref> <dataref name="gYearMonth"></dataref></alternate></content></pre>

	<pre><dataref name="gMonthDay"></dataref> <dataref name="time"></dataref> <dataref name="dateTime"></dataref> </pre>
Declaration	<pre>teidata.temporal.w3c = xsd:date xsd:gYear xsd:gMonth xsd:gDay xsd:gMonthDay xsd:ftime xsd:dateTime</pre>
Note	If it is likely that the value used is to be compared with another, then a time zone indicator should always be included, and only the dateTime representation should be used.

5.5.20. teidata.text

teidata.text defines the range of attribute values used to express some kind of identifying string as a single sequence of Unicode characters possibly including whitespace.

code characters possibly including wintespace.	
Module	tei
Used by	Element:
	• <u>distinct</u> /@time
	• distinct/@space
	distinct/@social
	• metamark/@style
	• <u>pb</u> /@n
Content model	<content> <dataref name="string"></dataref> </content>
Declaration	teidata.text = string
Note	Attributes using this datatype must contain a single 'token' in which whitespace and other punctuation characters are permitted.

5.5.21. teidata.truthValue

teidata.truthValue defines the range of attribute values used to express a truth value.	
Module	tei
Used by	Element:
	• <u>listChange</u> /@ordered
Content model	<content></content>
Declaration	teidata.truthValue = xsd:boolean
Note	The possible values of this datatype are 1 or true, or 0 or false. This datatype applies only for cases where uncertainty is inappropriate; if the attribute concerned may have a value other than true or false, e.g. unknown, or inapplicable, it should have the extended version of this datatype: teidata.xTruthValue.

5.5.22. teidata.version

teidata.version defines the range of attribute values which may be used to specify a TEI or Unicode version number.	
Module	tei
Used by	Element:
	• <u>TEI</u> /@version

Content model	<pre><content></content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.version = token { pattern = "[\d]+(\.[\d]+){0,2}" }
Note	The value of this attribute follows the pattern specified by the Unicode consortium for its version number (https://unicode.org/versions/). A version number contains digits and full-stop characters only. The first number supplied identifies the major version number. A second and third number, for minor and sub-minor version numbers, may also be supplied.

5.5.23. teidata.versionNumber

teidata.versionNumber defines the range of attribute values used for version numbers.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref name="token" restriction="[\d]+[a-z]*[\d]*(\.[\d]+[a-z]*[\d]*){0,3}"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	<pre>teidata.versionNumber = token { pattern = "[\d]+[a-z]*[\d]*(\.[\d]+[a-z]*[\d]*){0,3}" }</pre>

5.5.24. teidata.word

teidata.word defines the range of attribute values expressed as a single word or token.	
Module	tei
Used by	teidata.enumeratedElement: • del/@rend • metamark/@function
Content model	<pre><content> <dataref name="token" restriction="[^\p{C}\p{Z}]+"></dataref> </content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.word = token { pattern = "[$^p\{C}_{Z}]$ +" }
Note	Attributes using this datatype must contain a single 'word' which contains only letters, digits, punctuation characters, or symbols: thus it cannot include whitespace.

5.5.25. teidata.xTruthValue

teidata.xTruthValue (extended truth value) defines the range of attribute values used to express a truth value which may be unknown.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<pre><content> <alternate> <dataref name="boolean"></dataref></alternate></content></pre>
Declaration	teidata.xTruthValue = xsd:boolean ("unknown" "inapplicable")
Note	In cases where where uncertainty is inappropriate, use the datatype teidata.TruthValue.

5.5.26. teidata.xpath

teidata.xpath defines attribute values which contain an XPath expression.	
Module	tei
Used by	
Content model	<content> <textnode></textnode> </content>
Declaration	teidata.xpath = text
Note	Any XPath expression using the syntax defined in 6.2 When writing programs that evaluate XPath expressions, programmers should be mindful of the possibility of malicious code injection attacks. For further information about XPath injection attacks, see the article at OWASP.