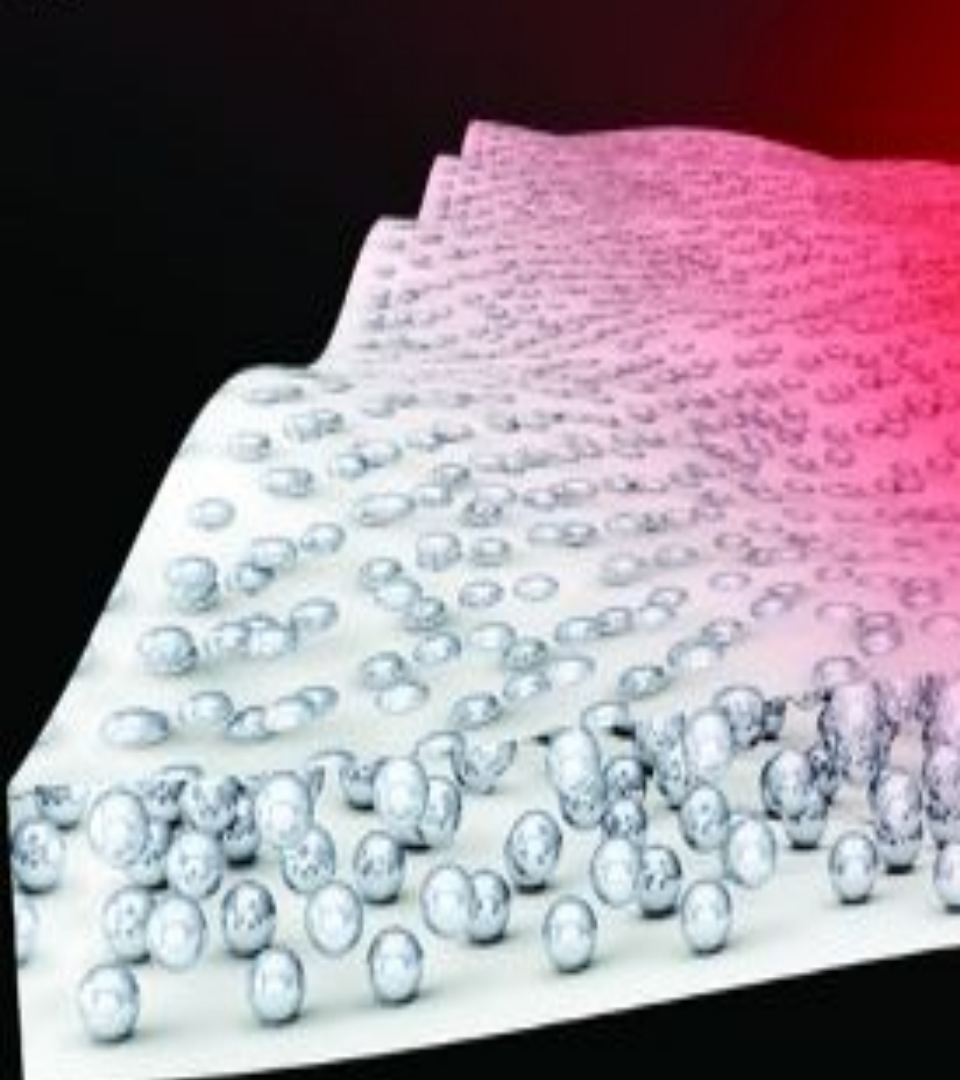


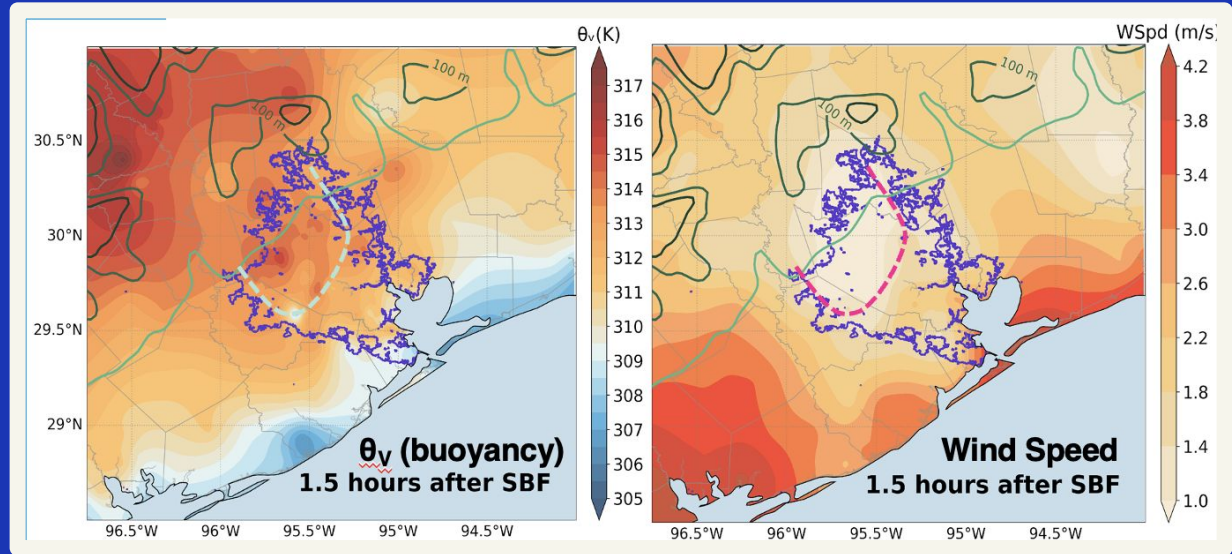
SiO_2 Embedded Poly- methylpentene

Presented by: Gurleen Kaur, Naila Hassan, Felix Kelly-Yuoh, Sarah Liu



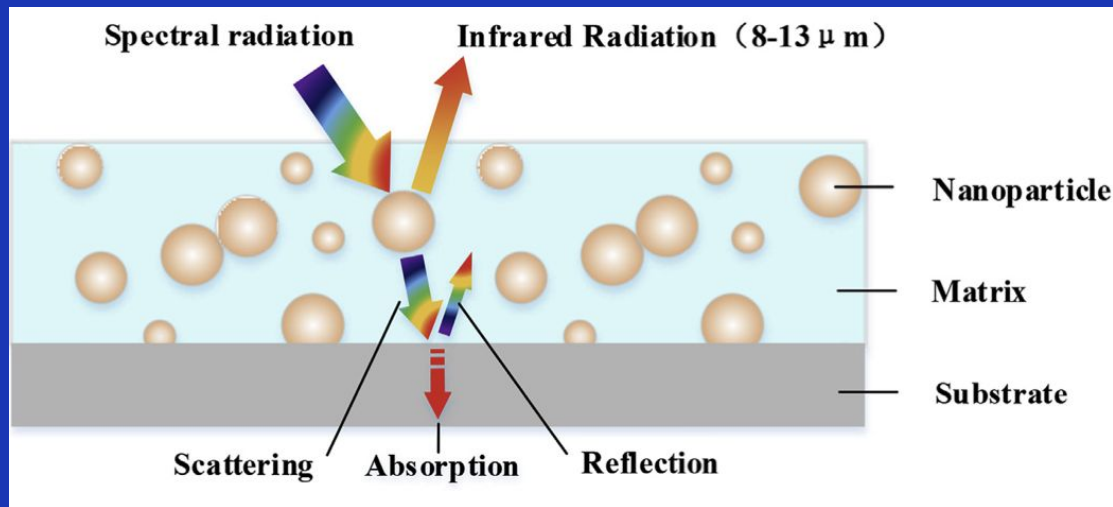
Problem Statement

Thermal gradients of cities affected by the advent of UHI effects, providing need of diurnal cooling without the use of energy



UHI effect on SBF propagations in Houston. Virtual potential temperature (left) and Wind speed (right).

Radiative Sky Cooling



Passive cooling method emits into atmospheric transparency window and has low absorption of thermal infrared radiation in the solar spectrum.

Schematic of radiative transfer for cooling coating with SiO₂ particles. [ref](#)

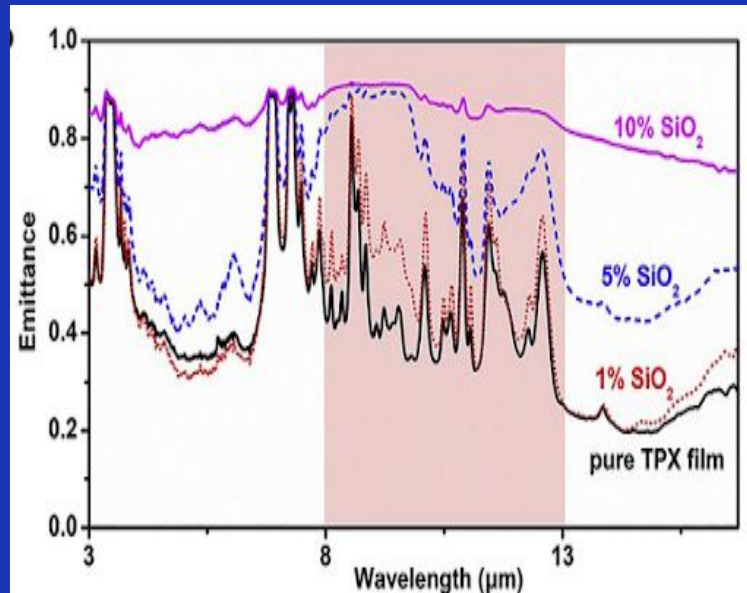
Material Properties

- Hybrid film contains Silica microspheres, a silver lining, and the TPX.
- General Properties of Silica
 - High Compressive strength
 - Brittle
 - High strength to density ratio
 - High melting point.



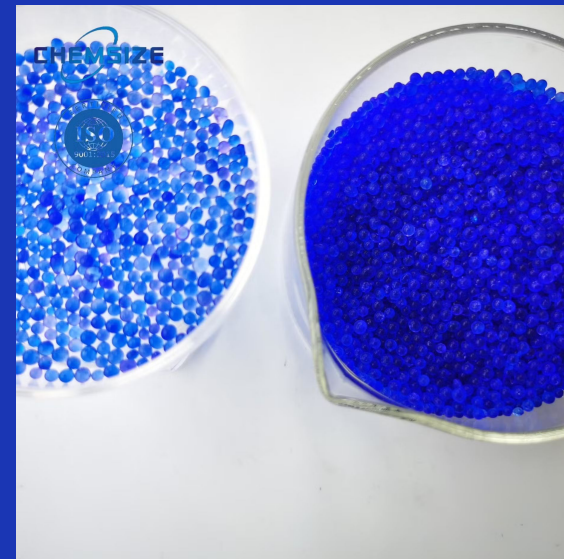
Optical and thermal properties of Silica

- Allows visible light to pass through (low absorption in the visible spectrum)
- Exhibits infrared absorption and efficient thermal emission at 8 μm and 13 μm .
 - 10% concentration of silica to TPX displayed the highest emittance.
- Strong scattering and emission properties
 - The scattering efficiency is highly dependent on the particle size of silica
 - Optimal radius 75-275 nm comparable to the wavelength of the incident light.



Properties of TPX

- The TPX matrix used in the film serves the purpose of introducing plasticity into the hybrid material.
- Thermoplastic polymer
- Low density and light weight
- Heat resistance
- Low cost
- Acts as a binder for silica microspheres
- Adds plasticity to the hybrid material for easy film formation.



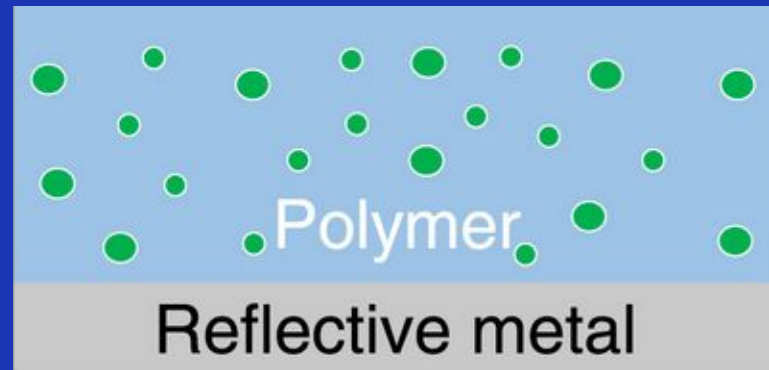
7 Properties of Silver Ag

- Reflectivity: 97%, one of the highest among metals
- Reflects significant solar radiation, reducing heat absorption
- Assembled at the bottom to radiate off any wavelengths that may have made it through the layer of TPX and silica microspheres.



Microstructure

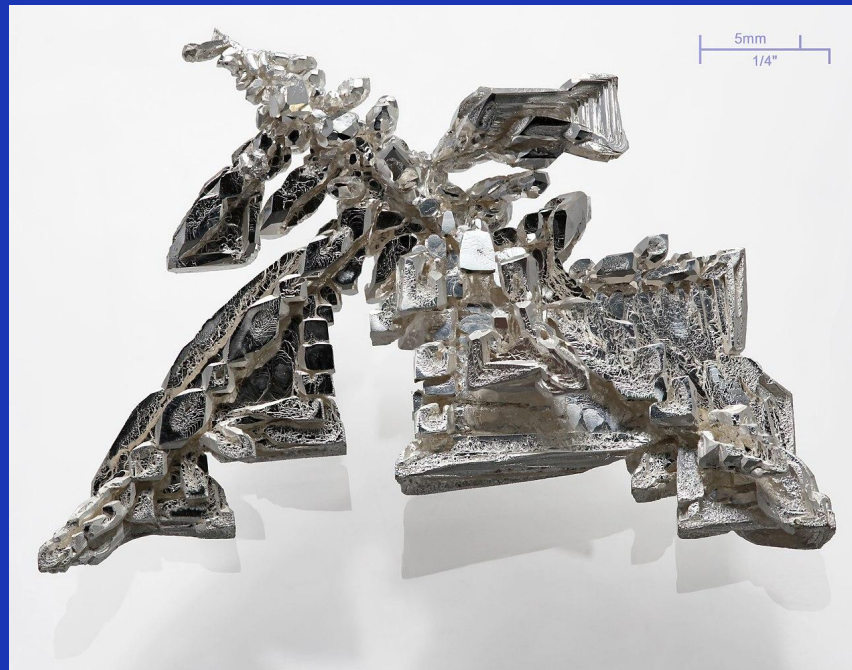
- Silver Coating
- TPX (Polymethylpentene)
- Silica Microspheres



Randomly Distributed Particle
Structure. [ref](#)

Silver Coating

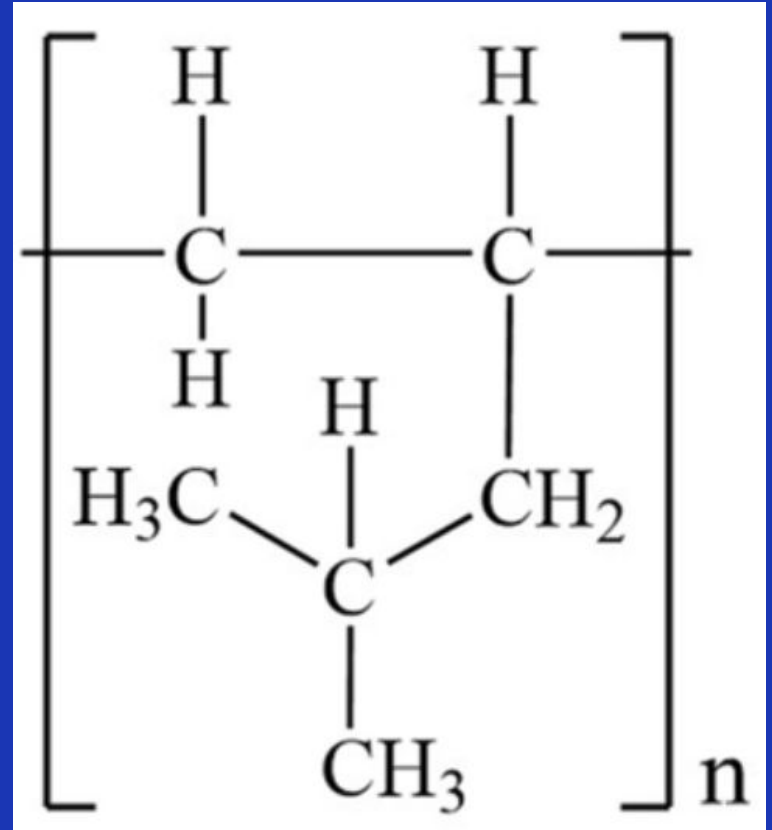
- Single Valence Electron
- Face-Centered Cubic Structure
- Full d-subshell



Silver Crystal [ref](#)

TPX

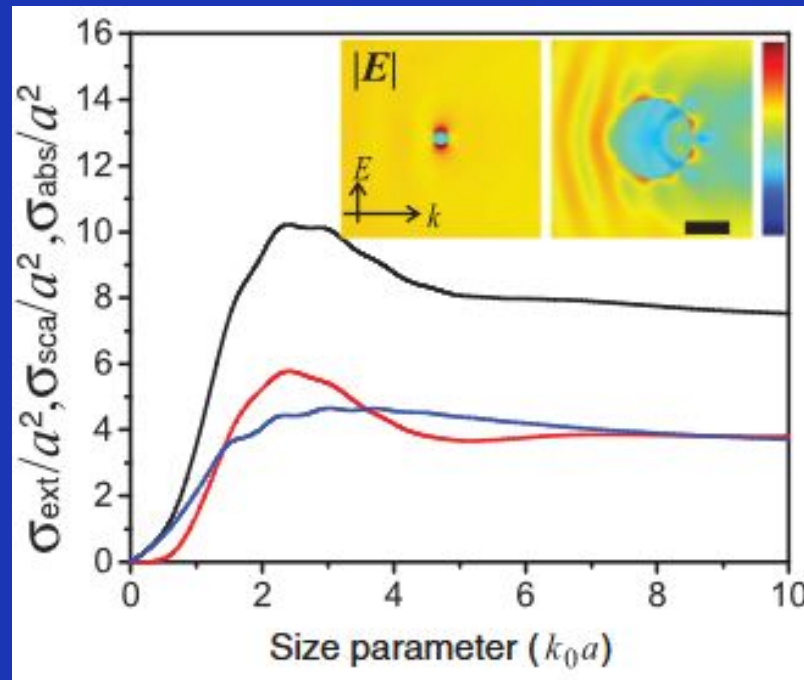
- Linear structure
- Isotactic Stereochemistry
- Semicrystalline



Polymethylpentene Repeat Unit [ref](#)

Silica

- Quasiparticles — Phonons & Polaritons
- Dipole Resonance
- Peak at Size Parameter of 2.5, determined experimentally

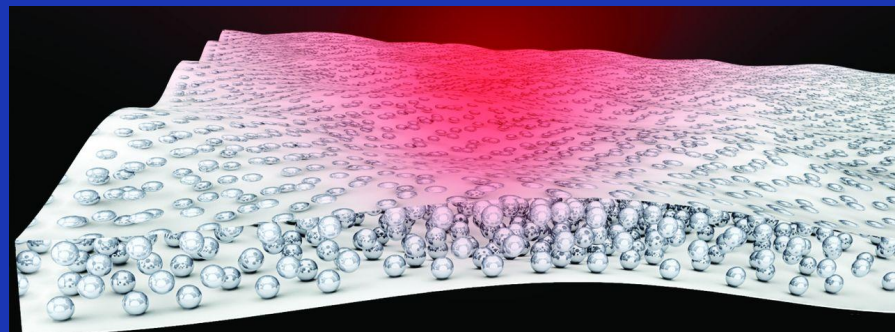


Normalized Absorption, Scattering,
and Extinction.

ref

Composite

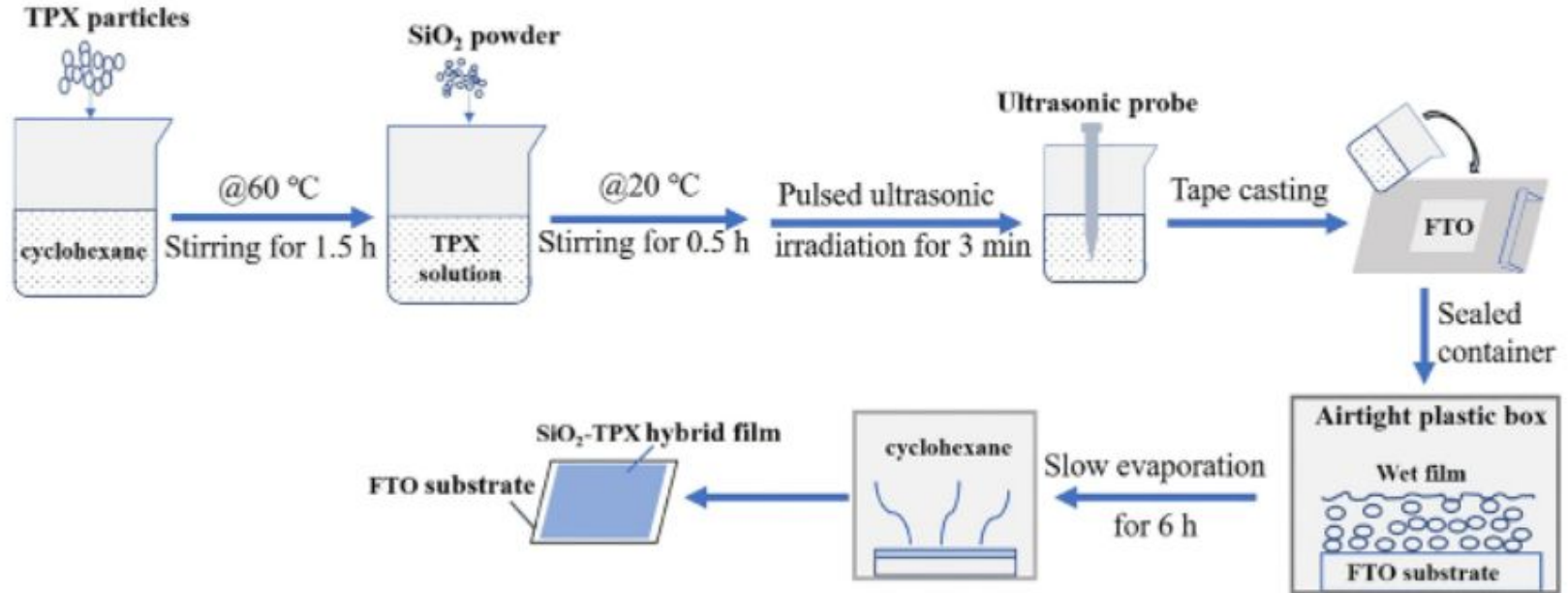
- Randomly distributed particles
- Thin semicrystalline film
- Thin reflective coating



Material Schematic
ref

Processing

Tape Casting

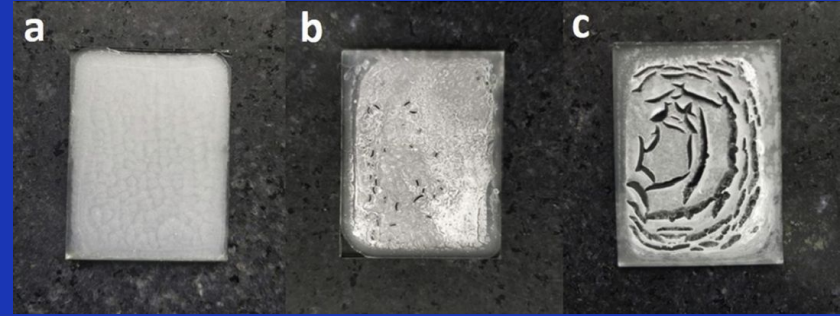


Preparation process of SiO₂-TPX hybrid films via the tape casting method ref

Tape Casting

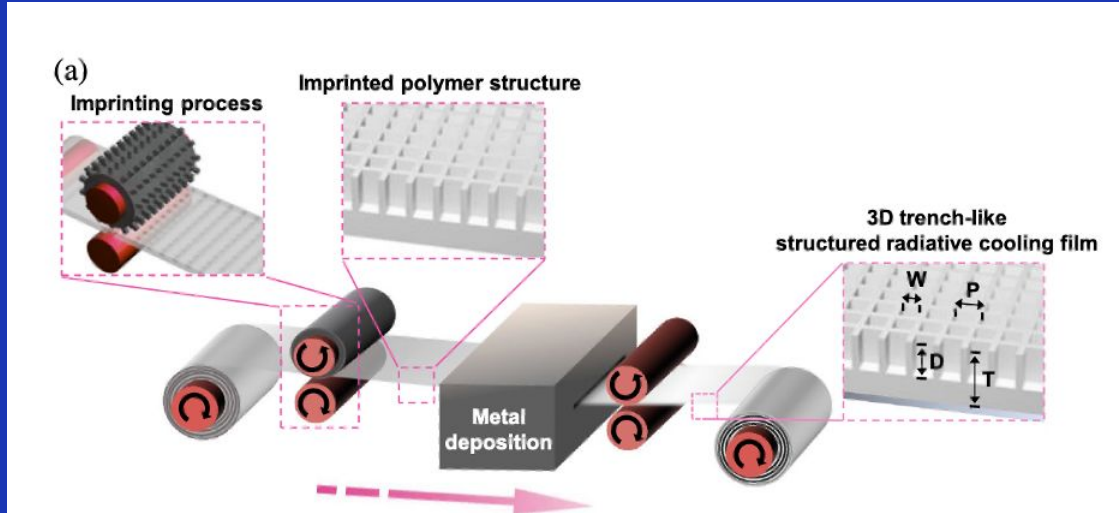
Tape casting uses a slurry of TPX and silica spread onto a surface to create thin, precise films.

It is ideal for thin, large-area films but is slower and more labor-intensive than roll-to-roll printing.



Preparation of silica-TPX with (a) ultrasonic irradiation with sealing (b) without ultrasonic irradiation (b) without ultrasonic irradiation nor sealing [ref](#)

Roll to Roll Printing (R2R)

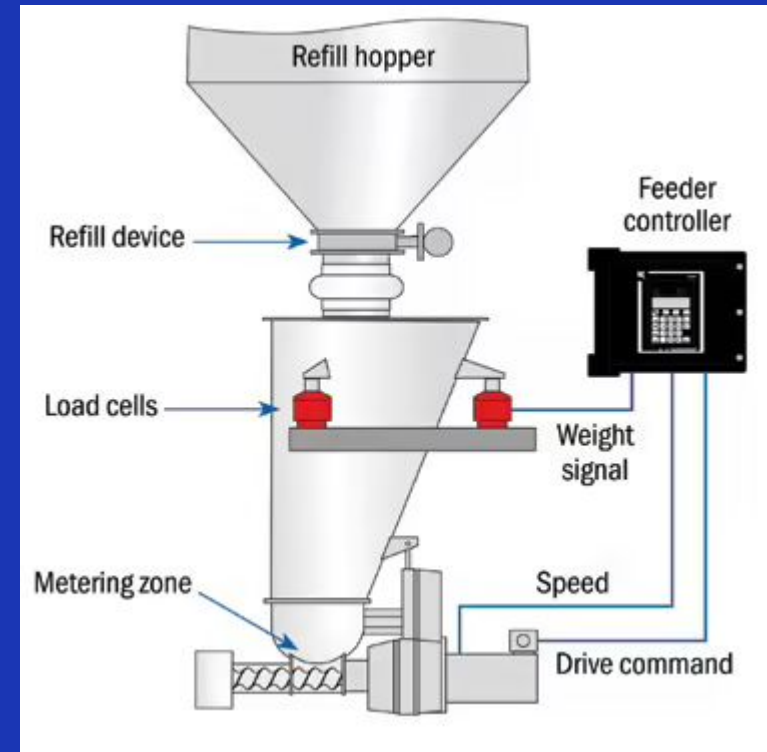


Continuous manufacturing process where materials are printed onto a flexible substrate

roll-to-roll manufacturing processes for preparing 3D structured polymer metamaterial radiative cooling (PMRC) film. [ref](#)

Roll to Roll Printing (R2R)

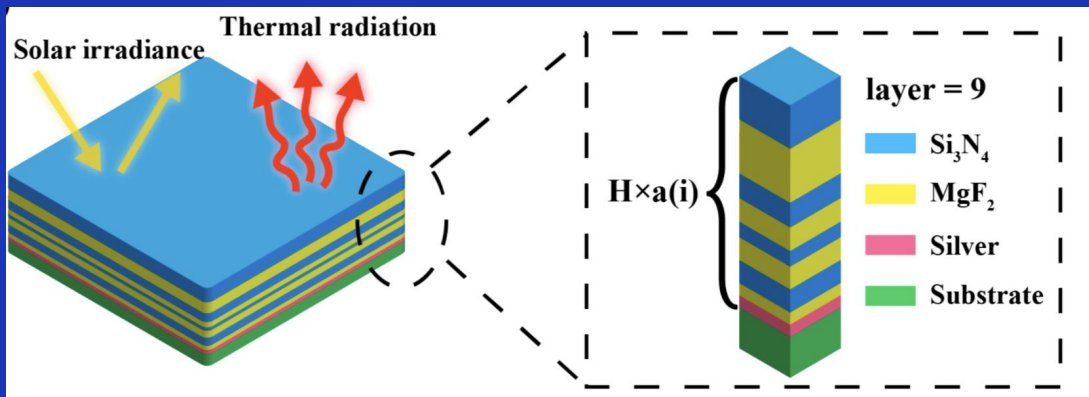
Method that can produce uniform distributions of Silica sphere by utilizing a gravimetric feeder.



Gravimetric Feeder set up [ref](#)

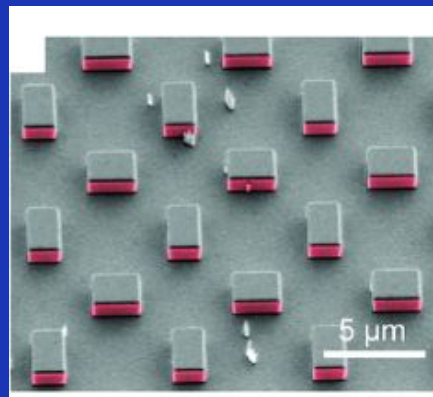
Alternative Materials

Multilayered Structure



Schematic of a multilayer radiative cooling coating [ref](#)

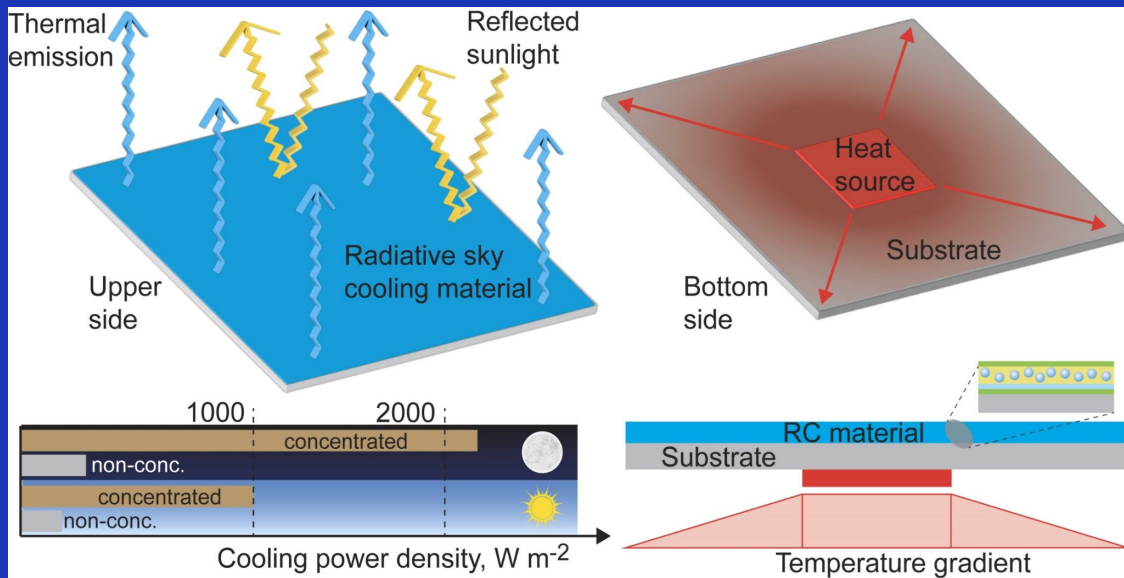
Nanofabricated Metamaterials



Metal loading film [ref](#)

Applications

Building Surfaces

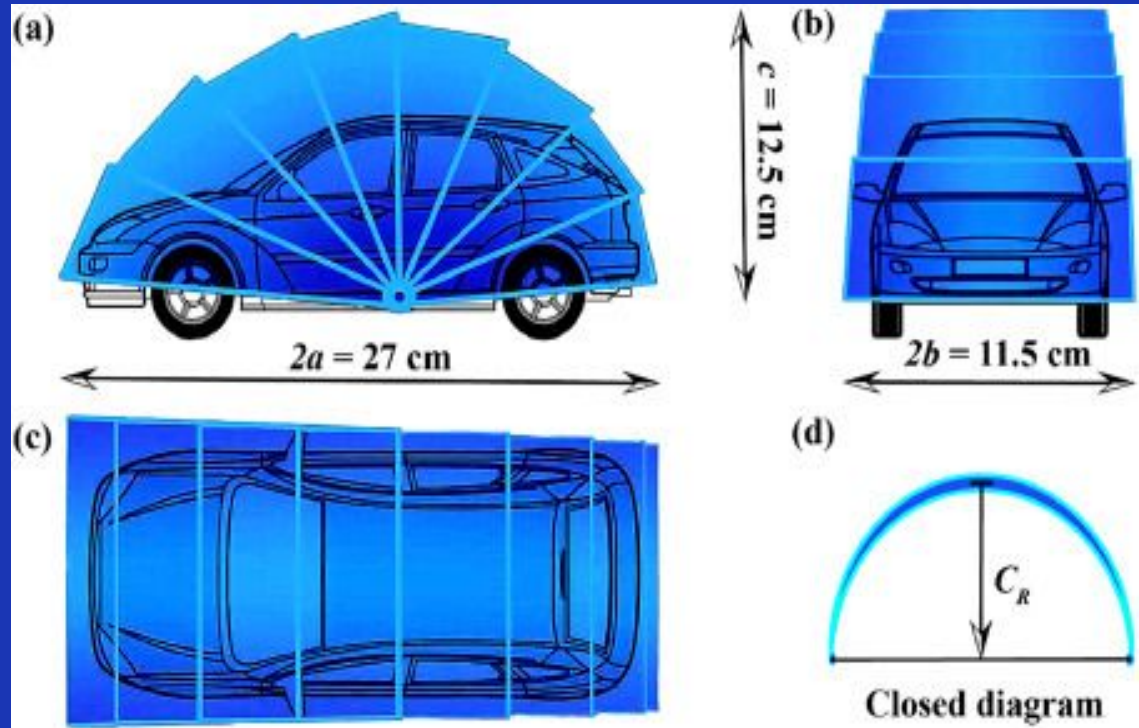


Application of Silica-TPX on rooftops and building facades for passive indoor temperature reduction.

Radiative Sky Cooling Material on Rooftop [ref](#)

Vehicle Surfaces

Application of Silica-TPX on vehicles to prevent overheating



Radiative Cooling Covers for Automobiles [ref](#)

Solar Energy Applications

Application of
Silica-TPX on Solar
Cells to minimize
efficiency losses
caused by
overheating



Solar Cells on Building Roof [ref](#)

References

- [1] Yu, X., Chan, J., & Chen, C. (2021). Review of radiative cooling materials: Performance evaluation and design approaches. *Nano Energy*, 88 (106259). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2021.106259>
- [2] *Westlake Plastics TPX® Polymethylpentene*. MatWeb. <https://www.matweb.com/search/datasheet.aspx?matguid=ab2e7979b9e74c0e862cc48d3f760188>.
- [3] Zhai, Y., Ma, Y., David, S. N., Zhao, D., Lou, R., Tan, G., Yang, R., Yin, X. (2017). Scalable-manufactured randomized glass-polymer hybrid metamaterial for daytime radiative cooling. *Science*. DOI: 10.1126/science.aai789.
- [4] Universität Münster (n.d.) *What are Quasi Particles?* <https://www.uni-muenster.de/Physik.AP/Demokritov/en/Forschen/Forschungsschwerpunkte/mBECwaqp.html>
- [5] Wu, H.-Y., Huang, S.-R., Shih, C.-H., Hsiao, L.-J., Chen, H.-W., Cheng, M.-C., & Hsu, J.-C. (2022). Highly reflective silver-enhanced coating with high adhesion and sulfurization resistance for telescopes. *Nanomaterials*, 12(7), 1054. <https://doi.org/10.3390/nano12071054>
- [6] Yang, J., Gao, X., Wu, Y., Zhang, T., Zeng, H., & Li, X. (2020). Nanoporous silica microspheres–polymethylpentene (TPX) hybrid films toward effective daytime radiative cooling. *Solar Energy Materials and Solar Cells*, 206, 110301. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.solmat.2019.110301>.
- [7] Lin, K.-T., Nian, X., Li, K., Han, J., Zheng, N., Lu, X., Guo, C., Lin, H., & Jia, B. (2023). Highly efficient flexible structured metasurface by roll-to-roll printing for diurnal radiative cooling. *eLight*, 3(1). <https://doi.org/10.1186/s43593-023-00053-3>.
- [8] Nishihora, R. K., Quadri, M. G., Hotza, D., Rezwan, K., & Wilhelm, M. (2018a). Tape casting of polysiloxane-derived ceramic with controlled porosity and surface properties. *Journal of the European Ceramic Society*, 38(15), 4899–4905. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jeurceramsoc.2018.07.016>.
- [9] Zhao, D., Aili, A., Zhai, Y., Xu, S., Tan, G., Yin, X., & Yang, R. (2019). Radiative sky cooling: Fundamental principles, materials, and applications. *Applied Physics Reviews*, 6(2). <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.5087281>
- [10] Zhu, L., Raman, A. P., & Fan, S. (2015). Radiative cooling of solar absorbers using a visibly transparent photonic crystal thermal blackbody. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 112(40), 12282–12287. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1509453112>
- [11] Hao, J., Lheurette, É., Burgnies, L., Okada, É., & Lippens, D. (2014). Bandwidth enhancement in disordered metamaterial absorbers. *Applied Physics Letters*, 105(8). <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4894181>
- [12] Feng, J., Santamouris, M. and Gao, K. (2020) ‘The radiative cooling efficiency of silica sphere embedded polymethylpentene (TPX) systems’, *Solar Energy Materials and Solar Cells*, 215, p. 110671. doi:10.1016/j.solmat.2020.110671.
- [13] *Silica - silicon dioxide (sio2)*. AZoM. (2024). <https://www.azom.com/article.aspx?ArticleID=1114#:~:text=Key%20Properties,of%20quartz%20and%20fused%20silica>.
- [14] Properties of Microspheres. *Microspheres Online*. <https://microspheres.us/properties-of-microspheres/>.
- [15] *3MTM Glass Bubbles iM30K*. 3M in the United States. 3MTM. https://www.3m.com/3M/en_US/p/d/b40064617/.
- [16] Lo Piccolo, G. M., Morana, A., Alessi, A., Boukenter, A., Girard, S., Ouerdane, Y., Gelardi, F. M., Agnello, S., & Cannas, M. (2021). Ultraviolet-visible light-induced solarisation in silica-based optical fibres for indoor solar applications. *Journal of Non-Crystalline Solids*, 552, 120458. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jnoncrysol.2020.120458>