CS 646 Android Mobile Application Development Spring Semester, 2015 Doc 20 Android App Widgets Apr 21, 2015

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References

App Widgets, http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/appwidgets/index.html

Introducing home screen widgets and the AppWidget framework, http://android-developers.blogspot.com/2009/04/introducing-home-screen-widgets-and.html

Widget Design Guidelines http://developer.android.com/guide/practices/ui_guidelines/widget_design.html

App Widget

Small application that can be embedded in Home screen

Receive periodic updates

Sample App Widgets
Current Weather
Quote of the Day
Stock Prices



Basic Parts

AppWidgetProviderInfo

Metadata for an App Widget in XML

AppWidgetProvider class implementation Java code for the App Widget

View layout Initial layout for the App Widget in XML

Configuration Activity
Optional
Configures App Widget when created

Manifest Info

AppWidgetProviderInfo Metadata

```
<appwidget-provider xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:minWidth="294dp" <!-- density-independent pixels -->
    android:minHeight="72dp"
    android:updatePeriodMillis="86400000" <!-- once per day -->
    android:initialLayout="@layout/example_appwidget"
    android:configure="com.example.android.ExampleAppWidgetConfigure" >
</appwidget-provider>
```

Metadata - minWidth & minHeight

Home Screen - grid of cells

Cell is 74 pixels by 74 pixels

Pixel rounding error - 2 pixels

App Widget size

(number of cells * 74) - 2

updatePeriodMillis

how often the App Widget framework calls update on your App Widget

Updates of every hour or longer should not drain the battery

App Widget Layout

Layouts

FrameLayout LinearLayout

RelativeLayout

Views

AnalogClock

Button

Chronometer

ImageButton

ImageView

ProgressBar

TextView

ViewFlipper

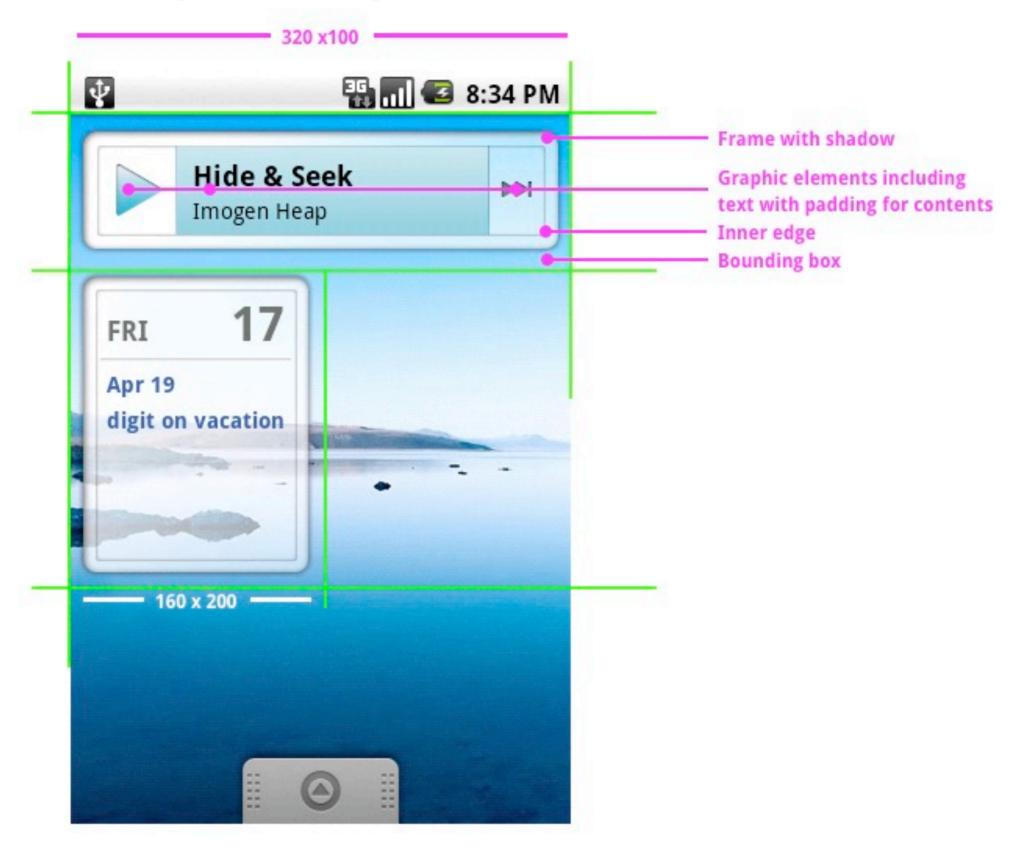
ListView

GridView

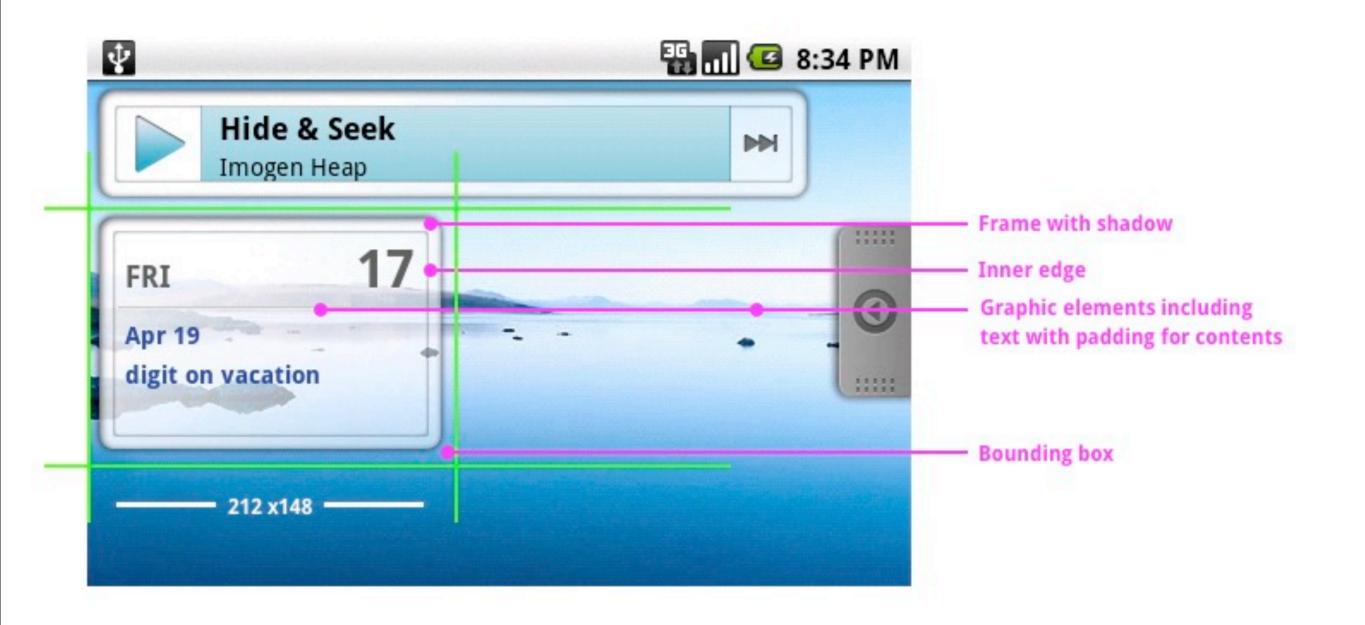
StackView

AdapterViewFlipper

Anatomy of Widget



Landscape



App Widget Graphics

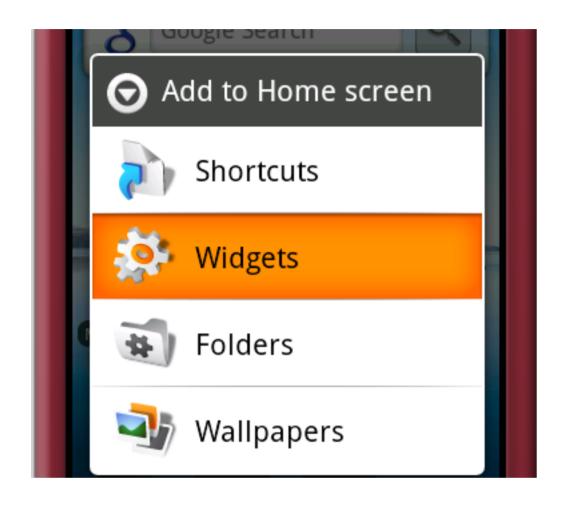
You will need graphics for your App Widget

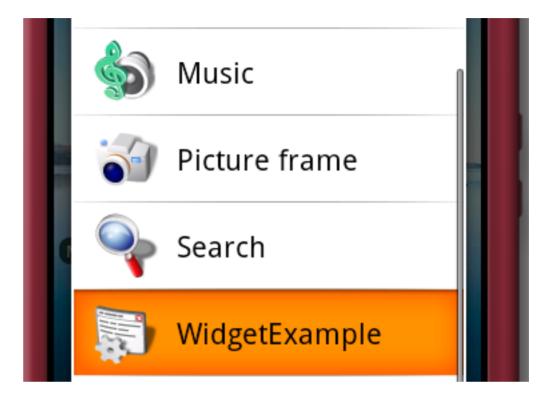
http://developer.android.com/guide/practices/ui_guidelines/widget_design.html

AppWidgetProvider

```
onUpdate(Context, AppWidgetManager, int[])
   The main method
   Called by App Widget manager
onDeleted(Context, int[])
   Called every time an App Widget is deleted
onEnabled(Context)
   Called when the App Widget is created for the first time.
onDisabled(Context)
   Called when last App Widget is deleted
onReceive(Context, Intent)
    All calls go here first
```

First Example - Just Text







SampleWidget.java

res/layout/widget.xml

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:id="@+id/widget"
  android:layout width="fill parent"
  android:layout height="wrap content"
  android:orientation="vertical">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/message"
    android:layout width="fill parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginTop="12dip"
    android:padding="10dip"
    android:gravity="center"
    android:text="Sample"
 />
</LinearLayout>
```

res/xml/appwidget_definition.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<appwidget-provider
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:minWidth="146dip"
  android:minHeight="72dip"
  android:updatePeriodMillis="86400000"
  android:initialLayout="@layout/widget"
  >
</appwidget-provider>
```

AndroidManifest.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
   package="edu.sdsu.cs.whitney"
   android:versionCode="1"
   android:versionName="1.0">
  <application android:icon="@drawable/icon" android:label="@string/app_name">
        <receiver android:name=".SampleWidget"</pre>
       android:label="@string/app_name" >
       <intent-filter>
         <action
            android:name="android.appwidget.action.APPWIDGET_UPDATE" />
       </intent-filter>
       <meta-data
         android:name="android.appwidget.provider"
         android:resource="@xml/appwidget definition" />
    </receiver>
  </application>
  <uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="3" />
</manifest>
```

With Background and Multiple Widgets



SampleWidget

```
public class SampleWidget extends AppWidgetProvider {
    public void onUpdate(Context context, AppWidgetManager appWidgetManager,
            int[] appWidgetIds) {
        final int N = appWidgetIds.length;
        Log.i("test", "start");
        for (int id = 0; id < N; id++) {
            Log.i("test", "id " + id);
            RemoteViews views = new RemoteViews(context.getPackageName(),
                     R.layout.widget);
            views.setTextViewText(R.id.message, "Hello World " + id);
            appWidgetManager.updateAppWidget(appWidgetIds[id], views);
```

Layout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:id="@+id/widget"
  android:layout width="fill parent"
  android:layout height="wrap content"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  style="@style/WidgetBackground">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/message"
    android:layout width="fill parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginTop="12dip"
    android:padding="10dip"
    android:gravity="center"
    android:text="Sample"
    style="@style/Text"
 />
</LinearLayout>
```

res/values/styles.xml

Starting an Activity

Widget Button Starts an Activity

public class SampleWidget extends AppWidgetProvider { public void on Update (Context context, AppWidgetManager appWidgetManager, int[] appWidgetIds) { final int N = appWidgetIds.length; for (int id = 0; id < N; id++) { RemoteViews views = new RemoteViews(context.getPackageName(), R.layout.widget); views.setTextViewText(R.id.message, "Hello " + id); Intent intent = new Intent(context, SampleActivity.class); PendingIntent pendingIntent = PendingIntent.getActivity(context, 0, intent, 0); views.setOnClickPendingIntent(R.id.go, pendingIntent); appWidgetManager.updateAppWidget(appWidgetIds[id], views);

Sending Information to the App Widget

Listening to Broadcasts

AppWidgetProvider is a Broadcast Listener

So we can send broadcast to it

onReceive() will receive the broadcast.

Make sure to register the Action

Sending the Broadcast

```
public class SampleActivity extends Activity implements View.OnClickListener {
     public static final String ACTION_UPDATE_WIDGET = "edu.sdsu.cs.whitney.ACTION UPDATE WIDGET";
     public static final String MESSAGE = "message";
     public void onClick(View v) {
          sendBroadcast();
     public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.main);
          Button start = (Button) findViewById(R.id.start);
          start.setOnClickListener(this);
     private void sendBroadcast() {
          Log.i("test", "send broadcast");
          Intent broadcast = new Intent(this, AppWidgetProvider.class);
          broadcast.putExtra("MESSAGE", "Bye");
          broadcast.setAction(ACTION UPDATE WIDGET);
          sendBroadcast(broadcast);
```

Getting the Broadcasts

```
public class SampleWidget extends AppWidgetProvider {
    public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {
         String action = intent.getAction();
         if (action != null
                   && action.equals(SampleActivity.ACTION UPDATE WIDGET)) {
              String message;
              if (intent.hasExtra(SampleActivity.MESSAGE))
                   message = (String) intent
                             .getCharSequenceExtra(SampleActivity.MESSAGE);
              else
                   message = "Not Found";
              AppWidgetManager appWidgetManager = AppWidgetManager
                        .getInstance(context);
              int[] appWidgetIds = appWidgetManager
                        .getAppWidgetIds(new ComponentName(context,
                                  SampleWidget.class));
              for (int index = 0; index < appWidgetIds.length; index++)
                   updateSampleWidget(context, appWidgetManager,
                             appWidgetIds[index], message);
         } else
              super.onReceive(context, intent);
                                             29
```

Getting the Broadcasts

```
public void on Update (Context context, AppWidgetManager appWidgetManager,
         int[] appWidgetIds) {
    Log.i("test", "on update");
    final int N = appWidgetIds.length;
    for (int index = 0; index < N; index++)
         updateSampleWidget(context, appWidgetManager, appWidgetIds[index],
                   "Hello " + index);
private void updateSampleWidget(Context context,
         AppWidgetManager appWidgetManager, int widget, String text) {
    RemoteViews views = new RemoteViews(context.getPackageName(),
              R.layout.widget);
    views.setTextViewText(R.id.message, text);
    Intent intent = new Intent(context, SampleActivity.class);
    PendingIntent pendingIntent = PendingIntent.getActivity(context, 0,
              intent, 0);
    views.setOnClickPendingIntent(R.id.go, pendingIntent);
    appWidgetManager.updateAppWidget(widget, views);
```

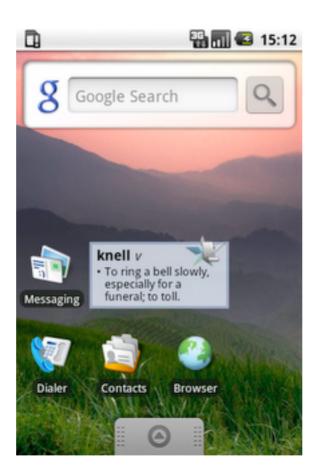
More Normal Use of App Widgets

Normal Use Case

App Widget updates itself with information from the network

Word of the day

http://android-developers.blogspot.com/2009/04/introducing-home-screen-widgets-and.html



Use Service to get Data from Network

```
public class WordWidget extends AppWidgetProvider {
  public void on Update (Context context, AppWidgetManager appWidgetManager,
       int[] appWidgetIds) {
    context.startService(new Intent(context, UpdateService.class));
  public static class UpdateService extends Service {
    public void onStart(Intent intent, int startId) {
       RemoteViews updateViews = buildUpdate(this);
       ComponentName thisWidget = new ComponentName(this, WordWidget.class);
       AppWidgetManager manager = AppWidgetManager.getInstance(this);
       manager.updateAppWidget(thisWidget, updateViews);
 public RemoteViews buildUpdate(Context context) {
   Lots of code to get data from the network and put it into RemoteViews
```