notes.md 2024-11-11

# Notes 6

Wildcard	definition	example
*	matches 0 to any number of characters	ls ~/Downloads/*.png
?	matches 1 character	ls ~/Downloads/f?ll.sh
	matches 1 character from a set	ls $\sim$ /Downloads/f[0-9]ll.sh

## \* WildCard

• Matches 0 to any number of characters

#### Example:

- List all the txt files
  - ls \*.txt
- Move all . sh files
  - mv wildcard extra practice/\*.sh wildcard extra practice/scripts/
- Lists all directories without giving a list of thier contents
  - ls -1d wildcard extra practice/\*/

## ? WildCard

• used to indicated 1 or more characters that are unknown

#### Example:

- Lists files that have a certain number of characters (but are unknown)
  - ls -1X wildcard extra practice/\*.????
- Used to search for a file that contains 1 character
  - ls file?.txt
- lists files that start with a charater
  - ls ?file.txt

# [] WildCard

• Matches 1 character from a set

#### Example:

- List all the files that start with a capital letter
  - ls wildcard extra practice/[A-Z]\*
- List all the files that contain a number in their name
  - ls wildcard extra practice/[0-9]
- Lists all files that contain a number and a letter

notes.md 2024-11-11

• ls wildcard\_extra\_practice/[A1-A9]

# Brace Expansion

• Allows you to create strings that, create directories, multiple files and commands