

Recap: Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \bigg|_{(5,1)}$ given $xy - y^3 = 4$.

- Water flows from a tank of constant cross-sectional area 50 sq ft through an orifice of constant cross-sectional area 1.4 ft² located at the bottom of the tank.



Initially the height of the water in the tank was 20 ft, and its height t sec later is given by the equation.

$$2\sqrt{h} + \frac{1}{25}t - 2\sqrt{20} = 0 \quad (0 \leq t \leq 50\sqrt{20})$$

How fast was height of water decreasing when its height was 8 ft?

Soln: Need to find $\frac{dh}{dt}$ @ $h = 8$



- Coffee pot shaped like a cylinder of radius 4 in is being filled with water flowing at a constant rate. If the water level is rising at the rate of 0.4 in/s, what is the rate at which water is flowing into the coffee pot?

Soln. Let volume at time t be V in³.

$$V = \pi r^2 h \\ = 16\pi h$$

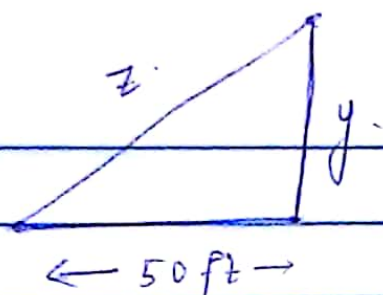
$$\text{where } r = 4, \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 16\pi \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$= 16\pi(0.4) = 6.4\pi$$

- ~~Before~~ At a distance of 50 ft from the pad, a man observes a helicopter taking off from a heliport. If the helicopter lifts off vertically and is rising at a speed of 44 ft/s when it is at an altitude of 120 ft, how fast is the distance between the helicopter and the man changing at that constant?

Soln.



$$y^2 + 50^2 = z^2$$

Need to figure out.

$$\frac{dz}{dt} \text{ when } y = 120.$$

Also given $\frac{dy}{dt} = 44$.

Since $y = 120$, $z = \sqrt{120^2 + 50^2} = 130$

50.

50.

$$y^2 + 50^2 = z^2$$

So, $\frac{d}{dt}(y^2 + 50^2) = \frac{d}{dt}(z^2)$

or, $2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$

$\therefore 120 \times 44 = 130 \frac{dz}{dt}$

or, $\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{12 \times 44}{13}$

• Another example would be a ~~sphere~~ spherical example

Fact) $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$ $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4}{3} \pi 3r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$

$A = 4 \pi r^2$ $\frac{dA}{dt} = 8 \pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$