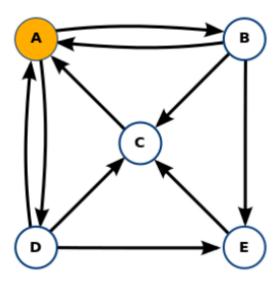
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Lab: 1

Date: 07/june/2022

Question 1:



Solution:

From the above graph we extract the following probability matrix it works as follows Let N be the total number of pages. The matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ where,

```
a_{ij}=rac{1}{L(j)}, if there is a link from i to j 0, for all other cases
```

By the property of transistion matrices, the maximum eigen value of the transistion matrix must be 1. Hence, the eigen vector corresponding to the eigen value 1 will be extracted by taking the first column from the eigen matrix.

```
[EigV, EigD] = eigs(rank_mat)
 EigV = 5×5 complex
     -0.6975 + 0.0000i   0.6386 + 0.0000i   -0.0175 - 0.5057i ...
     -0.3487 + 0.0000i -0.4447 + 0.0000i -0.3604 + 0.0894i
     -0.4650 + 0.0000i -0.1621 + 0.0000i 0.5798 + 0.0000i
     -0.3487 + 0.0000i -0.4447 + 0.0000i -0.3604 + 0.0894i
-0.2325 + 0.0000i 0.4128 + 0.0000i 0.1585 + 0.3269i
 EigD = 5 \times 5 complex
       1.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i ...
       0.0000 + 0.0000i -0.7181 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i
      0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i -0.1410 + 0.6666i
       0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i
      0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i
u = EigV(:, 1)
 u = 5 \times 1
       -0.6975
       -0.3487
       -0.4650
      -0.3487
       -0.2325
```

normalizing the eigen vector such that sum(page rank matrix) = 1.

```
page_rank_vector = u/sum(u)

page_rank_vector = 5×1
     0.3333
     0.1667
     0.2222
     0.1667
     0.1111
```

After applying the **Dampning:**

```
a = 0.85;
n = 1/length(page_rank_vector);
p = a* page_rank_vector + (1-a)*n;
disp(p)

0.3133
0.1717
0.2189
0.1717
0.1244
```

The rankings are as follows:

1. A

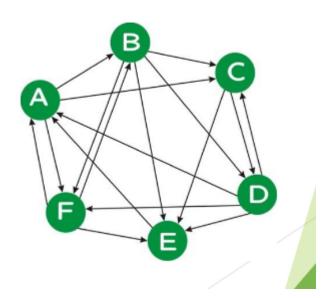
2. C

3. B

4. D

5. E

Question 2:



Solution:

From the above graph we extract the following probability matrix it works as follows Let N be the total number of pages. The matrix $A=[a_{ij}]$ where,

```
a_{ij}=rac{1}{L(j)}, if there is a link from i to j 0, for all other cases
```

```
% A B C D E F
A = [0 0 0 1/4 1 1/3];
B = [1/3 0 0 0 0 1/4 0 0];
C = [1/3 1/4 0 1/4 0 0];
D = [ 0 1/4 1/2 0 0 0 0];
E = [ 0 1/4 1/2 1/4 0 1/3];
F = [1/3 1/4 0 1/4 0 0];

rank_mat = [A;B;C;D;E;F]

rank_mat = 6×6

0 0 0 0.2500 1.0000 0.3333
0.3333 0.2500 0 0.2500 0 0
0 0.2500 0.5000 0 0
0 0.2500 0.5000 0 0.2500 0 0
0 0.3333
0.3333 0.2500 0 0.2500 0 0.3333
0.3333 0.2500 0 0.2500 0 0 0.3333
```

By the property of transistion matrices, the maximum eigen value of the transistion matrix must be 1. Hence, the eigen vector corresponding to the eigen value 1 will be extracted by taking the first column from the eigen matrix.

```
[EigV, EigD] = eigs(rank_mat)
EigV = 6 \times 6 complex
     0.6215 + 0.0000i 0.7115 + 0.0000i 0.7115 + 0.0000i ...
     0.3247 + 0.0000i -0.2490 - 0.2616i -0.2490 + 0.2616i
     0.3527 + 0.0000i -0.0889 - 0.2005i -0.0889 + 0.2005i
     0.2575 + 0.0000i -0.1704 + 0.2784i -0.1704 - 0.2784i
     0.4395 + 0.0000i -0.1143 + 0.3842i -0.1143 - 0.3842i
     0.3527 + 0.0000i -0.0889 - 0.2005i -0.0889 + 0.2005i
EigD = 6×6 complex
     1.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i ...
     0.0000 + 0.0000i -0.2622 + 0.5438i 0.0000 + 0.0000i
     0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i -0.2622 - 0.5438i
     0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 + 0.0000i
     u = EigV(:, 1)
      0.6215
      0.3247
      0.3527
      0.2575
      0.4395
      0.3527
```

normalizing the eigen vector such that sum(page rank matrix) = 1.

After applying the **Dampning:**

```
a = 0.85;
n = 1/length(page_rank_vector);
p = a* page_rank_vector + (1-a)*n;
disp(p)

0.2499
0.1425
0.1527
0.1182
0.1841
0.1527
```

The rankings are as follows:

```
1. A
```

2. E

3. C

4. F

5. B

6. D