# **Python Functions:-**

- A function is a block of code which only runs when it is called.
- You can pass data, known as parameters, into a function.
- A function can return data as a result.

# **Creating a Function:-**

In Python a function is defined using the def keyword

#### **Example:**

```
def my_function():
    print("Hello from a function")
```

## Calling a Function:

```
Program:
```

```
def my_function():
```

print("Hello from a function")

**Output:** 

Hello from a function

# **Arguments:-**

- Information can be passed into functions as arguments.
- Arguments are specified after the function name, inside the parentheses. You can add as many arguments as you want, just separate them with a comma.

#### **Example:**

```
def my_function(fname):
  print(fname + " Refsnes")
  my_function("Emil")
```

```
my_function("Tobias")
my_function("Linus")
```

#### **Output:**

Emil Refsnes
Tobias Refsnes
Linus Refsnes

The following example has a function with one argument (fname). When the function is called, we pass along a first name, which is used inside the function to print the full name

### **Parameters or Arguments?**

A parameter is the variable listed inside the parentheses in the function definition.

An argument is the value that is sent to the function when it is called.

### **Default Parameter Value:-**

If we call the function without argument, it uses the default value.

```
Example:
```

I am from India

```
def my_function(country = "Norway"):
    print("I am from " + country)
    my_function("Sweden")
    my_function("India")
    my_function()
    my_function("Brazil")
    Output:
    I am from Sweden
```

### I am from Norway I am from Brazil

# Passing a List as an Argument:-

You can send any data types of argument to a function (string, number, list, dictionary etc.), and it will be treated as the same data type inside the function.

E.g. if you send a List as an argument, it will still be a List when it reaches the function

#### **Example**

```
def my_function(food):
  for x in food:
  print(x)

fruits = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]

my_function(fruits)

Output:
  apple
  banana
  cherry
```

### **Return Values**

To let a function return a value, use the return statement

#### **Example:**

```
def my_function(x):
  return 5 * x
```

print(my\_function(3))
print(my\_function(5))
print(my\_function(9))

## **Output:**

**15** 

25

45