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## WHAT'S COROUTINE?

*A coroutine can be thought of as an instance of **suspendable computation***

*i.e. the one that can suspend at some points and later resume execution possibly on another thread.*

<https://github.com/Kotlin/kotlin-coroutines/blob/master/kotlin-coroutines-informal.md#use-cases>

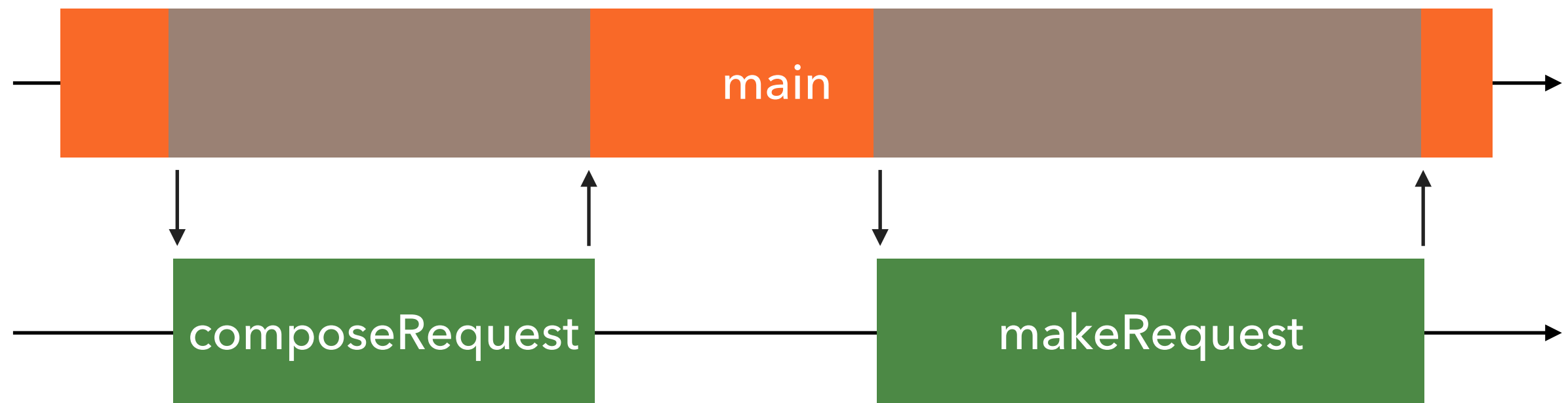
# THREAD-BLOCKING CODE SAMPLE

```
val request = composeRequest()
val post = makeRequest(request)
parsePost(post)
```

← If it takes a long time?  
← If it takes a long time?

```
fun composeRequest(): Request = ...
```

```
fun makeRequest(request: Request): Result = ...
```



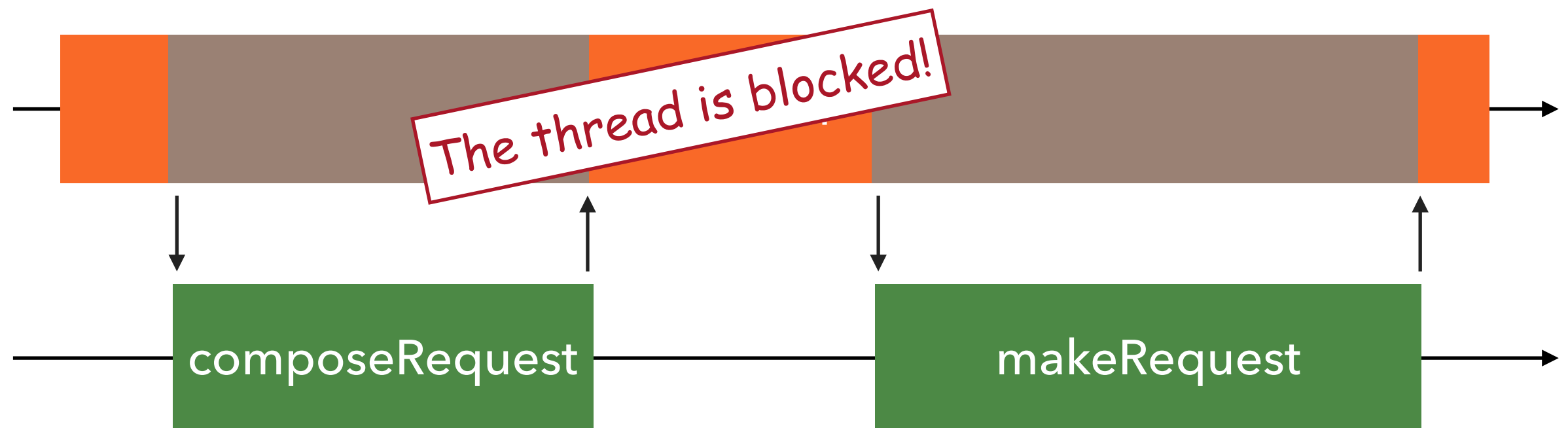
# THREAD-BLOCKING CODE SAMPLE

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val request = composeRequest()
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parsePost(post)
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← If it takes a long time?  
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```
fun composeRequest(): Request = ...
```

```
fun makeRequest(request: Request): Result = ...
```



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# SUSPEND TO THE RESCUE

```
val request = composeRequest() 1  
val post = makeRequest(request) 2  
parsePost(post)  
  
suspend fun composeRequest(): Request = ...  
  
suspend fun makeRequest(request: Request): Result = ...
```

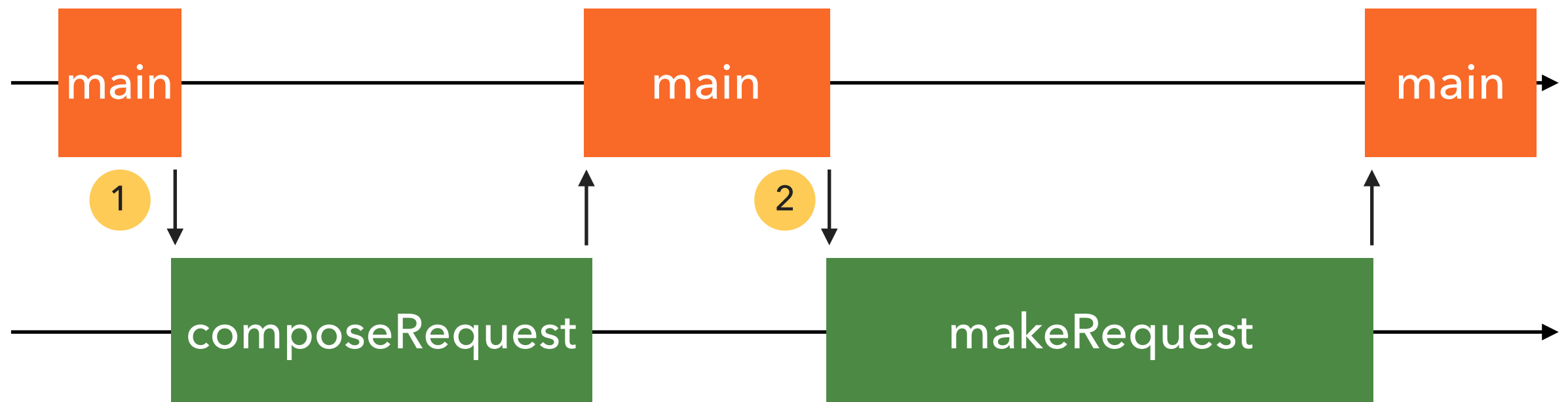
- ▶ The code suspends at the suspension points
- ▶ The code resumes when the return value is ready

# SUSPEND TO THE RESCUE

```
val request = composeRequest() 1
val post = makeRequest(request) 2
parsePost(post)

suspend fun composeRequest(): Request = ...

suspend fun makeRequest(request: Request): Result = ...
```

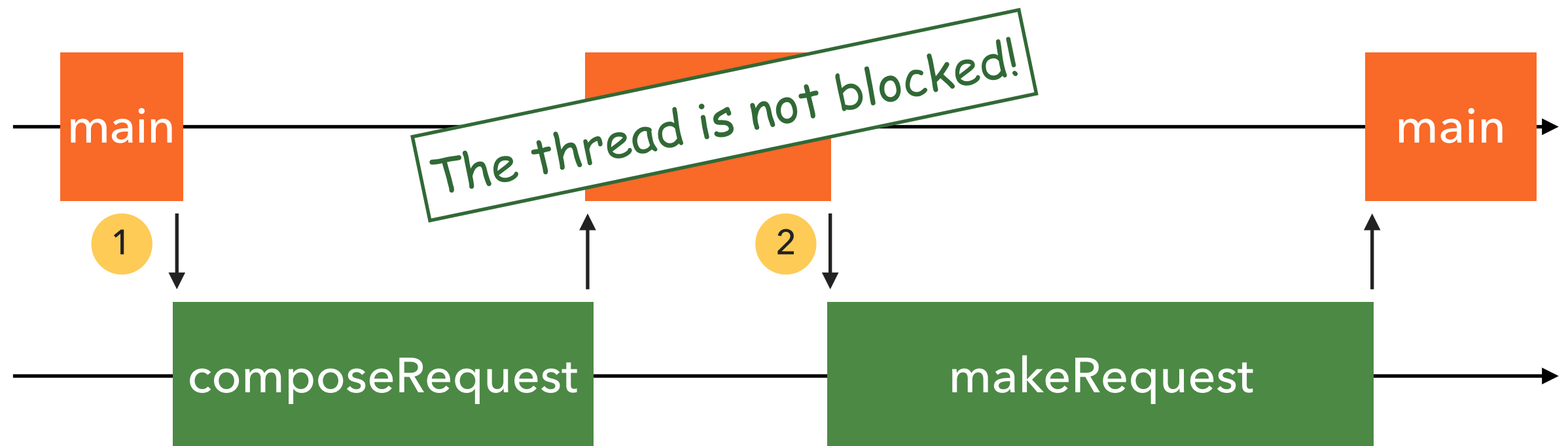


# SUSPEND TO THE RESCUE

```
val request = composeRequest() 1
val post = makeRequest(request) 2
parsePost(post)

suspend fun composeRequest(): Request = ...

suspend fun makeRequest(request: Request): Result = ...
```



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# CODE CAN BE WRITTEN IN A REGULAR STYLE

```
try {  
    for (req in list) makeRequest(req)  
} catch (e: Exception) {  
    ...  
}
```

loop

exception handling



# Applications



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# ASYNC/AWAIT

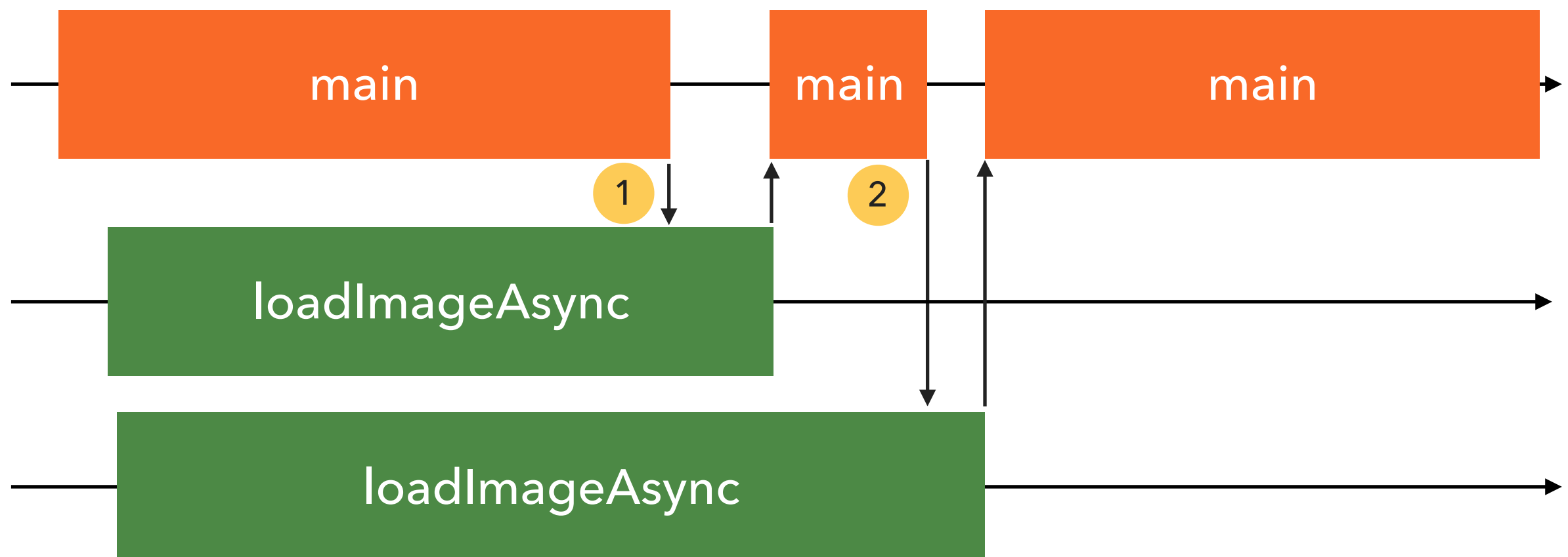
```
val first = loadImageAsync("green")
val second = loadImageAsync("red")
overlay(first.await(), second.await()) 1 2

fun loadImageAsync(name: String) = async { ... }
```

# ASYNC/AWAIT

```
val first = loadImageAsync("green")
val second = loadImageAsync("red")
overlay(first.await(), second.await()) 1 2

fun loadImageAsync(name: String) = async { ... }
```



Coroutine under the hood 🕵️

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# SUSPEND COROUTINE

```
suspend fun <T> suspendCoroutine(  
    block: (Continuation<T>) → Unit  
): T
```

- ▶ When the method is called, it suspends the current coroutine
- ▶ The coroutine is resumed when resume() is called on the passed continuation

*Scheme call/cc style!*

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# SUSPEND COROUTINE

```
suspend fun <T> suspendCoroutine(  
    block: (Continuation<T>) → Unit  
) : T
```

```
fun <T> doLongTask(cb: (T, Throwable) → Unit) {  
}
```

```
suspendCoroutine { cont: Continuation<T> →  
    doLongTask { result, exception →  
        if (exception == null)  
            cont.resume(result)  
        else  
            cont.resumeWithException(exception)  
    }  
}
```

---

# SUSPEND COROUTINE

```
result = doLongTaskSuspend()  
...  
// do something with the result
```

```
suspend fun <T> doLongTaskSuspend() =  
    suspendCoroutine { cont: Continuation<T> →  
        doLongTask { result, exception →  
            if (exception == null)  
                cont.resume(result)  
            else  
                cont.resumeWithException(exception)  
        }  
    }
```

What is continuation? 🤔

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# CONTINUATION

```
val request = composeRequest() 1  
val post = makeRequest(request) 2  
parsePost(post)
```



# CONTINUATION

```
val request = composeRequest()
```

```
val post = makeRequest(request)  
parsePost(post)
```

1

2

Continuation  
passed to (1)

# CONTINUATION

```
val request = composeRequest()  
val post = makeRequest(request)  
parsePost(post)
```

1

2

Continuation  
passed to (2)

- ▶ Kotlin builds a state machine for each coroutine
- ▶ A suspension point just adds a state to the state machine

No deep stacks and light-weight 🙌

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## COROUTINE BUILDER

- ▶ Suspending function only can be called from a suspending function or a coroutine
- ▶ Use coroutine builders to call suspending functions from a regular function
  - ▶ launch
  - ▶ runBlocking
  - ▶ async

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# COROUTINE BUILDER

```
fun postItem(item: Item) {  
    launch(CommonPool) {  
        val token = preparePost()  
        val post = submitPost(token, item)  
        processPost(post)  
    }  
}
```

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## WRAP UP

- ▶ Coroutine is like a light-weight thread
  - ▶ Can be suspended/resumed
- ▶ `async/await`, generator, channel is just library built on that