

Placement Empowerment Program

Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

Automate Docker Image Builds Using GitHub Actions:
Set up a GitHub Actions workflow to build and push a
Docker image to a Docker Hub repository whenever
code is pushed to the repository.

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Introduction

In modern software development, automation plays a crucial role in ensuring efficiency and reliability. This Proof of Concept (PoC) demonstrates how to automate Docker image builds using **GitHub Actions** and push them to **Docker Hub**. By integrating CI/CD practices, developers can streamline the containerization process and ensure that every change to the source code triggers an automated build and deployment.

Overview

This PoC covers the following key steps:

- 1. Setting up a Dockerfile** – Creating a containerized environment using a simple Nginx-based Docker image.
- 2. Configuring GitHub Actions** – Writing a GitHub Actions workflow to automate Docker builds.
- 3. Authenticating with Docker Hub** – Using GitHub Secrets for secure login to Docker Hub.
- 4. Building and Pushing the Image** – Automating the build and push process upon code commits.
- 5. Verifying the Image** – Pulling and running the pushed image locally to confirm success.

Objective

The main objective of this PoC is to:

- 1. Automate Docker image builds** using GitHub Actions.
- 2. Eliminate manual Docker build and push steps**, reducing deployment overhead.
- 3. Ensure consistency in containerized environments** with version-controlled builds.
- 4. Enhance CI/CD practices** by integrating Docker with GitHub.

Importance

- 1. Increases Developer Productivity:** Automating builds removes repetitive manual tasks.
- 2. Ensures Deployment Consistency:** Every build is reproducible and follows a version-controlled process.
- 3. Improves Security:** Secrets management in GitHub Actions ensures safe authentication with Docker Hub.
- 4. Accelerates CI/CD Pipelines:** Streamlining image builds allows for faster deployments and testing.
- 5. Facilitates Collaboration:** Any team member pushing code to the repository automatically triggers a new Docker image build.

Step-by-Step Overview

Step 1:

1. Install Git

Download Git from [Git's official website](#).

Verify installation by opening **Command Prompt (cmd)** and running:

git --version

2. Install Docker Desktop

Download and install Docker Desktop from Docker's official website.

Verify by running:

docker --version

```
C:\Users\Hi>git --version
git version 2.47.1.windows.2

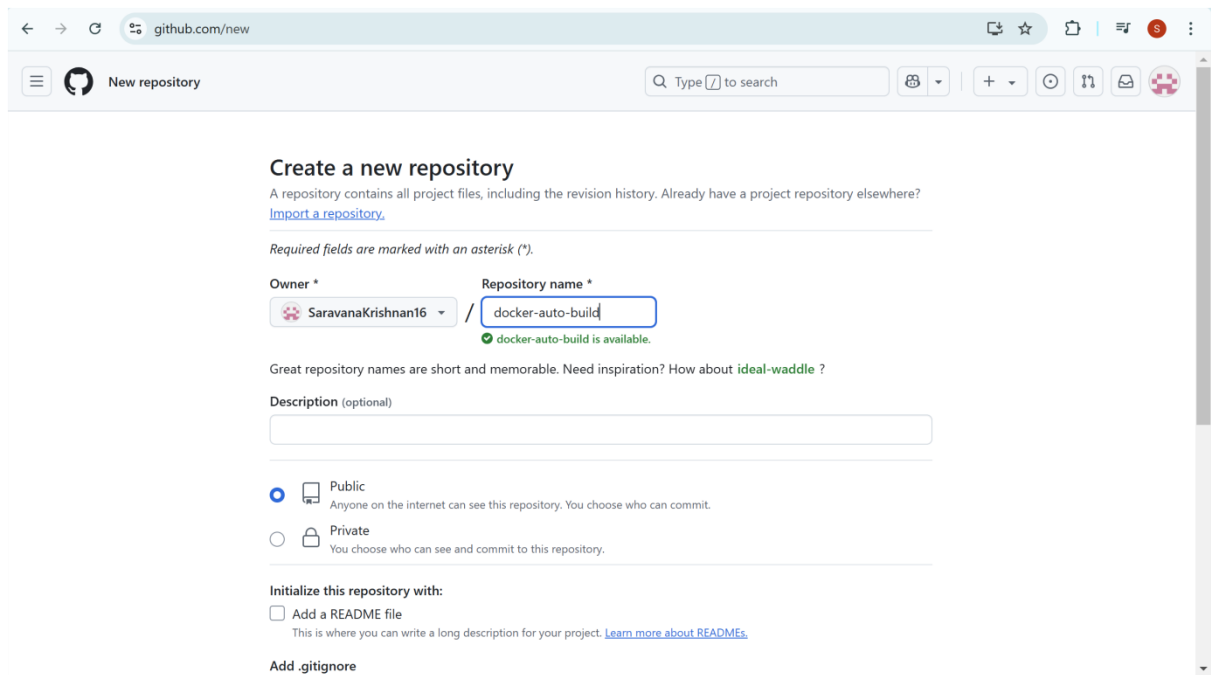
C:\Users\Hi>docker --version
Docker version 27.5.1, build 9f9e405
```

Step 2:

1. Go to [GitHub](#) and log in.

2. Click **New Repository** → **Give it a name (e.g., docker-auto-build)**.

3. Choose **Public** or **Private** and click **Create Repository**.



Step 3:

1. Open **Command Prompt (cmd)** and run:

```
git clone  
https://github.com/YOUR_GITHUB_USERNAME/docker-auto-  
build.git
```

(Replace YOUR_GITHUB_USERNAME with your actual GitHub username.)

2. Navigate into the cloned folder:

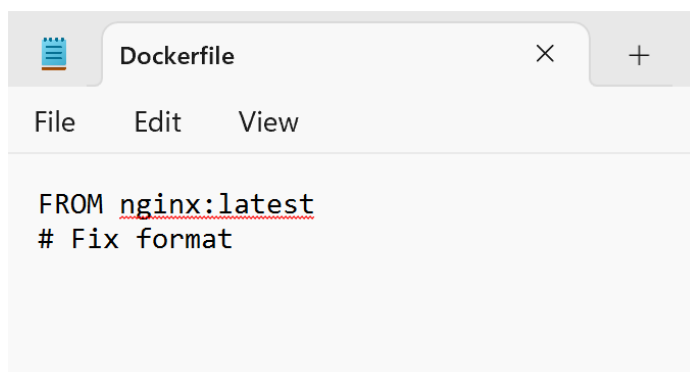
```
cd docker-auto-build
```

```
C:\Users\Hi>git clone https://github.com/SaravanaKrishnan16/docker-auto-build.git  
Cloning into 'docker-auto-build'...  
warning: You appear to have cloned an empty repository.  
  
C:\Users\Hi>cd docker-auto-build
```

Step 4:

A **Dockerfile** defines how your application should be containerized.

1. Inside the repository folder, create a new file named **Dockerfile**.
2. Open it in **Notepad** .
3. Add the following content (example for an Nginx web server):
4. Save the file.

A screenshot of a Notepad application window. The title bar shows 'Dockerfile' with a close button (X) and a plus sign (+). The menu bar has 'File', 'Edit', and 'View'. The text area contains the following code:

```
FROM nginx:latest
# Fix format
```

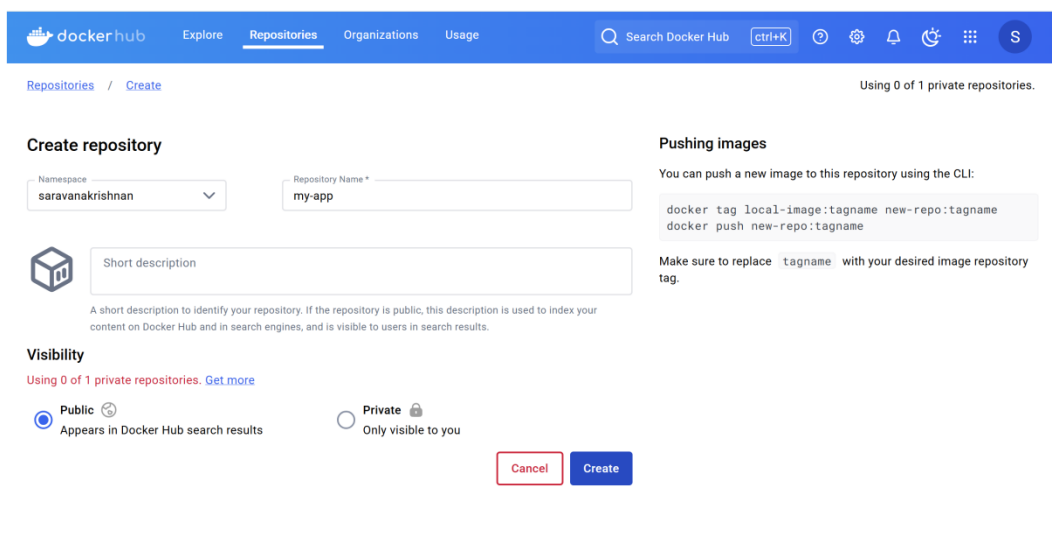
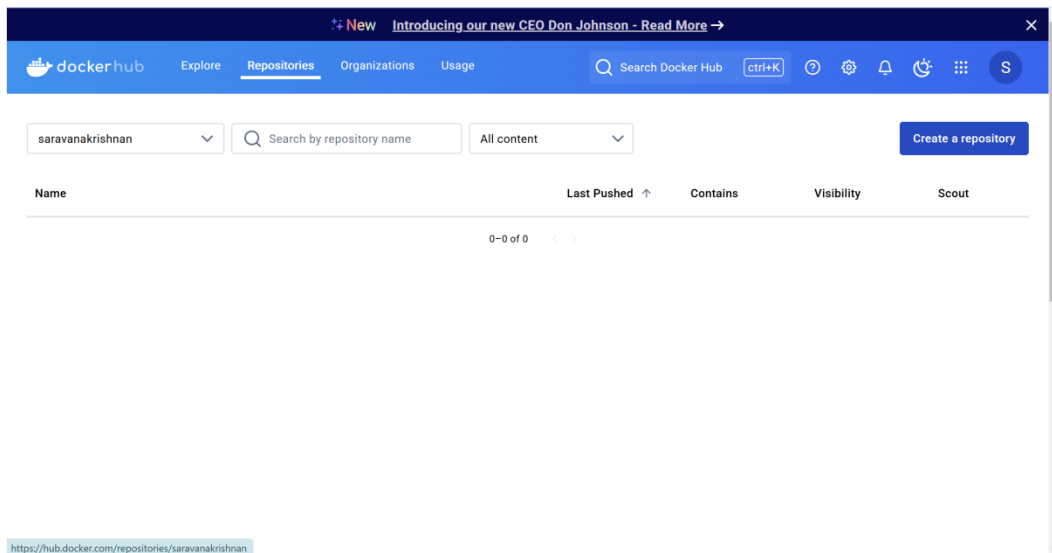
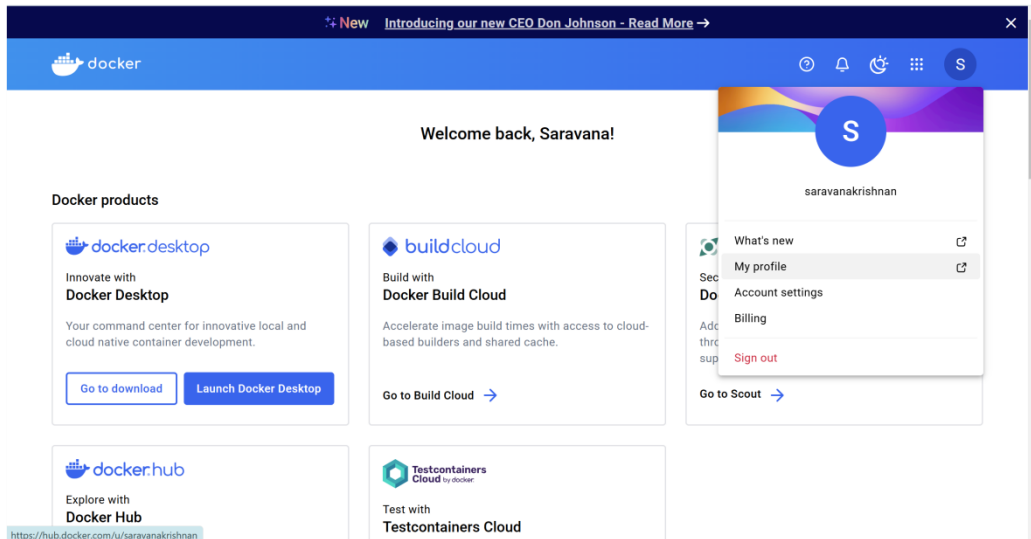
Step 5:

Since we need to push the Docker image to **Docker Hub**, we must store our **Docker Hub username and password** securely in GitHub.

Get a Docker Hub Account

Go to Docker Hub and sign up (if you don't have an account).

Click **Create Repository** → Name it **my-app** → Set it to **Public** or **Private**.



Step 6:

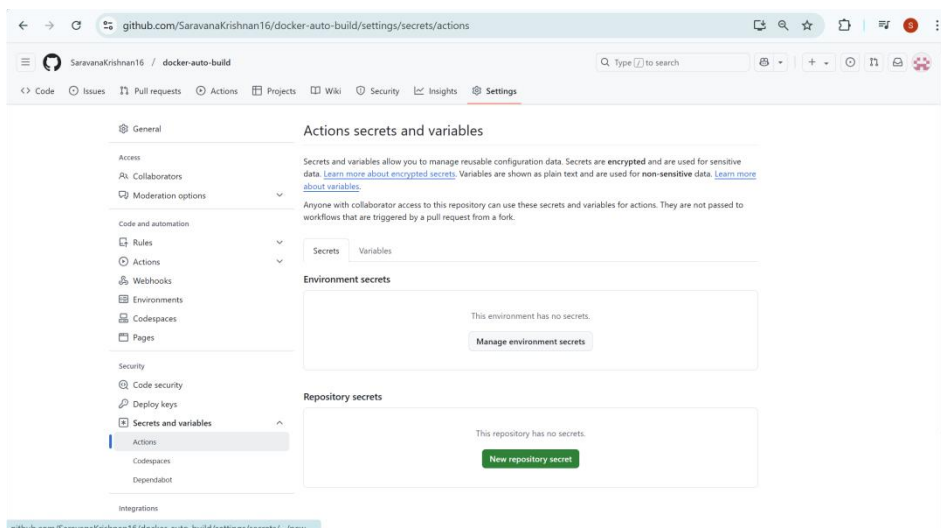
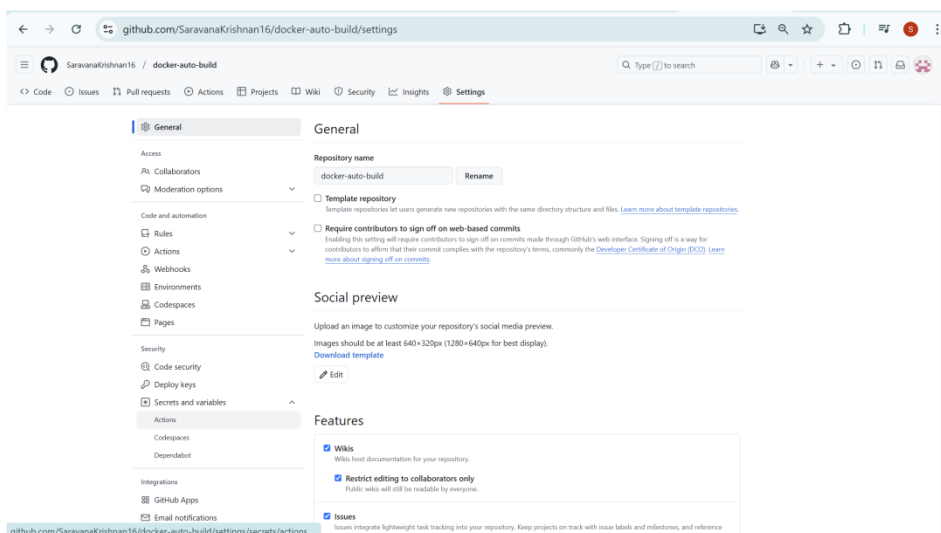
1. Go to your **GitHub repository** → **Settings** → **Secrets and variables** → **Actions**.

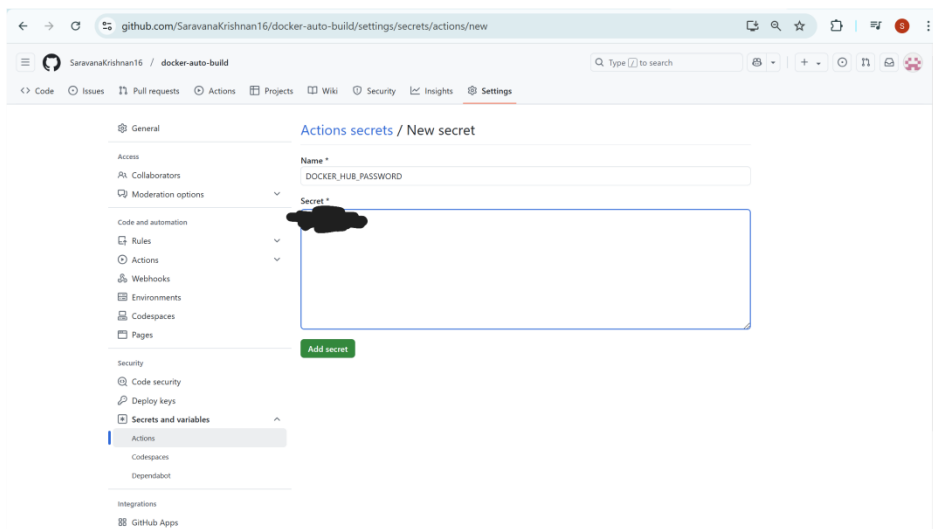
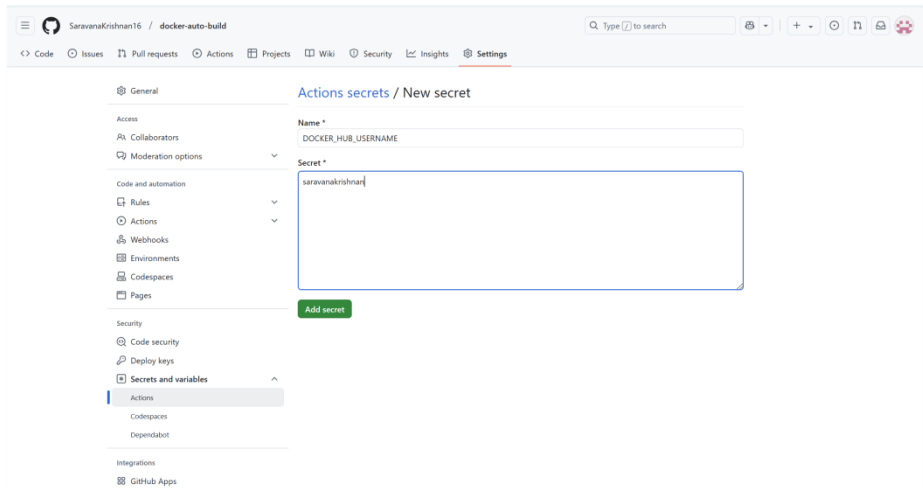
2. Click **New Repository Secret** and add:

- **Name:** DOCKER_HUB_USERNAME
- **Value:** Your Docker Hub username

3. Click **New Repository Secret** again and add:

- **Name:** DOCKER_HUB_PASSWORD
- **Value:** Your Docker Hub password





Step 7:

Create the GitHub Actions Directory

Run the following in **Command Prompt**:

mkdir .github\workflows

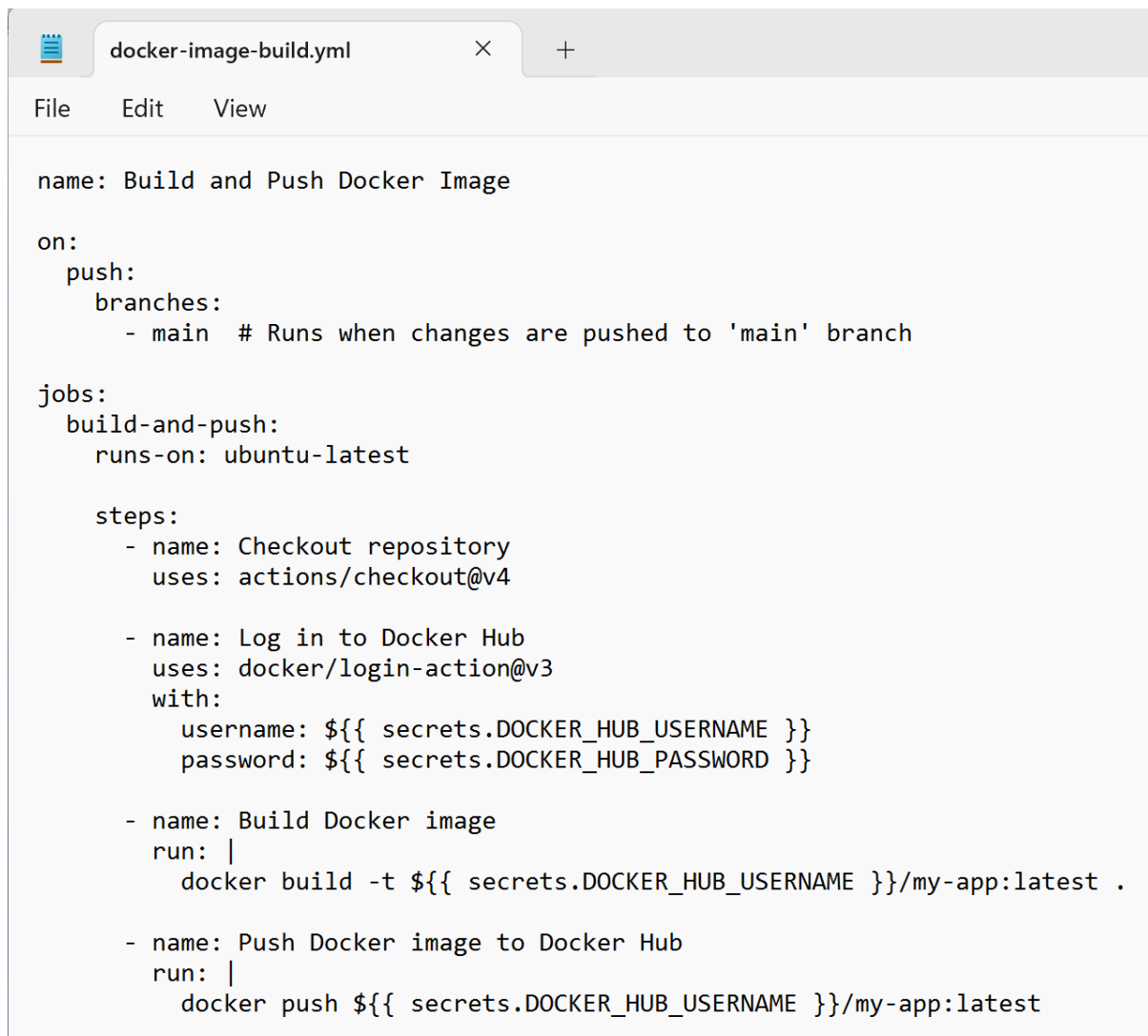
This creates a folder for GitHub Actions workflows.

```
C:\Users\Hi\docker-auto-build>mkdir .github\workflows
```

Step 8:

1. Inside `.github/workflows`, create a new file named **docker-image-build.yml**.
2. Open it in **Notepad** .
3. Add the following code
4. Save the file.

```
C:\Users\Hi\docker-auto-build>notepad .github\workflows\docker-image-build.yml
```

A screenshot of a Notepad window titled 'docker-image-build.yml'. The window has a menu bar with 'File', 'Edit', and 'View'. The main text area contains a GitHub Actions workflow configuration in YAML format. The workflow is named 'Build and Push Docker Image' and is triggered on a 'push' event to the 'main' branch. It consists of a single job named 'build-and-push' that runs on 'ubuntu-latest'. The job has four steps: 1. 'Checkout repository' using 'actions/checkout@v4'. 2. 'Log in to Docker Hub' using 'docker/login-action@v3' with secrets for 'DOCKER_HUB_USERNAME' and 'DOCKER_HUB_PASSWORD'. 3. 'Build Docker image' using 'docker build -t' with the same username secret and tag 'my-app:latest'. 4. 'Push Docker image to Docker Hub' using 'docker push' with the same username secret and tag 'my-app:latest'.

```
name: Build and Push Docker Image

on:
  push:
    branches:
      - main # Runs when changes are pushed to 'main' branch

jobs:
  build-and-push:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest

    steps:
      - name: Checkout repository
        uses: actions/checkout@v4

      - name: Log in to Docker Hub
        uses: docker/login-action@v3
        with:
          username: ${ secrets.DOCKER_HUB_USERNAME }
          password: ${ secrets.DOCKER_HUB_PASSWORD }

      - name: Build Docker image
        run: |
          docker build -t ${ secrets.DOCKER_HUB_USERNAME }/my-app:latest .

      - name: Push Docker image to Docker Hub
        run: |
          docker push ${ secrets.DOCKER_HUB_USERNAME }/my-app:latest
```

Step 9:

Now, we need to push our changes to GitHub.

1. Add all files to Git:

git add .

2. Commit the changes:

git commit -m "Add Dockerfile and GitHub Actions workflow"

3. Push to GitHub:

git push origin main

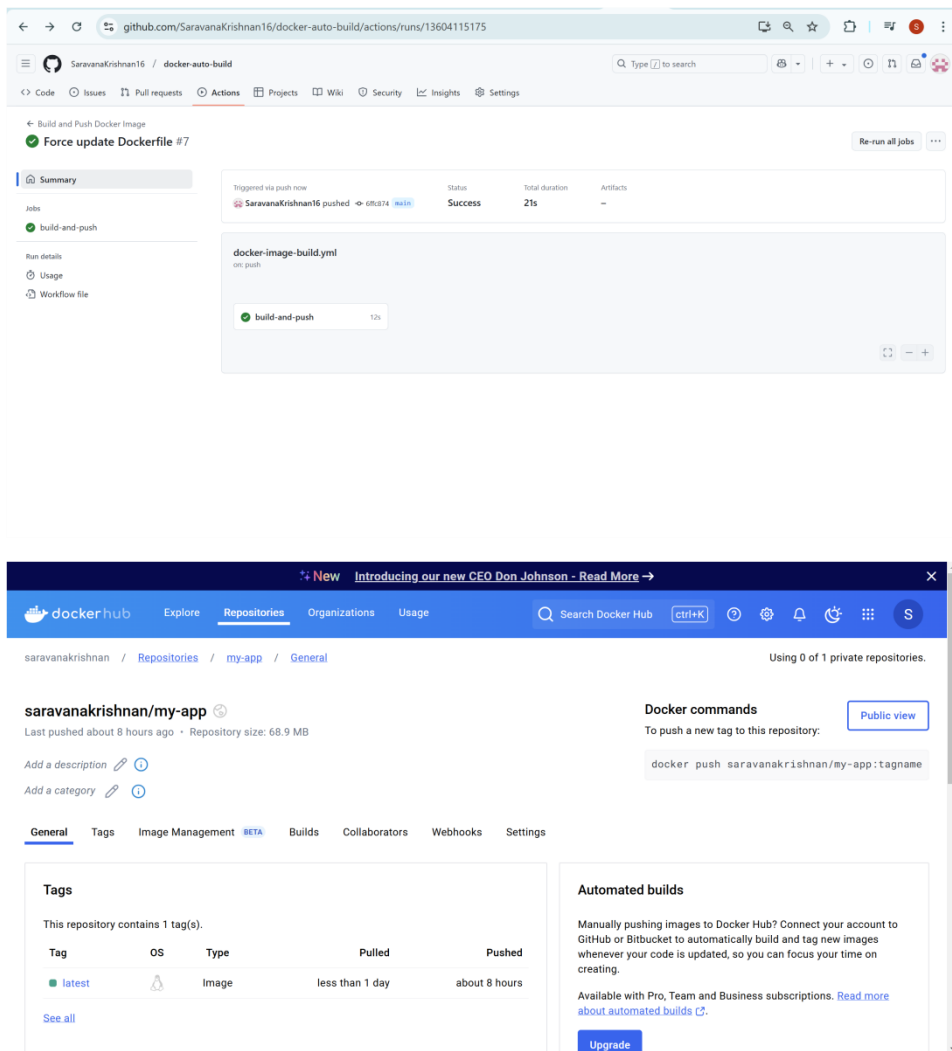
```
C:\Users\Hi\docker-auto-build>git add .github/workflows/docker-image-build.yml

C:\Users\Hi\docker-auto-build>git commit -m "Added GitHub Actions workflow for Docker build & push"
[main (root-commit) 9b7cbad] Added GitHub Actions workflow for Docker build & push
1 file changed, 28 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 .github/workflows/docker-image-build.yml

C:\Users\Hi\docker-auto-build>git push origin main
Enumerating objects: 5, done.
Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
Delta compression using up to 16 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (5/5), 675 bytes | 168.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 5 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
To https://github.com/SaravanaKrishnan16/docker-auto-build.git
 * [new branch]      main -> main
```

Step 10:

1. Go to your **GitHub repository** → **Actions** tab.
2. You should see a workflow running.
3. Wait for it to complete.
4. If successful, check **Docker Hub** to see if your image is uploaded.



Step 11:

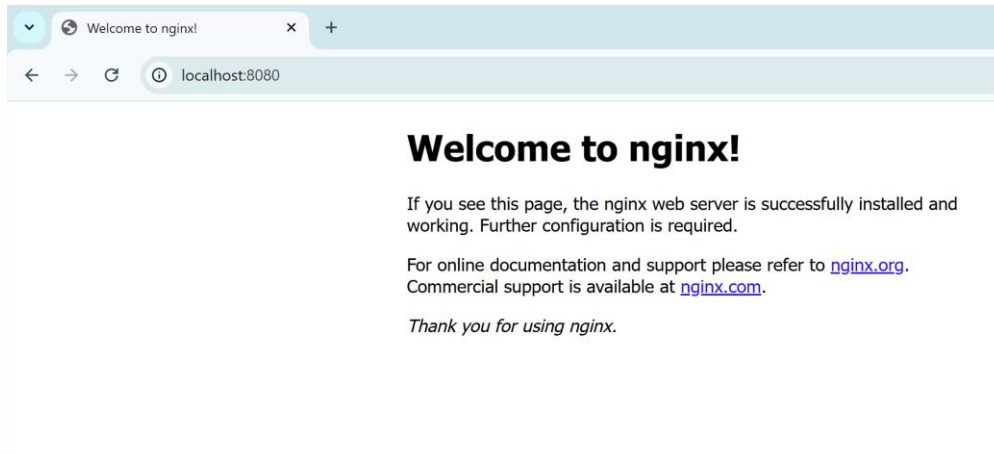
Test the Docker Image

To run the image locally:

```
docker run -d -p 8080:80  
YOUR_DOCKER_HUB_USERNAME/my-app:latest
```

Now, open **http://localhost:8080** in your browser to see your app running!

```
C:\Users\Hi\docker-auto-build>docker run -d -p 8080:80 saravanakrishnan/my-app:latest  
be67d393abb0907684103702df22de2fad3d2d0cfa080beff2107669be3cc40c
```



PoC is **successfully completed!**

Created a Dockerfile. Configured GitHub Actions to automate Docker image builds. Pushed the image to Docker Hub. Verified the image by pulling and running it locally.

Outcomes

By completing this **Automating Docker Image Builds Using GitHub Actions PoC**, you will:

1. **Understand Docker Image Automation** – Gain hands-on experience in automating Docker image builds using GitHub Actions.
2. **Implement CI/CD for Containerized Applications** – Learn how to integrate GitHub Actions with Docker Hub to streamline the build and deployment process.
3. **Configure Secure Authentication** – Use GitHub Secrets to securely authenticate with Docker Hub, ensuring secure and automated image pushes.
4. **Build and Push Docker Images Efficiently** – Automate the process of building a Docker image and pushing it to a container registry whenever there is a code change.