

## Pizza Sales

### 1. Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
select COUNT(distinct order_id) as total_orders from orders;
```

Results		Messages
	total_orders	
1	21338	

### 2. Calculate the total revenue by pizza sales.

```
select  
    round(sum(od.quantity * ps.price),2) as total_revenue  
from order_details od  
left join pizzas ps  
on od.pizza_id=ps.pizza_id;
```

Results		Messages
	total_revenue	
1	817860.05	

### 3. Identify the highest price pizza.

```
select top 1  
    name, MAX(ps.price) as highest_price  
from pizza_types pt  
left join pizzas ps  
on pt.pizza_type_id=ps.pizza_type_id  
group by name  
order by max(ps.price) desc;
```

Results		Messages
	name	highest_price
1	The Greek Pizza	35.95

### 4. Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
select top 1 size, COUNT(distinct order_id) as total_count,  
sum(od.quantity) as total_qty from order_details od  
left join pizzas ps  
on od.pizza_id=ps.pizza_id  
group by size  
order by COUNT(order_id) desc;
```

Results		Messages	
	size	total_count	total_qty
1	L	12736	18956

5. List the top 5 pizza types along with their qty.

```
select top 5 pt.name, sum(od.quantity) as total_ordered from
order_details od
  join pizzas ps
on od.pizza_id=ps.pizza_id
  join pizza_types pt
on ps.pizza_type_id=pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.name
order by sum(od.quantity) desc;
```

Results		Messages	
	name	total_ordered	
1	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
3	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
4	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
5	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	

6. Find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
select pt.category, sum(od.quantity) as total_ordered from
order_details od
  join pizzas ps
on od.pizza_id=ps.pizza_id
  join pizza_types pt
on ps.pizza_type_id=pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.category
order by sum(od.quantity) desc;
```

	category	total_ordered
1	Classic	14888
2	Supreme	11987
3	Veggie	11649
4	Chicken	11050

7. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day

```
select DATEPART(hour, TIME) as hours, COUNT(distinct order_id) as
total_orders
from orders
group by DATEPART(hour, TIME)
```

```
order by COUNT(distinct order_id) desc;
```

	hours	total_orders
1	12	2520
2	13	2455
3	18	2399
4	17	2336
5	19	2009
6	16	1920
7	20	1642
8	14	1472
9	15	1468
10	11	1231
11	21	1198
12	22	663
13	23	28
14	10	8
15	9	1

### 8. Find the category wise distribution of pizza

```
select category , COUNT(distinct pizza_type_id) as count
from pizza_types
group by category
;
```

	category	count
1	Chicken	6
2	Classic	8
3	Supreme	9
4	Veggie	9

9. Group the orders by date and calculate the avg numb of pizza ordered per day.

```
with cte as (select o.date , sum(od.quantity) as orders from orders o
join order_details od
on o.order_id=od.order_id
group by o.date)
select AVG(orders) as Avg_for_a_day from cte
```

	Avg_for_a_day
1	138

10. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza by revenue

```
select top 3 pt.name, sum(od.quantity*ps.price) as total_revenue from
order_details od
join pizzas ps
on od.pizza_id= ps.pizza_id
join pizza_types pt
on ps.pizza_type_id=pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.name
```

```
order by sum(od.quantity*ps.price) desc;
```

	name	total_revenue
1	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
3	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

11. Calculate the % contribution of each pizza to total revenue

```
SELECT
    pt.category,
    CONCAT(CAST(
        (SUM(od.quantity * ps.price) /
        (SELECT SUM(od2.quantity * ps2.price)
        FROM order_details od2
        JOIN pizzas ps2 ON od2.pizza_id = ps2.pizza_id)) * 100
        AS DECIMAL(10,2)), '%') AS revenue_distribution_pct
FROM
    order_details od
JOIN
    pizzas ps ON od.pizza_id = ps.pizza_id
JOIN
    pizza_types pt ON ps.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
GROUP BY
    pt.category;
```

	category	revenue_distribution_pct
1	Classic	26.91%
2	Chicken	23.96%
3	Veggie	23.68%
4	Supreme	25.46%

12. Analyze the cumulative revenue over time

```
SELECT
    o.date,
    SUM(od.quantity * ps.price) AS daily_revenue,
    SUM(SUM(od.quantity * ps.price)) OVER (ORDER BY o.date) AS
cumulative_revenue
FROM
    order_details od
join orders o on od.order_id=o.order_id
JOIN
    pizzas ps ON od.pizza_id = ps.pizza_id
GROUP BY
    o.date
ORDER BY
    o.date;
```

	date	daily_revenue	cumulative_revenue
1	2023-01-01	2713.85	2713.85
2	2023-01-02	2731.9	5445.75
3	2023-01-03	2662.4	8108.15
4	2023-01-04	1755.45	9863.6
5	2023-01-05	2065.95	11929.55
6	2023-01-06	2428.95	14358.5
7	2023-01-07	2202.2	16560.7
8	2023-01-08	2838.35	19399.05
9	2023-01-09	2127.35	21526.4
10	2023-01-10	2463.95	23990.35
11	2023-01-11	1872.3	25862.65
12	2023-01-12	1919.05	27781.7
13	2023-01-13	2049.6	29831.3
14	2023-01-14	2527.4	32358.7
15	2023-01-15	1984.8	34343.5
16	2023-01-16	2594.15	36937.65
17	2023-01-17	2064.1	39001.75
18	2023-01-18	1976.85	40978.6
19	2023-01-19	2387.15	43365.75

### 13. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category

```

with cte as
( select name ,category, sum(od.quantity*ps.price) as total_revenue,
ROW_NUMBER() over(partition by category order by
sum(od.quantity*ps.price) desc) as rn
from order_details od
join pizzas ps
on od.pizza_id= ps.pizza_id
join pizza_types pt
on ps.pizza_type_id=pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.name, category)

select category, name, round(total_revenue,2) as total_revenue, rn as
topn
from cte
where rn in (1,2,3)

```

	category	name	total_revenue	topn
1	Chicken	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	1
2	Chicken	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	2
3	Chicken	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	3
4	Classic	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5	1
5	Classic	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25	2
6	Classic	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75	3
7	Supreme	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25	1
8	Supreme	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75	2
9	Supreme	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5	3
10	Veggie	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.7	1
11	Veggie	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75	2
12	Veggie	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5	3