

## GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Quiz navigation



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Question 1

Correct

Marked out of  
3.00

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Status Finished

Started Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM

Completed Tuesday, 3 December 2024, 12:09 AM

Duration 20 days 17 hours

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that  $A[i] - A[j] = k$ ,  $i \neq j$ .

Input Format

1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
2. N, followed by N integers of the array
3. The non-negative integer k

Output format

Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.

Example

Input:

```
1
3 1 3 5
4
```

Output:

1

Input:

```
1
3 1 3 5
99
```

Output:

0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int t;
4     scanf("%d",&t);
5     while(t--){
6         int n;
7         scanf("%d",&n);
8         int a[n];
9         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
10             scanf("%d",&a[i]);
11         }
12         int k;
13         scanf("%d",&k);
14         int flag=0;
15         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
16             for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
17                 if(a[i]-a[j]==k || a[j]-a[i]==k){
18                     flag=1;
19                 }
20             }
21         }
22         printf("%d\n",flag);
23     }
24 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1 3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✓
✓	1 3 1 3 5 99	0	0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year. Each day of the year,  $x$ , is numbered from 1 to  $Y$ . On days when  $x$  is odd, Sam will buy  $x$  chocolates; on days when  $x$  is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day  $N_i$  (where  $1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$ ) in array  $arr$ , the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through  $N$ ) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor.

### Input Format

The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.

The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from `stdin`, assembling it into an array of integers (`arr`), and calling `calculate(arr)`.

The first line of input contains an integer,  $T$  (the number of test cases). Each line  $i$  of the  $T$  subsequent lines describes the  $i$ th test case as an integer,  $N_i$  (the number of days).

### Constraints

$$1 \leq T \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$1 \leq N \leq 2 \times 10^6$$

$$1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$$

### Output Format

For each test case,  $T_i$  in  $arr$ , your `calculate` method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day  $N_i$  on a new line.

### Sample Input 0

```
3
1
2
3
```

### Sample Output 0

```
1
1
4
```

### Explanation

Test Case 0:  $N = 1$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 1: N = 2

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 2: N = 3

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 3 on day 3. This gives us a total of 4 chocolates. Thus, we print 4 on a new line.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int t;
4     scanf("%d",&t);
5     while(t--){
6         int n,c=0;
7         scanf("%d",&n);
8         for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){
9             if(i%2!=0)c=c+i;
10        }printf("%d\n",c);
11    }
12 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 1 2 3	1 1 4	1 1 4	✓
✓	10 71 100 86 54 40 9 77 9 13 98	1296 2500 1849 729 400 25 1521 25 49 2401	1296 2500 1849 729 400 25 1521 25 49 2401	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

Flag question

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider:

- Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored { 1 , 2 , 3 } goals in each match respectively.
- Football team B, has played two matches, and has scored { 2 , 4 } goals in each match respectively.
- Your task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A, where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match.
- In the above case:
  - For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.
  - For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.

Hence, the answer: {2, 3}.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each `maxes[i]` representing the total number of elements `nums[j]` satisfying `nums[j] ≤ maxes[i]` where  $0 \leq j < n$  and  $0 \leq i < m$ , in the given order.

It has the following:

`maxes[maxes[0],...,maxes[n-1]]`: second array of positive integers

#### Constraints

- $2 \leq n, m \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[j] \leq 10^9$ , where  $0 \leq j < n$ .
- $1 \leq \text{maxes}[i] \leq 10^9$ , where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

#### Input Format For Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer  $n$ , the number of elements in `nums`.

The next  $n$  lines each contain an integer describing `nums[j]` where  $0 \leq j < n$ .

The next line contains an integer  $m$ , the number of elements in `maxes`.

The next  $m$  lines each contain an integer describing `maxes[i]` where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

#### Sample Case 0

##### Sample Input 0

```
4
1
4
2
4
2
3
5
```

##### Sample Output 0

```
2
4
```

##### Explanation 0

We are given  $n = 4$ , `nums` = [1, 4, 2, 4],  $m = 2$ , and `maxes` = [3, 5].

1. For `maxes[0] = 3`, we have 2 elements in `nums` (`nums[0] = 1` and `nums[2] = 2`) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[0]$ .
2. For `maxes[1] = 5`, we have 4 elements in `nums` (`nums[0] = 1`, `nums[1] = 4`, `nums[2] = 2`, and `nums[3] = 4`) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[1]$ .

Thus, the function returns the array [2, 4] as the answer.

#### Sample Case 1

##### Sample Input 1

```
5
2
10
5
4
8
4
3
1
7
```

8  
4  
3  
1  
7  
8

Sample Output 1

1  
0  
3  
4

Explanation 1

We are given, n = 5, nums = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8], m = 4, and maxes = [3, 1, 7, 8].

- 1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 1 element in nums (nums[0] = 2) that is ≤ maxes[0].
- 2. For maxes[1] = 1, there are 0 elements in nums that are ≤ maxes[1].
- 3. For maxes[2] = 7, we have 3 elements in nums (nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, and nums[3] = 4) that are ≤ maxes[2].
- 4. For maxes[3] = 8, we have 4 elements in nums (nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, nums[3] = 4, and nums[4] = 8) that are ≤ maxes[3].

Thus, the function returns the array [1, 0, 3, 4] as the answer.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int s1,s2,ans;
5     scanf("%d",&s1);
6     int ta[s1];
7     for(int i=0;i<s1;i++)
8         scanf("%d",&ta[i]);
9     scanf("%d",&s2);
10    int tb[s2];
11    for(int i=0;i<s2;i++)
12        scanf("%d",&tb[i]);
13    for(int j=0;j<s2;j++)
14    {
15        ans=0;
16        for(int i=0;i<s1;i++){
17            if (tb[j]>=ta[i])
18                ans++;
19        }printf("%d\n",ans);
20    }
21 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4 1 4 2 4 2 3 5	2 4	2 4	✓
✓	5 2 10 5 4 8 4 3 1 7 8	1 0 3 4	1 0 3 4	✓

Passed all tests! ✓